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TECHNICAL REPORT SUMMARIES





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AFOSR

TECHNICAL REPORT SUMMARIES

First Quarter 1990

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INTRODUCTION

September, and December). It contains a brief summary of each technical report received in the Technical Information Division and submitted to the Defense Technical Information Center (DTIC) for that quarter. Two The Air Force Office of Scientific Research Technical Report Summaries is published quarterly (March, June, indexes, subject and personal author are provided to help the user locate reports that may be of interest.

AFOSR does not maintain copies of technical reports for distribution. However, you may obtain any of these reports if you are registered with DTIC, by requesting the AD number of that report from the DTIC, Cameron Station, Alexandria, Virginia, 22314.

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to inform Air Force Laboratories about the science that the Air Force Office of Scientific Research is supporting.

AFOSR MISSION

Sciences Program (Program Element 61102F) and the primary Air Force agency for the extramural support of fundamental scientific research. The AFOSR is organized under the Air Force Systems Command, DCS/Technology. The Air Force Office of Scientific Research (AFOSR) is the Single Manager of the Air Force Defense Research

AFOSR awards grants and contracts for research in areas of science relevant to the needs of the Air Force. Research is selected for support from proposals received in response to the Broad Agency Announcement originating principles. Selection is on the basis of scientific potential for improving Air Force operational capabilities, originality, significance to science, the qualification of the principal investigators, and the reasonableness of from scientists investigating problems involving the search for new knowledge and the expansion of scientific

KEY TO READING THE DATA

the last page of the abstracts section. The last report submitted to DTIC during the quarter (the one with the 5 The summaries consist of two indexes and the abstracts. From one of the indexes, locate the AD number of the report that is of interest to you. Use this number to locate the abstract of the report in the abstracts section. The first report submitted to DTIC during the quarter (the one with the lowest AD number) appears highest OTIC number) appears on the first page of the abstracts section. The following terms will give you brief description of the elements used in each summary of this report.

OTIC Report Bibliography - DTIC's brief description of a technical report.

Search Control Number - A number assigned by DIIC at the time a bibliography is printed.

AD Number - A number assigned to each technical report when received by the DTIC

Field & Group Numbers - (appearing after the AD number) First number is the subject field, and the second number is the particular group under that subject field.

Corporate Author/Performing Organization - The organization; e.g., college/university, company, etc., at which the research is conducted.

Title - The title of the technical report.

Descriptive Note - Gives the type of report; e.g., final, interim, etc., and the period of the time of

Date - Date of the technical report.

Pages - Total number of pages contained in the technical report.

Personal Author - Person or persons who wrote the report.

Contract/Grant Number - The instrument control number identifying the contracting activity and funding year under which the research is initiated.

Project Number - A number unique to a particular area of science; e.g., 2304 is the project number for

Task Number - An alphanumeric number unique to a specific field of the main area of science; e.g., 2304 is the project number for mathematics and A3 is the task number for computational sciences.

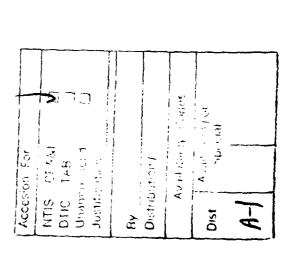
The number consists of the government monitor acronym, the present calendar year and the technical report assigned consecutively; e.g., AFOSR-TR-83-0001 is the first number used for the first technical report processed Monitor Number - The number assigned to a particular report by the government agency monitoring the research. for Calendar Year 1983.

Supplementary Note - A variety of statements pertaining to a report. For example, if the report is a journal article, the supplementary note might give you the journal citation, which will include the name of the journal the article it appears in, and the volume number, date, and the page numbers of the journal.

Abstract - A brief summary describing the research of the report.

Descriptors - Key words describing the research.

Identifiers - Commonly used designators, such as names of equipment, names of projects or acronyms, the AFOSR project and task number, and the Air Force Research Program Element number.





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PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX-26 UNCLASSIFIED

4D-A218 577

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STONE, F. G. e

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AD-8140 911L 7/6	20/6	AD-B140 907L 9/1
. HOECHST CELANESE CORP	HOECHST CELANESE CORP SUMMIT NJ RESEARCH DIV	DOW CORNING CORP MIDL
(U) Nonlinear Optical Properties of Polymers.	roperties of Polymers.	(U) Surface Protected E

Final rept. Sep 87-Mar 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

:RSONAL AUTHORS: Allen, D.; DeMartino, R.; Feuer, B.; Haas, D.; Khanarian, G.

F49620-87-C-01115 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

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TASK NO.

AFDSR TR-90-0234 MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Distribution: Further dissemination only as directed by AFOSR/NC, Bldg. 410, Bolling AFB, Washington, DC 20332-6448, 26 Feb 90 or higher Dob authority.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *OPTICAL PROPERTIES, *POLYMERS, CHAINS, COPOLYMERS, ELECTROOPTICS, FIGURE OF MERIT, METHACRYLATES, MODULATORS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICS, SIDES, SPACERS.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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11/3

(U) Surface Protected Electronic Circuits Research.

15 Aug 86-14 Sep Final technical rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE

220P 8 JAN Snow, Sarah S.; Chandra, Grish PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-86-C-0110, ARPA Order-9107 CONTRACT NO.

6387 욷 PROJECT

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AF0SR TR-90-0239 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Distribution: Further dissemination only as directed by AFOSR/NC, Building 410, Bolling AFB, DC 20332-6448, 27 Feb 90, or higher DoD authority.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CIRCUITS, *COATINGS, *GALLIUM ARSENIDES, *SILICONES, *INORGANIC MATERIALS, *INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, IMPACT, LAYERS, LOW TEMPERATURE, PROCESSING.

PE62712E, WUAFOSR638701. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-8140 306L

CANDGA PARK CA ROCKETDYNE DIV ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL

Basic Research in the Chemistry and Combustion of Nitroform Compounds 3

PROPELLANTS, ATOMS, BURNING RATE, CARBONATES, CHEMISTRY, COMBUSTION, DECOMPOSITION, ENERGETIC PROPERTIES, ENERGY, ESTERS, HEATING, HIGH RATE, MATERIALS, MATRICES(CIRCUITS), NITRAMINES, NITROGEN COMPOUNDS, POLYMERS, PYROLYSIS, REACTION KINETICS, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, SUBSTITUTION REACTIONS, NITRO RADICALS, UREA, VARIATIONS.

+OXIDIZERS, *ROCKET

*NITROMETHANE

3

CONTINUED

AD-B140 306L DESCRIPTORS: PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A1, *Nitroform

3

Trinitromethane IDENTIFIERS:

Final rept. 15 Mar 86-31 Jul 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 AON

Flanagan, J. E.; Woolery, D. O.; Weber, J. F.; Frankel, M. B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

RI/RD89-258 REPORT NO.

F49620-86-C-0017 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0083 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Distribution authorized to DoD and DoD contractors only; Critical Technology; Aug 89. Other requests shall be referred to AFRPL/TSTR, Edwards AFB, CA 93523.

(trinitromethane). The parameters evaluated included: the rate and energy of decomposition of the neat oxidizer and the effects of structural variation, via substitution and combining the energetic moieties by a variety of energetic and nonenergetic linkages commonly found in propellant materials. The oxidizer candidates included compounds containing trinitromethyl, fluorodinitromethyl of nitro groups for other nonenergetic groups and aloms; candidates; the products of pyrolysis at high heating rates and varying pressures; the burning rates of the neat exidizers and the exidizers in polymeric matrixes, STRACT: (U) A three year basic research program was carried out to determine the factors which affect the orthoesters, ureas, nitramines, and esters. keywords: chlorodinitromethyl, and dintromethylene groups with linkages such as those found in formals, carbonates, performance of oxidizers derived from nitroform Reaction kinetics; Combustion. (aw) ABSTRACT:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/1 AD-A219 790

TENNESSEE UNIV KNOXVILLE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

Efficient Numerical Methods for Evolution Partial Differential Equations.

Final rept. 1 Oct 87-30 Sep 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

S SEP

Karakashian, Lhannes PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0019 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-90-0334 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

The convergence estimates obtained for the regular. For p 4, it is not known whether a global smooth solution exists corresponding to smooth initial data. It is in fact conjectured that for these cases, the solution , under uses a spatially and temporally adaptive strategy has been implemented. We are currently investigating the stability of sol. tary type solutions. As conjectured, these solutions are highly unstable for initial may develop a singularity in finite time. A code that Korteweg-de Virus equation have been generalized, uthe assumption that the solution u is sufficiently amplitudes larger than one. (KR)

*PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, CONVERGENCE, EFFICIENCY, ESTIMATES, EVOLUTION(GENERAL), GLOBAL, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), STRATEGY, STABILITY, TIME. *NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A3, Korteweg deVries equation IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 789

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

Numerical Conformal Mapping and Applications.

Final technical rept. 1 Dec 86-30 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Trefethen, Lloyd N. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

19P

AFDSR-87-0102 . 2 CONTRACT

2304 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0356 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Equations, Computable Bounds for the Sensitivity of Algebraic Riccati Equations, and Estimating the Distance to the Nearest Uncontrollable Pair through the Algebraic ten papers were written. Titles include Error Bounds for During the period covered by the grant Newton Refinement of Solutions to Algebraic Riccati Riccati Equation. (KR) ABSTRACT: (U)

*CONFORMAL MAPPING, *RICCATI EQUATION, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS. EQUATIONS, SCRIPTORS: (U)
ALGEBRA, CONTROL, DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2304A3. Ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

EV-J20M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/8 9/5 AD-A219 786

OKLAHOMA STATE UNIV STILLWATER DEPT OF PHYSICS

Photorefractive Damage Mechanisms in Electro-Optic Materials Ξ

Final rept. Jul 85-Mar 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

54P JAN 90 Halliburton, Larry E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0270 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

<u>=</u>

TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-90-0337

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

defect is stable at 77 k but thermally decays near 150 k.

Its EPR spectrum exhibits a complex hyperfine equally
with three 93 Nb ruclei. We suggest that the hole is
equally shared by a set of three equivalent oxygen ions
adjacent to a cation vacancy. The photo-induced
redistribution of charge has been characterized in
Bil2Ge020 and Bil2Si020 crystals. Optical excitation at
77 k converts Fe (3+) ions to Fe(2+) ions. The source of
electrons (i.e., the hole traps) may be other impurities
or intrinsic defects such as vacancies or antications. The intrinsic defects such as vacancies or antiusing electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR), optical absorption, thermally stimulated been used to investigate site cations. The Fe(3+) recovery during warming correlates with thermoluminescence peaks at 145, 185, and deuterium in single crystals of LiTaO3 have been measured 245 K. Our results suggest that Fe(3+) ions may play an related electro-optic materials have been characterized by monitoring the growth of OD (-) infrared absorption important role in the photorefractive effect in these materials. In LiTaO3, the EPR spectrum of Ta(4+) ions have been investigated. The diffusion coefficients of Point defects in lithium niobate and

CONTINUED AD-A219 786 **SCRIPTORS: (U) **ABSORPTION SPECTRA, *ELECTROOPTICS.

**OPTICAL MATERIALS, *POINT DEFECTS, *REFRACTION.

ABSORPTION, BAND SPECTRA DEUTERIUM, DIFFUSION

COEFFICIENT, ELECTRON PARAMAGNETIC RESONANCE, ELECTRONS,

EXCITATION, HEATING, IMPURITIES, INFRARED SPECTRA,

CATIONS, LITHIUM NIOBATES, NUCLEI, OPTICAL PROPERTIES,

OXYGEN, SOURCES, HOLES(ELECTRON DEFICIENCIES),

VACANCIES(CRYSTAL DEFECTS), ELECTRIC CHARGE, DISTRIBUTION,

BISMUTH, GERMANIUM COMPOUNDS, DIOXIDES,

IRON, LUMINESCENCE, TANTALUM COMPOUNDS, LITHIUM COMPOUNDS. DESCRIPTORS: OXIDES.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2305B1. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 7/5 AD-A219 779

DEPT OF UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES CHEMISTRY

(U) Informal Photochemistry Conference (XVIIIth).

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 88-30 Aug 89,

FEB 90

Wittig, Curt; Reisler, Hanna PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0289 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

6 TASK NO. AFDSR TR-90-0331 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Photochemistry took place in Santa Monica, California, January 9-13, 1989, at the BayView Plaza Hotel. Traditionally informal conferences reflect the interests has emphasized photodissociation dynamics. there were 28 invited speakers from the U.S. and Europe, a total of approx. 40 oral presentations and approx. 80 poster of the hosting institution, and the XVIIIth Conference The Eighteenth Informal Conference on presentations. There were about 200 participants. Keywords: Conference reports; Photochemistry; Photodissociation dynamics. (JG) 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, *SYMPOSIA, CALIFORNIA, DYNAMICS, EUROPE, PHOTODISSOCIATION, REPORTS. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR230381, PE61102F. E IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 778

12/2

CALIFORNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES COGNITIVE SYSTEMS LAB

(U) Dynamic Constraints Networks.

Final rept. 1 May 88-31 Oct 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 007

4

Pearl, Judea PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-88-0177 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

47 TASK NO.

TR-90-0344 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

This prevents comparison of different approaches which is publications. Keywords: Algorithms; Constraints networks model. A theory based on static approach to constrained networks has been used to develop a dynamic theory of constraint networks for problem solving. The scientific results of this development resulted in six scientific develop a comprehensive and efficient model of dynamic constraint networks. The current available systems are either too complicated to understand of quite limited. The are not based on well understood theories. Their capabilities and boundaries are not formally assessed. The objective of this effort was to essential in a process of developing and improving ŝ ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ALGORITHMS, *PROBLEM SOLVING, DYNAMICS, EFFICIENCY, MODELS, NETWORKS, SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE, DESCRIPTORS: (U) STATICS, THEORY.

DENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2304A7, PE61102F, *Dynamic Constraint Networks, Constraint Networks. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 778

AD-A219 779

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A219 723

21/2 AD-A219 723 SIBLEY SCHOOL OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING ITHACA NY (U) A Diffusion Model for Velocity Gradients in Turbulence,

SCRIPTORS: (U) *INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW, *TURBULENCE, COMBUSTION, COMPUTATIONS, DEFORMATION, DIFFUSION, DISTRIBUTION, GRADIENTS, ISOTROPISM, MATERIALS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MOMENTS, REPRINTS, REYNOLDS NUMBER,

DESCRIPTORS:

SIMULATION, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, STRAIN RATE, VELOCITY.

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2308A2

9

IDENTIFIERS:

17P FEB 90

<u>.</u> Girimaji, S. S.; Pope, S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0052 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0300

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in Physics of Fluids A, Flid JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Phys Dynamics, v2 n2 p242-258 Feb 90. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

exactly. It is further constrained to yield the first few following fluid particles in incompressible, homogeneous, and isotropic turbulence is presented and demonstrated. The model is constructed so that the velocity gradients those computed from full turbulence simulations (FTS) data. The performance of the model is then compared with other computations from FTS data. The model gives good agreement of one-time statistics. While the two-time A stochastic model for velocity gradients model. The performance of the model when used to compute material element deformation is qualitatively good, with the material line-element growth rate being correct to within 5% and that of surface element correct to within Reynolds-number flows, for the study of evolution of surfaces, a problem that is of interest particularly to satisfy the incompressibility and isotropy requirements statistics of strain rate are well replicated, the two-time vorticity statistics are not as good, reflecting perhaps a certain lack of embodiment of physics in the performance of the model is uniformly good for all the Reynolds numbers considered. So it is conjectured that the model can be used even in inhomogeneous, high-20% for the lowest Reynolds number considered. The combustion researchers. Reprints. (jhd)

AD-A219 723

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

20/5 7/4 AD-A219 715

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Fine Structure Splitting the X(3)Sigma(-) State and the Spin-Forbidden (Beta(1)Sigma(+), Alpha(1)Delta) Yields X(3)Sigma(-), and the Spin-Allowed A(3)II Yields X(3)Sigma(-) and C(1)II Yields (Beta (1)Sigma(+) On the Electronic Structure of the NH Radical. The Alpha(1) Delta), Radiative Transitions, Ξ

*ELECTRON TRANSITIONS, *IMIDES, *CHEMICAL RADICALS, CONFIGURATIONS, DECAY, DIPOLES, FUNCTIONS, MATRIX THEORY, MICROSCOPY, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, MOLECULAR ORBITALS, PERTURBATION THEORY, PROBES, RADIATIVE TRANSFER, RATES, MOLECULAR ROTATION, SPIN STATES, VALUE

*SPLITTING

*ELECTRONIC STATES,

€

DESCRIPTORS:

CONTINUED

AD-A219 715

PE61102F, WUAFOSR230383, *Inidogen

Radical, Radiative Transitions,

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

150 88 007

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Yarkony, David R.

AF0SR-86-0110 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO. AFDSR TR-90-0127 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v91 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. ... n8 p4745-4757, 15 Oct 89.

of the X 3 Sigma(-) state of NH together with the spin-forbidden dipole-allowed radiative transitions b 1sigma(+) determination of the fine structure splitting both H(so), In this work the fine structure splitting considered. In addition the spin-allowed A 3Pi yields X 3sigma(-) and C 1Pi yields b isigma(+), a 1Delta transitions which provide valuable optical probes of the characterizing these effects. The fine structure splitting and spin-forbidden decay are described within the context of the Breit-Pauli approximation. In the operator and H(ss), the dipolar spin-spin operator, are predicted radiative rate for the v=0 level of the c considered through second order in perturbation theory. 1Pi state is somewhat slower than the total decay rate measured experimentally suggesting predissociation of even the lowest rotational levels. (AW) the full microscopic spin-orbit and spin-other-orbit methods permit the use of large configuration state function (CSF) spaces (170-280 \times 1,000 CSF's) in Imidogen (NH) radical are studied Symbolic matrix , a idelta yields X 3sigma(-) in that system are $\widehat{\Xi}$ ABSTRACT:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

9// AD-A219 712 COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK LOWELL MEMORIAL LIBRARY

Electron-Transfer Reactions to Probe the Structure of Starburst Dendrimers. **Photoinduced** Ê

Scientific rept. 1988-89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Micellar structures, Carboxylate terminated starburst dendrimers, Photoinduced reactions, PE61102F,

Dendrimers, Starburst dendrimers,

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IDENTIFIERS: VARIATIONS.

WUAFOSR2303B2

COMPUTATIONS, METAL COMPLEXES, PARTICLES, PROBES, QUENCHING, REPRINTS, RUTHENIUM, SHAPE, STRUCTURES, SURFACES, SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), THEORY, TRANSITIONS,

CONTINUED

AD-A219 712

RSCNAL AUTHORS: Moreno-Bondi, Maria; Orellana, Guillermo; Turro, N. J.; Tomalia, Donald A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0049 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO.

TR-90-0319 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Macromolecules, v23 p910-912 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: 1990.

dimensionality, through a systematic variation of the ruthenium probes and the cationic quenchers bound to the different starburst polymers. Keywords: Electron transfer; terminated starburst dendrimers demonstrate that a change particles with various types of surface groups that might in dendrimer structural features occurs about generation 3.5, in agreement with the shape transition predicted on the basis of theoretical calculations. Future studies The so-called starburst dendrimers, a new reactions in a well-defined microenvironment of reduced be successfully compared to micellar structures without their dynamic structure. The photoinduced electron class of compounds possessing unique structural and topological features, have recently been introduced by transfers between species adsorbed on the carboxylatefomalia and coworkers. Controlled branching reactions from an initiator core allow for the synthesis of will characterize further these electron-transfer Ruthenium complexes; Polymers; Reprints. (EDC) 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ELECTRON TRANSFER, *PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, *POLYMERS, CARBOXYL GROUPS, CATIONS, COLLGIDS DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A219 712

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

4/1 AD-A219 711 COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK LOWELL MEMORIAL LIBRARY

Combined Effect of Isotopic Substitution, Temperature, and Magnetic Field on the Lifetimes of Triplet Biradicals €

Scientific rept. 1988-89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

*Phenylcycloalkanones, *Phenylcyclododecanones, Gycloalkanones, Cyclododecanones, Cycloalkanone/2-Phenyl, Cyclododecanone/2-Phenyl, Lifetime, Triplet State,

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2,

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

*Biradicals.

ISOTOPES, LOW TEMPERATURE, REPRINTS, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SOLVENTS, SUBSTITUTION REACTIONS, TEMPERATURE, THERMAL PROPERTIES, TRANSIENTS, VISCOSITY.

CONTINUED

AD-A219 711

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4

RECONAL AUTHORS: Wang, Jin-Feng; Rao, V. P.; Doubleday, Charles, Jr; Turro, Nicholas J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-90-0049 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. **AFOSR** MONITOR:

TR-90-0321

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

quenching support chain dynamics as the rate-limiting step at room temperature. However, the magnetic field effect on tau reaches a maximum around -50 C and presists perdeuterated analogue and with a 1:1 mixture of 1,2-(13) C2 and 1,12-(13)C2 isotopomers. The magnetic isotope even at -99 C, in contrast to the magnetic isotope effect and Mn(2+) quenching which are absent at low temperature. biradicals derived from 2-pheylcycloalkanones were measured by nanosecond transient absorption under conditions designed to probe the contribution of intersystem crossing and chain dynamics to the observed decay. The temperature dependence of tau was measured at both 0 and 2kG magnetic field, and also in the presence of 0.004 M manganous chloride. Under a variety of conditions of temperature, solvent viscosity, and magnetic field, the lifetime of the biradical derived effect on tau and the temperature dependence of Mn(2+) from 2-phenylcyclododecanone was compared with its Lifetimes tau for decay of triplet Reprints. (av) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ISOTOPE EFFECT, *MAGNETIC FIELDS, *CHEMICAL RADICALS, *THERMOCHEMISTRY, *CYCLOALKANES, *DECAY, ABSORPTION, CHAIN REACTIONS, CHLORIDES, DYNAMICS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A219 711

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPMY

2/2 AD-A219 710

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK LOWELL MEMORIAL LIBRARY

Modification of Face Selectivity by Inclusion in Cyclodextrins. Ξ

REACTIONS, *STEREOCHEMISTRY, *DEXTRINS, *CYCLIC COMPOUNDS, ACETONITRILE, COOLING, DELIVERY, HYDRIDES, IRRADIATION,

*ADDITION REACTIONS, *PHOTOCHENICAL

reaction, Reprints. (aw)

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DESCRIPTORS:

CONTINUED

AD-A219 710

KETONES, ORGÁNIC SOLVENTS, RATIOS, REDUCTION(CHEMISTRY). REPRINTS, SODIUM BOROHYDRIDES, SOLUTIONS(MIXTURES), THERMOCHEMISTRY, WATER, ADAMANTANES, HALIDES, HYDROXYL

RADICALS, PHOSPHORUS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR230382, *Cyclodextrins.

Scientific rept. 1988-89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8

Chung, Wen-Sheng; Turro, N. J.; Silver, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

J.; LeNoble, W. J.

AF0SR-80-0049 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

82

TASK NO

AF0SR TR-90-0320

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

PPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the American Chemical Society, v112 p1202-1205 1990. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

The photocycloadditions of 5-X-adamantan-2ones (5-X-AD, where X = F, C1, Br, OH, Ph, and t-Bu) with fumaronitrile have been studied in aceton trile and in delivery occurs in water as compared to organic solvents and that this enhancement vanishes upon cooling. Keywords: product ratio compared to that found in aqueous solution in the presence of alpha- and gamma-CD. The effect observed with beta-CD is interpreted with the assumption that the carbonyl pi face syn to the bulky 5-substituent thermal reduction of these ketones by sodium borohydride face selectivity compared to that found in acetonitrile cyclodextrin (beta-CD) leads to a dramatic reversal in and water; however, there is no significant change in complexation of the AD and CD. HNMR and concentration interpretation. Similar reversals of face selectivity is partially blocked by the torus of the host due, to irradiation of an aqueous solution containing betaupon complexation with beta-CD are observed in the Photochemical reactions, Stereochemistry, Addition aqueous sc'utions. When X is Cl, Br, Ph, or t-Bu, It is also noted that a much enhanced syn hydride dependence studies provide support for this ABSTRACT:

AD-A219 710

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A219 709 12/4

TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

(U) The Effect of Sampling on Linear Equivalence and Feedback Linearization,

5

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Arapostathis, A.; Jakubczyk, B.; Lee, H. G.; Marcus, S. I.; Sontag, E. D.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0029

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR

AFOSR TR-90-0318

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Systems and Control Letters, v13 p373-381 1989.

ABSTRACT: (U) The effect is investigated for sampling on linearization for continuous time systems. The discretized system is linearizable by state coordinate change for an open set of sampling times if and only if the continuous time system is linearizable by state coordinate change. Also, it is shown that linearizablity via digital feedback impose highly nongeneric constraints on the structure of the plant, even if this is known to be linearizable with continuous-time feedback. For n=2, under the assumption of completeness of ad(sub F)G, that if the discretized system is linearizable by state coordinate change and feedback, then the continuous time affine complete analytic system is linearizable by state coordinate change only. Also, a method of proof when n > or = 3 is suggested. Reprints. (JHD)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FEEDBACK, *SAMPLING, COORDINATES, DIGITAL SYSTEMS, LINEARITY, REPRINTS, TIME.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Linear Equivalence, PE61102F WUAFOSR2304A1.

AD-A219 709

AD-A219 629 12/3

CONNECTICUT UNIV STORRS DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

(U) Stochastic Adaptive Control and Estimation Enhancement.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

FEB 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bar-Shalom, Y.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0202

PROJECT NO. 2304

FASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0303

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The investigations summarized in this report deal with: 1) adaptive dual control of systems with unknown parameters; 2) estimation and control of hybrid stochastic systems; 3) distributed estimation in systems with measurements of uncertain origin: 4) solution of continuous-time hybrid stochastic differential equations; and 5) of point process theory for target mode estimation. The report consists primarily of 10 preprints and reprints. Keywords: Adaptive/stochastic control.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS, *STOCHASTIC CONTROL, DISTRIBUTION, ESTIMATES, HYBRID SYSTEMS, OPTIMIZATION, REPRINTS, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, TARGETS. THEORY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2304A1.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A219 827

NY COURANT INST OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES NEW YORK UNIV

Center for Analysis of Heterogeneous and Nonlinear Media. E

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Sep 86-14 Oct 89

Caflisch, Russell E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0352 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO.

TR-90-0302 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

through the University Research Initiative (URI) Program. The scientific research of the Center has consisted of The Center for Analysis of Heterogeneous optics and fluid dynamics. The results of this research several books. Two workshops, on vortex dynamics and on are presented in a number of research publications and composite materials, were organized by the Center. The focus of the Center has been on the following research properties of composite materials; Wave propagation in problems in composite and random materials, nonlinear and Nonlinear Media was established in October 1986 modeling, mathematical analysis and computation of Numerical methods for fluid dynamics; Macroscopic random media; and Nonlinear phenomena in optical areas: Vortex dynamics in incompressible fluids; materials. (AW) Ê ABSTRACT:

*OPTICAL MATERIALS, COMPUTATIONS, FLUIDS, HETEROGENEITY, INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW, MATERIALS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MEDIA, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, OPTICS, VORTICES, WAVE PROPAGATION, WORKSHOPS, RESEARCH MANAGEMENT. *COMPOSITE MATERIALS, *FLUID DYNAMICS, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR3484A5 (DENTIFIERS: (U)

8/4 AD-A219 626

2/8

INDIANA UNIV AT BLOOMINGTON HEARING AND COMMUNICATION LAB

Perception of Complex Auditory Patterns.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 87-30 Sep 89

2 1P NOV 89 PERSONAL AUTHORS: Watson, Charles S.; Kidd, Gary R.

AF0SR-87-0300 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

A6 TASK NO

TR-90-0301 **AFOSR** MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

demonstrating that enhanced discrimination performance in severely degrades the detectability of pattern changes in determined by acoustic peculiarities of complex waveforms the total duration of the sound; b) even small degrees of Each individual component of a complex sound is resolved development of a theory that incorporates these limiting factors; e) the completion and publication of studies of of the relation between auditory abilities measured with with an accuracy that is a function of its proportion of complex sounds, and Gaussian noise; 2) information integration; 3) multi-stage decision making; 4) studies novel sequences, but not in familiar sequences c) temporal integration of auditory information 's limited categorical perception for speech and non-speech sounds speech and nonspeech stimuli. Major accomplishments during this funding period include: a) the discovery of added at the periphery before a decision statistic is formed, and 'central', or post-decision, noise; d) the auditory nervous system, nor psychoacoustic boundaries the region of certain categorical boundaries does not reflect either 'hard-wired' feature detectors in the logarithmic frequency transposition of tonal patterns the proportion-of-the-total-duration (PTD) principle: by two distinct types of internal noise, one that is research in four areas: 1) the perception of complex sounds, including tonal sequences, multidimensional This report describes the results of

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A219 626

3

GAUSSIAN NOISE, HEARING, INTEGRATION, INTERNAL, LIMITATIONS, LOGARITHM FUNCTIONS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, NOISE, PATTERNS, SEQUENCES, SKILLS, SOUND, SPEECH, TIME, RECOGNITION, ACCURACY, AUDIO TONES, AUDITORY NERVE, AUDITORY SIGNALS, DETECTION, DISCRIMINATION, FREQUENCY, *AUDITORY PERCEPTION, *PATTERN WAVEFORMS, DECISION MAKING. 3 DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313AB. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 625

12/3

20/1

TENNESSEE UNIV KNOXVILLE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

Prediction and to Their Sample Path, Statistical and Integral and Series Representation of Infinitely Divisible Processes with Applications to Their Structural Properties. 9

Final rept. 1 Apr 87-31 Jul 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

13P 8 ₹

Rajput, Balram S.; Rosinski, Jan PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0136 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-90-0298 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

However, the Gaussian model is not universally applicable; describe many random phenomena in science and engineering where the need of non-Gaussian models, particularly those with infinite variance, can be identified. For instance, man-made noise in a hostile environment can be made to and, in fact, there are many ipstances, both in the areas Sample path; Statistical and structural properties; Man-made noise; Statistical processes; White noise; Acoustics interest to defense agencies, where non-Gaussian modeling and their analysis are most desirable. Keywords: Gaussian These are but a few examples that might be of particular extracted also tends to not follow the Gaussian pattern. because of its versatility and mathematical simplicity. models; Integral and series representation; Prediction; occurring in situations where weak signals need to be of theoretical research and engineering applications, depart from Gaussian behavior; and the natural noise The Gaussian model has been used to

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ACOUSTICS, *NOISE, *STATISTICS, ENEMY, ENGINEERING, ENVIRONMENTS, LOW STRENGTH, MANMADE, MODELS, SIGNALS, STATISTICAL PROCESSES, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, VARIATIONS, WHITE NOISE. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A219 625

AD-A219 626

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A219 625 CONTINUED

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

20/4

AD-A219 624

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A5.

(U) Numerical Simulation of Turbulent Combustion Using

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1986-1989;

Vortex Methods.

JAN 90 81P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ghoniem, Ahmed F.

CONTRACT NO. AFDSR-84-0356

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR

AF0SR TR-90-0283

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) During the course of this work, we have developed a new numerical method for the integration of the unaveraged, time-dependent, high-Reynolds number Navier-Stokes equations governing a reacting flow. This method, which we called the transport element, is a grid free Langrangian field method which has been developed for the simulation of reacting flow, and to describe mechanisms of shear flow-combustion interaction which have been revealed using these methods. Reynolds rumber; Navier-stokes equation; Turbulent combustion; Vortex methods; Fluid mechanics; Numerical simulation; Lagrangian functions. (jg)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMBUSTION, *FLUID MECHANICS, *NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, *SIMULATION, *TURBULENCE, *VORTICES, FLOW, GRIDS, INTERACTIONS, LAGRANGIAN FUNCTIONS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SHEAR PROPERTIES, TRANSPORT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/7 22/2 AD-A219 622 (U) Modeling and Control of Flexible Vehicles in Space

CA DEPT OF AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS

STANFORD UNIV

Final rept. Oct 87-Oct 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 90

Bryson, A. E.; Wiesinger, F. A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0015 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO

6 TASK NO.

TR-90-0299 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

personal computers to the forms needed for control system Several Aspects of modeling and control of large space structures have been investigated. A FORTRAN computer program is included which transforms modal data system actuators and sensor to decouple the system into smaller, single input -single output subsystems.
Modelling of circular flat plates, Conversion of modal data to transfer function form, Shape control of flat plate, Decoupling of high order systems via symmetry, flat plate space structure is investigated by utilizing design. Design of a low order controller for a circular from commercially available finite element codes for geometric symmetry of the structure and the control Spacecraft. (jg) ABSTRACT: (U)

*SPACECRAFT, ACTUATORS, CIRCULAR CODING, CONTROL, CONTROL SYSTEMS, FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS, FLAT PLATE GEOMETRY, MICROCOMPUTERS, SHAPE, SYMMETRY, *COMPUTER PROGRAMS, *FORTRAN, RANSFER FUNCTIONS, VEHICLES. 3 DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2303B1 $\widehat{\Xi}$ IDENTIFIERS:

20/4 AD-A219 621

Composite Reduced Navier Stokes Procedures for Flow CINCINNATI UNIV OH DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING Problems with Strong Pressure Interactions **3**

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb 85-31 Oct 89,

06 AN

×. Rubin, S. G.; Khosla, P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-85-C-0027 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

TR-90-0296 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

wing and afterbody configurations. The solution technique applies uniformly over the entire Mach number range and breakdown. This occurs in the region of recirculation and where significant grid stretching is required in order to dimensional steady flows with the RNS flux-split strategy recirculation, it has been demonstrated that for laminar refined grids or when artificial viscosity is introduced It has been shown that the pressure-split RNS procedure A sparse matrix direct solver procedure has been applied A uni-directional or semi-coarsening multigrid procedure has been further developed for viscous interacting flows, very close to the reattachment point. This phenomena is grid dependent and can be missed with insufficiently has very favorable properties for sharp shock capturing. for both two dimensional transient flows, and for three formulation for viscous-inviscid interacting flows with geometry dependent, above which the solution exhibits a and steady two and three dimensional flows over cavity, is in fact a special form of flux-vector splitting that flows there exists a critical Reynolds number, that is applied for transient flow over airfoils at incidence, allows for shock-boundary layer interaction, and for moderate regions of axial and secondary flow significant upstream or 'elliptic' effects has been recirculation. For two dimensional problems with The Reduced Navier Stokes (RNS) ABSTRACT:

AD-A219 622

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A219 621

Separation laminar flow breadkdown; Direct solver; Multi adequately evaluate both thin viscous layers and large inviscid regions, with and without shock interaction. Keywords: Reduced navier stokes; Three dimensional; grid; Fluid mechanics; Pressure interactions; Viscousinviscid interacting flow. (jg)

**ESCRIPTORS: (U) *FLOW, *FLUID MECHANICS, *PRESSURE, *NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, AFTERBODIES, AIRFOILS, CONFIGURATIONS, ELLIPSES, GRIDS, INTERACTIONS, INVISCID FLOW, LAMINAR FLOW, LAYERS, MACH NUMBER, RANGE(EXTREMES), RECIRCULATION, REGIONS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SECONDARY FLOW, SHARPNESS, SHOCK, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), SPARSE MATRIX, STEADY FLOW, THINNESS, THREE DIMENSIONAL FLOW, TRANSIENTS, VISCOUS FLOW, WINGS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2307A1. $\widehat{\boldsymbol{arepsilon}}$ IDENTIFIERS:

20/13 AD-A219 613

14/2

11/4

DREXEL UNIV PHILADELPHIA PA

Final rept. 1 Oct 88-31 Sep 89, (U) MTS High Temperature Testing System. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 AN

Wang, A. S.; Barsoum, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0122 CONTRACT NO.

3842 PROJECT NO.

4 FASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0284

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

University. This testing system is dedicated exclusively for basic studies on the micromechanics behaviors of fiber-reinforced ceramic matrix composites under extreme capacity for the next generation of composite aterials. temperature conditions. Owing to its very high temperature capability and versatility to perform tests in several testing configurations, this equipment has casted a positive impact on current AFOSR and other DOD conducted at Drexel University. It is the intention of funded research programs on ceramic-matrix composites Keywords: MTS High temperature tester, Ceramic matrix STRACT: (U) This report describes the MTS High Temperature Testing System which was funded by AFSOR this research group and the University to continue further developing our high-temperature mechanics under the DURIP Program and installed at Drexel composites, Micromechanics. (EG)

MATERIALS, *FIBER REINFORCED COMPOSITES, *HIGH TEMPERATURE, *MATRIX MATERIALS, *MECHANICS, *TEST EQUIPMENT, BEHAVIOR, CAPACITY(QUANTITY), RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, TEMPERATURE, TEST AND EVALUATION *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *COMPOSITE DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR3842A1 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 621

AD-A219 613

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

11/8.1 11/2 AD-A219 567

LEHIGH UNIV BETHLEHEM PA WHITAKER LAB

(U) High Temperature Microhardness Tester

Final rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

Chan, Helen M PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0106 CONTRACT NO.

2917 PROJECT NO.

Ą MONITOR: TASK NO

TR-90-0315 **AFOSR**

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the purchase of a hardness machine capable of indenting at elevated temperatures. The instrument selected was the operational. It represents a very valuable and convenient This apparatus has an operating range from room temperature to 1600 C, with loads varying from 0.5 to 10 method of evaluating the indentation properties of ceramics at elevated temperatures. Although presently at a preliminary stage, the indentation creep studies look Indentation properties, Ceramic materials, Creep studies University Research Instrumentation Program (DURIP) for Funds were obtained through the Defense Nikon High Temperature Microhardness Tester, Model QM. particularly promising as a means of studying the high temperature mechanical behavior. Microhardness tester, Newtons. The instrument is now installed and fully DURIP, Model qm, High temperature. (jg) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *HIGH TEMPERATURE, *MICROHARDNESS, *TEST EQUIPMENT, CREEP, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, ROOM TEMPERATURE. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2917A3 E IDENTIFIERS:

12/1 20/4 AD-A219 557

PITTSBURGH UNIV PA DEPT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

(U) Computational Fluid Dynamics.

Final rept. 1 Aug 88-30 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

38P ZAN Hall, Charles A.; Porsching, Thomas A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0262 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A3 LASK NO.

TR-90-0306 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

investigators at the University of Pittsburgh relating to the general area of computational fluid dynamics. Topics include the dual variable method, Differential Algebraic bifurcation phenomena. Short descriptions of these projects are included, along with references to published reports. Fluid mechanics; Numerical mathematics; Additive This research concerns projects of seven correction methods; Navier-Stokes difference equations; Equation, the reduced basis method, divergence free finite elements, diffusive-transport systems, and Divergence free subspaces; Differential algebraic equations; Bifurcation (Mathematics). (jg)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTATIONS, *FLUID MECHANICS, ADDITIVES, ALGEBRA, CORRECTIONS, DIFFERENCE EQUATIONS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, FLUID DYNAMICS, MATHEMATICS, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, VARIABLES. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFUSR2304A3 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 567

EV JOAN

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A219 556

HARVARD UNIV CAMBRIDGE MA

(U) Adaptive Filtering and Control.

Final rept. 1 Jul 88-30 Jun 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 AQN

3 Brockett, R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0197 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

¥

TASK NO.

TR-90-0307 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) We have developed algorithms which evolve in continuous time and which are capable of accomplishing a wide variety of computations of the type which can be used in making systems adaptive. Examples range from computations done by finite automata to differential equations which compute the eigenvalues of matrices. Keywords: Adaptive control, Linear programming, Continuous time dynamical systems. (kr) ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *ADAPTIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS, *ADAPTIVE FILTERS, ALGORITHMS, AUTOMATA, COMPUTATIONS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, DYNAMICS, LINEAR PROGRAMMING, TIME. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PE81102F, WUAFOSR2304A1. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

5/8 AD-A219 497

SAN DIEGO STATE UNIV CA CENTER FOR RESEARCH IN MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE EDUCA TION

Constraints on the Abstraction of Solutions, 3

10P 89 Reed, Stephen K PERSONAL AUTHORS: AFDSR-89-0107, \$AFDSR-88-0008 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-90-0287 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Educational Psychology, v81 n4 p532-540 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

attempted to sylve a series of three mixture problems and three distance problems and to match concepts between the first two problems in a series. The detailed comparison of two isomorphs did not result in the abstraction of a solution schema, as it was found to do by Gick and solution schema, as it was found to do by Gick and Holyoak (1983) for convergence problems. Attempts to promote abstraction by not allowing students to refer to abstraction. Keywords: Performance human; Decision theory: Reprints; Categorization; Word problems; Problem solving a specific analogue (Experiment 2) and by providing information about corresponding concepts and principles (Experiment 3) were unsuccessful. These findings suggest that the bottom-up, similarity-based approaches encouraged by mapping concepts may need to be supplemented by top-down, principle-driven instruction. The abstraction of solutions is constrained by (1) the requirements to sucessfully compare two specific analogues (the bootstrapping constraint) and (2) the existence of superordinate concepts to describe the Schema; Examples; Procedures; Analogs; Mathematics; ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *MATHEMATICS, *PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), *PROBLEM SOLVING, ALGEBRA, CONVERGENCE, DECISION THEORY. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A219 497

UNCLASSIFIED

AD-A219 556

8 PAGE

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A219 497 CONTINUED

AD-A219 428 7/4

MAPPING, MIXTURES, RANGE(DISTANCE), REPRINTS, STUDENTS, UNIVERSITIES, WORDS(LANGUAGE).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A4.

OXFORD UNIV (UNITED KINGDOM) INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB

(U) New Materials for Electrochemical Cells.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

DEC 81 51

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Goodenough, John B.; Dickens, Peter G.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-77-3402

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1781

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

materials not attainable with high-temperature techniques recognition of particle hydrates as protonic electrolytes conductivity approaching .01/ohm/cm in cold-pressing Sb(. structural and basic electrochemical properties of mixed electronic/ionic conductors was successfully carried out and Li(x)Mo03. Attempts to design new protonic and Li(+)molten salts immobilized by insertion-compound electrode dioxide cells having open-circuit voltages in excess of V. We have also initiated studies into composite 2)0(5.5).4H20. The other is the use of low-temperature chemical and electrochemical techniques to prepare new on the following systems: H(x)MoO3, Li(x)V2O5, H(x)WO3electrolyte/electrode materials using room-temperature With this method we have prepared Li/Li (1-x) Cobalt ion conductors have opened up two fields: One is the pressing; we have obtained room-temperature H(+)ion Determination of the thermochemical, capable of fabrication into dense ceramics by cold materials. (AW) $\widehat{\Xi}$

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMICAL ENGINEERING, *ELECTRODES, *ELECTROLYTES, *LITHIUM COMPOUNDS, *HYDROGEN COMPOUNDS, ELECTROLYTIC CELLS, CERAMIC MATERIALS, CIRCUITS, COBALT, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, DIOXIDES, ELECTRIC CONDUCTORS, ELECTROCHEMISTRY, ELECTRONICS, HIGH DENSITY, HIGH TEMPERATURE, HYDRATES, IONIC CURRENT, LOW TEMPERATURE, MIXING, MOLTEN SALTS, PARTICLES, PRESSING(FORMING).

AD-A219 428

AD-A219 497

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A219 428

12/2 AD-A219 414

RECOGNITION, ROOM TEMPERATURE, VOLTAGE, CATIONS, PROTONS.

E

IDENTIFIERS:

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL CENTER FOR STOCHASTIC **PROCESSES**

3 PEB1102F, WUAF0SR2303A1.

Existence Theorems for Measures on Continuous Posets, with Applications to Random Set Theory,

396 68 Norberg, T. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TR-148 REPORT NO. F49628-85-C-0144 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0279 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Mathematica Scandinavica v64 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p15-51 1989 We state conditions on a partially ordered set (poset) L and a mapping lambda, defined on a class fancy F sub c of filters on L, under which lambda extends to a measure on the minimal sigma-field over fancy F subc. By applying this extension result to the case when L is a continuous lattice, all locally finite measures on L (inf-) semilattices and continuous posets. An interesting correspondence between Levy-Khinchin measures \mathbf{z}_{\cdot} d infline and distribution functions is a particular case of this result. So is also Choquet's characterization of the distributions of all random closed sets in a fixed are identified as well as all Levy-Khinchin measures. We then characterize these kinds of measures on continuous as the topology of S is continuous, second countable and sorber. Our method also yields characterizations of the approach to Choquet's theorem show that it holds as soon ğ infinitely divisible probability measures is presented. The correspondence between probability measures on the locally compact second countable Hausdorff space S. distributions of all random compact and all random furthermore obtain characterizations of infinite compact convex sets in R sub d for finite d. We ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A219 414

AD-A219 428

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A219 414

divisibility under union and sup, resp. for these kinds of random sets. Keywords: Reprints. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *MEASURE THEORY, *MATHEMATICAL FILTERS, DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS, FILTERS, REPRINTS, THEORY, TOPOLOGY, MATHEMATICS.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5, POSETS(Partially Ordered Set). IDENTIFIERS: (U)

12/3 AD-A219 413

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL CENTER FOR STUCHASTIC PROCESSES

Stochastic Processes as Fourier Integrals and Dilation of Vector Measures, 3

83 C

Houdre, C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TR-248 REPORT NO.

F49620-85-C-0144 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO

AS TASK NO.

TR-90-0275 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ISTRACT: (U) In this note we give an overview of some recent advances in representations of stuchastic processes as Fourier integrals. These advances provide a Plancherel and a Hausdorff-Young theory for stochastic methods, two of which are: existence results for linear stochastic differential equations (see Theorem 6) and a processes and random measures which were not previously available. We expect several applications of these framework in which to develop a Fourier theory for the ubiquitous white noise model. Reprints. (KT) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FOURIER ANALYSIS, *LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, *VECTOR ANALYSIS, *STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, INTEGRALS, MODELS, REPRINTS, THEORY, WHITE NOISE.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5, *Fourier integrals, Vector measures. IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA 20/6.1 AD-A219 320

An Optical Fiber Wavelength Standard for Pinon Flat E

Observatory.

Final rept. 15 Jul 84-14 Nov 85 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

26

NOV 85

Zumberge, Mark A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0247 CONTRACT NO.

2309 PROJECT NO.

F

TASK NO.

MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-87-0587

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

acquired and a single-mode optical fiber network fabricated for the Pinon Flat Geophysical Observatory. These enhancements have greatly increased the precision of this unique facility. An atomic wavelength standard has been Ê ABSTRACT:

*FIBER OPTICS, *OBSERVATORIES SCRIPTORS: (U) *FIB FREQUENCY, GEOPHYSICS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2309A1 $\widehat{\Xi}$ IDENTIFIERS:

6/4 AD-A219 319 YORK UNIV NORTH YORK (ONTARIO)

(U) Visual Sensitivities and Discriminations and Their Role in Aviation.

Interim rept. 1 Nov 88-30 Oct DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

67P OCT 89

Regan, David PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0002 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-90-0235 AFOSE MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

or receding motion in depth exists and seems to be not uncommon in normally-sighted individuals. (2) A perfectly camouflaged bar within a random dot pattern was rendered contrast-defined dotted rectangles. At high dot speeds and contrasts aspect ratio discrimination equal for the two kinds of rectangle and, at 2-3%, corresponded to a change of side length of only 24 arc sec. (4) Orientation discrimination and shape discrimination degrade more normal. (8) Nonlinear systems analysis: We have developed visible by moving dots within the bar and outside the bar with equal and opposite velocities. (3) Shape rapidly at short presentation durations for a motion-defined than for a contrast-defined target (5) The findings in (2)-(4) above suggest that helicopter pilots may be at risk of making visual judgement errors in nap of the earth flight where some objects and ground features are seen by motion alone when contrast or speed is low or when inspection duration is brief. (8) We have ability to see and discriminate motion-defined form. (7) (1) Selective 'blindness' to approaching the motion-defined letter test was used on 25 patients with multiple sclerosis and 50 controls; 34/50 eyes of patients were abnormal even though visual acuity was developed a simple portable test for assessing visual a new mathematical approach to testing multi-neuron discrimination was compared for motion-defined and ABSTRACT:

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UNCLASSIFIED

22 PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A219 319

rectifiers. (9) We have developed a nondestructive zoom-FFT technique that allows spectra of EEG and other time series to be computed with the theoretical resolution. models in which individuals neurons are modelled as

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *CAMOUFLAGE, *DISCRIMINATION, *VISUAL PERCEPTION, ASPECT RATIO, EARTH(PLANET), ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY, FLIGHT, HELICOPTERS, INSPECTION, LENGTH, MATHEMATICS, NONLINEAR ANALYSIS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), PILOTS, PORTABLE EQUIPMENT, RECTIFIERS, RESOLUTION, RISK, SHAPE, SIDES, SPECTRA, TEST AND EVALUATION, TIME, TIME SERIES ANALYSIS, VISION, VISUAL ACUITY, AVIATION MEDICINE. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A5 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A219 318

11/2

DREXEL UNIV PHILADELPHIA PA

A Comprehensive Study on Microstructure Mechanics Relationships of Ceramic Matrix Composites. 3

Final rept. 1 Apr 88-30 Jun 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

29P 83 JEC

Wang, A. S.; Barsoun, M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0113 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

B2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0192 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

composites. Three major tasks are performed during the research: an in-house fabrication facility is established; a testing technique is developed; and a theory for matrix JSTRACT: (U) The background of this research stems from the need to understand the physical mechanisms of brittle matrix cracks in fiber reinforced ceramic matrix individual technical papers; one describes the details of composites, Matrix cracking stress, Specimen fabrication, formulated. A preliminary correlation between theory and experiment is accomplished. This report contains two theoretical and the simulative aspects. Ceramic matrix Testing, Theory, Simulations, Uniaxial fiber, Fracture mechanics, Oxidation, Fiber breaks. (jg) crack initiation and a numerical simulation method is the experimental aspects and the other describes the ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *CERAMIC MATERIALS. *COMPOSITE MATERIALS, *MATERIALS, *MICROSTRUCTURE AXES, CRACKING(FRACTURING), FABRICATION, FACILITIES, FIBERS, FRACTURE(MECHANICS), MATHEMATICAL MODELS. NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, OXIDATION, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, STRESSES. DESCRIPTORS:

PE81102F, WUAFOSR230282 3 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 AD-A219 317 STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT STONY BROOK DEPT OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS AND STATISTI CS

(U) The Theory of Structure Functions

Final rept. 15 May 86-14 May 88, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

34P

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Baxter, Laurence A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0138 CONTRACT NO.

2304

PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO.

TR-90-0197 AFOSR HONI TOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

criteria for reliability growth. 4) An investigation of the stability of stochastic models. Keywords: Theoretical continua. 2) The construction of a diffusion model for a system subject to continuous wear. 3) The introduction of **SETRACT:** (U) This report describes the research performed during two years of support by the AFOSR uncer grant number AFOSR-86-0136. The research falls into four investigation of the theory of structure functions on distinct categories: 1) A continuation of the PI's mathematics; Mathematical models; Computerized simulations; Molecular interactions. (KI)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, *MATHEMAT:CAL MODELS, *MATHEMATICS, DIFFUSION, FUNCTIONS, GROWTH(GENERAL), MODELS, MOLECULE MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, RELIABILITY, STABILITY, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, THEORY, DESCRIPTORS:

20/4 AD-A219 315 NIELSEN ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH INC MOUNTAIN VIEW CA

(U) The Effects of Compressibility on a Supersonic Mixing Layer.

Annual rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

23P 8 DEC

ö Nixon, D.; Keefe, L. R.; Kuhn, G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0003 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0191 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

mixing. Two approaches have been taken, one numerical and one analytic. A computer code, TMRC, has been used to simulate both time and space developing mixing layers to get some indication of the flow physics. To complement the numerical study a simple analysis has been developed seems to indicate that little can be done to enhance mixing as such although the real problem of similtaneous the flow mechanism that cause the decrease in spreading rate of supersonic mixing layers as the convective Mach number increases and to suggest means of enhancing the mixing and combustion may be more amendable to control. The objective of the work is to identify convective Mach number. The analysis seems to indicate that little can be done to Mach number. The analysis Keywords: Mixing layers; Compressible flow; Fluid which explains the variation of mixing rate with dynamics; Airflow. (KT) ABSTRACT:

JET *SCRIPTORS: (U) *AIR FLOW, *COMPRESSIBLE FLOW, *BOUNDARY LAYER FLOW, *SUPERSONIC FLOW, COMBUSTION, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, CONVECTION, FLOW, FLUID DYNAMICS, MIXING FLOW, LAYERS, MACH NUMBER, MIXING, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PHYSICS, RATES, SYNCHRONISM, VARIATIONS DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2 $\widehat{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 317

AD-A219 315

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UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A219 263

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

Adaptively Timed Conditioned Responses and the Cerebellum: A Neural Network Approach, Ę

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Moore, J. W.; Desmond, J. E.; Berthier,

AF0SR-89-0391 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO.

TR-90-0258 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Biological Cybernetics, v62 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

ABSTRACT: (U) p17-28 1989.

knowledge about the timing of a US. This knowledge is manifested in the dependence of response topography on the CS-US interval employed in training. A neural network model and set of learning rules capable of simulating temporally adaptive features of conditioned responses is reviewed, and simulations are presented. In addition, we present a neural network implementation of the model which is designed to reconcile empirical studies of longterm synaptic depression in the cerebellum with neurobiological evidence from studies of the classically conditioned nictitating membrane response of the rabbit. Reprints. (SDW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CEREBELLUM, *NEURAL NETS, *RESPONSE, LEARNING, MODELS, NEUROBIOLOGY, RABBITS, REPRINTS, TOPOGRAPHY.

7/3 AD-A219 232 NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIV FARGO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Theoretical Studies of Silicon Chemistry.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 86-31 Oct 89,

FEB 90

Gordon, Mark S PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0049 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

TASK NO

TR-90-0309 AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMISTRY, *SILICON, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, VAPOR DEPOSITION, COATINGS, ELECTRONICS, THEORY, LIGANDS, TABLES(DATA), SILANES, ANIONS, DYNAMICS, DRYING, INTERACTIONS, NUCLEOPHILIC REACTIONS, POLYMERIZATION, SILICIC ACIDS, METHODOLOGY, STATE OF THE ART, SILICON COMPOUNDS, SUBSTITUTES. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2303B3, PE61102F. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 12/1 AD-A219 231

CAMBRIDGE MA AWARE INC The Performance of Wavelets for Data Compression in Selected Military Applications. Volume 2. Supplementary Tables and Graphs. 3

Final rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

428P Se Ne AWARE-TR-AD-900223-VOL-2 REPORT NO.

F49620-89-C-0122 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR HONI TOR:

TR-90-0288-VOL-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

cooperation with Atlantic Aerospace Electronics Corp. See also AD-A219 230. Prepared in SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Greenbelt, MD.

Location vs. Compression, Value of Max Laplacian vs. Compression, Value of Max Smoothed Laplacian vs. Compression, Ratio of Peak Correlation to that of Largest and Nearest Side Lobes vs. Compression, Ratio of Peak Laplacian to that of Largest and Nearest Side Lobes vs. (at various scalings) with A1 (at a given compression) vs. Experimental Data; and Laplacian of correlation of A1 W1 Contents: Value of Correlation at Correct Radial Distance, Laplacian Sidelobe to Peak Ratio vs. Radial Distance, Laplacian vs. Radial Distance. Correlation Side Lobe to Peak Ratio vs Radial Distance. (sdw) 3 Compression, ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CORRELATION, *DATA COMPRESSION, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, GRAPHS, MILITARY APPLICATIONS, PEAK VALUES, RANGE(DISTANCE), RATIOS, SIDELOBES

AD-A219 230

CAMBRIDGE MA AWARE INC The Performance of Wavelets for Data Compression in Selected Military Applications 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 28 Aug-27 Dec 89

6 1P FEB 90 Resnikoff, Howard L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AWARE - TR-AD-900223 REPORT NO.

F49620-89-C-0122 CONTRACT NO.

7145 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-90-0288 A. OSR MONI TOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

See also AD-A219 231. Prepared in cooperation with Atlantic Aerospace Electronics Corp SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Greenbelt, MD

wavelet basis is a complete orthonormal system of functions in terms of which image data can be represented The low computational complexity of the wavelet transform register position correctly using position reconstituted reference images that have been compressed in excess of 100:1. A variety of analysis made to develop an Indication of the relationship between information loss observations to a stored image. 2. Identification of objects of specific size or characteristics and sensory and the bounded support of the wavelet basis functions Wavelets provide a new mathematical and Aware conducted computational experiments to determine the contribution of wavelets to solving two classes of computing, compressing, and reconstituting image data clutter. The results suggest that compression using corresponds to image features, and low workload for practical problem: 1 Position location by matching wavelets preserves more than enough information to computational approach to representing image data. off high retention of information that typically 3

AD-A219 230

AD-A219 231

EV.120M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A219 230

and compression are reported. (jhd)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *DATA COMPRESSION, *OPTICAL IMAGES, CLUTTER, COMPUTATIONS, MATCHING, MATHEMATICS, MILITARY APPLICATIONS, POSITION(LOCATION), RETENTION(GENERAL), SENSES(PHYSIOLOGY), SIZES(DIMENSIONS), MASS STORAGE, DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1101E, WUAFDSR714500. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

9/3 AD-A219 185

INSTITUTE OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERS INC PISCATAWAY NU International Conference on ree Electron Lasers (11th) Conference Digest Held in Naples, Florida on 28 August-1 September 1989. <u>ອ</u>

Final rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

350P DEC 89

AF05R-89-0409 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0220

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: IEEE, 345 E. 47th St., New York, NY 10017 PC \$50.00. No copies furnished by DTIC/NTIS.

ISTRACT: (U) The 11th International Conference on Free Electron Lasers was held on 28 Aug to 1 September, 1989. ABSTRACT: (U)

*FREE ELECTRON LASERS, INTERNATIONAL, 3 DESCRIPTORS: SYMPOSIA.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2301A1 3 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/8 AD-A219 174

CONTINUED AD-A219 174

DESCRIPTORS:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *PHYSICS, BIAS, BISTABLE DEVICES, DIELECTRICS, ELECTRIC CONDUCTORS, HIGH VOLTAGE, LOW VOLTAGE, REPRINTS, SECONDARY, SECONDARY EMISSION, SOLAR PANELS, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), SPACE ENVIRONMENTS, STABILITY,

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A1

3

IDENTIFIERS:

SURFACES, VOLTAGE

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS

The Physics of Positively Biased Conductors Surrounded by Dielectrics in Contact with a Plasma.

3

Rept. for 1 Aug 87-31 Jul 88, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

= ¥ Hastings, Daniel; Chang, Patrick PERSONAL AUTHORS:

2308 PROJECT NO.

= TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0174

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Physics Fluids B v1 n5 p1123-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: 1132 May 89

the stable solutions, the low-voltage solution always has very low secondary emission while the high-voltage solution has high secondary emission. The secondary current emitted from the neighboring dielectrics is collected by the conductor. When the voltage on the solutions, the high- and low-voltage solutions are stable while the intermediate voltage solution is unstable. For that involve the use of highly biased surfaces in contact dielectric undergoes a transition from one bistable solution to another this will be seen as a concomitant increase in the current collected to the conductor. This snapover effect is observed on high-voltage solar arrays theory is applied to explain the 'snapover' effect. The with the space environment. It has been observed that undergoes an anomalous increase at a critical voltage when such surfaces are positively biased the current conductor has three solutions. Of the three possible conductor surrounded by dielectrics in contact with plasma in investigated. It is shown that because of presence of secondary emission from the surrounding The physics of a positively biased dielectrics the voltage of the surfaces near the $\widehat{\Xi}$ ABSTRACT:

AD-A219 174

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

CONTINUED

AD-A219 172

AD-A219 172 21/2

GENERAL ELECTRIC CORPORATE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SCHENECTADY NY

(U) Non-Premixed Turbulent CD/H2 Flames at Local Extinction Conditions,

COMBUSTION, COMPUTATIONS, DIFFUSION, DISSIPATION, EQUILIBRIUM(GENERAL), JET FLAMES, LASER APPLICATIONS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, PROBABILITY, RATES, RECOMBINATION REACTIONS, REPRINTS, SCALAR FUNCTIONS, SPECTROSCOPY, TURBULENCE,

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2308A2.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

88

9

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Correa, S. M.; Gulatí, A.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-85-C-0035

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0185

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in International Symposium on Combustion (22nd) p599-808 1988.

ABSTRACT: (U) The physical phenomena responsible for the local extinction of diffusion flames due to intense turbulences are discussed and a computational model for a jet flame under such conditions is presented. In the model, computation to the strong presents of the formustion taken to be infinitely fast or frozen, and three-body recombination reactions. The scalar dissipation rate field is examined for critical values below which the two-body reactions are assumed to be in partial equilibrium and above which they are assumed to be frozen and the gas therefore unburned. The kinetics of the recombination reactions are activated for the former fraction of the gas therefore unburned. The kinetics of the recombination reactions are activated for the former fraction of the gas. This approach is implemented in a shear-layer finite-volume averaged Navier-Stokes model with k-epsilon/assumed shape pdf sub-models for turbulence. The model is applied to a Re = 15,000 pilot-stabilized 40% Carbon Monoxide/10% Diatomic Hydrogen/50% Diatomic Nitrogen jet flame for which laser-based spectroscopic data on major species and temperature are presented. The fuel is chosen to maximize the probability of local extinction. The model is useful for moderate to high Reynolds number diffusion flames. Reprints. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *EXTINCTION, *FLAMES, *FUELS, CHEMISTRY.

AD-A219 172

AD-A219 172

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UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A219 170 6/1 6/5
OHIO STATE UNIV COLUMBUS DEPT OF VETERINARY PATHOLOGY

AD-A219 170 CONTINUED

PE61102F, WUAFDSR2312A5.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

Effect of 1,1-Dimethylhydrazine on Lymphoproliferation and Interleukin 2 Immunoregulatory Function, 3

2

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bauer, Richard M.; Tarr, Melinda J.; Olsen, Richard G.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0129

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0257

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology, v19 p148-153 1990.

ABSTRACT: (U) The studies reported here suggest that the immunomodulatory effects of 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) are associated, in part, with interference with interleukin 2 (IL-2) regulatory action. Concanavalin A (Con A)-stimulated (deoxyribonucleic acids) synthesis in murine splenocytes was inhibited from 18.6 to 44.1% at sub-toxic concentrations of UDMH (10 to 50 ug/ml) and IL-2-dependent DMA synthesis in CTL-20 cells was inhibited from 13.3 to 41.58% at subtoxic concentrations of UDMH (10 to 50 micrograms per milliliter). In addition, UDMH (10 to 50 micrograms per milliliter). In addition, UDMH suppressed phorobol myristic acetate (PMA)-stimulated IL-2 production by Con A-stimulated murine plenocytes. In all cases, inhibition was evident at sub-toxic UDMH concentrations and was demonstrated to be independent of inactivation of IL-2 or interference with IL-2 absorption. It is suggested that UDMH has the potential to modify immune function through interference with IL-2 absorption and especially the lymphoproliferative response to IL-2. Hydrazine, Immunotoxicity, Interleukin 2, Splenocytes, Murine, Reprints, UDMH, Lymphoid tissue. (19)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, *HYDRAZINES, *IMMINITY, FUNCTIONS, IMHIBITION, REPRINTS, SYNTHESIS.

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 12/2 AD-A219 164

NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIV AT RALEIGH

A Computational Method for General Higher Index Nonlinear Singular Systems of Differential Equations, 3

Campbell, Stephen L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-87-0051 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0310 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

PPLEMENTARY NOTE: Supersedes report dated 6 Aug 88, AD-A199 237. Pub. in Numerical and Applied Mathematics, v12 p555-560 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

substantial progress on the numerical solution of special classes of nonlinear singular systems of differential equations, $F(\gamma',\gamma,t)=0$. These systems are also called differential algebraic equations (DAEs). A general numerical procedure for their solution does not currently exist. This paper extends a general technique developed for the linear time varying singular A(t)y'(t)+B(t)y(t)=f(t) to nonlinear systems. A chemical reactor and robotic arm path control problem are worked to illustrate the technique. Reprints. (EDC)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, ALGEBRA, CHEMICAL REACTORS, COMPUTATIONS, CONTROL SYSTEMS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, REPRINTS, ROBOTICS, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL). DESCRIPTORS: (U)

Differential algebraic equations PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A1, Nonlinearity. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 160

12/9 13/9

AUSTIN DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER TEXAS UNIV AT ENGINEERING Distribution of Dynamic Loads for Multiple Cooperating Robot Manipulators. 3

14P 83

Walker, Ian D.; Marcus, Steven I.; Freeman, Robert A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0029 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

TR-90-0312 **AFOSR** MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Robotic Systems, v6 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: n1 p35-47 1989.

system to be made while taking manipulator dynamics into account. First, object dynamics are used to transform the motion task. An integrated procedure for modeling arm dynamics is detailed. Then a method is introduced which transforms the object load to the joint level. At this For the situation of multiple cooperating presented which allows load distribution of the combined desired object motion while selecting loads desirable to manipulators handling a single object, a formulation is level, various methods of load distribution that allow subtask performance are proposed. These methods allow Cooperating robot manipulators; Load distribution; Robotics; Reprints. (EdC) Keywords alleviate manipulator dynamic loads. E ABSTRACT:

DISTRIBUTION, DYNAMIC LOADS, SCRIFIURS: (U) , DISTRIBUTION, DINAMIC LUMDS, HANDLING, INTEGRATED SYSTEMS, LOAD DISTRIBUTION, MANIPULATORS, MOTION, ROBOTICS, ROBOTS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A1. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 164

AD-A219 160

EVJ20M SEARCH CONTROL NO. DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN 12/3 AD-A219 089

ENGINEERING

Analysis of an Identification Algorithm Arising in the Adaptive Estimation of Markov Chains, 3

8

Arapostathis, Aristotle; Marcus, Steven PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0029 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO.

TR-90-0317 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Mathematics of Control Signals, and Systems, v3 p1-29 1990. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

approximations, establish almost sure convergence of the parameter estimates to the solutions of an associated differential equation. The performance of the adaptive estimation scheme is analyzed by examining the induced controlled Markov process with respect to a long-run finitestate Markov chains. The algorithm utilizes the recursive equation characterizing the conditional distribution of the state of the Markov chain, given the applied to the adaptive estimation of partially observed the algorithm has a unique invariant measure for each fixed value of the parameter, and following the ordinary differential equation method for stochastic past observations. It is shown that the process driving This reprint investigates an algorithm average cost criterion. (KR) 3

ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, APPROXIMATION(MATHEMATICS), CONTROL, CONVERGENCE, COSTS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, EQUATIONS, ESTIMATES, IDENTIFICATION, INVARIANCE, PARAMETERS, *ALGORITHMS, *MARKOV PROCESSES, RECURSIVE FUNCTIONS, REPRINTS. PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A1, *Markov chains E

AD-A219 074

12/3

DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN ENGINEERING Comments on the Sensitivity of the Optimal Cost and the Optimal Policy for a Discrete Markov Decision Process,

1

Sernik, Enrique L.; Marcus, S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0029 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO

TR-90-0311 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Presented at the Allerton Conference,

27-29 Sep 89

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

presented to show the usefulness of the results. Keywords: means for carrying out sensitivity analyses. Ex.mples are function is piecewise linear, we find formulas to compute the optimal cost and the optimal policy, thus providing a STRACT: (U) The problem of characterizing the effects that uncertainties and/or small changes in the parameters of a model can have an optimal policies is considered. It Algorithms; Stochastic control; Dynamic programming. (KR) partially observed, finite state Markov decision process. is shown that changes in the optimal policy are very difficult to detect even for relatively simple models. showing for a machine replacement problem modeled by a that the infinite horizon, optimal discounted cost ABSTRACT:

*OPTIMIZATION, ALGORITHMS, COSTS, DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING, FUNCTIONS, HORIZON, MODELS, POLICIES, SENSITIVITY, *DECISION MAKING, *MARKOV PROCESSES, STOCHASTIC CONTROL DESCRIPTORS: (U)

*Discrete Markov decision processes 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 074

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJZOM 32

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/2 AD-A219 071 CLARKSON UNIV POTSDAM NY DIV OF RESEARCH

Collective Properties of Neural Systems and Their Relation to Other Physical Models. 3

(DURIP) Computer Simulations of Plasmas, Nonlinear

Systems and Control Theory.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89

Speer, Eugene R.

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

9

NOV 89

AF0SR-89-0214

CONTRACT NO.

3842

PROJECT NO.

TASK NO. MONITOR:

DEPT OF

NEW BRUNSWICK N J

RUTGERS - THE STATE UNIV

MATHEMATICS

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12/2

12/7

AD-A219 070

Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

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Fokas, A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0148 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO.

TR-90-0304 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

that support certain stable coherent structures called solitons. The solitons in the last 20 years have played an important role in the understanding of many physical and biological phenomena. Although there exist several equations in three dimensions, which share many features with the soliton equations in two dimensions (e.g. KP, DS) During the tenure of this contract we have been able to characterize solitons in multidimensions. It properties not found in the 1+1 solitons and we have called them DROMIONS. The author and V. Zakharov have shown that in addition to Davey-Stewartson equation, many solutions. We have recently found coherent structures for important equations in two dimensions (e.g. KdV, NLS) , these equations could not so far support soliton other physical significant nonlinear equations can is well known that there exist several physically such equations; these structures have many novel support Dromions. (kt) 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) *MOLECULE MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, *ATOMIC STRUCTURE, *NONLINEAR ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS, BIOLOGY, COHERENCE, EQUATIONS, MODELS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, STABILITY, STRUCTURES. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A4, *Solitons, 3 DENTIFIERS:

*Dromions 12-A219 071

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

TR-90-0308

AFOSR

which were purchased according to approved changes in the applications. The equipment will be used for computerized Speer has been investigating interface growth on cellular automation. Zheming Cheng, a postdoctoral associate has equipment in his study of first order controllers. Eugen original proposal have been extensively used by faculty, additional station was acquired to be a file server to The Sun 4/60 workstation (SPARCstation) distributions arising from 'quantum chaos'. The SPARCstation is ideally suited for this significant postdoctoral associates and graduate students. An the other five, Eduardo Sontag has been using the to understand limiting simulations of nonlinear systems. (kt) done extensive simulations ABSTRACT:

CONTROL THEORY, DISTRIBUTION, GROWTH(GENERAL), INTERFACES, LIMITATIONS, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), STUDENTS. *COMPUTERIZED DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTER APPLICATIONS, *COMPUTE SIMULATION, *NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, AUTOMATION, CELLS,

PE61102F, WUAFUSR3842A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A219 070

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A219 013 12/4

RICE UNIV HOUSTON TEX DEPT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

(U) Linear Programming Tools for Integer Programming.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jul 87-31 Oct 89,

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Bixby, Robert E.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0276

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0313

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The motivation for this work has been the need for a practical procedure to solve the maximunweight cut problem (MCP) in undirected graphs. Our primary focus has been on problems arising from considerations in statistical mechanics. These problems are typically posed on grid graphs and some natural variants. There has been significant progress in two areas: solution of the maximum-weight cut problem and development of simplex-based tools for integer programming. Codes developed have been widely used to improve solution time. (edc)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *INTEGER PROGRAMMING, *LINEAR PROGRAMMING, CODING, GRAPHS, GRIDS, PROBLEM SOLVING, SIMPLEX METHOD, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), STATISTICAL MECHANICS, TIME, VARIATIONS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) MCP(Maximum Weight Cut Problem), PEG1102F, WUAFOSR230481.

AD-A219 012 20/2

7/4

CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERIN G

(U) Advanced Gas Phase Reactor for Growth of Ge sub \times Si sub 1- \times .

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89,

NOV 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Greve, David W.; Milnes, A. G.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0144

PROJECT NO. 2917

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0316

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) We have designed and constructed a reactor for the growth of Germanium (x) Silicon (1-x) films by the newly developed technique of Ultrahigh voltage/Chemical vapor deposition epitaxy. Films of varying germanium content have been successfully grown and characterized at temperatures as low as 577 C. Work is in progress with respect to optimization of the wafer cleaning procedure and studies of dopant incorporation and device fabrication will be initiated in the near future. Keywords: Gas phase reactors; Crystallography; Crystal growth. (JG)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CRYSTAL GROWTH, *EPITAXIAL GROWTH, *GERMANIUM, *SILICON, CRYSTALLOGRAPHY, OPTIMIZATION, THERMOCHEMISTRY, WAFERS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2917A3.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A219 011

COLORADO STATE UNIV FORT COLLINS DEPT OF STATISTICS

Multivariate Problems of Statistics & Information Theory. 3

Final rept. 15 Apr 83-14 Apr 88 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 88

Srivastava, Jaya PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0080 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-90-0314 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

factorial experiments. Some basic issues in design theory with special reference to response surfaces. (with S. Arora) On the minimal resolution 3.1 designs for the 24 factorial experiments. Keywords: Military publications; experiment. Bounds connected with minimal coverings of finite Euclidean spaces. (with R. Hveberg) Sequential probing designs for identifying nonnegligible effects in comparison of lifetime of machines under the generalized Weibull distribution. (with S. Arora) A unique minimal search design of resolution 3.2 for th 24 fractional two m2 factorial experiments, m<4. (with S. Arora) An infinite class of resolution 3.2 designs for the 2m Advances in the statistical theory of Periodicals. (EG)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS, *STATISTICS, *INFORMATI^N THEORY, MILITARY PUBLICATIONS, RESPONSE, SEARCHING, STATISTICAL DISTRIBUTIONS, SURFACE, THEORY, WEIBULL DENSITY FUNCTIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 992

OH DEPT OF CHEMISTRY CINCINNATI UNIV

Silicon-Containing Polymers, €

8

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Mark, James E.

DAAL03-86-K-0032, AF0SR-83-0027 CONTRACT NO.

ARO, AFOSR MONITOR:

23255.26-MS, TR-90-0199

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. In Advances in Chemistry Series, n224 Silicon-Based Polymer Science: A Comprehensive Resource p47-68 1990. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

groups); sesquisiloxane polymers possibly having a ladder structure; siloxane-silarylene polymers, (in which the the sol-gal technique, and to high-performance fibers by controlled thermolyses. Reprints. (kt) The major categories of homopolymers and copolymers are discussed. These include linear siloxane and including uses as high-performance fluids, elastomers, materials to novel reinforcing fillers, to ceramics by phenylenes are either meta or para substituted); silalkylene polymers; random and block copolymers and Applications, polymers, (with various alkyl and aryl R and R' side flexibility, transition temperatures, permeability, controlled-release systems, are discussed. Also of interest are the conversions of silicon-containing coatings, surface modifiers, separation membranes, photoresists, soft contact lenses, body implants, blends of some of polymers 1-4; polysilanes and polysilylenes; and polysilazanes. The structure other physical properties are reviewed. 3 ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *POLYMERS, *SILICON COMPOUNDS, BLOCK COPOLYMERS, CERAMIC MATERIALS, COATINGS, CONVERSION, COPOLYMERS, ELASTOMERS, FIBERS, FILLERS, FLUIDS, IMPLANTATION, LENSES, LINEAR SYSTEMS, MATERIALS, MEMBRANES, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), PERMEABILITY, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, POLYSILANES, REINFORCING MATERIALS, REPRINTS, SEPARATION, SIDES, SILOXANES, TRANSITION DESCRIPTORS

AD-A218 992

AD-A219 011

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 992 CONTINUED

GEORGE MASON UNIV FAIRFAX VA

12/8

AD-A218 983

IDENTIFIERS: (U) *Homopolymers, Sol-Gel Techniques, Silakylane polymers.

(U) Graphics Equipment for Data Analysis.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89,

NOV 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Wegman, Edward J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0206

PROJECT NO. 3842

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0297

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

grant. The focus of the grant is a DURIP instrumentation grant. The focus of the grant was to purchase a high-end graphics workstation for statistical data analysis. Gur concepts was for the development of a tool that we called data set mapping. This tool will prove beneficial in data sets that are difficult to visualize due to multidimensionality. The basic idea is to interface the high and workstation with a high performance minisupercomputer, in our case the Intel iPSC/2 d4/VX, so that processors of the hypercube are tied to graphics windows. The windows are virtual pieces of paper with dynamical graphics in each. This tool is highly interactive. It is assumed that this workstation is on an ethernet with a parallel processor, such that the parallel processor is capable of providing an engine for intense numerical calculations.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTER GRAPHICS, *PARALLEL PROCESSORS, *STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, COMPUTATIONS, DATA BASES, DATA MANAGEMENT, DATA PROCESSING, DYNAMICS, INTENSITY, MAPPING, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, STATIONS, STATISTICAL DATA, WINDOWS, WORK.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1104D, WUAFOSR3842A5

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 901

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

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Murphy, K.

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

MAY 88

AF0SR-86-0256

CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

AD-A218 904 12/1

ARIZONA STATE UNIV TEMPE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Parameter Estimation in Moving Boundary Problems, Continuation and Multi-Grid Methods for Bifurcation Problems. 3

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Sep 84-30 Nov 89,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Mittelmann, Hans D.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-84-0315

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0198

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the work completed under the grant AFOSR-84-0315 entitled 'Continuation and Multi-grid Methods for Bifurcation Problems' since October 1, 1984. The research under that grant concerns the numerical solution of bifurcation and nonlinear eigenvalue problems for parameter-dependent partial differential equations and systems. The scope of the research is rather wide, stressing the development, study and implementation of computational methods for several classes of difficult nonlinear problems, but, also including the derivation of analytic results in cases where these questions had not been settled before. The work under the grant has resulted in 26 papers in refereed journals or refereed proceedings volumes of major conferences; they are listed at the end of this section. Numerical mathematics; Bifurcation (mathematics); Multi-grid methods; Nonlinear eigenvalues; Partial differential equations. (jg)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *EIGENVALUES, *NONLINEAR ANALYSIS, *PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, MATHEMATICS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A3.

AD-A218 904

can be used to estimate unknown parameters in moving boundary problems. The model equations we consider are fairly general nonlinear diffusion/reaction equations of one spatial variable. Here we give conditions on the parameter sets and model equations under which we can prove that the estimates obtained using the approximations will converge to best-fit parameters for the original moel equations. We conclude with a numerical example. Keywords: Mathematical models; Reprints. (KT)

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

TR-90-0243

A1 Afosr

TASK NO.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS, *MATHEMATICAL MODELS, *PARAMETERS, EQUATIONS, ESTIMATES, MOTION, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A1, *moving BOundry Problems.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

4 AD-A218 880

CONTINUED AD-A218 880 ALASKA, BACKGROUND, DAILY OCCURRENCE, ENERGY, ENVIRONMENTS, FLOW, FLUX(RATE), HEIGHT, HORIZONTAL ORIENTATION, LATITUDE, MEAN, MEASUREMENT, MOTION, PROFILES, RADAR, REPRINTS, REVERSIBLE, SHEAR PROPERTIES, SUMMER, ATMOSPHERIC TIDES, VARIATIONS, VELOCITY, VERTICAL

Momentum fluxes, PE61102F,

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WUAF0SR2310A1. IDENTIFIERS:

ORIENTATION, WAVES, WIND.

*GRAVITY WAVES, *MESOPAUSE, *MOMENTUM,

<u>Э</u>

DESCRIPTORS:

ALASKA UNIV FAIRBANKS GEOPHYSICAL INST

Measurement of Momentum Fluxes Near the Summer Mesopause at Poker Flat, Alaska,

Fritts, David C.; Yuan, Li PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-87-C-0024 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0291

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Atmospheric Sciences, v46 n16 p2569-2579, 15 Aug 89 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

which implies a significant upward flux of wave energy. Horizontal and vertical velocity variances are found to be approx. 1500 and 6 sq m/s sq and to remain nearly constant with height. Momentum flux measurements reveal a observations, but with considerable daily variability and region than has been inferred at lower latitudes. Gravity largely zonal mean flux of approx. 5 to 15 m sq/s sq that achieves a maximum just below the height of wind reversal large mean shears. Particularly significant is a mean downward (Eulerian) vertical velocity of approx 0.3 m/s, Observations of the motion field near the Daily mean values, on the other hand, exhibit large variability, with maxima as large as approx. 30 to 40 m background wave environment. These observations imply significantly stronger forcing of the mean flow in this and tidal motions. Our results reveal a mean horizontal wind structure generally consistent with previous 1986 were used to examine the mean structure, the wave variances, and the momentum fluxes due to gravity wave symmetric six-beam configuration during 8 days of July achieve maximum values of approx. 60 m sq/s sq and to exhibit variations that appear to correlate with the sq/s sq. Hourly momentum flux profiles were found to summer mesopause using the Poker Flat MST radar in a

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

4/2 20/11 AD-A218 879

FAIRBANKS GEOPHYSICAL INST ALASKA UNIV

3 Influence of a Mean Shear on the Dynamical Instability of an Inertio-Gravity Wave, 3

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Yuan, Li; Fritts, David C.

F49620-87-C-0024 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-90-0292 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of the Atmospheric Science, v46 n16 p2561-2568, 15 Aug 89. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

influence of a mean shear on the dynamical instability of instability are computed to examine this dependence. The dynamical instability over a wider range of frequencies and with larger growth rates in the presence of a mean frequency of the IGW are all found to influence the instability. Neutral curves and growth rates of the Linear theory is used to examine the a large-amplitude inertio-gravity wave (IGW). The strength and orientation of the mean shear and the results obtained suggest that an IGW may support occurrence and characteristics of the dynamical shear. Reprints. 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) *DYNAMICS, *LINEARITY, *SHEAR PROPERTIES, FREQUENCY, GROWTH(GENERAL), MEAN, RATES, REPRINTS, STABILITY, THEORY. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2310A1. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

4/1 AD-A218 878 ALASKA UNIV FAIRBANKS GEOPHYSICAL INST

Stability Analysis of Inertio-Gravity Wave Structure in the Middle Atmosphere,

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Fritts, David C.; Yuan, Li

F49620-87-C-0024 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

TR-90-0293 **AFOSR** MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the Atmospheric Science, v46 n12 p1738-1745, 15 Jun 89. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

growth rate of the KH instability are shown to depend on the IGW frequency and the KH orientation within the wave field because of the influence of wave frequency on the mode of instability for sufficiently low gravity wave frequencies, but that it cannot occur for high-frequency gravity waves are also most unstable to KH instabilities aligned transverse to the direction of large-scale wave shear and local stratification. Results of the analysis indicate that the KH instability is likely a preferred environment due to a large- amplitude inertio-gravity wave. Our purpose is to examine the conditions under which the Kelvin-Helmholtz(KZ) instability may be an wave motions in the absence of a mean shear. Inertio-We present a stability analysis of the atmosphere. The occurrence, range of wavenumber, and effective wave saturation process in the middle propagation. Keywords: Reprints. (KR) ĵ

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *GRAVITY WAVES, *MESOSPHERE, *STABILITY.
FREQUENCY, GROWTH(GENERAL), HIGH FREQUENCY. LOW FREQUENCY.
MEAN, MOTION, RATES, REPRINTS, SATURATION, SHEAR
PROPERTIES, STRATIFICATION, WAVE PROPAGATION.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2310A1, *Inerto IDENTIFIERS: (U) gravity waves.

AD-A218 878

AD-A218 879

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

ENERGY ENERGY TRANSFER, FLOW, FLUX(RATE), HORIZONTAL

CONTINUED

AD-A218 877

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2310A1

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

4 AD-A218 877 FAIRBANKS GEOPHYSICAL INST ALASKA UNIV Gravity Wave and Turbulence Studies Using a High-Resolution ST Radar. 3

ORIENTATION, INTERACTIONS, ION DENSITY, LOW ALTITUDE. LOW FREQUENCY, MEAN, MESOSPHERE, MOMENTUM, MOTION, NEUTRAL, RADAR, RADAR STATIONS RESONANCE, SPECTRA, STABILITY, STRATOSPHERE, THEORY, TRANSPORT, TROPOSPHERE, TURBULENCE, VARIATIONS, VERTICAL ORIENTATION, WAVE PROPAGATION, WAVES Final technical rept. 1 Jan 87-1 Jan 90, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Fritts, David C.

F49620-87-C-0024 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO

TR-90-0290 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

number of aspects of gravity wave propagation and effects in the lower and middle atmosphere. Observational studies opposed to the large-scale mean flow. The motion spectrum was found largely to be consistent with gravity wave anergy transfer in the middle atmosphere due to the rapid instability and ducting, the relationship between neutral and ion density fluctuations in the presence of installations and in situ data obtained during two major chemically active species, and the potential for energy exchange due to resonant wave interactions. Our results Research under this contract addressed a implications for the forcing of the mean circulation of stratosphere, and mesosphere to be highly anisotropic, theory and saturation. These findings have important the lower and middle atmosphere. Theoretical studies interactions are not likely to be a major factor for rocket campaigns. Theoretical studies examined wave vertical transport and dissipation of energy. (RRH.) with an upward flux of horizontal momentum largely revealed low-frequency motions to favor dynamical instabilities and suggested that resonant wave showed the motion spectrum in the troposphere, utilized data sets collected at several radar 3 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *GRAVITY WAVES, ACTIVATION, ATMOSPHERES, CHEMICALS, CIRCULATION, DATA BASES, DENSITY, DISSIPATION, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 877

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

MESOPAUSE, MOTION, PARAMETERS, PRODUCTION, RADAR, REPRINTS, SATURATION, SPECIFICATIONS, SUMMER, WAVES.

CONTINUED

AD-A218 876

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Instability, STATE(Structure and

Atmospheric Turbulence Environment), PE61102F WUAFOSR2310A1.

AD-A218 876

FAIRBANKS GEOPHYSICAL INST ALASKA UNIV Evidence of Gravity Wave Saturation and Local Turbulence Production in the Summer Mesosphere and Lower Thermosphere during the STATE (Structure and Atmospheric Turbulence Environment) Experiment, E

RSONAL AUTHORS: Fritts, David C.; Smith, Steven A.; Balsley, Ben B.; Philbrick, C. R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-87-C-0024 CONTRACT NO.

2310

PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. AFOSR TR-90-0294 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. In Jnl. of Geophysical Research, SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jr v93 nD8 p7015-7025, 20 Jun 88.

wave parameters than would be possible using either data set alone. Results of this analysis suggest that the wave found to correlate well with zones of enhanced turbulence field near the summer mesopause is composed, in general, of a superposition of wave motions which act collectively obtained during the Structure and Atmospheric Turbulence Environment (STATE) experiment, conducted during June 1983 at Poker Flat, Alaska, to examine the structure and characteristics of the wave field near the summer and small-scale wave activity, suggesting the processes convectively or dynamically unstable. These regions are and effects of wave field saturation. Keywords: Gravity waves; Instability; Mesosphere; Thermosphere. Reprints. mesopause. It is shown that the rocket and radar data together permit a much more detailed specification of This study used the unique data set to produce regions in which the wave field is 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) *GRAVITY WAVES, *MESOSPHERE, *THERMOSPHERE, *TURBULENCE, ALASKA, ATMOSPHERIC MOTION, CONVECTION(ATMOSPHERIC), DATA BASES, ENVIRONMENTS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 878

AD-A218 876

UNCLASSIFIED

EV.J2OM -

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

4/2 AD-A218 875

CONTINUED AD-A218 875

DESCRIPTORS

*SCRIPTORS: (U) *GRAVITY WAVES, *SPECTRA, *STRATOSPHERE, *TROPOSPHERE, AMPLITUDE, DENSITY, ENERGY, FREQUENCY, INTERNAL WAVES, LOW FREQUENCY, MOTION, OBSERVATORIES, PROPAGATION, RADAR, RADIAL VELOCITY, REPRINTS, SATURATION, SCALE, SHAPE, TEMPERATURE, THEORY, TIME INTERVALS, VARIATIONS, VELOCITY, VERTICAL ORIENTATION, WAVES.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2310A1

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

ALASKA UNIV FAIRBINKS GEOPHYSICAL INST

Observational Evidence of a Saturated Gravity Wave Spectrum in the Troposphere and Lower Stratosphere E

Fritts, David C.; Tsuda, Toshitaka; Sato, Toru; Fukao, Shoichiro; Kato, Susumu PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-87-C-0024 CONTRACT NO.

2310 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0295

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the Atmospheric IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the Science, v45 n12 p1741-1759, 15 Jun 88. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

motion spectrum in the troposphere and lower stratosphere. obtained at the MU Radar Observatory during October and November 1986 are used to examine the character of the Radial velocity and temperature data It is found that the spectrum is dominated by low-ABSTRACT:

propagation in the lower stratosphere and both upward and the saturated spectrum of gravity waves proposed by Smith Waverumber spectra of velocity and temperature are used to examine the consistency of the motion spectrum with observed and predicted velocity and temperature spectra et al. Results indicate excellent agreement of the downward propagation in the troposphere. Vertical frequency gravity waves with an upward sense of

velocity and temperature fluctuations are due primarily to internal gravity waves and for the saturated spectrum theory and its imposed constraints on wave amplitudes and in both amplitude and slope. Vertical waverumber spectra in area-preserving form reveal a dominant vertical wavelength of approx. 2.5 km, systematic variations in energy density and the dominant vertical scale with time velocity and temperature variance. Taken together, our results provide strong support both for the view that and consistency between the temporal variations of spectral shape. Reprints. (sdw) AD-A218 875

UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

9// AD-A218 871

CONTINUED AD-A218 871

DEPT VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INST AND STATE UNIV BLACKSBURG OF CHEMISTRY

Multiphase Transparent Atomic Oxygen Resistant Damping Synthesis and Characterization of Aromatic Polyester Materials, Liquid Crystal Films, and Toughening Components of Sol/Gel Glasses. and Polysiloxane Containing Block Copolymers: 3

Final rept. 1 May 86-30 Apr 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

McGrath, James E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0133 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0285

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

aboratories over the past three years covers three main multifunctional polymers which has been conducted in our areas. Each of the three areas is summarized below and AFOSR sponsored research on

synthesis of siloxane modified silicate ceramics produced processing. Using techniques such as acid free hydrolysis condensation reaction systems, it has been possible to described more completely in some depth in the three sections of this report. The first area includes the by sol-gel chemistry followed by ultrastructure

copolymers. The polyimide siloxane copolymers prepared to incorporate at least 30% of siloxane oligomers via cohydrolysis of suitably terminated materials in the presence of TMOS. In different but somewhat related work date have been based largely upon aliphatic terminated based upon polyimides, extensive studies have been conducted with linear thermoplastic polyimide siloxane polydimethyl-siloxanes which have adequate thermal stability for most purposes. The third area of investigation on multifunctional polymers was the

synthesis and characterization of isotropic polyarylene

sulfone, anisotropic aromatic polyester liquid crystal

AD-A218 871

10 or 15 weight % of the liquid crystal segment, organic solvents which would easily dissolve or stress crack the gel; Polysiloxane modified silicates; Polyimide-siloxane copolymers; Isotropic-anisotropic copolymers; Electronic materials; Ceramic materials. (jg) copolymers. We have demonstrated that with as little as no longer able to do so. Multifunctional polymers; Solamorphous engineering homopolymers like polysulfones,

*CERAMIC MATERIALS, *SILOXANES, AMORPHOUS MATERIALS, ARYL RADICALS, COPOLYMERS, CRACKS, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, ENGINEERING, FILMS, GELS, GLASS, ISOTROPISM, LIQUID CRYSTALS, MATERIALS, OLIGOMERS, ORGANIC SOLVENTS, POLYESTER PLASTICS, POLYIMIDE RESINS, POLYMERS, POLYSULFIDES, POLYSULFONES, SILICATES, STRESSES, SULFONES, SYNTHESIS, THERMAL STABILITY. *AROMATIC COMPOUNDS, *BLOCK COPOLYMERS Ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A218 871

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 868 12/7

TELEOS RESEARCH PALO ALTO CA

· (U) Intelligent Real-Time Problem-Solving: Issues, Concepts and Research Methodology.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Aug-Nov 89,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Rosenschein, Stanley J.

REPORT NO. TR/90-01

CONTRACT NO. F49620-89-C-0117

PROJECT NO. 5581

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0237 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepared in cooperation with Stanford Univ., and Oregon State Univ.

ABSTRACT: (U) The Air Force has sponsored a study aimed at laying our research issues in the area of intelligent real-time problem-solving. As part of this study, a team led by Dr. Stanley J. Rosenschein of Teleos Research, has reviewed topics in this area and has participated in a workshop. This report contains a position statement of the Teleos team prepared for that workshop, along with a discussion of the research issues panel held at the workshop itself and of methodologies for evaluating intelligent real-time problem-solving systems. Keywords: Real-time, Problem-solving, Knowledge-based systems, Computer systems. (JG)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTERS, *REAL TIME, *PROBLEM SOLVING, EMBEDDING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR5581A7, PE62702F.

AD-A218 811 12/3

PENNSYLVANIA UNIV PHILADELPHIA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

U) Research on Statistical Techniques for Signal Processing. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Nov 86-31 Oct

.

FEB

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kassam, Saleem A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0052

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A6

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0264 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The primary accomplishments of this grant were in the areas of: 1) signal detection in non-Gaussian noise, including nonparametric and robust detection; 2) nonlinear edge-preserving filtering of signals in impulsive noise, based on robust estimation procedures; and 3) applications in constant false alarm rate radar detection and image processing. Reference is made to 27 publications. Keywords: Radar signals; Nonlinear filters; Robust estimates; Rank estimates; Nonparametric detection; Non-Gaussian noise; CFAR radar. (edc)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *SIGNAL PROCESSING, DETECTIO:

ESTIMATES, FALSE ALARMS, MATHEMATICAL FILTERS, IMAGE
PROCESSING, IMPULSE NOISE, NONLINEAR ANALYSIS,
RADAR, RADAR SIGNALS, RANK ORDER STATISTICS, RATES,
SIGNALS, STATISTICAL PROCESSES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Robust estimates, CFAR(Constant False Alarm Rate), WUAFOSR2304AB, PE61102F.

AD-A218 868

AD-A218 811

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A218 865 SIBLEY SCHOOL OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING ITHACA NY

(U) The Curvature of Material Surfaces in Isotropic Turbulence

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *FLAME PROPAGATION, *SURFACE ANALYSIS, *CURVATURE, *TURBULENT FLOW, COMBUSTION, FLAMES, FLUIDS, HOMOGENEITY, ISOTROPISM, MATERIALS, MIXING, PARTICLES, PLANE GEOMETRY, PROPAGATION, REPRINTS, RESPONSE, SHEETS, SURFACES, TURBULENCE, VELOCITY.

Premixed flames, Turbulent flames. (KR)

DESCRIPTORS:

CONTINUED

AD-A218 665

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2308A2

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

DEC 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Pope, S. B.; Yeung, P. K.; Girimaji, S.

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AF0SR-88-0052 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

\$ TASK NO MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0178

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Physics of Fluids A, v1 n12 p2010-2018 Dec 89 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

studied here, is the material surface. By definition, a material surface moves with the fluid: every point of the surface is a fluid particle. For premixed combustion (in the flamelet regime) the flame sheet is a propagating surface: each point on the surface moves (relative to the confined to the flame sheet- a surface that can be highly wrinkled and possibly disconnected. Three types of surfaces have been considered. The most basic, and that appropriate limits (vanishing flame speed or diffusivity) usefully described in terms of surfaces. For example, in the flamelet regime of turbulent combustion, reaction is STRACT: (U) In the study of mixing and reaction in turbulent flows, there are several phenomena that can be both propagating surfaces and constant-property surfaces fluid) at the local flame speed in the direction normal to the surface. For nonpremixed reaction, the reaction sheet is a constant-property surface: at each point on the surface the mixture is stoichiometric. In the In the study of mixing and reaction in stationary, constant-density, homogeneous, isotropic turbulence. As time evolves, the turbulence convects, stretches, and bends the surface. Keywords: Reprints, become material surfaces. We consider an infinite, nitially plane material surface in statistically ABSTRACT:

AD-A218 665

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 660

LAFAYETTE IN PURDUE UNIV Efficient Frequency Doubling for Synchronously Mode-Locked Dye Lasers, 3

J.; King, G. B.; J.; Lytle, F. E. RSONAL AUTHORS: Fiechtner, G. Laurendeau, N. M.; Kneisler, R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0323 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0179

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) High power, wavelength-tunable UV picosecond laser pulses can be generated by normal, angletuned, extra-cavity frequency doubling. Conversion efficiencies of 1 to 7% can be obtained by careful adjustment of the dye laser cavity length. (rrh)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *MODE LOCKED LASERS, CONVERSION, DYE LASERS, EFFICIENCY, FREQUENCY, HIGH POWER, LASER CAVITIES, LENGTH, LIGHT PULSES.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 659

LAFAYETTE IN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY PURDUE UNIV Determination of Relative Number Density and Decay Rate for Atomic Sodium in an Atmospheric Premixed Flame by Asynchronous Optical Sampling, $\widehat{\Xi}$

RSONAL AUTHORS: Fiechtner, Gregory J.; Jiang, Yanan; King, Galen B.; Laurendeau, Normand M.; Kneisler, Ronald PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0323 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO

A2 FASK NO

TR-90-0178 AFOSR MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in International Symposium on Combustion (22nd), p1915-1921 1988. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

determine number densities and decay rates. In this paper we report the first use of ASOPS in a flame environment. The relative number density and decay time of atomic STRACT: (U) Asynchronous Optical Sampling (ASOPS) is a pump/probe method that utilizes a dual timebase scheme to Measurements obtained using these techniques are found to be in close agreement, demonstrating the viability of the ASOPS method as a combustion diagnostic and its potential for use in high-pressure turbulent flames. Reprints. (AW) Nitrogen flame. The pump and probe beams are each turned to the D2 transition (589.0 nm). Both ASDPS and laser-induced fluorescence are used to determine relative sodium are measured by aspirating a sodium chloride solution into an atmospheric premixed Methane/Oxygen/ concentrations profiles and saturation curves. ABSTRACT: (U)

SSCRIPTORS: (U) *COMBUSTION, *DECAY, *FLAMES, *SODIUM, ASYNCHRONOUS SYSTEMS, DENSITY, ENVIRONMENTS, HIGH PRESSURE, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, PROBES, PUMPS, RATES, REPRINTS, SAMPLING, SODIUM CHLORIDE, SOLUTIONS(MIXTURES), TIME, TURBULENCE, CONCENTRATION(COMPOSITION), SATURATION. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 659

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 659 CONTINUED

AD-A218 610 7/4 20/12

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFGSR2308A2, *Number Density, Combustion Diagnostics.

JOINT INST FOR LAB ASTROPHYSICS BOULDER CO

(U) Laser Measurements of State-Resolved Ga and In Atom Sticking and Desorption on Metal and Semiconductor Surfaces.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 86-31 Jan 90,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Leone, Stephen R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0119

PROJECT NO. 2306

TASK NO. B1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0206

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Work is carried out on the dynamics of Gallium, Indium, and Arsenic scattering. Sticking, and desorption from silicon single crystals using laser probing of the Ga and In atoms and As dimer gas phase species. Results have been obtained for the binding energies of Ga and In on silicon. Structural patterns of Ga on silicon at various coverages have been determined by LEED studies. Results have been obtained for the binding energies have been determined by LEED studies. Results have been determined by LEED studies. Results have been obtained for the desorption of different spin-orbit states and a model developed to explain the observed behavior. Desorption kinetics are also used to probe the Indium Arsenide and Gallium Arsenide heterostructures on silicon and the islanding behavior that occurs for the mixed systems. These results are relevant to the epitaxial growth of GaAs on silicon.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *DESORPTION, *GALLIUM, *INDIUM, *SEMICONDUCTORS, *SILICON, *ADHESION, ARSENIC, ARSENIDES, ATOMS, DIMERS, DYNAMICS, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, INDIUM COMPOUNDS, KINETICS, LASERS, METALS. MIXING, NUCLEAR BINDING ENERGY, ORBITS, PATTERNS, SCATTERING, SINGLE CRYSTALS, SPIN STATES, CRYSTAL STRUCTURE, SURFACES, VAPOR PHASES, HETEROJUNCTIONS,

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A218 610

ELECTRON DIFFRACTION

7/4 AD-A218 608 CHICAGO UNIV IL JAMES FRANCK INST

14/2

(U) Instrumentation for Surface Reaction Dynamics.

Final technical rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sibener, Steven J.

AF0SR-89-0153 CONTRACT NO.

3842 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0246 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

design and fabricate an intense neutral particle beamline studies involving atomic reactants and radical will also be possible pending construction of appropriate atomic/ scattering spectrometer in order to extend our studies of into many areas. New capabilities include the ability to for use in gas-surface collision experiments. The threeencounters between optically excited and translationally examine surface reaction kinetics occurring on surfaces assembled under the auspices of this grant has directly enhanced research efforts. Keywords: Surface science selected molecules and surfaces, gaseous condensation, surface reactivity and gas-surface collision phenomena (as opposed to monitoring volatile reaction products), This instrumentation grant was used to fold differentially pumped beamline is being used in and surface photochemistry. Future surface oxidation molecular nozzle beam sources. The instrumentation conjunction with a new inelastic electron-surface interactions; Electron-surface interactions. (AW) instrumentation; Molecular beams; Gas-surface ABSTRACT:

INTERACTIONS, *MOLECULAR BEAMS, *PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, *REACTION KINETICS, *LABORATORY EQUIPMENT, COLLISIONS, DYNAMICS, ELECTRONS, GASES, INSTRUMENTATION, INTENSITY, MOLECULES, MONITORING, NEUTRAL, OXIDATION, PARTICLES, *CONDENSATION REACTIONS, *GAS SURFACE 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 608

AD-A218 610

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 608 CONTINUED

AD-A218 595 7/3

REACTANTS(CHEMISTRY), REACTIVITIES, SURFACE PROPERTIES, SURFACE REACTIONS, SURFACES, VOLATILITY, SPECTROMETRY, EXCITATION, SPFCTROMETERS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61104D, WUAFOSR3842A2, Molecular Beam Sources.

BRISTOL UNIV (UNITED KINGDOM) DEPT OF INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

 (U) Chemistry of Polynuclear Metal Complexes with Bridging Carbene or Carbyne Ligands. Part 88. (1)
 Carbaboranetungsteniridium Compounds; Crystal Structure of the Complex (Wlr(mu-CCGH4Me-4)(CO)2(PEt3) 2(Eta(5)-C289H9Me2)).

83

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Jeffrey, John C.; Ruiz, Miguel A.; Sherwood, Paul; Gordon, F.; Stone, A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0125

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0230

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions p1845-1854 1989.

ABSTRACT: (U) The synthesis and properties of several tungsten-iridium complexes are reported in which an icosahedral C2B9H9Me2 cage fragment is co-ordinated to the tungsten in a pentahapto manner, with the C2B9 cage also forming bonds to the iridium. Keywords: Carbaborane, Cage compounds, Metal complexes, Reprints. (AW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *IRIDIUM COMPOUNDS, *LIGANDS, *METAL COMPLEXES, *TUNGSTEN COMPOUNDS, *CARBORANES, CHEMICAL BONDS, CARBENES, CHEMISTRY, CLATHRATE COMPOUNDS, CRYSTAL STRUCTURE, REPRINTS, SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR230382, Cage Compounds. Carbynes, Carbaboranes.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 594 7/6

NORTH CARDLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Parameter Estimation in Moving Boundary Problems,

ď

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Murphy, K. A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0258

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0242

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Decision and Control (27th), p1656-1661, 7-8 Dec 1988.

ABSTRACT: (U) We present a spline-based approximation method which can be used to estimate unknown variable coefficients, boundary parameters, and initial conditions in certain moving boundary problems of one spatial dimension. We discuss convergence of approximate parameter estimates and the numerical implementation of our method, using as an example a model for the penetration of solvents into polymers. (RRH)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *BOUNDARIES, APPROXIMATION(MATHEMATICS), BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS, COEFFICIENTS, ESTIMATES, MOTION, PARAMETERS, PENETRATION, POLYMERS, SOLVENTS, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, VARIABLES.

IDEN: IFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A1.

AD-A218 583 20/6

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BROOKLYN

(U) Nonlinear Optical Properties of Rigid Rod Polymers and Model Compounds,

89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Prasad, Paras N.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-87-C-0042

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0228

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Materials Research Society

Symposia Proceedings, v134 p635-640 1989.

Wave mixing have been used to measure third-order nonlinear optical susceptibility of several rigid-rod polymers and model compounds. A significant X sub (3) with femtosecond response was observed. The effects of processing conditions and structural variations on X sub (3) were studied. Four-wave mixing studies can also be conveniently used to generate ultrasonic phonons of well defined wave length and propagation direction. From this result one can investigate mechanical properties of polymers. Using this technique both the longitudinal and shear components of the elastic moduli for a uniaxially oriented rigid-rod polymer, poly-p-phenylene bis henzooxazole (PBO), were determined. Keywords: Reprints.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *OPTICAL PROPERTIES, *POLYMERS, FREQUENCY, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, MODULUS OF ELASTICITY, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PHONONS, PROCESSING, PROPAGATION, REPRINTS, RIGIDITY, RODS, SHEAR PROPERTIES, ULTRASONICS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2303A3, PE61102F

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

COLUMBIA UNIV NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY 20/3 AD-A218 582

Indirect Observation of Spin Polarization in Triplet Fluorenylidene at Room Temperature, 3

Jenks, William S.; Turro, Nicholas J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0043 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFDSR TR-90-0222

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Tetrahedrom Letters, v30 n34 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p4469-4472 1989. STRACT: (U) The spin polarization of triplet fluorenylidene has been observed at room temperature via CIDEP spectroscopy. The observed absorptive polarization is in agreement with direct observations of the spin polarization of diphenylmethylene at low temperature. Keywords: Spin polarization; CIDEP spectroscopy; Intersystem crossing; Reprints. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *POLARIZATION, *SPIN STATES, ABSORBERS(MATERIALS), LOW TEMPERATURE, OBSERVATION, REPRINTS, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SPECTROSCOPY. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2303B2, PE61102F IDENTIFIERS: (U)

11/9 9// AD-A218 581 JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD

Nonlinear Elasticity of Poly(P-Phenylene Benzobisthiazole) (PBZT) Fibers, 3

89

Jiang, H.; Eby, R. K.; Adams, W. W.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Lenhert, Galen

AFDSR-87-0320 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

TR-90-0227 **AFOSR**

MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Materials Research Society Symposia Proceedings, v134 p341-350 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

STRACT: (U) We have developed a method which uses laser-generated ultrasound to measure the Young's modulus of fibers as a function of temperature and static tensile structure change at about 300 - 400 C. We have also used x-ray diffraction to measure both the crystal modulus and aspects of the ultrastructure such as crystal orientation as a function of static tensile stress, crystal size and crystal modulus for the assumptions of uniform stress and assumptions of uniform stress and uniform strain have also been used together with the orientation distribution and other parameters to calculate the macroscopic modulus cell. It is shown that improved crystal orientation nonlinear elasticity which changes systematically with temperature, tensile stress and fiber processing conditions. They exhibit a relaxation associated with a stress. For fibers of PBZT, measurements have been made considerably greater than the measured ultrasonic ones and both are less than the theoretical values. The measurements of orientation distribution are combined important mechanisms of the nonlinear elasticity. The to 580 and 1.7 GPa. The fibers are shown to exhibit with other measurements to make calculations of the uniform strain. These apparent crystal moduli are with increased tensile stress is one of the most unit

AD-A218 581

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 581 CONTINUED

Both results exhibit less nonlinear elasticity than that observed experimentally, indicating that there is another mechanism in addition to the crystal reorientation which contributes to the nonlinear elasticity. Reprints.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ELASTIC PROPERTIES, *FIBERS, ADDITION, CELLS, CRYSTALS, DISTRIBUTION, LASERS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), PROCESSING, REPRINTS, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), STATICS, STRESSES, TENSILE STRESS, ULTRASONICS, VALUE, X RAY DIFFRACTION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2306A3, PE61102F.

AD-A218 580 12/3

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Time Dependent Approximation Schemes for Some Problems of Parameter Estimation in Distributed Systems,

DEC 87

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Murphy, K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0256

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0241

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Proceedings of the Conference on Decision and Control (26th) p165-169 Dec 87.

ABSTRACT: (U) We discuss a parameter estimation method which can be used to estimate functional parameters in delay differential equations and moving boundary problems. In either problem, we approximate the original model equation (which is infinite dimensional) with a system of ordinary differential equations that can be solved numerically in an efficient way. The approximation scheme is based on time-dependent spline elements. For the delay equation with time-varying delay, we present convergence results which indicate that the estimates obtained using the approximating system converge in some sense to a bestfit parameter for the original system. We present numerical test examples in which we estimate time-varying and state-dependent delays, and in which we er timate a time-varying diffusion coefficient in a one phase, one dimensional Stefan problem. Keywords: Reprints. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ESTIMATES, *PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS, *TIME DEPENDENCE, BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS, CONVERGENCE, DELAY, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT DISTRIBUTION, EFFICIENCY, EQUATIONS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MOTION, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PARAMETERS, REPRINTS, SPLINES, TEST AND EVALUATION, TIME, APPROXIMATION(MATHEMATICS), VARIATIONS.

AD-A218 580

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 580 CONTINUED

AD-A218 579 20/5

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2304A1, PE61102F.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD DEPT OF CHEMISTRY (U) Spin-Orbit Effects in the Decomposition Reaction N3H(X 14^{\prime}) Yields N2(X 1 Sigma(g)(+)) + NH(X 3 Sigma(-)), a

1 Delta,

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Yarkony, David R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0110

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0226

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v92 n1 p320-323, 1 Jan 90.

double zeta-polarization quality and configuration interaction (CI) expansions of approximately 200,000 terms the electronic structure aspects of the spinforbidden decomposition reaction N3H (X 1A) yields NH (X 3 Sigma(-)) + N2 (1 Sigma (g) (+)) were studied. The spinorbit interaction (H(so)) was treated within the Breit-Pauli approximation including both the microscopic spinorbit and spin-other-orbit contributions. The matrix elements h (so) (z), h (so) (y) are interpreted in terms of a single configuration model and are compared with analogous quantities in the isolated NH molecule. A qualitative discussion of the decomposition reaction using a Landau-Zener approach is given. Reprints. (sdw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CONFIGURATIONS, *ELECTRON TRANSITIONS, *HELIUM, DECOMPOSITION, INTERACTIONS, MICROSCOPY, MODELS, ORBITS, REPRINTS, RESPONSE, SPINNING(MOTION), MOLECULAR STRUCTURE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2303B3, PEG1102F.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/2 AD-A218 578

(UNITED KINGDOM) DEPT OF INDRGANIC

BRISTOL UNIV

CHEMISTRY

Carbene or Carbyne Ligands. Part 89. (1) Tetra- and Penta-nuclear Tungsten-Rhodium Complexes: Crystal Structures of (W3Rh2(mu-CO)2(mu-CMe)(mu-C(Me)C(O))(mu-Pph2)2-(Mu3-CMe)(CO)2(eta-C5H5)3) and (W3Rh2(mu-CO) Chemistry of Polynuclear Metal Complexes with Bridging 3(mu-CMe)(mu-CMe)PPh2)(mu3-CMe)-(CO)2(mu-CSH5)3),

Davies, Simon J.; Stone, F. G.; Howard, Judith A.; Pilotti, Massimino U. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-86-0125 CONFRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0224

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions, p1855-1863 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

metal bonds are bridged by alkylidyne, ketenyl, phosphido or phosphaalkyne groups. These ligands undergo novel migratory reactions, a feature established by X-ray cluster compounds have been prepared in which the metal-Rhodium, Alkylidyne, Organometallic compounds, Reprints Several mixed-metal tungsten-rhodium diffraction studies on selected products. Tungsten Nuclear structure, Crystal structure. (jg) ABSTRACT: (U)

*ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, *RHODIUM, *TUNGSTEN, BRIDGES, CHEMISTRY, CRYSTAL STRUCTURE, DIFFRACTION ANALYSIS, METAL METAL BONDS, NUCLEAR STRUCTURE, REPRINTS, X RAY *CARBENES, *LIGANDS, *METAL COMPLEXES DESCRIPTORS: DIFFRACTION

WUAFOSR230382, PE61102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 577

(UNITED KINGDOM) DEPT OF INORGANIC BRISTOL UNIV CHEMISTRY Chemistry of Polynuclear Metal Complexes with Bridging Ketenyl and Lambda(5) -Phospha-alkyne Ligands Bridging the Complexes (W2M2(mu-CO)(mu-CMe)(mu3-CMe)-(Mu-PPh2) 2(CD)3(eta-C5H5)2) (M = Rh or Ir) and Related Tetra-and Penta-nuclear Metal Compounds: Interconversion of Carbene or Carbyne Ligands. Part 90. (1) Synthesis of Tungsten-Rhodium Bonds. 3

G Davies, Simon J.; Stone, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05F-36-0125 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO

82 LASK NO

TR-90-0225 AFOSR MON!TOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Unl. of the Chemical Society Dalton Transactions, p1865-1869 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Phosphoro-Phenyl 2)2(cod)2) (cod = cyclo-octa-1,5-diene) Carbenes refluxing thf (tetrahydröfuran) affords a tetranuclear mixed-me:al compound. The pathway by which this complex involving rhodium-tungsten species. Tungsten, Rhodium, is formed has been modelled by a series of reactions The reaction between (Iridum 2 (Muand (Tungsten(Ketenyl Ligand)(C0)2(eta-C5H5)) in Carbynes, Ligands, Polynuclear metal complexes, Alkylidyne, Organometallic compounds, Iridium, chemistry, Reprints (jg) ĵ

SCRIPTORS: (U) *CARBENES, 'FURANS, *HYDROXYL RADICALS.
*IRIDIUM, *ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, 'RHODIUM, 'TUNGSTEN BRIDGES, CHEMISTRY, LIGANDS, METAL COMPLEXES, ORGANIC CHEMISTRY, REPRINTS. SYNTHESIS. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2303B2, PE61102F IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 578

AD-A218 577

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 576 7/2

BRISTOL UNIV (UNITED KINGDOM) DEPT OF INDRGANIC CHEMISTRY

(U) Synthesis and Crystal Structure of (Mo2FePt(mu-sigma, sigma', sigma': eta(5)-CC5H4)2(CC)4(HB(Pz)3)2) (HB(pz) 3 = Hydrotris(pyrazol-1,1-YL)Norate): A Complex Derived from a 1,1'Ferrocene Derivative with C (Triple bond) Mo(CO)2(HB(pz)3) Substituents.

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PERSONAL AUTHORS: Davies, Simon J.; Hill, Anthony F.; Pilotti, Massimino U.; Stone, F. G.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0125

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFDSR TR-90-0223

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Polyhedron, v8 n18 p2265-2270

ABSTRACT: (U) The novel tetranuclear metal complex (Mo2FePt mu-eta5-CC5H4)2(CD)4(HB(pz)3)2) (HB(pz)3 = hydrotris pyrazol-1-yl)borate) has been prepared, and its structure established by X-ray diffraction. The complex is derived from a 1,1'-Ferrocene derivative with C=Mo (CD) 2-(HB(pz)3) substituents. Keywords: Molybdenum, Iron, Platinum, Reprints, Crystal structure, Heteronuclear metal-metal bond, Ligands. (JG)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CRYSTAL STRUCTURE, *IRON, *LIGANDS, *MOLYBDENUM, *PLATINUM, BONDING, METALS, REPRINTS, SYNTHESIS, X RAY DIFFRACTION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2303B2, PE61102F.

AD-A218 575 7/4 20/5

VANDERBILT UNIV NASHVILLE IN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Ab Initio Studies of Molecular Structures and Energetics. 4. Hexacoordinated NF6- and CF6(2-) Anions.

8

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ewig, Carl S.; Var. Wazer, John R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0146

PROJECT NO. 2303

FASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0229 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the American Chemical Society, v112 p109-114 1990. ABSTRACT: (U) Quantum theoretical computations predicted the structural stabilities of two unique hexacoordinated species, NF6(-) and CF6(2-). Both were found to be of D(h) symmetry with six distinct linkages to the central atom. The energies, equilibrium molecular structures, and vibrational frequencies of both species were computed employing the second-order perturbation approximation (MP2) for the energy. Hypervalent, Anions, Ab Initio, Carbon fluoride anion, Structural stability, Reprints, Electron distribution, Molecular structure, Nitrogen fluoride anion. (tg)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ANIONS, *CARBON, 'ENERGETIC PROPERTIES.
*FLUORIDES, *MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, *NITROGEN COMPOUNDS.
ATOMS, COMPUTATIONS, DISTRIBUTION, ELECTRONS,
EQUILIBRIUM(GENERAL), FREQUENCY, QUANTUM THEORY, REPRINTS,
STABILITY, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, VIBRATION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2303A3, PE61102F.

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SEARCH CONTROL NU. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

14/2 20/4 AD-A218 571 ARIZONA STATE UNIV TEMPE DEPT OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

Multi-Axis, 3-D, Scanning LDA (Laser Doppler Anemometer)o System for Unsteady Aerodynamics. 3

Final technical rept. 1 Oct 86-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 89

Saric, William S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0014 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

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TASK NO.

AFGSR TR-90-0247

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Velocity-component flow measurement system was developed. It consists of a two-color Laser-Doppler anemometer and a two-channel hot-wire system. (jhd) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *DOPPLER SYSTEMS, "LASER ANEMOMETERS, AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS, COLORS, DUAL CHANNEL, HOT WITE ANEMOMETERS, UNSTEADY FLOW, OPTICAL SCANNING, THREE DIMENSIONAL DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2307A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 570

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

Concurrent Computing: Numerical Algorithms and Some Applications 3

Final rept. 15 May 82-14 Jan 89. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

Klema, Virginia C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-82-0210 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO

A2 TASK NO

TR-90-0214 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

and software levels. At every stage we used hardware that conformed absolutely to the IEEE Standard for Binary Floating Point Arithmetic, P754, IEEE Computer Society. applications programming for concurrent computing systems Multiple Instruction Multiple Data computing systems constituted the focus of our attention at the hardware Throughout the period of AFDSR support we concentrated on research on hardware design, operating system support, mathematical software design, and ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ALGORITHMS, *FLOATING POINT OPERATION, ARITHMETIC, COMPUTER COMPUTER PROGRAMS, COMPUTERS, MATYEMATICAL SOCIETIES. PROGRAMMING, DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A2, *Concurrent E IDENTIFIERS: computing.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A218 569

20/6 AD-A218 569 YALE UNIV NEW HAVEN CONN

(0) Nonlinear Spectroscopy of Multicomponent Droplets and Two- and Three-Dimensional Measurements in Flames.

*SPECIPOSCOPY, ABSORPTION, BRILLOUIN ZONES, COMBUSTION, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), DROPS, INPUT, INTENSITY, LASER APPLICATIONS, LASER BEAMS, LASERS, LIGHT SCATTERING, LIMITATIONS, LIQUID PHASES, MATCHING, MEASUREMENT, MIXING, MULTIMODE, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL ANALYSIS, PHASE, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), RADIATION, RAMAN SPECTRA, RIJULEMENTS, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, STIMULATION(GENERAL), THREE DIMENSIONAL, THREE DIMENSIONAL FLOW, TURBULENCE, VAPOR

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308A3

PHASES, VELOCITY, WAVES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Annual technical rept. 1 Jan-31 Dec 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Chang, Richard K.; Long, Marshall B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0100 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO.

AFDSR TR-90-0262 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

process and sets an upper limit on the incident intensity which can be used to generate stimulated Raman scattering (SRS) within droplets; 3) completion of a statistical study of the SRS from single droplets which are stimulated Brillouin radiation, not directly by the laser radiation; and 5) initiation of studies on the phasedevelopment of a fluorescent imaging technique which is capable of demarcating the liquid phase of the deformed and ejected droplets from the vapor phase of the ejected material; 2) determination that the absorption of the Ramen scattering: Phase-matching conditions; Phase velocity of modes; Laser diagnostics; Turbulent flames; single-mode or a multi-mode laser); 4) conclusion that, for single-mode laser excitation, SRS is pumped by the matching requirement for four-wave mixing processes in morphology-dependent resonance. Keywords: Nonlinear optical diagnostics; Fluorescence imaging; Stimulated remixed flames; Three-dimensional flow measurements; Our progress in the area of nonlinear irradiated at a fixed input laser intensity (from a spectroscopy of droplets includes the following: 1) laser-induced plasma quenches the stimulated Raman droplets and on the phase velocity of waves on a Burning velocity. ABSTRACT: (U)

*FLAMES, *FLUORESCENCE, *IMAGES, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 569

UNCLASSIFIED

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 568 21/4 21/2
MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

(U) (DURIN) - Species and Temperature Measurements in Fuel Rich Combustion Regions.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 May 82-14 Jan 89,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Klema, Virginia C.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-82-0210

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0214

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Throughout the period of AFOSR support we concentrated on research on hardware design, operating system support, mathematical software design, and applications programming for concurrent computing systems. Multiple Instruction Multiple Data computing systems constituted the focus of our attention at the hardware and software levels. At every stage we used hardware that conformed absolutely to the IEEE Standard for Binary (Loating Point Arithmetic, P754, IEEE Computer Society.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *MASS SPECTROMETERS, CONTROL SYSTEMS, GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY, METALS, OXIDES, PARTICLES, DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT, ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, INSTRUMENTATION, HIGH RATE, SOOT.

AD-A218 567 20/5

NEW YORK

CITY COLL

20/8

(U) Support for the International Conference on the Physics of Electronic and Atomic Collisions (Sixteenth) Held in New York on 26 Jul - 1 August 1989.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept., 1 Jun-30 Nov 89

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lubell, Michael

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0352

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A4

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0216

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Atom Collisions, Electron-Molecule Collisions, Electron-Atom Collisions, Electron-Molecule Collisions, Electron-Ion Collisions, Collisions Involving Exotic Species, Ion-Atom Collisions, Ion-Molecule or Atom-Molecule Collisions. Atom-Atom Collisions, Ion-Ion Collisions, Collisions, Collisions, Ion-Ion Collisions, Collisions Involving Clusters, Collisions Involving Condensed Matter, Experimental Techniques, and Related Topics. Abstracts: Bremstrahlung of Electrons Scattered by Xenon Atoms; The Cs(p(t)) tH2 yields Cs H + H Reactive Collisions: Rotationally Resolved Cross Sections; Experimental and Theoretical Analysis of Collective Effects in Electron Impact Spectra; Resonance in Low Energy Electron. Molecule Collisions; Broadening and Shifts of Calcium Rydberg States. (JHD)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *BREMSSTRAHLUNG, *ELECTRON IMPACT
SPECTRA, *PARTICLE COLLISIONS, ATOMS, CROSS SECTIONS,
ELECTRON ENERGY, ELECTRONS, EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN ION ION
INTERACTIONS, IONS, LOW ENERGY, METHODOLOGY, MOLECULES,
PHOTONS, SYMPOSIA, THEORY, XENON.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Rydberg States, PE61102F, WUAFUSR2301A4.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/3 AD-A218 566 NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF STATISTICS

(U) Parameter Estimation in Linear Filtering,

Technical rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 ည် Kallianpur, G.; Selukar, R. S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TR-279 REPORT NO. F49620-85-C-0144 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Š TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0274

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

of the moments of the m.l.e. The method of proof can be extended to obtain similar results when multi-dimensional P) a partially observable random process (x sub 1, Y sub 1, t > or = 0; is given where only the second component (y sub 1) is observed. Furthermore assume that (x sub 1, Suppose on a probability space (omega, F, (alpha, beta). This inequality enables us to prove the strong consistency, asymptotic normality and covergence instead of one dimensional processes are considered and differential equations driven by independent Wiener processes (W sub 1 (t)) and (W 2 (sub 2)). We obtain a large deviation inequality for the maximum likelihood estimator (m.1.e.) of the unknown parameter theta = y sub 1) satisfy a certain system of stochastic theta is a k-dimensional vector. (KR) ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *ESTIMATES, *LINEAR FILTERING, *PARAMETERS, ASYMPTOTIC NORMALITY, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS MOMENTS, ONE DIMENSIONAL, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

12/3 AD-A218 565 NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF STATISTICS

Estimation of Hilbert Space Valued Parameters by the Method of Sieves.

Technical rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83

Kallianpur, G.; Selukar, R. S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TR-278 REPORT NO.

F49620-85-C-0144 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-90-0273 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

consists of finite dimensional, compact, convex sets. The inequality suggests a procedure of consistent estimation of Hilbert space valued parameters and naturally provides estimators and how they compare with the other estimators STRACT: (U) By extending the ideas of Ibragimov & Hasminski in the finite dimensional parameter estimation differential equation and the second problem is of the intensity estimation of a nonstationary Poisson process. proposed in the literature is given in both cases. (sdw) estimating a Hilbert space valued parameter is obtained. usefulness of this approach is demonstrated by applying estimation of the drift function in a linear stochastic the convergence rates of the resultant estimators. The A detailed discussion of the convergence rates of our a large deviation inequality for a sieve estimator This sieve estimator corresponds to a sieve which it to two examples; the first one deals with the

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ESTIMATES, *HILBERT SPACE, CONSISTENCY CONVERGENCE, DRIFT, FUNCTIONS, INTENSITY, LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, PARAMETERS, RATES, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), STOCHASTIC PROCESSES DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5 Ê IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 586

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EVJ20M

UNCLASSIFIED

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM

AD-A218 564 12/3

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF STATISTICS

MURIT CAROLINA UNIVA AI CHARLE MILE DEFI OF STATES

(U) Two Barriers Problem for Continuously Differentiable (U Processes.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Rychlik, Igor

CONTRACT NO. TR-277

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0272

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

BSTRACT: (U) Durbin has presented a compact formula for the first passage density of a Gaussian process, which is locally like Brownian motion, to a smooth barrier. In previous works, we have extended the formula to the case of processes which are smooth functions of a continuously differentiable Gaussian vector process and to more general kinds of first passage time problems, so called marked crossings. In the present paper we obtain similar results for the first passage density in presence of a second absorbing barrier and use it to construct upper and lower bounds for the first passage, rainflow cycle amplitude, zerocrossing wave-length and amplitude densities. Numerical axamples illustrate the results. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *BARRIERS, *PROBLEM SOLVING, *STATISTICAL PROCESSES, AMPLITUDE, BROWNIAN MOTION, DENSITY, FORMULATIONS, FUNCTIONS, TIME.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5.

AD-A218 553 21/2 20/4

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY

(U) Numerical Investigation of Turbulent Flame Sheets.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. Dec 88-Dec 89,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Pope, S. B.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0052

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0190

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

are being performed to study fundamental processes of turbulent combustion. In the flame-sheet regime of turbulent combustion. In the flame-sheet regime of turbulent premixed combustion an important process is the stretching and bending of the surface by the turbulence. These processes have been comprehensively studied for material surfaces, and a similar study for propagating surfaces is nearing completion. A new closure methodology recently proposed by Kraichnan holds much promise for turbulent reacting flows. An analytic solution to the model equations has been obtained; and it is found that the results are in remarkable agreement with those from our earlier direct numerical simulations. Keywords: Turbulent flames, Premixed flames, Turbulence simulations, Surfaces.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FLAMES, *SHEETS, *TURBULENCE, CLOSURES, COMBUSTION, EQUATIONS, MATERIALS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, METHODOLOGY, MIXING, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PROPAGATION, SIMULATION, SURFACES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2308A2, PE61102F.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 552

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE

Reactions of Laser-Generated Free Radicals at Semiconductor Surfaces. Ē

Final rept. 1 Oct 85-31 Dec 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Steinfeld, Jeffrey I.

F49620-86-C-0003 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

6 TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0189 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

metallic films from iron carbonyl. From these experiments, Reactions of laser-generated free radicals photoelectron spectroscopy of adsorbed surface layers and intersystem state coupling in excited SiH2, and formation of metallic films. Surface chemistry; Laser by :aser-induced fluorescence detection of the gas-phase species. Systems investigated include dissociative chemisorption of XeF2 and CF3 on Si (111), IR multiple-photon dissociation of alkylsilanes and characterization photochemistry; Fluorocarbon chemistry; Silicon hydrides reactivity of fluorocarbon radicals at silicon surfaces. at semiconductor surfaces have been investigated by of the SiH2 dissociation product and deposition of quantitative models have been developed for the ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *SEMICONDUCTORS, ADSORPTION CHEMICAL RADICALS, CHEMISTRY, COUPLING(INTERACTION), DEPOSITION, DETECTION, FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS, FREE RADICALS, HYDRIDES, IRON, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LASERS, LAYERS, METAL FILMS, MODELS, PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, PHOTOELECTRON SPECTRA, REACTIVITES, SILICON, SURFACE CHEMISTRY, SURFACES. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 552

21/2 AD-A218 551

PRINCETON UNIV

Laminar Flame Speeds of Methane-Air Mixtures under Reduced and Elevated Pressures. E

Journal paper 1985-1988 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Egolfopoulos, F. N.; Cho, P.; Law, C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-89-0293 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0188 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Combustion and Flame, v76 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p375-391 1989.

calculated values obtained by using various published kinetic schemes of either the C1 mechanism or the full C2 These flame speeds are then compared with the numerically useful for flame speed calculations and approximate flame structure studies. Keywords: Flames; Flame speeds; atm and over extensive lean-to-rich concentration ranges rich situations. Two reduced mechanisms are also deduced especially the importance of C2 reactions for moderately accurately determined over the pressure range of 0.25-3 STRACT: (U) Using the counterflow methodology, the laminar flame speeds of methane-air mixtures have been Methane air mixtures; Kinetic schemes. Reprints. (JHD) with the experimental data. However, available information cannot further differentiate the relative superiority between them for flame speed calculations, mechanism. Two such schemes show very close agreement through sensitivity analysis and are expected to be ABSTRACT:

*METHANE, AIR, COMPUTATIONS, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, FLAMES, HIGH PRESSURE, REACTION KINETICS, METHODOLOGY, MIXTURES, REPRINTS, VELOCITY, LOW PRESSURE. *FLAME PROPAGATION, *LAMINAR FLOW 3 DESCRIPTORS:

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 551 CONTINUED

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

7/3

AD-A218 550

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2308A2.

 U) Dehydrogenative Polymerization of Silanes to Polysilanes by Zirconocene and Hafnocene Catalysts. A New Polymerization Mechanism,

ø

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Woo, Hee-Gweon; Tilley, T. D.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0273

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. P2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0218

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) A possible mechanism has been identified for the dehydrogenative polymerization of silanes to polysilanes by zirconium and hafnium catalysts. This mechanism is based on sigma-bond metathesis processes. A new copper siloxide, the first for copper(II), is reported. This compound was designed as a molecular precursor to a copper silicate. Reprints. (JHD)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CATALYSTS, *POLYMERIZATION, *POLYSILANES, COPPER, HAFNIUM, MOLECULES, PRECURSORS, REPRINTS, SILANES, SILICATES, ZIRCONIUM.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Zirconocene, Hafnocene, Copper Siloxide, PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303P2.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A218 525

HOUSTON UNIV TX DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Nonstrictly Hyperbolic Conservation Laws.

Final rept. 15 May 86-14 Nov 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

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Keyfitz, Barbara L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0088 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

BB TASK NO.

TR-90-0233 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

conservation laws. The practical goal of this research is to discover which models are well-posed, and, hence, to and solving mathematical problems that arise in the study of systems of conservation laws that are not of the classical, strictly hyperbolic type. Potential applications for these results are found in models for three-phases flow in porous media, for compressible twophase flow, and for flow in elastic and elastoplastic materials (including continuum models for granular flow). Modelling of many different flow processes has led to assumptions breakdown in a way which leads to distrust of This project has centered on formulating enable applied scientists to discover which are correct descriptions of various observed instabilities. (JHD) systems of conservation laws in which the classical the models. Research in this and allied projects is directed at extending the mathematical theory of ABSTRACT:

COMPRESSIBLE FLOW, CONSERVATION, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, FLOW, HYPERBOLAS, MODELS, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, PROBLEM SOLVING, THEORY, TWO PHASE FLOW. *MULTIPHASE FLOW, *POROUS MATERIALS, DESCRIPTORS:

Conservation Laws, WUAFOSR2304A9, 3 IDENTIFIERS: PE61102F.

AD-A218 525

21/2 AD-A218 524

PRINCETON UNIV NJ DEPT OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

Soot Formation in Combustion Processes, 3

Glassman, Irvin PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-89-0034 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0183

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

measurements of critical sooting equivalence ratios and smoke heights at various temperatures and quantitatively confirmed by measurements of chemical species, soot number density and volume fraction. Fuel structure has a shock tubes. The important effect of temperature in each type of experiment is examined. The relative tendency of inception occurs around 1400 K and is dependint somewhat of H atom diffusion. Particle burnout ceases at about 1300 K and is responsible of the smoke height. Keywords: Sooting tendencies of fuels are analyzed with respect to the type of experimental configuration used -- pre-mixed flames, normal and inverse co-annular, significant effect on the sooting tendency of diffusion flames, but little influence in premixed flames. diffusion flames has been determined by the qualitative Wolfhard-Parker and counterflowing diffusion flames, or Soot formation; Reprints; Chemical mechanisms of soot; Fuel pyrolysis; Oxygen effect on soot formation. (KT) various fuels to soot when consumed in pre-mixed and Irrespective of the fuel in diffusion flames soot ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMICAL REACTIONS, +COMBUSTION
PRODUCTS, +COMBUSTION DEPOSITS, +SOOT, BURNOUT, CHEMICALS
COMBUSTION, CONFIGURATIONS, DENSITY, DIFFUSION, FLAMES.
FUELS, HEIGHT, MEASUREMENT, MIXING, OXYGEN, FARTICLES, PYROLYSIS, REPRINTS. SHOCK TUBES, SMOKE DESCRIPTORS: (U)

WUAF0SR2308A2, PE61102F IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF MATHEMATICS AD-A218 523

Estimation of Nonlinearities in Parabolic Models for Growth, Predation and Dispersal of Populations, Ξ

AUG 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Banks, H. T.; Murphy, K. A.

AF0SR-86-0258 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

¥

TASK NO.

AFOSR HONITOR:

TR-90-0245

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Mathematical Analysis and Applications, v141 n2 p580-602, 1 Aug 89 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

approximation techniques to treat inverse problems involving systems of nonlinear parabolic partial differential equations. These techniques can be used to estimate density-dependent dispersal coefficients in population models, as well as nonlinear growth and predation terms. Numerical experiences with the resulting predator experiments. Keywords: Computerized simulation; algorithms on both conventional (scalar) and vector computers are reported along with an indication of performance of the methods with field data from pre-Models; Reprints. (KT)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *POPULATION(MATHEMATICS), *MATHEMATICAL MODELS, *NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, *NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, ALGORITHMS, COEFFICIENTS, COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, COMPUTERS, CONVERGENCE, DENSITY, DISPERSING, ESTIMATES, GROWTH(GENERAL), INVERSION, PARABOLAS, POPULATION, REPRINTS, THEORY, VECTOR ANALYSIS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A1. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A218 523

AD-A218 522

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

High Temperature Absorption Coefficients of 02, NH and H20 for Broadband ArF Excimer Laser Kadiation. 3

Journal article, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Davidson, D. F.; Chang, A. Y.; Kohse-Hoinghaus, K.; Hanson, R. K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

TR-90-0252 **AFOSR** MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

PPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Quantitative Spectroscopy and Radiative Transfer, v42 n4 p267-278 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

coefficients for broadband excimer radiation at 193 millimeter are presented at temperatures up to 3500 Kelvin for Oxygen gas, Ammonia, and Water. These values were determined in high-purity shock tube, either by measuring excimer pulse fractional absorptions or by measuring photolysis-product yields. Correlations between absorption coefficients, a prediction can be made of the amount of Oxygen, Amino group, Hydroxyl radical, and H produced in shock-tube excimer-photolysis experiments. This direct production of radicals is attractive for absorption coefficients and vibrational populations of Keywords: Absorption; High temperature; Excimer laser; Oxygen; Ammonia; Water vapor; Reprints; Inorganic reaction-kinetics studies in high-temperature gases Experimentally-determined absorption the absorbing species are discussed. Using these chemistry. (JG) ABSTRACT: (U)

TEMPERATURE, *LASER BEAMS, ABSORPTION, ABSORPTION COEFFICIENTS, AMINES, AMMONIA, EXCIMERS, GASES, HYDROXYL RADICALS, INDRGANIC CHEMISTRY, LASERS, OXYGEN, RADILITON *BROADBAND, *CHEMICAL RADICALS, *HIGH 3 DESCRIPTORS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A218 522

SHOCK TUBES, VIBRATION, WATER, WATER VAPOR. REPRINTS,

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A3. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

21/2 AD-A218 521

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

An Investigation of the Structure of a Laminar Non-Premixed Flame in an Unsteady Vortical Flow. Ξ

Rept. for 1 Sep 84-30 Jun 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

S.; Cantwell, B. J.; T. :RSONAL AUTHORS: Lewis, G. Vandsburger, U.; Bowman, C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0373 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-90-0180 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Symposium (International) on Combustion/The Combustion Institute (22), p5:5-522 1988. Original contains color plates: All DTIC and NTIS reproductions will be in black and white. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

directly examined the structure of a flame imbedded in an unsteady vortical flow. In the present work, this problem is investigated using a laminar co-flowing jet flame in which a periodic vortical motion is induced by acoustic excitation of the fuel stream. A variety of optical instantaneous flame structure. Particle tracking is used to obtain the instantaneous two-dimensional velocity field. These measurements are combined to follow the evolution of the flame in the unsteady velocity field over one cycle of the excitation. Keywords: Combustion, Reacting flows, Turbulent mixing, Diagnostics, Particle tracking, Flow topology. (EMK) ISTRACT: (U) Although organized vortical metions have been observed in a variety of turbulent flames, there have been only a few experimental studies which have planar imaging techniques are employed to define the ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMBUSTION, ACOUSTIC WAVES, CYCLES, EVOLUTION(GENERAL), EXCITATION, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, FLAMES, FLOW, FUELS, IMAGES, METHODOLOGY, MIXING, MOTION, OPTICS,

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A218 521 PARTICLES, PLANAR STRUCTURES, STREAMS, TOPOLOGY, TRACKING, TURBULENCE, TURBULENT FLOW, TWO DIMENSIONAL, UNSTEADY FLOW, VELOCITY, VORTICES.

PE61102F, WUAFUSR2308A2 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

7/4 AD-A218 520 NEW YORK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY COLUMBIA UNIV Femtosecond Studies of Electron Photodetachment of Simple Ions in Liquid Water: Solvation and Geminate Recombination Dynamics, 3

8 0C1 Long, Frederick H.; Lu, Hong; Eisenthal PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Kenneth B.

AF0SR-88-0014 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO.

AFOSR MONI FOR

TR-90-0238

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

aqueous media and the subsequent recombination dynamics of the neutral atom with the electron have been measured. Relevant to this are several recent experimental studies of electrons in neat liquids using femtosecond lasers. Keywords: Photoionization; Recombination reactions; OH(-) and Cl(-) have fascinated many scientists. In this Aqueous solutions of simple fons such as resolve studies of electron photodetachment in aqueous solution. The solvation of the ejected electron in the communication we present the first femtosecond time- $\widehat{\Xi}$ Reprints.

**SCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMICAL DISSOCIATION, *ELECTRONS, *PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, ATOMS, DYNAMICS, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, IONS, LASERS, LIQUIDS, MEDIA, NEUTRAL, PHOTOIONIZATION, RECOMBINATION REACTIONS, REPRINTS, SOLUTIONS(MIXTURES), SOLVATION, WATER. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR230382, *Aqueous Ē IDENTIFIERS: solutions

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 519

CONTINUED AD-A218 519 Texture gradients; Reprints. (JHD)

DESCRIPTORS:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *RECOGNITION, *IMAGE PROCESSING, *TEXTURE, ASPECT RATIO, CLOUDS, DETECTION, ESTIMATES, EXTRACTION, GRADIENTS, MEASUREMENT, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION)

PLANAR STRUCTURES, REGIONS, REPRINTS.

Scene Analysis

3

IDENTIFIERS:

ILLINOIS UNIV AT URBANA COORDINATED SCIENCE LAB

(U) Shape from Texture: Integrating Texture-Element Extraction and Surface Estimation,

Blostein, Dorothea; Ahuja, Narendra PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0009 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A7 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-90-0255

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, v11 n12 p1233-1251 Dec SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

with the recognition of scene layout. We present a method Shape from texture; Surface orientation; Texture elements necessary to integrate the extraction of texture elements Delta 2 G (Laplacian-of-Gaussian) scale-space, is used to texture elements by finding the planar surface that best texture elements, especially in images where the texture elements are partially occluded or are themselves changes in texture element properties can be analyzed to dirt clods. Keywords: Integration; Multiscale structure; A perspective view of a slanted textured scene. However, in practice it is difficult to identify textured at a finer scale. To solve this problem, it is texture elements are selected from the set of candidate surface shows systematic changes in the density, area, and aspect-ratio of texture elements. These apparent recovering the orientation of textured surfaces. A multiscale region detector, based on measurements in a textures, including waves, flowers, rocks, clouds, and for identifying texture elements while simultaneously Natural textures; Perspective view; Region detection; predicts the observed areas of the candidate texture information about the physical layout of the Results are shown for a variety of natural construct a set of candidate texture elements. True ABSTRACT: (U) elements. recover

AD-A218 519

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 518 21/2 20/4

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AD-A218 518 CONTINUED

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2, Spectral

Element Method, Damkohler Number.

IDENT IFIERS:

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALD AMHERST

 (U) Direct Numerical Simulations of a Two-Dimensional Reacting, Spatially Developing Mixing Layer by a Spectral-Element Method,

88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: GIVI, P.; Jou, W.-H.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-85-C-0067

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR TB-80-02

TR-90-0271

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Symposium (International) on Combustion/The Combustion Institute (22), p635-643 1988.

ABSTRACT: (U) The spectral-element method, a numerical scheme that combines the accuracy of spectral methods with the versatility of finite element techniques, has been employed to study the mechanisms of mixing and chemical reactions in a diffusion flame stabilized on a two-dimensional planar mixing layer. The results of simulations of the harmonically forced, spatially developing flow are statistically analyzed to examine the compositional structure of the flame near quenching. The results indicate that as the flame approaches extinction, the mean and the rms values of the reactant concentrations decrease while those of the product concentration and temperature increase. This behavior is enhanced by increasing the hydrodynamic characteristic time (reducing the local Damkohler number) and is consistent with that observed experimentally. Keywords: Direct numerical simulations; Spectral element method; Turbulent reacting mixing layer; Reprint. (JHD)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMICAL REACTIONS, *TURBULENT DIFFUSION, *FLAMES, ACCURACY, EXTINCTION, FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS, FLOW, LAYERS, MIXING, PLANAR STRUCTURES, REPRINTS, DIGITAL SIMULATION, SPECTRUM ANALYSIS, STABILIZATION.

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UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 68 EVJ2OM

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/1 20/4 AD-A218 517 SIBLEY SCHOOL OF MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

HIGH RESOLUTION, ISOTROPISM, DIGITAL SIMULATION, MOMENTS. TIME SERIES ANALYSIS.

CONTINUED

AD-A218 517

Kolmogorov Functions, PE61102F

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WUAF0SR2308A2. IDENTIFIERS:

Lagrangian Statistics from Direct Numerical ITHACA NY Ξ

Simulations of Isotropic Turbulence.

œ. Yeung, P. K.; Pope, S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0083 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0187 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Fluid Mechanics, v207 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p531-586 1989.

flow field, and hence time series of Lagrangian velocity and velocity gradients are obtained. The results reported Lagrangian statistics of velocity, acceleration. dissipation and related quantities in isotropic turbulence. High-resolution direct numerical simulations are performed on 64-cubed and 128-cubed grids, resulting in Taylor-scale Reynolds numbers B sub lambda in the field are forced so that the turbulence is statistically stationary. Using an accurate numerical scheme, of order 4000 fluid particles are tracked through the computed spectra: probability density functions (p.d.f.'s) and moments of Lagrangian velocity increments: and p.d.f.'s, include: velocity and acceleration autocorrelations and range 38-93. THe low-wavenumber modes of the velocity Lagrangian; Probability density functions; Kolmogoro correlation functions and spectra of dissipation and other velocity-gradient invariants. Keywords: Direct A comprehensive study is reported of numerical simulation; Fluid mechanics; Turbulence; $\widehat{\Xi}$ ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *FLUID MECHANICS, *LAGRANGIAN FUNCTIONS, *PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTIONS, *TURBULENCE, ACCURACY, AUTOCORRELATION, CORRELATION, FLOW FIELDS, GRADIENTS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 517

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A218 516

11/2 AD-A218 516 NEW YORK DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING CITY COLL Microcracking and Toughness of Ceramic-Fiber/Ceramic-Matrix Composites under High Temperature Ê

SCRIPTORS: (U) *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *FIBERS, *MICROCRACKING, ELECTRON MICROSCOPES, FRACTURE(MECHANICS).

DESCRIPTORS:

HIGH TEMPERATURE, INTERACTIONS, MATRIX MATERIALS, MODELS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, RINGS, SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPES, SILICON CARBIDES, TOUGHNESS.

WUAF0SR2302B2, PE61102F

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Final rept. 1 Aug 87-30 Sep 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Delale, F.; Liaw, B. M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

CUNY-RF-447239 REPORT NO. AF0SR-87-0288 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK ND.

Tr-90-0203 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

elevated temperature are studied analytically and experimentally. First the fiber distribution patterns in STRACT: (U) This report contains the results of the research project entitled: 'Microcracking and Toughness of Ceramic-Fiber/Ceramic-Matrix Composites Under High 'emperature.' Microcracking mechanisms and toughness of Nicaton (Silicon carbide)/Silicon carbide composite at the ceramic composite are determined by observing the

specimens under optical and scanning electron microscopes. Thus the effect of fibers and fiber interactions on the microcrack propagation are investigated analytically through the single-fiber, the two-fiber, and the ring models. Monolithic SiC specimens are tested under varying emperature to determine the effect of temperature on the SIC composite the 'apparent fracture toughness' decreases introducing the concept of 'apparent fracture toughness.' with local volume fraction of fibers Volume fraction and temperature, Keyvords; Composites; Ceramic; Fracture; Migh temperature; Microcracking; Materials; Fibers, (JG) The experimental results indicate that for the Nicalon/ the matrix is expressed by composite specimens are then tested at various temperatures. The combined effect of temperature and fibers on the toughness of the matrix is expressed by toughness of the matrix material. The Nicalon/Sig

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ND-A218 B16

UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 20/4 AD-A218 515

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NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTIONS, TURBULENCE, VALIDATION.

CONTINUED

PE61102F, WUAFUSR2308A2.

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3

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALD AMHERST

IDENTIFIERS: Direct Numerical Simulations of Mixing and Reaction in a Nonpremixed Homogeneous Turbulent ${\sf Flow}$,

PERSONAL AUTHORS: McMurtry, Patrick A.; Givi, Peyman

F49620-85-C-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308

PROJECT NO.

A2 MONITOR: TASK NO.

TR-90-0270 AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Combustion and Flame, v77 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p171-185 1989.

(C/D) turbulence models that have been used previously to hypothesis is not appropriate for the predictions of such model the effects of turbulent mixing in such flows. The applicability of Toor's hypothesis and also to determine flow under the influence of the reaction of the type A + performed to study the mechanisms of mixing and chemical probability density function (PDF) of a conserved Shvabthe range of validity of various coalescence-dispersion Zeldovich scalar quantity, characterizing the mixing process, evolves from an initial double-delta distribution to an asymptotic shape that can be approximated by Gaussian distribution. During this evolution, the PDF cannot be characterized by its first two moments: therefore, the application of Toor's reaction in a three dimensional, homogeneous turbulent Direct(numerical simulations have been flows. Molecular mixing; Coalescence-dispersion (C/D) models; Homogeneous turbulence; Direct numerical results of numerical simulations indicate that the B products. The results are used to examine the simulation. (jes) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *TURBULENT FLOW, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, HOMOGENEITY, HYPOTHESES, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MIXING, MODELS, MOLECULES, MOMENTS, NORMAL DISTRIBUTION,

AD-A218 515

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 476

GREENBELT MD TECHNO-SCIENCES INC (U) Nonlinear Dynamics and Control of Flexible Structures.

Annual rept. Sep 88-Aug 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 89

RSONAL AUTHORS: Bennett, W. H.; Kwatny, H. G.; Blakenship, G. L.; Akhrif, O. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TSI-89-1212-WB

REPORT NO.

F49620-87-C-0103 CONTRACT NO.

D8 12

PROJECT NO.

궃 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFDSR TR-90-0200

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the dynamic response. Attempts to reduce flexure response be inadequate due to stringent pointing requirements. The The innovative approach to LOS slewing/pointing developed contribution of the study is the reconciliation of design (by feedback control) of the principal nonlinear dynamics such weapon platforms by passive techniques alone may Dominant nonlinear couplings effecting LOS response have been identified based on a comprehensive model of the requirements for integrated control of rapid retargeting principal objective of the research program is the validation and testing of high precision, nonlinear control of multibody systems with significant structural practical conditions for its implementation. A principal interactions excite nonlinear couplings which complicate Basic performance requirements for spacenonlinear multibody dynamics of a generic space weapon. and structural flexure response. In this study we have focused on the implementation of partial feedback in this study is based on implementation of decoupling flexure where interactions arise due to rapid slewing. ind precision pointing of space structures. Multibody based directed energy weapons involve unprecedented linearization and decoupling and have identified

CONTINUED AD-A218 476

a generic model of a space-based laser beam expander. (kt) implementation of rapid slewing and precision pointing of system effective LOS. The report includes extensive simulation and tradeoff studies of nonlinear control partial feedback linearization for rapid slewing of

STRUCTURES, FLEXURAL PROPERTIES, INTEGRATED SYSTEMS.
INTERACTIONS, LINE OF SIGHT, LINEARITY, MODELS, NONLINEAR
SYSTEMS, PASSIVE SYSTEMS, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING),
PRECISION, REQUIREMENTS, RESPONSE, SIMULATION, SLEWING,
SLIDING, SPACE BASED, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, STRUCTURAL
RESPONSE, TRADE OFF ANALYSIS, VALIDATION, WEAPONS. *DYNAMIC RESPONSE, *SPACE WEAPONS, *TARGETING, BODIES, CONTROL, COUPLINGS, DYNAMICS, FEEDBACK, FLEXIBLE *AIMING, *DIRECTED ENERGY WEAPONS Ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSRD812K1, PE61102F, *Flexible 3 IDENTIFIERS: Structures

AD-A218 476

of discontinuous control via sliding mode control with

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UNCLASSIFIED

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EVJ20M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

AD-A218 474

12/5 AD-A218 474 JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV LAUREL MD APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

(U) Evaluation Methodology for Software Engineering

Design Analysis, Software Development, Computer Program Development, Computer Program Design.

WUAFOSR2304A2, PE61102F, *Software

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC

Blum, Bruce I. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0080 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0215 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

measure the impact of changes to the software process. In of benefit improvements when different process models are the evaluation of paradigms that alter the process within particular, there is a special interest in the evaluation could be modeled. Because the research goal is to provide a means to appraise alternative development paradigms, most of the effort was spent on the study of an essential help analysts select the most appropriate evaluation techniques for a given class of task. The second class of used. The research has pursued two types of activity. First, evaluation methods used in other disciplines have been reviewed for their utility in software engineering. software process model (i.e., a meta-process model) and with a suggested range of strengths for software engineers. The availability of this unified view would intended to investigate the most effective methods for software engineering evaluation. The objective of this work is to identify and evaluate the methods used to The long-term goal is to produce a taxonomy of methods activity employed small studies in which evaluation methods could be tested and/or quantifiable concepts This is the final report on research ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, *COMPUTER PROGRAMS, *COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN, ENGINEERS, MODELS, STRENGTH(GENERAL), TAXONOMY, TEST AND EVALUATION.

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF STATISTICS 12/3 AD-A218 473

Bayesian Nonparametric Prediction and Statistical 3

Inference.

Final rept. 1 Apr 87-31 Mar 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SEP

Hill, Bruce M PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0192 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR: TASK NO.

A5

TR-90-0211 AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

usual sharp distinction between prediction and parametric prediction and statistical inference is formulated and discussed. A solution is proposed based upon A sub n and H sub n as in Hill (1968). The meaning of parameters in the subjective Bayesian theory of Bruno de Finetti is discussed in connection both with A sub n and with inference is largely illusory. The finite version of de Finetti's theorem is emphasized for the practice of statistics, with the infinite case used only to obtain conventional parametric models. It is argued that the The problem of Bayesian nonparametric approximations and insight. (kr) €

SCRIPTORS: (U) *NONPARAMETRIC STATISTICS, *STATISTICAL INFERENCE, BAYES THEOREM, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS, MATHEMATICAL PREDICTION, STATISTICS, THEORY. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2304A5, PEB1102F € IDENTIFIERS:

21/2 21/1 AD-A218 469 CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING STANFORD UNIV (U) Topology of Three-Dimensional, Variable Density Flows,

Cantwel, Brian; Lewis; Gregory; Chen, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Jacquel ine

AFDSR-84-0373 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0181 AFO'R MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) This paper is concerned with the interpretation of unsteady, variable - density flow fields. The topology of the flow is determined by finding tensor including the vorticity and pressure gradient fields. This approach provides a framework for describing studied by following the paths of the critical points in the three-dimensional space of invariants of the local deformations tensor. The methodology can be applied to solution trajectories. The time evolution of the flow is summarizing that geometry in the space of invariants of the local gradient tensor may be a useful way of gaining Reacting flows, Turbulent mixing, Diagnostics, Particle tracking, Flow topology. (KR) critical points and identifying the character of local compressible wake are discussed. Keywords: Combustion insight into time - dependent processes described by large computational data bases. Applications to the any smooth vector field and its associated gradient descriptions of a flickering diffusion flame and a the geometry of complex flow patterns. Concisely

SCRIPTORS: (U) *FLOW FIELDS, *UNSTEADY FLOW, +THREE DIMENSIONAL FLOW, *TOPOLOGY, COMBUSTION, COMPRESSIBLE FLOW, COMPUTATIONS, DATA BASES, DEFORMATION, DENSITY, DIFFUSION, EVOLUTION(GENERAL), FLAMES, FLOW, GRADIENTS, MIXING, PARTICLES, PATTERNS, PRESSURE GRADIENTS, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), TENSORS, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TIME. TRACKING, TRAJECTORIES, TURBULENT FLOW, VARIABLES, VECTOR DESCRIPTORS:

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EVJ20M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A218 469

AD-A218 467

ANALYSIS, VORTICES, WAKE.

HOUSTON TX BAYLOR COLL OF MEDICINE

> WUAF0SR2308A2, PEB1102F. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Long-Term Potentiation of Hippocampal Mossy Fiber Synapses is Blocked by Postsynaptic Injection of Calcium Chelators. 3

83

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Williams, Stephen; Johnston, Daniel

AF0SR-88-0142 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR TR-90-0057 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Neuron, v3 p583-588 Nov 89 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

by iontophoretic injection of either BAPTA or QUIN-2 into QUIN-2 potentiation. Hippocampus, LTP, Mossy fiber synapses, Calcium, CA3, Reprints, Neurochemistry, Chelate compounds hyperpolarization was used as an indicator of buffering. Long term potentiation was elicited in control and in amino-phosphonovalerate-treated cells (6/6 and 4/5 cell, treated cells was not significantly different, but both mossy fiber synapse. Intracellular calcium was buffered CA3 pyramidal neurons. The slow calcium-dependent after respectively). In contrast, long-term potentiation was observed in only 2/9 BAPTA-loaded cells and in 1/4 QUIN loaded cells. The magnitude of LTP for control and APV-The role of intracellular calcium in an potentiation (LTP) has been studied at the hippocampal amino-phosphonovalerate-insensitive form of long-term suggest that an increase in postsynaptic calcium is required for the induction of mossy fiber Long-term potentiation than BAPTA-loaded cells. These results groups showed significantly greater long-term Ê ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CALCIUM, *CHELATE COMPOUNDS, *HIPPOCAMPUS, *NEUROCHEMISTRY, CELLS(BIOLOGY), REPRINTS.

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONT INUED

DESCRIPTORS: AD-A218 454

AD-A218 454

RICE UNIV HOUSTON TEX DEPT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

The Effects of Caustics in Acoustic Inverse Scattering **Experiments**.

**INVERSE SCATTERING, *ACOUSTIC SCATTERING, *CAUSTICS, *INVERSE SCATTERING, ACOUSTIC VELOCITY, ACOUSTICS, HETEROGENEITY, INTEGRALS, INVERSION, LINEARITY, OPERATORS(PERSONNEL), OSCILLATION, PERTURBATIONS, RAY TRACING, SIGNALS, VALIDATION, VELOCITY, WAVEFRONTS.

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2304A4.

(DENTIFIERS: (U)

Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Symes, W. W.; Percell, Cheryl B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TR89-3 REPORT NO. AF0SR-89-0056 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0263 HONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Most inversion techniques described in the acoustic inverse problem with constant reference velocity is analyzed in order to quantify the effects of a caustic in a probing wavefront on the scattered signal. When the the other hand, a sequence of localized high frequency sound velocity perturbations is constructed such that the size of the scattered signal relative to the size of the representation of the scattered field, which has the same inhomogeneity becomes arbitrarily large as the support of the perturbation approaches the caustic. In regions where there are no caustics, a general inverse operator is found for smoothly varying reference velocities. This operator is shown to be equivalent to an inverse operator constructed by Beylkin. (kr) form, whether or not an incident caustic is present. On breaks down in the presence of caustics. The linearized located on the caustic. This spreading of energy allows the construction of an oscillatory integral literature rely on the validity of ray tracing, which unidirectional, high frequency inhomogeneity, the surprising result obtained is that the energy in the scattered field is spread out if the perturbation is sound velocity is perturbed by a localized, 3 ABSTRACT:

AD-A218 454

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UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 453

HOUSTON TEX DEPT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES RICE UNIV

Research in Constrained Optimization

Final technical rept. 15 May 88-14 May DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Dennis, John E., Jr.; Tapia, R. A.

AF0SR-85-0243 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

A8

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0261

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

region approach to equality constrained optimization. (eg) extensive. This work involves the development and analysis of novel practical approaches to the classical problem of minimizing a real-valued nonlinear function of several, perhaps many, real variables subject to nonlinear equality constraints on the variables and the problem of finding a zero of a system of nonlinear supported at Rice by this grant has been significant and The research in constrained optimization development of the successful Celis-Dennis-Tapia trustequations. Included in this research is the continued ABSTRACT:

NONLINEAR ALGEBRAIC SCRIPTORS: (U) *OPTIMIZATION, NONLINEAR ALGEBI EQUATIONS, REAL VARIABLES, MILITARY PUBLICATIONS, PERIODICALS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2304A8 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

7/5 6/7 AD-A218 452 EVANSTON IL DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE NORTHWESTERN UNIV AND ENGINEERING

(U) Center for Surface Radiation Damage Studies.

Final rept. 1 Oct 86-30 Sep 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 OCT Marks, Laurence D. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0344 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0221 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Identifying the surface damage process, we from the provided the first indications that diffusion was the rate limiting step. In NiO there is no DIET, but knockon studied two systems in some depth, Ti02 and Ni0. In Ti02 there is a phase transition to IiO which spreads from surface and is driven by oxygen desorption. This work stimulated reaction one of which abstracts nickel and damage at higher voltages and two electron beam another reduction by carbon contaminants. (eq) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *DAMAGE ASSESSMENT, *RADIATION DAMAGE, ABSTRACTS, CARBON, CONTAMINANTS, DAMAGE, DESORPTION, DIET, NICKEL, OXYGEN, PHASE TRANSFORMATIONS, REDUCTION, SURFACES, VOLTAGE, MILITARY PUBLICATIONS, SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE, PERIODICALS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61103D, WUAFOSR3484A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

EV-J20M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

15/5

14/2

AD-A218 450

SOUTHERN ILLINGIS UNIV AT CARBONDALE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

11/6.1

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AD-A218 451

UNIVERSITY PARK PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV (U) Two-Dimensional Velocimetry Instrumentation. (U) Material Instabilities in Solids DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: 8 Final rept. 1 Jun 88-31 Oct 89,

Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89,

Santavicca, Domenic A.

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0137

CONTRACT NO.

3842

PROJECT NO.

4

TASK NO.

Spector, Scott J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0200 CONTRACT NO.

2304

PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0232 MONITOR:

TR-90-0202 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

This a brief report on the acquisition and make two-dimensional velocimetry measurements in a study of premixed turbulent flames. Two-dimensional velocimetry implementation of instrumentation which will be used to ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *INSTRUMENTATION, *TWO DIMENSIONAL, *VELOCIMETERS, ACQUISITION, FLAMES, MEASUREMENT, MIXING, REPORTS, TURBULENCE. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1104D, WUAFUSR3842A1. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

explain material failures in certain polymers and ductile metals. In particular, useful results were obtained concerning the static instability and surface cracking of a single hole and the formation of crazes in glassy The principal investigator considered a numbered of mathematical problems that may help to polymers. (eg) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *DUCTILITY, *METALS, *POLYMERS, *FRACTURE(MECHANICS), CRACKS, CRAZING, GLASS, MATHEMATICS, STATIC STABILITY, SURFACES. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2304A9 3 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIF IDGRAPHY

AD-A218 449

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Preparation and Characterization of the Monomeric Copper(II) Siloxide Complex Cu(OSi(OCMe3)3)2(py)2, 3

McMullen, Anne K.; Tilley, T. D.; Rheingold, Arnold L.; Geib, Steven J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0273 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

20 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0219

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Inorganic Chemistry, v28 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p3772-3774 1989. ABSTRACT: (U) Trialkoxysiloxy ligands, -OSi(OR)3 have not been extensively employed in transition-metal chemistry. Our interest in these ligands stems from their potential to form new types of siloxy complexes with interesting chemical properties. For example, M-OSi(OR)3 complexes may exhibit properties that resemble catalytic metal species supported on a silica surface. Also, such compounds may serve the convenient molecular precursors to oxide and silicate malkings via hydrolysis or their molysis. To our knowledge, the only transition-metal trialkoxysiloxy complexes that have been reported are the titanium derivatives (RO)3TiOSi(OR)3(R=(n)Pr(4), (i)Bu(5), ((+)BuO)3TiO(i)Pr)(3) and (+)BuO)3SiO2TiX2, (X = (n);Pr(4) , acac)3, and the airconium complexes Zr(OSi(O(+)Bu)3)4(6) and (+)Bu0)3510,2ZrX2(X = 0(1)Pr)(3) acac)(8). ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *LIGANDS, *METAL COMPLEXES, *SILOXANES, *COPPER COMPOUNDS, CATALYSIS, CHEMICAL PROPERTIES, CHEMISTRY, HYDROLYSIS, MATERIALS, MOLECULES, OXIDES, PRECURSORS, SILICATES, SILICON DIOXIDE, SURFACES, TRANSITION METALS, ALKOXY RADICALS, PYROLYSIS, MONOMERS.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR230382, Copper Siloxide Compounds. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

20/4 AD-A218 448

20/13

INDIANA UNIV AT BLOOMINGTON DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

A Limiting Viscosity Approach for the Riemann Problem in Isentropic Gas Dynamics, Ξ

Slemrod, Marshall; Tzavaras, Athanasios PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-87-0191, DAALO3-88-K-0185 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR, ARO TR-90-0193, 26218.1-MA MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in Indiana University JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Indiana L Mathematics Jnl., v38 n4 Winter 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

limits of solutions of a 'viscosity' regularized problem that is rigged so as to preserve the invariance of the coordinates. We construct solutions of this problem as We consider the Riemann problem for the construct solutions of the Riemann problem in case the original problem under dilatations of the independent variables. The solutions thus constructed may contain vacuum regions. Using the same approach, we also equations of isentropic gas dynamics in Eulerian data contain a vacuum state. (eg) 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) *GAS DYNAMICS, *ISENTROPE, *LIMITATIONS *VISCOSITY, EQUATIONS, INVARIANCE, REGIONS, VACUUM. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A218 448

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UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ2OM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 447

KANSAS STATE UNIV MANHATTAN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Temperature Dependence of the Electronic-to Vibrational Quenching Rate Constants of NF(b(1)Sigma(+) ŝ

8

3 Bao, X. Y.; Setser, D. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0279 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

= TASK NO. AFDSR TR-90-0194 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v93 n25 p8162-8170 1989 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

has been measured in a flow reactor over the 530-200 K range. The rate constants for Oxygen, Hydrogen, Deuterium, Hydrogen Chloride Carbon dioxide and Carbon monoxide were fitted to an Arrhenius dependence on temperature, but the quenching rate constant of NF(b) by 18 different reagents are discussed in terms of the expected exit channels for rate constants for the other molecules generally have a deuterium isotope effect for several puirs of molecules quenching by electronic-to-vibrational energy transfer. weaker dependence on temperature. The temperature dependence of the rate constant and the hydrogen-The temperature dependence of the Reprints. ABSTRACT:

*QUENCHING, *REACTION KINETICS, *ENERGY TRANSFER, *THERMOCHEMISTRY, *NITROGEN COMPOUNDS, *FLUORIDES, CARBON DIOXIDE, CARBON MONOXIDE, CHANNELS, CONSTANTS, DEUTERIUM, EXITS, HYDROGEN, HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ISOTOPE EFFECT, MOLECULES, OXYGEN, RATES, REPRINTS, THERMAL PROPERTIES, ELECTRONIC STATES, MOLECULAR 3 DESCRIPTORS: VIBRATION

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2303B1. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 447

AD-A218 446

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

Estimation of Discontinuous Coefficients and Boundary Parameters for Hyperbolic Systems, Ê

MAR 88

Lamm, Patricia K.; Murphy, Katherine A. PERSUNAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0256, \$NSF-DMS82-00883 CONT' ACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR

TR-90-0244

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Mathematics, v46 n1 p1-22 Mar 88. Sponsored in part by grants NSF-DMS86-01968, NSF-DMS82-05355, NSF-DMS85-04316 and contracts AFOSR-84-0398, NAS1-16394 and NAS1-17130. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

findings and representative numerical examples. We describe the numerical algorithm and conclude with some systems typical of those arising in 1-D surface seismic conditions for the system. A spline-based approximation discontinuities, that occur in second-order hyperbolic theory is presented, together with related convergence identifying unknown parameters that appear in boundary We consider the problem of estimating discontinuous coefficients, including locations of problems. In addition, we treat the problem of preliminary computational examples. (EG) ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, ALGORITHMS, BOUNDARIES, COEFFICIENTS, CONVERGENCE, DISCONTINUITIES, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, PARAMETERS, POSITION(LOCATION), SPECIAL FUNCTIONS (MATHEMATICAL) DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A1 3 DENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/8 5/8 AD-A218 445

1/4 AD-A218 442

21/2

MORTHERN ARIZONA UNIV FLAGSTAFF

STANFORD UNIV 3 Human Cognitive and Motor Performance Measures under Typical Cool White Fluorescent Illumination vs Relatively High Cool White Illuminance/Irradiance Lighting.

Final technical rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Dec DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

ş

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0164 CONTRACT NO.

Hannon, Patrick R.

3842 PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO.

TR-90-0280 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

range of testing time epochs. Specifically, subjects were tested from 0800 to 1200 hours, 1400 to 1800 hours and 2000 to 0000 hours in a counter-balanced repeated measures design. Keywords: Test and evaluation, Test human motor and cognitive performances under baseline illumination conditions (400 lux). Six subjects were tested individually in order to partial out peer social interaction effects. The testing took place over a wide This study was undertaken to investigate possible practice effects and diurnal fluctuations in

SCRIPTORS: (U) *HUMANS, *ILLUMINATION, *COGNITION, *PERFORMANCE(HUMAN), BASE LINES, DIURNAL VARIATIONS, MOTORS, RANGE(EXTREMES), TEST EQUIPMENT, VARIATIONS, MOTOR REACTIONS

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR3842A4 IDENTIFIERS:

Reaction Kinetics of NH in the Shock Tube Pyrolysis of HNCO (Isocyanic Acid),

DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

5

SEP 89

ERSONAL AUTHORS: Mertens, John D.; Chang, Albert Y.; Hanson, Ronald K.; Bowman, Craig T. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO

TR-90-0251 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in International Jnl. of SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Chemical Kinetics, v21 p1049-1067 1989.

STRACT: (U) The high temperature kinetics of NH in the pyrolysis of isocyanic acid (HNCO) have been studied in reflected shock wave experiments. Time histories of the present study is aimed at measuring the rate coefficients of several reactions important in the pyrolysis of HNCO. NH radical were measured using a cw, narrow-linewidth laser absorption diagnostic at 336 nm. The second-order rate coefficients of the reactions. Isocyanic acid (HNCO) has been used in pyrolysis and photolysis experiments as investigators. In addition, HNCO decomposition reactions interest in combustion processes such as fuel-N conversion in flames and the RAPRENDx process. The and subsequent reactions of the NH radical are of a source of both the NH and NCO radicals by many Keywords: Combustion. (EG)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *HIGH TEMPERATURE, *ISOCYANIC ACID, *KINETICS, COEFFICIENTS, COMBUSTION, DECOMPOSITION, FLAMES, HISTORY, PHOTOLYSIS, PYROLYSIS, RATES, REACTION KINETICS, REFLECTION, SHOCK TESTS, SHOCK TUBES, SHOCK DESCRIPTORS: WAVES, TIME

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308A3 DENTIFIERS:

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

LIMITATIONS, METHANE, MIXTURES, PYROLYSIS, REFLECTION, REPRINTS, REVERSIBLE, SHOCK, SHOCK TESTS, SHOCK TUBES, TEMPERATURE, TRANSITIONS, ABSORPTION SPECTRA,

CONTINUED

AD-A218 441

(U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2308A3, Laser

Absorption Diagnostics.

IDENTIFIERS:

SPECTROSCOPY.

AD-A218 441 7/4 7/3

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Development of a Laser Absorption Diagnostic for Shock Tube Studies of CH,

Ø

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Dean, Anthony J.; Hanson, Ronald K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0067

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-80-0250

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Quant. Spectrosc Radiat. Transfer, v42 n5 p375-384 1989.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *REACTION KINETICS, *HYDROCARBONS, *ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, *LASER APPLICATIONS, ABSORPTION, ABSORPTION COEFFICIENTS, ARGON, CONTINUOUS WAVE LASERS, DETECTION, DILUTION, ETHANES, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LASERS,

AD-A218 441

ALI-A218 441

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 440

CONTINUED AD-A218 440

> PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2. Ξ IDENTIFIERS:

> Organosilylphosphazene Oligomers and Polymers: Synthesis via (Lithioaryloxy)phosphazenes, 3

RSONAL AUTHORS: Allcock, Harry R.; Coggio, William D.; Archibald, R. S.; Brennan, David J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0234 CONTRACT NO.

2303

PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0248 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Macromolecules, v22 p3571-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: 3578 1989.

reaction models and second with high polymeric phosphazenes. The cyclic small molecule N3P3(0Ph)50C6H4Br-(p) was first lithiated to N3P3(0ph)50C6H4Li-(p), and this compound was allowed to react with a range or ISTRACT: (U) (Lithioaryloxy)phosphazenes have been used as reaction intermediates for the synthesis of phosphazenes that bear organosilicon side groups. The synthetic pathways were developed at two levels, first organochiorosilanes or with hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane to yield the species N3P3(OPh)50CGH4R-(p), where R is SiMe3, SiMe2Ph, SiMePh2, SiMe2Ch=CH2, SiMe2-(OSiMe2)20SiMe2Bu, and SiMe2(OSiMe2)20SiMe3. At the high polymer level, the macromolecule (NP-(OCBH4Br)2(n) was subjected to partial lithiation followed by coupling to chlorosilanes or to ring-opening addition of (OsiMe2)3 to generate polymers with OCBH5 and OCBH4Br-(p) side groups as well as OCBH4R-(p) MSG DIIO LAST INPUT NOT PROCESSED, *PLEASE with the use of small-molecule cyclic phosphazenes as RETRANSMIT LAST MESSAGE ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *OLIGOMERS, *POLYMERS, ADDITION, CHLOROSILANES, COUPLING(INTERACTION), MODELS, PHOSPHAZENE, RESPONSE, SYNTHESIS. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 440

AD-A218 440

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83

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ2OM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

21/2 AD-A218 439 STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Investigation of an Excited Jet Diffusion Flame at Elevated Pressure.

Rept. for 1 Sep 84-30 Jun 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Strawa, Anthony W.; Cantwell, Brian J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0373 CONTRACT NG.

2308 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK 16

TR-90-0193 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Fluid Mechanics, v200 p309-336 1989. Original contains color plates: All DTIC/ NTIS reproductions will be in black and white. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

the underlying mechanisms of control. The experiments were conducted in a variable-pressure flow facility which permits the study of reacting flows at pressures ranging from 10 kPm to 1000 kPm (0.1 to 10 atmospheres). The Experiments have been carried out with the frequency was varied, and it was found that a narrow band and the edge of the surrounding hot-gas envelope. Phaseflame was excited by adding a small-amplitude, periodic conditioned velocity measurements were made with a onethe near field of a low-speed co-flowing jet diffusion tructure, flow excitation and the reaction process in fluctuation to the central fuel jet exit velocity. The relationship between the luminous soot-laden core flow flame. The effect of axial forcing and increasing pressure on the structure and controllability of the flow was visualized using an optical scheme which superimposes the luminous image of the flame on its "bjective of studying the relationship between flow component laser doppler anemometer. The excitation schlieren image, giving a useful picture of the of frequencies exists in which several of the Ê ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A218 439

causing the flame to break up periodically into a series of distinct eddies. Maps of the one-dimensional velocity with the large eddies, are used to study the topology of vector field, viewed in a frame of reference convecting instabilities of the flow seem to be in coincidence. the flow. Peprints. (jhd)

EDDIES(FLUID MECHANICS), ENVELOPE(SPACE). EXCITATION. FLAMES, FLOW, FREQUENCY, FREQUENCY BANDS, HIGH PRESSURE. HOT GASES, OPTICAL IMAGES, LUMINOSITY, NARROWBAND, NEAR FIELD, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, PRESSURE, REPRINTS, SCHLIEREN PHOTOGRAPHY, TOPOLOGY, VARIATIONS, VECTOR ANALYSIS. *DIFFUSION, *JET FLAMES, CONTROL ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

Jet Diffusion Flames, PEG1102F, IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAF0SR2308A2.

AD-A218 439

AD-A218 439

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A218 431

VELOCITY

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AD-A218 431

ROCHESTER UNIV N Y LAB FOR LASER ENERGETICS

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2305C1. ĵ. IDENTIFIERS: Direct Investigation of Velocity Overshoot in the Femtosecond Regime. ŝ

Final rept. 1 Sep 86-31 Jan 88, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Mourou, Gerard A.; Meyer, Kevin

AF0SR-84-0318 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

ပ TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0207

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

resistance and the Gunn effect, velocity overshoot, and most recently hot phonon effects. In parallel with these theoretical developments has been the steady increase in applications of GaAs devices in communication and first is that since the 1980's theorists have predicted several anomalous effects that should occur in this and competitor are in high-speed applications, because mobilities are generally higher in the III-V materials, and in optical and electro-optic devices, which take is expanding geometrically as researchers explore the possibilities of ultra-high-speed hybrid optoelectronic computers and the 'ultimate' possibility of an alihas been driven by two separate but related forces. The computer technologies. Two specific areas in which GaAs advantage of the direct-gap and electro-optic nature of GaAs. Currently the field of GaAs electro-optic devices The study of electron transport in GaAs other III-V materials, including negative differential has a distinct advantage over its more mature Si optical computer. (RRH) SCRIPTORS: (U) *GALLIUM ARSENIDES, ANOMALIES, COMPUTERS, ELECTRON TRANSPORT, ELECTROOPTICS, GROUP III COMPOUNDS, GROUP V COMPOUNDS, GUNN EFFECT, HIGH TEMPERATURE, HIGH VELOCITY, HYBRID COMPUTERS, MATERIALS, NEGATIVE RESISTANCE CIRCUITS, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, PHONONS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 43

AD-A218 431

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EVJOR

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 422

MENLO PARK CA SRI INTERNATIONAL Investigation of Schottky Barriers.

Final technical rept. 17 Jul-31 Dec 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Van Schilfgaarde, Mark PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-86-K-0018 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

6 TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0204

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

86-K-0018. Substantial progress was made in two key areas: progress made under the auspices of AFOSR Contract F49620-This final report summarizes the technical electronic structure studies of the Schottky barrier and barrier. We also examine scattering from ionized dopants addresses the early stages of formation of Schottky barriers. With respect to the transport component, we developed some new techniques for treating high-field transport, in particular transport through a Schottky transport; Schottky barriers (numerical solution to); structure component, we applied ab initio electronic structure techniques to ideal metal-semiconductor in the interstitial regions. Keywords: Hot electron Boltzmann equation; Transport in high fields; Band semiconductor contacts, we are able to address the Another study studies. With respect to the electronic interfaces. In a study of a sequence of metalproblem of Schottky barrier pinning. structure. (jes) transport ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ELECTRONICS, BOLTZMANN EQUATION, ELECTRON TRANSPORT, INTERFACES, INTERSTITIAL, METALS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, REGIONS, SCATTERING, SCHOTTKY BARIER DEVICES, SEMICONDUCTORS, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), TRANSPORT. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2306B1, LPN-SRI-2439 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 422

12/3 AD-A218 421

MICHIGAN UNIV

Parametric Models for A sub n: Splitting Processes and Mixtures.

ANN ARBOR DEPT OF STATISTICS

Final rept. 1 Apr 87-31 Mar 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Hill, Bruce M PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-87-0192 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0212

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

sub n, of Hill (1968), holds exactly for a member of this class called a nested splitting process. It is also shown proposed. Some general considerations concerning ties and that the generalization of A sub n, called H sub n, to deal with ties, can hold exactly. A multivariate version connection with the Dirichlet process. These include the and A sub n can arise as different special cases of this It is proved that both the Dirichlet process of Ferguson concept of adherent mass. Such splitting processes give rise to complex mixtures of distributions. It is proved the nonparametric Bayesian predictive procedure. A processes is then defined, which allows for some of the adherent mass at a point to be replaced by an exact tie the observed points. A very general class of splitting necessarily all posterior predictive mass builds up at splitting processes, is defined, using de Finetti's posterior predictive mass builds up at the observed points, while under A sub n no mass is given to the A class of parametric models, called of A sub n, based upon the splitting processes, is phenomenon by which in the Dirichlet process, the adherent masses are discussed, as well as their observed points, and under H sub n some but not general model. (kr) ĵ ABSTRACT: that deal

*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, *PARAMETRIC DESCRIPTORS: (U)

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A218 421 ANN ARBOR DEPT OF STATISTICS

12/3

AD-A218 420

ANALYSIS, DIRICHLET INTEGRAL, MIXTURES.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

MICHIGAN UNIV

(U) A Theory of Bayesian Data Analysis. WUAF0SR2304A5, PE61102F.

Final rept. 1 Apr 87-31 Mar 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Hill, Bruce M.

AF0SR-87-0192 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-90-0213 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the type of data manipulations, transformations, and just plain playing with the data, that any serious scientist engages in during the statistical (or other) analysis of Bayesian data analysis goes beyond the mere data manipulations, however, and attempts to integrate the theory of subjective probability with such data analysis approaches, which appear, more or less, to abandon probability. In this article the author attempts further to elucidate the theory of Bayesian data analysis begun Bayesian data analysis is concerned with than a pre-data procedure, since even when it is desirable to think through such matters quite carefully prior to obtaining the data, in many real world experiments time and other constraints would provide his data. It is largely a post-data procedure, rather In this respect it differs from other data-analytic discussion in Hodges concerning how much is enough limits on such activities. Compare Hacking or the in Hill. (kr) ABSTRACT:

*STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, PROBABILITY, SCIENTISTS, THEORY *BAYES THEOREM, *DATA PROCESSING, Ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2304A5, PE61102F. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 419

PROVIDENCE RI DIV OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS BROWN UNIV

Numerical Methods and Approximation and Modelling Problems in Stochastic Control Theory. 3

88 Final rept. 30 Sep 85-29 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 AON

Fleming, Wendell H.; Kushner, Harold J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0315 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

۲ TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0210

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

applications in control and filtering and by newer areas of application arising in queueing/communication networks and production systems. Other research issues addressed September 1988 by Fleming, Kushner together with associated postdoctoral and graduate student personnel. The research covers a number of problems in many areas of years. The program has been motivated both by traditional stochastic control, recursive stochastic algorithms, and related areas of analysis. It is part of a continuing This is a summary of research completed Kushner will be summarized in turn, with references to research publications supported under this award: (kr) research program pursued successfully for a number of include numerical methods for stochastic control and during the period of this award, 1 October 1985-30 processing and/or control. The work of Fleming and recursive algorithms for distributed and parallel

*CONTROL THEORY, *NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, *STOCHASTIC CONTROL, ALGORITHMS, COMMENICATIONS NETWORKS, DISTRIBUTED DATA PROCESSING, DOCUMENTS, PARALLEL PROCESSING, PERSONNEL, PRODUCTION, QUEUEING THEORY, RECURSIVE FUNCTIONS, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, STUDENTS DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2304A1, PEB1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 419

20/2 AD-A218 417

ROCHESTER UNIV N Y LAB FOR LASER ENERGETICS 20/7

Time-Resolved Surface Structural Study by Picosecond Reflection High-Energy Electron Diffraction. <u>Э</u>

Final rept. 1 Aug 87-31 Jan 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 MAR Elsayed, Hani E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0327 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

8 FASK NO.

TR-90-0205 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

and picosecond time evolution of surface properties. This fraction of the laser pulse energy is needed to generate the fast (10-30 kV) well-collimated electron pulses; thus ISTRACT: (U) The objective of this program was to develop an instrument for characterization of nanosecond picosecond time-resolved reflection high-energy electron diffraction (RHEED). The basic idea of this technique is a a collimated using electron optics. Only a very small the utilization of 150 ps laser pulses to generate electron pulses by the photoelectric effect. The photogenerated electrons are accelerated, focused, instrument was developed based on the technique of most of the laser energy is available for sample irradiation. (eg) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ELECTRON DIFFRACTION, *ELECTRON ENERGY, *HIGH ENERGY, *REFLECTION, ELECTROMAGNETIC PULSES, ELECTRON OPTICS, ENERGY, EVOLUTION(GENERAL), IRRADIATION, LASERS, LIGHT PULSES, PHOTOELECTRIC EFFECT, PULSED LASERS, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, SURFACE PROPERTIES, SURFACES, TIME.

WUAFOSR2308B1, PEG1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPL ' BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/1 AD-A218 416

20/4 AD-A218 415

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

WICHITA STATE UNIV KS DEPT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

(U) Free Boundary Problems for Flow With Vorticity

(U) Auditory Spectro-Temporal Pattern Analysis.

Final rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 89

Final rept. 1 May-31 Dec 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Hall, Joseph W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0083 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0267 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Elcrat, Alan R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF05R-89-0323

CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0265 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

possible relation between CMR and the MLD; and to examine maskers used in previous investigations); to examine the contrasted with puretone signals used for previous investigations); to determine whether CMR may apply to release from masking in modulated noise; to determine The project period spanned November 1, 1986 through October 31, 1989. The Major aims of the the acrossresolution. Keywords: Noise auditory signals; Sound frequency modulation pattern is utilized to obtain whether CMR occurs for multi-component signals (as comodulation signals (in contrast with comodulated the possible relations between CMR and temporal discrimination; Sound pattern analysis. (KT) project were to establish what aspect of ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *AUDITORY SIGNALS, *MODULATION, *AUDITORY PERCEPTION, *PATTERN RECOGNITION, *SOUND, DISCRIMINATION, MASKING, NOISE, SIGNALS. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2313A6, PE61102F <u>Э</u> IDENTIFIERS:

There were related studies of numerical conformal mapping In another paper a class of flows with constant vorticity regions were computed from a variational principle which slab with time varying permittivity was studied, and the had been used earlier in theoretical work for such flows Gauss Map was used to construct a new class of minimal surfaces which become vertical on a part of the bounding distribution of vorticity and sources on a line segment. computed using a wake theory developed earlier and the inviscid flows with concentrated regions of vorticity. and construction of minimal surfaces. The flows past a Scattering of electromagnetic waves from a dielectric The research centered on the study of class of three dimensional bodies was studied using matched asymptotic expansions. The near field was far field was obtained from a superposition of a ĵ

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *INVISCID FLOW, *VORTICES, ASYMPTOTIC SERIES, BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS, CONFORMAL MAPPING, DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES, DIELECTRICS, DISTRIBUTION, ELECTROMAGNETIC SCATTERING, EXPANSION, FAR FIELD, MATCHING, NEAR FIELD, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, REGIONS, THEORY, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TIME, VARIATIONAL PRINCIPLES, WAKE DESCRIPTORS:

Matched Asymptotic Expansion 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A218 415

WUAF0SR2304A9, PE61102F

20/2 7/4 AD-A218 413 VANDERBILT UNIV NASHVILLE IN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Ab initio Study of CN- Impurity Centers in Alkali Halides: Lattice Stabilization of Excited Electronic States,

Tellinghuisen, Joel; Ewig, Carl S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-86-C-0125, \$AF0SR-86-0146 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO.

TR-90-0128 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v91 Pub. n9 p5476-5488, 1 Nov 89. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

emission spectrum of CN(-) centers in some alkali halides employing closed-form potential functions. Reprints. (AW) cyanide anion were calculated at the multiconfiguration self-consistent field (MCSF) level using point-charge models to the ionic environment in cubic alkali halide crystals. The electrostatic potential of the lattice is improving agreement with experiment. An examination was also made of mathematical techniques to extract The lowest four electronic states in the is shown to be triplet-sigma. The properties of the ground state were further examined at the SCF level in clusters of six alkali ions. The cations cause a compression of the anion, decreasing the internuclear essential to stabilize the excited states against auto detachment, yet the resulting spectroscopic properties are remarkably insensitive to gross changes in the lattice. The lowest excited state, observed in the UV spectroscopic constants from pointwise tabulated potentials, such as result from the MCSCF computations. distance and increasing the vibrational frequency E ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ALKALI METAL COMPOUNDS, *CYANIDES, *ELECTRONIC STATES, *HALIDES, *IMPURITIES, *CRYSTAL LATTICES, ANIONS, CATIONS, COMPRESSION, COMPUTATIONS,

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

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CONFIGURATIONS, CONSISTENCY, ELECTROSTATICS, EMISSION SPECTRA, FUNCTIONS, GROUND STATE, IONS, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, REFRINTS, SENSITIVITY, SPECTROSCOPY, TABULATION PROCESSES, ULTRAVIOLET SPECTRA, VIBRATIONAL SPECTRA, STABILIZATION.

MARYLAND UNIV COLLEGE PARK DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ASTRONOMY

(U) Chopper for Neutrinos and Antineutrinos.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B3, Ab Initio

Calculations..

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Sep 87-31 Dec 88,

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Weber, J.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-87-C-0112

PROJECT NO. 4099

TASK NO. 09

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0080

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) A new approach to weak interaction physics employs detectors which are nearly perfect single crystals, with high Debye temperatures. Total scattering cross sections are proportional to the square of the total number of quarks. Available sources of antineutrinos exert macroscopic forces on such crystals as a result of elastic scattering. In this paper a chopper is described for modulating the antineutrino forces, in order to excite normal modes of elastic solids. Experiments are reported. Keywords: Neutrinos; Weak interactions. (jhd)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *PARTICLE COUNTERS, *NEUTRINDS, *SCATTERING CROSS SECTIONS, ANTIPARTICLES, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, ELASTIC SCATTERING, SINGLE CRYSTALS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Antineutrinos, Weak Interactions, Debye Temperature, PE61102F, WUAFOSR409909.

UNCLASSIFIED

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM

AD-A218 394

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MASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

(U) Dynamic Fracture of Concrete. Part 1.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Jun 86-14 Dec 89,

FEB 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Du, Utaji.; Hawkins, Neil M.; Kobayashi,

A. S.

REPORT NO. UWAF/DCE/TR-90/1-PT-1

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CONCRETE, *FRACTURE(MECHANICS),
ACCURACY, CANTILEVER BEAMS, CHARPY IMPACT TESTS, CLOSURES,
CRACK PROPAGATION, CRACKS, DISPLACEMENT, DYNAMICS,
EQUATIONS, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, FAILURE, FAILURE(MECHANICS),

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS, FISHES, GRATINGS(SPECTRA), HYBRID SYSTEMS, INTERFEROMETRY, INVERSION, MATERIALS, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MEASUREMENT, MOIRE EFFECTS, OPENING(PROCESS), SIZES(DIMENSIONS), STRESSES, TENSILE

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2302C2

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DENTIFIERS:

STRENGTH

impacted three point bend specimens (unnotched) by Mindess and the Charpy type impact tests by Shah. In both cases, dynamic finite element modeling with the adjusted

strengths and aggregate sizes, were used to simulate the

recorded dynamic crack propagation in large scale,

simulated the measured crack propagation histories within

the experimental accuracies. (kr)

constitutive equations for the fracture process zones

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0204

2303

PROJECT NO.

TASK NO. C2

HONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0209

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Static and dynamic analyses of concrete failure based on fracture mechanics were conducted using

crack-line wedge-loaded, double cantilever beam (CLWL-DCB) and edge-cracked, three point bend specimens under Mode I loading conditions aimed at developing a mathematical

loading conditions, aimed at developing a mathematical model which describes the tensile failure process of concrete materials at the macro-level. The fracture

concrete materials at the macro-level. The fracture process zone associated with a stably growing crack in concrete was determined by a hybrid experimental-numerical technique where a crack closure stress versus

numerical technique where a crack closure stress versus crack opening displacement (CDD) relation of a finite element model of the specimen was optimized to fit the CDD data, obtained by Moire interferometry with real reference grating, and other experimental measurements. For the first time, the crack closure stress versus CDD relation of a fracture process zone in concrete was

determined directly and was found to be similar to those obtained by others using inverse procedures. The crack closure stress versus CDD relation for the two CLML-DCB and edge-cracked, three point bend specimens were identical thus implying that this relation is a speciment independent but material-dependent constitutive relation. The above static constitutive relation.

modifications to account for the differences in tensile

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

21/2 AD-A218 387 SCHENECTADY NY RESEARCH AND

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO DEVELOPMENT CENTER

Assessment of a Partial-Equilibrium/Monte Carlo Model for Turbulent Syngas Flames,

*SYNTHETIC FUELS, *TURBULENT DIFFUSION,

SCRIPTORS: (U) *SYNTHETIC FUELS, *TURBL
*JET FLAMES. CHEMILUMINESCENCE, DENSITY,
EQUILIBRIUM(GENERAL), FLAMES. FLUX(RATE).

DESCRIPTORS:

IIGI

practical calculations. Keywords: Turbulent diffusion flames; Partial equilibrium: Modeling: Laser Raman

CONTINUED

AD-A218 387

spectroscopy: Reprints. (jhd)

TEMPERATURE, LIGHT SCATTERING, MEASUREMENT, MONTE CARLO METHOD, LIGHT PULSES, RAMAN SPECTRA, RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY, REPRINTS, SIGNALS, STOKES RADIATION, THERMOCHEMISTRY

WUAF0SR2308A2, PE61102F

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Correa, S. M.; Gulati, A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-85-C-0035 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO.

TR-90-0184 **AFOSR** MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Combustion and Flame, v72 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p159-173 1988

pool including CO, and on a velocity-composition joint probability density function (pdf), which closes the turbulent flux and mean chemical source terms. The pdf is thermochemical scalars needed to describe partial-equilibrium conditions. The equation is solved numerically by a Monte Carlo technique. The data used are Raman scattering. Difficulties with Raman measurements at 90 flame of 40% CO, 30% H2, and 30% N2 in coflowing air are compared extensively. The calculations are based on a partial-equilibrium model for the oxyhydrogen radical major species concentrations and temperature from pulsed Calculations and data for a turbulent jet high temperatures and of measuring CO2 directly are discussed. The Raman signals are taken from previous Joint between the three velocity components and two studies but here are corrected for high-temperature previously thought. The relative simplicity of the partial-equilibrium model makes it a candidate for effects and CO2 vibrational spectra. Temperatures obtained from the instantaneous density of the ma species rather than from the Stokes/anti-Stokes r which is more affected by chemiluminescence. The agreement between the model and the data is more favorable to the partial-equilibrium model than 3 ABSTRACT:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

8/3 20/5 21/2 AD-A218 386

21/2 AD-A218 385

PURDUE UNIV LAFAYETTE IN

Asynchronous Optical Sampling: A New Combustion Diagnostic for Potential Use in Turbulent, High-Pressure Flames, E

RSONAL AUTHORS: Kneisler, R. J.; Lytle, F. E.; Fiechtner, G. J.; Jiang, Y.; King, G. B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0323 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0186

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Optics Letters, v14 n5 p260-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: 262, 1 Mar 89.

Asynchronous optical sampling (ASOPS) is a locking frequencies of the pump and probe lasers. We also viability of the ASOPS technique in highly quenched flame describe the instrumental timing parameters for ASOPS and consider the optimization of these parameters. (문) pump-probe method that has strong potential for use in turbulent, high-pressure flames. We show that rapid measurement of species number density can be achieved by excited sodium in an atmospheric flame demonstrates the maintaining a constant beat frequency between the model Measurement of the nanosecond decay for electronically environments. Keywords: Reprints; Probe spectroscopy; Combustion; Laser diagnostics; Stimulated emission. 3 ABSTRACT:

SYSTEMS, BEAT SIGNALS, COMBUSTION, DENSITY, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), HIGH PRESSURE, LASER APPLICATIONS, LASER BEAMS, MEASUREMENT, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, OPTIMIZATION, PARAMETERS, PROBES, QUENCHING, REPRINTS, SAMPLING, SODIUM, EMISSION SPECTROSCOPY, TIMING DEVICES. *FLAMES, *TURBULENCE, ASYNCHRONOUS 3 DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2308A2, PE61102F, ASOPS(Asynchronous Optical Pumping). 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 388

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Origin and Manifestation of Flow-Combustion Interactions in a Premixed Shear Layer, $\widehat{\Xi}$

Ghoniem, Ahmed F.; Krishnan, Anantha PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-84-0336 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0175

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Combustion/The Combustion Institute (22nd) p665-675 1988 Pub. in Symposium (International) on SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

laminar burning velocity times the flame length measured along the line of maximum reaction rate. Following the burning of the eddy core, the strain field along the eddy and the combustion process in a premixed shear layer are growth of the roll-up eddy, the rate of burning is strongly enhanced by the entrainment fluxes that lead to the swelling of the reaction zone, and the total rate of mechanism by which combustion affects the flow field. It approximately the same. Lagrangian simulations are obtained using the vortex and transport element methods. The reaction is governed by a finite-rate Arrhenius kinetics, the flow is compressible and at high Reynolds product formation can be approximated by the unstrained boundaries causes a noticeable thinning of the reaction zone and reduces the rate of burning. Baroclinic investigated using the results of numerical simulation. number, heat release is moderate and molecular heat and The interactions between the flow field elements in the density gradient is the most important Results indicate that at the early stages, a reacting shear layer behaves like a laminar fiame. During the vorticity generation due to the acceleration of fluid mass diffusivities are finite. The thickness of the reaction zone and that of the vorticity layer are ABSTRACT: (U)

EVJ20M SEARCH CONTROL NO DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A218 385

towards the products. The generated vorticity extends the growth period of the eddy and imparts on it an extra mean augments the overall volumetric entrainment into the eddy core, and causes an entrainment asymmetry with a bias convective motion. Reprints. (jhd)

*REACTION KINETICS, ASYMMETRY, BOUNDARIES, CONVECTION KINETICS, ASYMMETRY, BOUNDARIES, CONVECTION HEAT TRANSFER), CORES, DENSITY, EDDIES(FLUID MECHANICS), ENTRAINMENT, FLAMES, FLOW, FLOW FIELDS, GRADIENTS, HEAT, HIGH RATE, INTERACTIONS, LAGRANGIAN FUNCTIONS, LAMINAR FLOW, LAYERS, LENGTH, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MEAN, MIXING, MOTION, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, RATES, REACTION TIME, RELEASE, REPRINTS, REYNOLDS NUMBER, ROLL, SHEAR PROPERTIES, SIMULATION, THICKNESS, TRANSPORT, VELOCITY, VORTICES. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2308A2, PEG1102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 384

20/4

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Numerical Simulation of a Thermally Stratified Shear Layer Using the Vortex Element Method, Ê

Ghoniem, Ahmed F.; Heidarin 'ad PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Ghassem; Krishnan, Anantha

AF0SR-84-0356 CONTRACT NO.

2308

PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0177 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Computational Physics, v79 n1 p135-166 Nov 88. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

unstable inviscid shear layer, it is found that using a fixed number of vortex elements can lead to large errors due to the strong strain field which develops and acts to results from the combined action convection and diffusion that the vorticity should be redistributed among elements is computed using a similar scheme to integrate the energy equation. Calculations illustrate the evolution of the temperature profile during the growth of the distort the original vorticity contours. It is suggested which are arranged in the local principal direction of strain on order to capture this distortion accurately. Mixing within an initially stratified layer, which In computing the development of an instability. Reprints. (JHD) 3 ABSTRACT:

*DIGITAL SIMULATION, *SHEAR PROPERTIES, *VORTICES, CONTOURS, DISTORTION, ENERGY, EQUATIONS, GROWTH(GENERAL). HEAT, PROFILES, REPRINTS, STABILITY, STRATIFICATION, *CONVECTION, *INVISCID FLOW, *LAYERS, 9 **TEMPERATURE** DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFDSR2308A2, PE61102F 9 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A218 383

გ STANFORD UNIV Molecular Velocity Imaging of Supersonic Flows Using Pulsed Planar Laser-Induced Fluorescence of NO

Journal article, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

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Paul, P. H.; Lee, M. P.; Hanson, R. K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

TR-90-0253 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Optics Letters, v14 n9 p417-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: 419, 1 May 89. SSTRACT: (U) A technique is described for imaging components of velocity in a gaseous flow field by using pulsed planar laser-induced fluorescence. The technique is based on the fluorescence detection of Doppler-shifted absorption that results when a spectrally narrow absorption line is excited with a broadband laser. Results obtained in a Mach 7 underexpanded supersonic jet. extension of this technique to single-shot measurements of two velocity components is discussed. Reprints. (AW) sected with Nitric Oxide, are presented. The practical ABSTRACT: (U)

*SUPERSONIC FLOW, ABSORPTION, ABSORPTION SPECTRA, BROADBAND, DETECTION, DOPPLER EFFECT, FLUDRESCENCE, GAS FLOW, IMAGES, LASÉR INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, LASERS, LINE SPECTRA, MEASUREMENT, MOLECULES, PLANAR STRUCTURES, PULSES, REPRINTS, SPECTRA, VELOCITY, SEEDING. *FLOW FIELDS, *NITROGEN OXIDES, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2308A3, PEB1102F IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A218 383

21/2 AD-A218 382 CA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING STANFORD UNIV An Investigation of the Structure of a Laminar Non-Premixed Flame in an Unsteady Vortical Flow. 3

Rept. Jan 85-Jan 88 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88

RSONAL AUTHORS: Lewis, G. S.; Cantwell, B. J.; Vandsburger, U.; Bowman, C. T. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-373

CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A2 LASK NO AF0SR TR-90-0182 MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Symposium (International) on Combustion/The Combustion Institute (22nd) p515-522 1988. Original contains color plates: All DIIC/NTIS reproductions will be in black and white. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

the vortical flow. When the velocity field is viewed in a to break up into a series of axisymmetric flamelets which convect and distort under the influence of buoyancy and pattern is seen to consist of a pair of saddle points on either side of the flow centerline near the flame tip and directly examined the structure of a flame imbedded in an unsteady vortical flow. In the present work, this problem is investigated using a laminar co-flowing jet flame in instantaneous flame structure. Particle tracking is used over one cycle of the excitation. The flame is observed Although organized vortical motions have which a periodic vortical motion is induced by acoustic frame of reference moving with the flamelets the flow been observed in a variety of turbulent flames, there have been only a few experimental studies which have evolution of the flame in the unsteady velocity field planar imaging techniques are employed to define the field. These measurements are combined to follow the to obtain the instantaneous two-dimensional velocity excitation of the fuel stream. A variety of or ical ABSTRACT: (U)

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A218 382

the centerline at the base of the flame, and planar laserinduced fluorescence measurements of the concentration of a single saddle point on the centerline near the base of Because of heat release, the flame acts as an effective volume source in the flow. A high strain rate exists on images of light scattered from TiO2 particles added to the fuel stream. Entrained fluid is fed into a large the flame. This latter saddle point is also evident in axisymmetric vortex surrounding the base of the flame. OH show local extinction of the flame. Reprints. (jhd) SCRIPTORS: (U) *FLAMES, *TURBULENT FLOW, *VORTICES, ACOUSTIC WAVES, AXISYMMETRIC, BUDYANCY, CYCLES, ENTRAINMENT, EVOLUTION(GENERAL), EXCITATION, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, EXTINCTION, FUELS, HEAT, OPTICAL IMAGES, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, MEASUREMENT, METHODOLOGY, MOTION, OPTICS, PARTICLES, PATTERNS, PLANAR STRUCTURES, RELEASE REPRINTS, TRACKING, TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW, UNSTEADY FLOW DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2308A2, PE61102F. 3 **CDENTIFIERS:**

1/1 AD-A218 378

NIELSEN ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH INC MOUNTAIN VIEW CA

(U) A Study of Supermanuever Aerodynamics

Final rept. 1 Dec 88-1 Dec 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OAN BO

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Nixon, David; Rodman, Laura C.

F49620-88-C-0006 CONTRACT NO.

3005 PROJECT NO

A TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0269

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

very promising in leading to a reduction of computer time The objective of this work is to develop a novel technique for studying transient separated flows, such as those typical for maneuvering aircraft. The ultimate goal of this research is to develop flow control techniques using the boundary conditions in a Navier two-dimensional boundary conditions theory for the steady on a local portion of the flowfield. A search technique, using artificial intelligence methods, was developed and was used to find the combination of boundary conditions are established, then their physical counterparts may be found. A subdomain technique was developed which allows the study of the effects of various boundary conditions condition, based on Duhamel's equation, was found to be Stokes calculation. Once numerical boundary conditions that achieved the desired flow control. In addition, a tried without significant success. However, a boundary Euler and Navier Stokes equations was derived. A wide of boundary conditions for the subdomains were Ξ ABSTRACT: range

AERODYNAMICS, AIRCRAFT, ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS, COMPUTATIONS, COMPUTERS, FLOW FIELDS, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, RANGE(EXTREMES), REDUCTION, STEADY STATE, THEORY, TIME, TRANSIENTS, BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL, TWO DIMENSIONAL FLOW *FLIGHT MANEUVERS, *FLOW SEPARATION <u>Э</u> DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 378

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A218 378

11/2 20/11 AD-A218 373 WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

WUAFOSR3005A1, PE65502F, Duhamel

Equation, Euler Equations.

IDENTIFIERS:

(U) Dynamic Fracture of Concrete. Part 2.

Final rept. 15 Jun 86-14 Dec 89. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8

Yon, Jung H.; Hawkins, Neil M.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kobayashi, A. S.

AF05R-88-0204 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

 \ddot{c} TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0208-PT-2

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

drop weight loading. Also the applied load, transfent strains and crack opening displacement were measured in crack-line wedge-loaded, double cantilever beam specimens which were subjected to controlled wedge displacement. process zone under a tensile strength criterion increased displacement loading. In addition, moire interferometry data was obtained in three point bend specimens subjected both tensile and compressive moduli of elasticity and the strength necessary to propagated the tip of the fracture loading. These test systems and the hybrid analysis were used to determine the strain rate sensitivity of the that dynamic fracture responses of a rapidly propagating system and instrumentation for dynamic fracture testing elastic properties and the fracture process zone of rapidly fracturing concrete specimens. The increase in substantially with the strain rate. The net effect was experimental data consisted of the applied load and transient strains in single edge notched, three point bend specimens which were subjected to controlled magnitude with increasing strain rate but the tensile A displacement controlled dynamic test of concrete specimens, was developed. Also a hybrid experimental-numerical procedure for evaluating the dynamic fracture data thus generated was developed. tensile strength with increasing strain rate were quantified. The fracture process zone decreased in $\widehat{\Xi}$ ABSTRACT:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A218 373

crack in concrete resembled that of linear elasto-dynamic fracture mechanics with influence of the fracture process zone decreasing with increasing strain rate of loading. (**SQV**)

BEAMS(STRUCTURAL), CANTILEVER BEAMS, COMPRESSIVE
PROPERTIES, CONTROL, CRACKS, DISPLACEMENT, DROP TESTS,
DYNAMIC RESPONSE, DYNAMIC TESTS, DYNAMICS, ELASTIC
PROPERTIES, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, HYBRID SIMULATION, HYBRID
SYSTEMS, INTERFEROMETRY, MOIRE EFFECTS, NUMERICAL METHODS
AND PROCEDURES, OPENING(PROCESS), PROPAGATION,
SENSITÍVITY, STRAIN RATE, TENSILE PROPERTIES, TENSILE
STRENGTH, TEST AND EVALUATION, WEDGES, WEIGHT. *CONCRETE, *FRACTURE(MECHANICS), 3 DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2302C2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 372

12/2

22/1

SYSTEMS ENGINEERING INC GREENBELT MD

(U) Nonlinear Dynamics and Control of Flexible Structures.

Annual rept. Sep 87-Aug 88 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 88

RSONAL AUTHORS: Bennett, W. H.; Kwatny, H. S. Blakenship, G. L.; Akhrif, O. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

SEI-88-11-15-WB REPORT NO.

F49620-87-C-0103 CONTRACT NO.

0812 PROJECT NO.

 \overline{z} LASK NO.

TR-90-0201 AFUSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

The unprecedented requirements for rapid combination of such requirements demand a comprehensive slewing and precesion pointing of primary weapon system laws developed. The validation of the analytical models and the required control theory for the resulting class consideration for compensation for structural flexure effecting optical LOS using optical steering mirrors is Simulation results are given for a simplified benchmark interaction platform structural flexure effecting principal weapon system effective Line-Of-Sight. This report describes the first year effort of a three year comprehensive; generic nonlinear dynamical models for typical space-based plat forms, (2) the development of typical space platforms for such weapon including the laboratory experiments to verify and test the control directed energy weapon platforms is the prime driver payload apertures, and (3) the design of a series of retargeting and precision pointing for spaced-based behind the reported modeling and control study. The dynamic model of the nonlinear multibody dynamics of high performance, nonlinear control laws for rapid project which focuses on: (1) the development of model of a space-based laser slewing control and of nonlinear system is described in this report.

AD-A218 372

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 372 CONTINUED

AD-A218 370 20/4

discussed. (sdw)

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS

(U) Unsteady Flow Phenomena in Turbomachines.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CONTROL THEORY, *FLEXIBLE STRUCTURES, *MATHEMATICAL MODELS, AIMING, BODIES, CONTROL SYSTEMS, DYNAMICS, FLEXURAL PROPERTIES, INTERACTIONS, LABORATORY TESTS, LASERS, LINE OF SIGHT, MIRRORS, MODELS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, PLATFORMS, PRECISION, REQUIREMENTS, SIMULATION, SLEWING, SPACE BASED, SPACECRAFT, STEERING, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, TARGETING,

PEB1102F, WUAFUSRO812K1

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

VALIDATION, WEAPON SYSTEMS.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 19 Oct 87-18 Oct 89,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Greitzer, Edward M.; Epstein, Alan H.; Giles, Michael B.; McCune, James E.; Tan. Choon S.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-85-C-0018

PROJECT NO. 2307

TASK NO. A4

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0217

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the Gas Turbine Laboratory at M.I.T. as part of our multiinvestigator effort on basic unsteady flow phenomena. Within the overall project, four separate tasks are specified. These are, in brief: I. Unsteady Flow in Compressors; II. Computational Techniques for Unsteady Flows; III. Unsteady Phenomena, Inlet Distortion, and Flow Instabilities in Multistage Compressors; IV. Unsteady Vortical Wakes Behind Blade Rows - Prediction of Relationships with Blade Properties. Computational fluid mechanics; Unsteady flows in turbomachines; Vortex wakes; Compressor stability; Transonic compressors. (jes)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FLUID MECHANICS, BLADES, COMPRESSORS, COMPUTATIONS, DISTORTION, GAS TURBINES, INLETS, LABORATORIES, PREDICTIONS, STABILITY, STAGING, TURBOMACHINERY, UNSTEADY FLOW, VORTICES, WAKE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2307A4.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

5/8 AD-A218 359 CA DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY STANFORD UNIV Decision under Conflict: Resolution and Confidence in Judgment and Choice Annual technical rept. no 1, 1 Nov 88-DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: 30 Nov 89

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Tversky, Amos PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0064 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0231

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

does not always have well-define preferences and beliefs. Instead, they are often constructed in the elicitation process. This approach is used to explain and interpret a variety of phenomena that violate the classical theory of A constructive approach to the analysis of psychological principles that govern judgment and choice. The present report summarizes three research projects conducted within the constructivist framework. The first project investigates the compatibility principle according to which the weighting of a stimulus attribute is enhanced by its compatibility with the response. Keywords: Psychology; Compatibility; Evidence; Ambiguity; judgement and choice maintains that the decision maker rational choice. It also leads to the formulation of ABSTRACT:

COMPATIBILITY SCRIPTORS: (U) *PSYCHOLOGY, JUDGEMENT(PSYCHOLOGY), THEORY. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313A4. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

12/3 AD-A218 340

CINCINNATI UNIV OH DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING AND ENGINEERING MECHANICS*

Approximate Evaluation of Reliability and Related Quantities via Perturbation Techniques. 9

Final rept. 15 Feb 88-14 Feb 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Walker, Bruce K.; Srichander, Ramaswamy PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0131 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-90-0268 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

asymptotic aggregation results (primarily due to Korolyuk to models that include decomposed classes that are nonof interest are intractable even for simple architectures. This has motivated the work summarized in this report as asymptotic aggregation of semi-Markov chains that include slow and fast transitions. The extension of earlier to FTCS models was the subject of studies conducted under control systems (FTCS) that include sequential tests for failure detection and identification involve the transient analysis of finite-state semi-Markov chains of very large dimension. Such models for the time horizons well as the work that was accomplished under a previous AFOSR grant. The basis for the work is the idea of ergodic and the subsequent application of these results Reliability evaluation of fault colerant previous study to more general FTCS architectures. (KR) the previous grant. The research efforts reported here concentrate on the application of the results from the 3 ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CONTROL SYSTEMS, *PERTURBATIONS, *FAULT TOLERANT COMPUTING, *SYSTEMS ANALYSIS, *STATISTICAL TESTS, ARCHITECTURE, CHAINS, DETECTION, FAILURE, FAULTS, MARKOV PROCESSES, RELIABILITY, SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), TEST AND EVALUATION, TOLERANCE, TRANSIENTS, TRANSITIONS.

AD-A218 340

AD-A218 359

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A218 340

3

IDENTIFIERS:

12/3 AD-A218 339

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL CENTER FOR STOCHASTIC PROCESSES PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2304A5.

Homogeneous Chaos, p-Forms, Scaling and the Feynman Integral.

Technical rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

SEP 89

W.; Kallianpur, G. Johnson, G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TR-274 REPORT NO. F49620-85-C-0144 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO. MONA TOR:

AFOSR TR-90-0277

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepared in cooperation with Nebraska Univ., Lincoln. Department of Mathematics and Statistics. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

STRACT: (U) Interesting questions concerning homogeneous chaos, scaling and the Feynman integral have been brought to light in a recent largely heuristic but fascinating paper of Hu and Meyer. Our purpose is to indicate a way of resolving these questions as well as others which have arisen in the course of our research. Keywords: Stochastic processes. (KR) ABSTRACT: (U)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *INTEGRALS, HEURISTIC METHODS. STOCHASTIC PROCESSES.

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2304A5, *Feynman **3** IDENTIFIERS:

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

CONTINUED

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AD-A218 338 12/3

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL CENTER FOR STOCHASTIC

*APPROXIMATION(MATHEMATICS), *CROSSINGS,

3

DESCRIPTORS:

*MATHEMATICAL MODELS, *REGRESSION ANALYSIS, DISTRIBUTION, FUNCTIONS, INTEGRALS, QUANTITY, RECURSIVE FUNCTIONS, RESIDUALS, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), STATISTICAL PROCESSES, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES, THEORY, VARIABLES.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A5

3

IDENTIFIERS:

PROCESSES
(U) Slepian Models and Regression Approximations in Crossing and Extreme Value Theory.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

SAN BO

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lindgren, Georg; Rychlik, Igor

REPORT NO. TR-282

CONTRACT NO. F49620-85-C-0144

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0276

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepared in cooperation with Colorado State Univ., Fort Collins, CO. Department of Statistics.

ABSTRACT: (U) In crossing theory for stochastic processes the distribution of quantities such as distances between level crossing, maximum height of an excursion between level crossing, amplitude and wavelength, etc., can only be written in the form of infinite dimensional integrals, which are difficult to evaluate numerically. A Slepian model is an explicit random function representation of the process after a level crossing and it consists of one regression term and one residual process. The regression approximation of a crossing variable is defined as the corresponding. Variable in the regression term of the Slepian model, and its distribution can be evaluated numerically as a finitedimensional integral. This paper reviews the use and structure of the Slepian model the regression method and shows how they can be used to obtain good numerical approximations to various crossing variables. It gives a detailed account of the regression method for Gaussian processes with auxilliary variables chosen in a recursive way. (KR)

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 12/3 AD-A218 337

NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL CENTER FOR STOCHASTIC

PROCESSES

Technical rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

(U) On the Existence of Local Times: A Geometric Study.

OB NAU

Anderson, J. M.; Horowitz, Joseph; Pitt, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TR-281 REPORT NO. F49620-85-C-0144, \$NSF-DMS87-01212 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0280

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) We present a general study relating the geometry of the graphs of a real function to the existence of local times for the function. The general results obtained are applied to Gaussian processes, and we show that with probability 1 the sample functions of a non-differentiable stationary Gaussian process with local times will be Jarnik functions. This extends earlier Gaussian process without local times. An example is given of a Jarnik function without local times thus answering negatively a question raised by Geman and Horowitz. (KR) of Lifshitz and Pitt, which gave examples of ABSTRACT: **SALAS**

SCRIPTORS: (U) *TIME STUDIES, *GEOMETRY, *STATISTICAL PROCESSES, FUNCTIONS, GRAPHS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5 € IDENTIFIERS:

6/4 AD-A218 335 TEXAS UNIV MEDICAL SCHOOL AT HOUSTON DEPT OF NEUROBIOLOGY AND ANATOMY Analysis and Synthesis of Adaptive Neural Elements and Assemblies. 3

Annual rept. 1 Aug 88-31 Jul 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 89

Byrne, John H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0274 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

TR-90-0061 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in learning. During the period between August 1, 1988 and July 31 1989, progress has been made in four areas. First. neurons that contribute to nonassociative and associative plasticity and to examine the role of neuronal plasticity incorporated into a small neural network, and the ability and cellular processes underlying rhythmic bursting patterns of activity in neuron R15 was developed. Third, analyze the properties of identified neurons and neural facilitory and inhibitory interneurons, and the ability of these networks to stimulate higher-order features of conditioning was examined. Keywords: Aplysia; Learning; learning was developed. Second, a model of biophysical which stimulates aspects of classical conditioning was of this neural network to simulate features of operant incorporated into small neural networks, which nolude Memory; Information storage; Artificial intelligence. The objectives of this research are to circuits that exhibit nonassociative and associative classical conditioning was examined. Fourth, a model a model of the biophysical processes within sensory a real-time model of associative learning was ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *APLYSIA, *ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, *ASSOCIATIVE PROCESSING, *DATA STORAGE SYSTEMS, *LEARNING, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, BIOPHYSICS, CIRCADIAN RHYTHMS, CYTOLOGY, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A218 337

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 335 CONTINUED

MODELS, NERVE CELLS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, NEURAL NETS, PATTERNS, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, REAL TIME, RUPTURE, SENSES(PHYSIOLOGY), SYNTHESIS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2312A1, Adaptive neural networks.

AD-A118 331 7/6

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD

(U) Ultrastructure Processing of Ordered Polymers.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 87-31 May 89,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Eby, R. K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0320

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-80-0240

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) In order to explore the nonlinear elasticity of high-performance PBZT fibers, a method using laser-generated ultrasound has been developed to measure the Young's modulus of the fibers as a function of temperature and static tensile stress. X-ray diffraction has also been used to measure both the crystal modulus and aspects of the ultra-structure such as crystal size, unit cell structure and orientation. It is shown that improved crystal orientation with increased tensile stress is one of the most important mechanisms of the nonlinear elasticity. Temperature, PBT, Strong fibers, Modulus, Laser-generated ultrasound, X-ray, Relaxation, Orientation, Stress, Crystal modulus, Unit cell, Uniform stress, Uniform strain, Processing, Crystal size. (jg)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *POLYMERS, CELL STRUCTURE, CELLS, CRYSTALS, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, LASERS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING), STATICS, STRESSES, TENSILE STRESS, ULTRASONICS, X RAY DIFFRACTION.

ICENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2303A, PE61102F.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

9/1 20/3 AD-A218 330

11/2

CONTINUED AD-A218 330 Keywords: Current density. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *SUPERCONDUCTORS, CITRATES, CURRENT DENSITY, ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY, CERAMIC FIBERS, FINE GRAINED MATERIALS, GRAIN BOUNDARIES, GRAIN SIZE, HIGH POWER, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LINKAGES, LOW STRENGTH, ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, POROSITY, SEEDING, SILVER, THINNESS, YTTRIUM OXIDES, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT,

Peritectic reactions.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

MONOLITHIC STRUCTURES(ELECTRONICS).

SEATTLE WA BOEING AEROSPACE CO Processing, Fabrication, Characterization and Device Demonstration of High Temperature Superconducting Ceramics. 3

Final rept. 30 Sep 88-29 Sep 89, annual technical rept. 1 Oct 88-30 Nov 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 AS

Luhman, Thomas S. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0143 CONTRACT NO.

6488 PROJECT NO.

5 TASK NO AF0SR TR-90-0236 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

with the correct alteration of grain boundaries, the elimination of poor electrical conduction across the weak-The goal of this program is to develop material processes Processes are being developed to reduce the grain size of links. Other facets of this approach include attempts to of silver for matrix strengthening. Work was pursued for producing candidate material for devices based on for new high temperature superconducting ceramics and to texture the fine grains, produce adequate porosity to ensure good oxygenation, and the possible incorporation example seeding of fibers and tapes with yttrium oxide. fibers, tapes and monoliths. This approach offers the potential to deliver strong, fine-grained material and, oxygen sublattice has been developed. This has allowed controlling high temperature peritectic reactions, for citrates, approaches for further development of strain tolerant conductors. They are, thin fibers and tapes, and bulk monoliths. A thorough understanding of the phase relationships in high temperature superconductors. demonstrate these processes in a high current device including those phase relationships exhibited by the and sintered powder compacts has resulted in two approaches for addressing the weak-link problem. Success with organometallics, ABSTRACT:

AD-A218 330

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 21/2 AD-A218 128

CONTINUED AD-A218 128 PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2338A2

3

IDENTIFIERS:

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK

Computer Modeling of Soot Formation Comparing Free Radical and Ionic Mechanisms. Ξ

Annual rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Frenklach, M.

AF0SR-88-0072 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFDSR TR-90-0059

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

starting with fuel decomposition and going all the way to predicting, in quantitative agreement with experiment, soot particle properties. (aw) particle nucleation and growth in laminar premixed flames was successfully performed using our updated neutral reaction mechanism--for the first time soot particle inception could be modeled from first principles; ion reaction mechanism was run with a flame code, and the developed; Our neutral reaction mechanism was updated and collaborative study between AeroChem and Penn State, aimed at development of quantitative physicochemical model of soot formation. The Penn State accomplishments same as those reported last year--the PAH formation via during the last twelve-months period were: The AeroChem computational results were found to be essentially the species pathway; A computer code for modeling large species and soot particle formation and growth was tested; and A detailed computer simulation of soot the ionic mechanism is slower than via the neutral This is a second annual report on ABSTRACT:

*PHYSICOCHEMICAL PROPERTIES, *SOOT, CODING, COMPUTATIONS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, DECOMPOSITION, FREE RADICALS, FUELS, IONS, LAMINAR FLOW, MIXING, NEUTRAL, NUCLEATION, PARTICLES, RESPONSE, COMBUSTION. *MATHEMATICAL MODELS, *FLAMES, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 128

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PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A218 068

20/11 AD-A218 068

NORTHWESTERN UNIV EVANSTON IL DEPT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

A Study of Fracture Processes in Concrete Using Laser Holography. 3

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CRACK PROPAGATION, BRIDGES, CONCRETE, CRACKS, DEFLECTION, DISPLACEMENT, ENERGY, FRACTURE(MECHANICS), HOLOGRAPHY, INPUT, INTERFEROMETRY, LASERS, LIGAMENTS, MICROCRACKING, MICROSCOPY, MULTIMODE, OPENING(PROCESS), PRESSURE, PROFILES, RESISTANCE,

PE61102F, WUAFUSR2302C2.

IDENTIFIERS:

STABILITY, TOUGHNESS.

Final rept. Aug 88-Sep 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 89

Shah, Surendra P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0118 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

3TASK NO.

TR-90-0085 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

formation of a zone of microcracking around the crack tip; crack bridging, where aggregate particles span the crack and act as ligaments to hold the crack together; and crack deflection, where the crack changes direction. All possible complex mechanisms which take place during fracture in concrete and mortar. These mechanisms include: fracture toughness, concrete and mortar toughen (show more resistance to fracture) as cracks propagate until an the system and may explain the apparent toughening of the material. It is generally assumed that the closing pressure is a function of the crack opening displacement w). In this study, crack profiles as well as the full field microscopic displacements on the fracture process interferometry. The first two part of this report discuss mechanics cannot explain fracture in concrete and mortar. instability results and the structure fails. This increase in toughness is thought to occur because of many of these mechanisms require additional energy input into mode I fracture of concrete which was studied using center notched plate specimens. In the last part of this Unlike traditional LEFM materials which show a constant report, a study of mixed mode crack propagation under Conventional linear elastic fracture zone were accurately measured by laser holographic compression is described. (RH) ABSTRACT:

AD-A218 068

AD-A218 068

EVJ2OM 108 PAGE

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

> 1/4 AD-A218 067

CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF CHEMISTRY MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH

J sub ka = (13) sub 2, 12) by He, Ar, Xe, and N2 Collisional Relaxation of H2CO (A(1) A sub 2, Ê

20 JUN

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Field, Robert W.; Silbey, Robert J.

AF0SR-88-0062 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

ä TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0009

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v91 n2 p1008-1011, 15 Jul 89. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

noble gases He, Ar, and Xe, and with N2. Measurements are described of the rate constants for collisional depopulation of one specific rovibronic level of H2CO (A). Reprints. (aw) of fully resolved rovibronic eigenstates. Extensive studies of relaxation processes in H2CD in the A 1A(2) first excited singlet electronic state have recently been reported from this laboratory. These experiments, which utilized the techniques of transient gain spectroscopy (TGS) and polarization-detected transient gain spectroscopy (PTGS), have yielded rate constants for both the collision-free decay of H2CO in numerous selected excited rovibronic levels and the collision-induced induced and collision-free decay of molecules in excited electronic states have long been of fundamental interest in chemical physics. Over the past years the Formaldehyde molecule has become a model system for understanding the photophysical and photochemical properties of small molecules. M2CD has been among the first species for which detailed studies have been performed at the level relaxation with M = H2CO (X 1A(2)) as the collider. The present publication is concerned with a complementary study of collisional relaxation of H2CO (A) with the ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A218 067 **ESCRIPTORS: (U) **ELECTRONIC STATES, **FORMALDEHYDE, **PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, **RELAXATION, **MOLECULE MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, CHEMICALS, COLLISIONS, CONSTANTS, GAIN, MODELS, MOLECULES, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, PHYSICS, POPULATION(MATHEMATICS), RARE GASES, RATES, REPRINTS, SPECTROSCOPY, TRANSIENTS, MOLECULAR ROTATION, MOLECULAR VIBRATION, EXCITATION, REACTION KINETICS, HELIUM, ARGON, XENON, NITROGEN, MOLECULAR ENERGY LEVELS, DECAY. DESCRIPTORS:

ENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFGSR2303B1, *Molecular relaxation, Rovibronic eigenstates, Singlet states, TG3(Transient Gain Spectroscopy), PTGS(Polarization Detected Transient Gain Spectroscopy). IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 067

AD-A218 067

UNCLASSIFIED

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EVJ20M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/2 7/4 AD-A218 065

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CONTINUED

FLORIDA AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL UNIV TALLAHASSEE DEPT OF PHYSICS

POLYNOMIALS, RANGE(DISTANCE), REGIONS, REPRINTS, SPHERICAL HARMONICS, TEST AND EVALUATION, MATRICES(MATHEMATICS), NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES.

The Loewdin Alpha Function and Its Application to the Multi-Center Molecular Integral Problem Over Slater-Type Orbitals.

3

EXTERNAL, INFINITE SERIES, INTERNAL, MOLECULES, NUMBERS,

Jones, Herbert W.; Weatherford, Charles PERSONAL AUTHORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR230382, *Loewdin alpha function, Multicenter molecular integrals, Slater type orbitals, STOS(Slater Type Orbitals) 3 IDENTIFIERS:

> F49620-89-C-0007 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0129

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Molecular Structure (Theochem) v199 p233-243 1989.

to molecular integrals will succeed in producing accurate and rapid evaluation of the integrals needed in STO basisradial distance. The polynomials are used to construct a C matrix with integer elements. To avoid cancellation errors in some cases, the exponentials are expanded to obtain E matrices for interior regions and F matrices for orbitals (STOs). As is well-known, any STO displaced from exterior regions. We believe that this careful approach functions can be represented as exponentials multiplied STRACT: (U) In this paper we trace the evolution of the Lowdin alpha-function method in its application to multi-center molecular integrals over Slater-type been designated as Lowdin alpha functions. These alpha set methods for quantum chemistry. Keywords: Molecular spherical harmonics; the functional coefficients have by polynomials in the displacement distance and the the origin can be expanded in an infinite series of orbitals, Reprints. (aw) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS, *INTEGRALS, *MOLECULAR ORBITALS, *QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, ACCURACY, CANCELLATION, COEFFICIENTS, DISPLACEMENT, ERRORS,

AD-A218 085

AD-A218 065

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

8/3 AD-A218 015

AD-A218 0:5

CONTINUED

PYROMETERS, RADIATION EFFECTS, SHORT WAVELENGTHS, SPACECRAFT COMPONENTS, SPECTROSCOPY, SURVIVABILITY, HIGH TEMPERATURE, TEST AND EVALUATION.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2306A2

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

OPTIMIZATION, OXIDATION RESISTANCE, PLUMES,

PROPERTIES,

LASER APPLICATIONS RESEARCH CENTER THE WOODLANDS TX

(U) Short Wavelength Laser/Materials Interactions.

Final technical rept. 1 Sep 85-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 88

ERSONAL AUTHORS: Fredin, Leif G.; Halligan, David T.; Krenek, Brendan D.; Kunz, Terry D.; Menefee, Richard F. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0365

CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

\$ TASK NO

AF0SR TR-90-0049 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

The overall objective of the program is to development of new diagnostic instrumentation and testing methods for evaluation of laser effects and high materials, with special emphasis on the phenomenology and effects, and 4) materials evaluation. The program has led to major advances in science-based understanding of temperature performance, 2) fundamental studies of laser/ applications: 1) enhancement of spacecraft survivability Pyrometry; Plume spectroscopy; Laser hardened materials; oxidation-resistant materials. Keywords: Laser effects; materials performance under extreme conditions for two wavelength laser/materials interaction phenomena and and 2) development of high and ultrahigh temperature interactions with spacecraft materials. HARC/Rice personnel have completed the following projects: 1) Laser/materials interactions; Optical properties;' materials interactions, 3) determination of short understand the nature of laser interactions with Spacecraft survivability; Ultrahigh temperature; effects associated with short wavelength laser Oxidation resistant materials; Ablation. (JHD)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *RADIATION HARDENING, *LASER TARGET INTERACTIONS, ABLATION, DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT, HIGH TEMPERATURE, INTERACTIONS, LASER BEAMS, GPTICAL DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A218 015

AD-A218 015

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M

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PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 20/3 AD-A217 988

NORTHWESTERN UNIV EVANSTON IL

High Field Superconductivity of Chervel Phase Compounds. 3

Interim rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 81

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Freeman, J.

AF0SR-81-0024 CONTRACT NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0024 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) A brief description is given on the electronic structure of complex systems and the origin of their electronically driven phase transitions. The the upper critical field H sub c2 observed when Eu is added to SnMoGS8. For example, up to an Eu concentration properties of the Chevrel phase compounds, particularly SnMo6S8 and EuMo6S8, are of great scientific and technological interest because of their unusual high magnetic field properties including the enhancement of materials with the addition of a local magnetic moment of 0.5, t sub c is hardly changed with the depression occurring abruptly only at high concentration. This behavior is contrary to observations on all other and the theory of Abrikosov and Gor'kov. (jhd) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *SUPERCONDUCTORS, *CHALCOGENS, CONCENTRATION(COMPOSITION), ELECTRONIC STATES, HIGH RATE, MAGNETIC FIELDS, MAGNETIC MOMENTS, MAGNETIC PROPERTIES, PHASE TRANSFORMATIONS, SUPERCONDUCTIVITY. DESCRIPTORS:

Chervel Phase IDENTIFIERS: (U)

11/3 20/3 AD-A217 940

ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL THOUSAND DAKS CA SCIENCE CENTER

20/8

20/12

(U) Dielectric Composite Thin Films.

Final rept. 15 Jan 88-14 Sep 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 AQN

o PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sankur, H.

SC5537.FR REPORT NO. F49620-88-C-0034 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

<u>~</u> TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0072

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

The macroscopic film properties were observed to strongly depend on composition. This is not only due to averaging' of the properties of the pure constituents in Mixed composition films are widely used in and Si-YF3, material systems were studied. The effect of composition, deposition and post-deposition treatment conditions on film properties such as intrinsic stress, moisture penetration, refractive index, optical scatter, nonlinearly with composition and cannot be predicted on the basis of the properties of the pure constituents. In microstructure dependent properties (e.g., stress) vary this study the process conditions and compositions that study addressed the composition dependent properties of these films with special emphasis on the effect of environment during film growth. In general many of the morphology and crystallization have been investigated. property relationships. One visible, Titanium dioxide-Silicon dioxide, and two potential infrared, ZnSe-SrF2 gradient index and in discrete optical coatings. This composition on the film microstructure and structuremicrostructure and low or no water content have been established in three material systems studied. (aw) microstructures engendered by the composite chemical produce films with low stress, smooth morphology the mixture but also because of unique film ABSTRACT:

AD-A217 940

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 940 CONTINUED

QESCRIPTORS: (U) *DIELECTRIC FILMS, *MICROSTRUCTURE, *OPTICAL COATINGS, *THIN FILMS, CHEMISTRY, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, CRYSTALLIZATION, DEPOSITION, GRADIENTS, GROWTH(GENERAL), HIGH DENSITY, INDEXES, INFRARED RADIATION, LIGHT SCATTERING, MOISTURE, MOISTURE CONTENT, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, MORPHOLOGY, PENETRATION, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, PURITY, REFRACTIVE INDEX, STRESSES, VISIBILITY, TITANIUM DIOXIDE, SILICON DIOXIDE, ZINC SELENIDES, STRONTIUM COMPOUNDS, FLUORIDES, SILICON, YTTERBIUM COMPOUNDS,

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2306B1, Gradient indexes.

AD-A217 922 4/1

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER

 (U) A Comparison of Two Neutral Wind Models. Affecting Ionospheric F2 Region Peak Electron Densities Near the Magnetic Equator,

ç

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Anderson, David N.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-83-0817

MONITOR: AFOSR

AF0SR TR-90-0097

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *IONOSPHERIC MODELS, ELECTRON DENSITY, F REGION, PEAK VALUES, NEUTRAL, THERMOSPHERE, WIND, DRIFT, MAGNETIC FIELDS, EQUATORIAL REGIONS, COMPARISON.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Neutral wind models, Magnetic equator.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD--A217 882

COMPUTATIONAL MECHANICS CO INC AUSTIN TX

Interaction of Hypersonic Structures Subjected to Analysis of Flow-, Thermal-, and Structural-Severe Aerodynamic Heating. É

Annual rept. no. 2 (Final), 1 Nov 88-1 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Nov 89.

88 VON

TR-89-15 REPORT NO. F49620-88-CK-0001 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

8

AF0SR TR-90-0050 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

time-dependent structural deformations, shock interaction boundary layers and shock interactions. Local error addition, implicit/explicit solution algorithms for the fluid modeling were employed which exploit the speed and simplicity of explicit methods and the stability of implicit methods. Zoning techniques for automatically selecting the implicit and explicit zones were studied central goal. The modeling of the structural problems incorporated a version of the Bodner-Partom constitutive model for time-dependent viscoplastic materials. During the course of this study this model was extended to estimates were used to evaluate the quality of the computed solutions and subsequently optimize the structure of the grids to deliver a specified level of structural and flow features such as nonelastic, large aerodynamic heating. These algorithms employ adaptive computational methods to resolve many of the complex analysis of hypersonic structures subjected to severe with optimization of the computational effort as the collection of algorithms have been developed for the accuracy with a minimum of computational effort. In include a damage parameter which was treated as an Over the past two years a unique additional internal state variable. A number of ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A217 882 validation cases were run to test the various components of the package and prepare for the experimental verification which was planned for year three. Keywords: Hypersonic flight, Viscous compressible flow. (kr)

AIRCRAFT, **STRUCTURAL RESPONSE, ACCURACY, ADAPTATION, ALGORITHMS, BOUNDARY LAYER, COLLECTION, COMPRESSIBLE FLOW, DAMAGE, DEFORMATION, ERROR ANALYSIS, ESTIMATES, FLUIDS, GRIDS, HIGH RATE, HYPERSONIC CHARACTERISTICS, HYPERSONIC FLIGHT, INTERACTIONS, INTERNAL, MODELS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, OPTIMIZATION, PARAMETERS, SHOCK, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, STRUCTURES, TIME DEPENDENCE, VALIDATION, *RESEARCH *AERODYNAMIC HEATING, $\widehat{\Xi}$ VISCOUS FLOW. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2302B1. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A217 882

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

5/1 11/2 AD-A217 881 NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES WASHINGTON DC

(U) High Technology Ceramics in Japan.

Final rept. 15 Mar 83-14 Jul 84, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

년 8

Zwilsky, PERSONAL / LITHORS:

AF0SR-1SSA-83-00049 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0145

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ceramics. Japan is widely viewed as having a significant national commitment to developing and exploiting high-technology ceramics in order to advance its domestic and international markets. This situation contrasts markedly with that in the United States, where such an intensive effort has not been mounted. This report presents the findings of a committee formed to assess the situation in regulated conditions. These properties and processes give The greatest potential for application of this technology indeed, a strong commitment in Japan to the rapid development and exploitation of high-technology ceramics. applications far beyond the capabilities of conventional Japan, with the objective of providing an understanding States would be feasible and welcome, especially in the of the possible effects on high-technology ceramics in the United States. Another important objective was to High-technology ceramics are made from extremely pure, composition-controlled, ultra-minute particles formed, sintered, and treated under closely ceramics science and technology between Japan and the United States. The committee concluded that there is, establish a basis for possible future cooperation in industries. Cooperation between Japan and the United superior performance characteristics that allow the materials to be used in a wide range of demanding appears to be in the automobile and electronics development of common standards. (kr)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *JAPAN, DOMESTIC, ELECTRONICS, INDUSTRIES, INTERNATIONAL, MARKETING, RANGE(EXTREMES), STANDARDS, UNITED STATES. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 88

12/3 AD-A217 880 INDIANA UNIV AT BLOOMINGTON DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Probabilistic Analysis of Algorithms for NP-Complete Problems.

Final rept. 30 Sep 84-29 Sep 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83

Franco, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0372 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-90-0119 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

objective was the probabilistic sense, it is easy to find describing results obtained under Air Force Office of Scientific Research grant number AFOSR-84-0372. The main a satisfying truth assignment to an instance of satisfiability but it is hard to verify that an unsatisfiable instance has a solution. A side issue was the analysis of probabilistic models used to obtain the main results. (KR) $\,$ This is the final scientific report Ĵ ABSTRACT:

*ALGORITHMS, *STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ALGORITHMS, *S MATHEMATICAL MODELS, PROBABILITY.

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2304A2 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/12 AD-A217 879

ILLINGIS UNIV AT URBANA DEPT OF PHYSICS

Development of Qualitative Theories of the Fundamental Electronic Structure of Pure and, Impure Semi conductors. 3

Rept. for 31 Mar-Jun 81, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

50 N

Kunz, A. B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-76-2989 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0048

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

sulfide. These materials have applications as phosphors (ZnS and CdS), as infrared detectors (ZnS), in photovoltaic cells (CdS-Cu2S or CdS-CdTe heterojunctions), in batteries (ZnO), as FETS (CdS), in heterojunction lasers (CdS), and even as acoustic amplifiers (CdS). (jhd) conclusions relating to chiefly photoemission type experiments and to some extent spectroscopy of pure II-VI the fundamental electronic structure of pure and, impure semiconductors.) The basic theoretical tools and also relating to adsorbates and their spectra are reported. This investigation has the purpose of performing self-consistent energy band calculations on some of the II-VI compounds, such as cadmium sulfide, zinc oxide, and zinc The past five years of this project have been devoted to (development of qualitative theories of and III-Y compounds are presented. Basic complete work ABSTRACT:

*ELECTRONIC STATES, *SEMICONDUCTORS, *ZINC OXIDES, *ZINC SULFIDES, AUDIO AMPLIFIERS, CELLS, COMPUTATIONS, CONSISTENCY, ENERGY BANDS, GROUP III COMPOUNDS, GROUP II-VI COMPOUNDS, GROUP III COMPOUNDS, GROUP III-VI COMPOUNDS, GROUP III-VI COMPOUNDS, GROUP III-VI COMPOUNDS, GROUP III-VI COMPOUNDS, INFRARED DETECTORS, SEMICONDUCTOR LASERS, PHOSPHORS, PHOTOELECTRIC EMISSION, PHOTOVOLTAIC EFFECT, PURITY, QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS, SPECTROSCOPY, THEORY *CADMIUM TELLURIDES, *CADMIUM SULFIDES, 9 DESCRIPTORS:

20/8 AD-A217 878

20/11

ĭ HOUSTON UNIV (1) Stress Field Near Crack Tip: An Experimental Evaluation of the Three Dimensional Variation.

Final rept. 1 May 87-31 Aug 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Ravi-Chandar, K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0183 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO.

TR-90-0088 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

project obtained during the two year period. A new special purpose laboratory equipment called the Scattered digitizing frame grabber and image processing software. The systems have all been assembled and tested for proper specimen, optical alignment devices for precise positioning of the specimen with respect to the incident This report summarizes the results on the interpretation procedures. Results have been obtained on rounded notch and a crack. Significant differences have been demonstrated between the two and three dimensional Polariscope system consists of a device for loading the Light Polariscope has been designed and constructed. the nature of the stress variation near the tip of operation. Certain limitations of the current photoelastic equations were performed. Calibration stress fields. Keywords: Fracture, Scattered light experiments have been performed to determine the light and an imaging system with a video camera. reliability of the technique as well as the dat photoelasticity, Three dimensional problems. ABSTRACT: project

PROGRAMS, DATA PROCESSING, EQUATIONS, IMAGE PROCESSING, IMAGES, LIGHT SCATTERING, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, SCRIPTORS: (U) *POLARISCOPES, *STRESS ANALYSIS, *CRACKS, ALIGNMENT, CALIBRATION, CAMERAS, COMPUTER PHOTOELASTICITY, POSITION(LOCATION), PRECISION DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 878

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

RELIABILITY, STRESSES, TEST AND EVALUATION, THREE DIMENSIONAL, VARIATIONS, VIDEO SIGNALS. CONTINUED AD-A217 878

3 PE61102F, WUAFOSR230282, *Stress Fields, 3 IDENTIFIERS: *Crack Tip.

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 19/5 22/1 AD-A217 877

AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

Aiming Control: Theory and Applications to Dynamic Control of Space Structures.

Annual rept. 1 Aug 88-31 Jul 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JUL 89

Meerkov, Semyon M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-87-C-0079 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0035

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

problem of residence probability control has been investigated and its relation to the problem of residence time control has been analyzed. Keywords: Aiming control; aiming of dynamical systems with random perturbations and application of these bounds to control of space structures. To this end, during the second year of the fundamental bounds on the maximal achievable precision of project the following results have been obtained: it has been shown that linear systems with small additive noise STRACT: (U) This report summarizes the results obtained during the second year of the project. The goal of the project as a whole is the investigation of dynamical system than the input noise. In addition, the measurements noise is present, the maximal achievable precision of aiming is bounded, even if the conditions mentioned above are satisfied; thus, the measurement noise has a more severe effect on the pointability of can be pointed with any desired accuracy by output feedback if and only if the system is invertable and Large deviations theory; Residence time; Pointing minimum phase in an approximate sense; when the processes. (jhd) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *AIMING, *MILITARY SATELLITES, ACCURACY CONTROL, DYNAMICS, FEEDBACK, HIGH RATE, INPUT, INTENSITY,

AD-A217 877

UNCLASSIFIED

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 877 CONTINUED

AD-A217 863 7/2 7/3

LINEAR SYSTEMS, MEASUREMENT, NOISE, OUTPUT, PERTURBATIONS, PRECISION, PROBABILITY, THEORY, TIME.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A1.

GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

7/4

(U) International Conference on Organometallic Chemistry(11th) Held in Pine Mountain, Georgia on 13 October1983 (Pure and Applied Chemistry). Volume 56. Number 1.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 dun 83-31 May 84,

JAN 84

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ashby, F. C.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-83-0160

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0045

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Partial contents: Some aspects of the chemistry of alloy and hydride derivatives of permethylscandorene; Mechanistic and synthetic aspects of organometallic oxidative additions; 11th International conference on organometallic chemistry. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMISTRY, *ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, ADDITION, ALLOYS, INTERNATIONAL, MOUNTAINS, OXIDATION, PURITY, SYMPOSIA.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR23038?, PE61102F.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

differentiating different proposed models of the Si(111)-(7x7) reconstruction. Keywords: Diffusion coefficient,

CONTINUED

AD-A217 859

AD-A217 859

STILLWATER DEPT OF CHEMISTRY OKLAHOMA STATE UNIV

Variational Phase-Space Theory Studies of Silicon-Atom Diffusion on Reconstructed Si(111)-(7x7) Surfaces, E

Agrawal, Paras M.; Thompson, Donald L., PERSONAL AUTHORS: Raff. Lionel M.

AF0SR-89-0085 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B3, Jump Frequency

3

IDENTIFIERS:

CHEMISTRY, ACTIVATION ENERGY, ADSORPTION, CORRECTIONS, DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT, FREQUENCY, FUNCTIONS, RANDOM WALK, RANGE(DISTANCE), RATES, REPRINTS, SAMPLING, SENSITIVITY, SITES, TRAJECTORIES, CRYSTALS, POTENTIAL ENERGY, CRYSTAL LATTICES, MODELS, MARKOV PROCESSES.

*DIFFUSION, *SILICON, *ATOMS,

3

DESCRIPTORS:

Reprints. (aw)

83 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0131

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. Chemical Physics, v91 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. ir n10 p8483-8471, 15 Nov 89.

investigated using variational phase-space theory methods frequencies. The minimum jump frequencies so obtained are corrected for recrossings of the dividing surface by the the geometry of the (7x7) reconstruction so that careful measurements of diffusion rates and associated activation minimized with respect to the parameters of the dividing surface to obtain the best estimate of the classical jump with a previously described potential energy surface. A four-layer lattice model of the Binnig et al. (7x7) reconstruction containing 291 atoms is employed for the surface. Canonical Markov walks with importance sampling incorporated are used to evaluate the flux across both The dynamics of silicon-atom diffusion on right-circular and right-elliptical cylindrical dividing suggest that diffusion rates are a sensitive function of calculation of trajectories that start from phase-space corrected jump frequencies are then used as input to a set of 225 differential equations that describe the diffusion rates across the (7x7) surface. The results a reconstructed Silicon(111)-(7x7) surface have been points obtained in the random walk that lie within a surfaces separating adsorption sites. This flux is specified distance w of the dividing surface. The energies may be able to serve as a means of S ABSTRACT:

AD-A217 859

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/2 7/3 AD-A217 858

MOSCOW DEPT OF CHEMISTRY IDAHO UNIV 5-(Perfluoroalkyl) Tetrazoles: Eta(5) Ligands in Solution and mu-2,3-eta(2) Ligands in Solid Complexes, ŝ

ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, Tetrazole/
Sodium-5-((Difluoroamino)Difluoromethyl), Tetrazole/
Sodium-5-(Trifluoromethyl), Bromide/

IDENTIFIERS:

Pentacarbony Imanganese.

RADICALS, SOLUTIONS(MIXTURES), CARBONYL COMPOUNDS, MANGANESE COMPOUNDS, BROMIDES.

CONTINUED

AD-A217 858

PERSONAL AUTHORS: John, Earnest O.; Willett, Roger D.; Scott, Brian; Kirchmeier, Robert L.; Shreeve, Jeanne M.

AFOSR-87-0067, \$NSF-CHE84-04974 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFDSR TR-90-0133

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Inorganic Chemistry, v28 p893-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: 897 1989

NF2 molety may be useful as oxidizers when combined chemically with fuels such as anhydrous hydrazine. Highly fluorinated nitrogen compounds that contain the -NF2, -NC12, -NFG1, and -N=N- functionalities are very reactive synthetic reagents and are potentially explosive NF2CF2CN (1), to give sodium 5-((difluoroamino) difluoromethyl)tetrazolate (2) in a reaction analogous to that with Trifluoroacetonitrile where the previously Tetrazoles and their salts containing the formed. Reactions of 2 and 3 with pentacarbonyimanganese complexes, and CF3CNNNNNN (CD)3 in solution. Sodium azide materials. In this paper, we report the synthesis of sodium 5-((difluoroamino)difluoromethyl)tetrazolate, sodium 5-(trifluoromethyl)tetrazolate, and their eta 5 was reacted with (difluoroamino)difluoroacetonitrile, known sodium 5-(trifluoromethyl)tetrazolate (3) was bromide give the compounds R(f) CNNNNNN (CO)3(R(f) = NF2CF2CF3). Reprints. (aW) $\widehat{\Xi}$ ABSTRACT:

*LIGANDS, *SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), CHEMICAL AGENTS, EXPLOSIVES, FLUORINATION, FUELS, HYDRAZINES, NITROGEN COMPOUNDS, OXIDIZERS, REACTIVITIES, REPRINTS, SODIUM AZIDES, SOLIDS, COMPLEX COMPOUNDS, AMINES, METHYL *TETRAZOLES, *SODIUM COMPOUNDS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 858

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UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 21/4 20/4 AD-A217 857

NIELSEN ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH INC MOUNTAIN VIEW CA

Simulation of Fundamental Atomization Mechanisms in Fuel Sprays, E

Childs, Robert E.; Mansour, Nagi M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

JETS, ACCURACY, ALGORITHMS, ANNULAR FLOW, BOUNDARY LAYER, COMPUTATIONS, DENSITY, DROPS, FLUID DYNAMICS, GASES, GROWTH(GENERAL), INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW, INTERFACES.
INTERFACIAL TENSION, JET FLOW, LIQUIDS, LOW VELOCITY, NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, PRESSURE, RATES, REPRINTS, SHORT WAVELENGTHS, SIMULATION, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), STABILITY, SURFACE PROPERTIES, SYMMETRY, VARIATIONS.

DENTIFIERS: (U) Swirling flow, Computational fluid dynamics, Instability, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A2.

IDENTIFIERS:

*ATOMIZATION, *FUEL SPRAYS, *LIQUID

E

DESCRIPTORS:

Computational fluid dynamics; Reprints. (edc)

CONTINUED

AD-A217 857

NEAR-244 REPORT NO. F49620-86-C-0062 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

\$ TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0130 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Unl. Propulsion and Power, v5 nd p841-849, Nov-Dec 89. Prepared in cooperation with Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, 3A. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

interface in the initial region of fuel sprays is studied by means of numerical simulations. Boundary layers on the reduces the growth rate of short wave length disturbances Boundary layer effects may be significantly more important than surface tension effects in determining the reported for a pressure atomized spray. For an annular spray, boundary layer effects increase the growth rate of iquid jets are shown to affect the growth rate of wind-Growth of instabilities on the liquid/gas which are obtained with a new algorithm. The accuracy of variable-density incompressible Navier-Stokes equations the simulation method is demonstrated by comparisons of induced instabilities. In a pressure atomized spray, a low speed boundary layer at the edge of the liquid jet mechanism which may account for the rapid atomization Squire's 'symmetric' mode, which directly causes jet simulations yield a good estimate for the drop size simulations are based on numerical solutions of the initial drop size, in some operating regimes. The breakup. This result demonstrates an instability that can occur in pressure-swirl atomizers. The analytical and computational results. Keywords: 3 ABSTRACT:

AD-A217 857

AD-A217 857

PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/3 AD-A217 856 MOSCOW DEPT OF CHEMISTRY IDAHO UNIV Synthesis of (Sulfodifluoromethyl)phosphonic Acid, €

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Burton, Donald J.; Modak, Anil S.; Guneratne, Ranil; Su, Debao; Cen, Wenbiao

AFOSR-87-0067, \$NSF-CHE87-03790 CONTRACT NO.

2333 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. AFOSR **HONITOR**:

TR-90-0132

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. American Chemical Society, v3 n5 p1773-1776 1989.

synthesized via oxidation of the corresponding sulfinate salt, (C2H50)2P(0)CF2S03Na. The sulfinate salt was prepared from (C2H50)2P(0)CF2X (X = Br, I) and (C2H50) 2P(0)CF2S022Cd precursors. Keywords: Phosphonic-sulfonic acid, Sulfinates, Sulfonyl halide, acid resin, Sulfonate STRACT: (U) The compound (Sulfodifluoromethyl) phosphonic acid, (HO)2P(O)CF2SO3H, has been synthesized for the first time. This mixed phosphonic-sulfonic acid was prepared from (C2H50)2P(0)CF2S03Na, which had been sodium dithionite, Cadmium sulfinates. Reprints. (aw) ABSTRACT:

:SCRIPTORS: (U) *PHOSPHONIC ACIDS, *SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY)
, *SULFUR, *FLUORINE, *METHYL RADICALS, CADMIUM,
OXIDATION, POLYMERS, REPRINTS, SULFINATES, SULFONIC ACIDS, CALCIUM COMPOUNDS DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, *Sulfodifluoromethyl Phosphonic Acid IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 843

VANDERBILT UNIV NASHVILLE TN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Quantum-Theoretical Methods and Studies Relating to Properties of Materials.

Final rept. 1 Jun 86-30 Jun 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 89

Ewig, Cari PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0146 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

TR-90-0126 AFOSR MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

This research concerned the development of and computational techniques for studying molecular properties related to those of advanced materials. Extensive computations were performed to demonstrate the new ab initio nonempirical quantum-theoretical methods quality of the theoretically predicted results. These techniques were employed to study in detail several spectra, and related properties. Keywords: Ab inition Quantum theory; Molecular spectra; Properties of specific molecular species, focussing on those with unusual and potentially useful energies, structures, materials; Computational chemistry. (jhd) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY, *QUANTUM THEORY, CHEMISTRY, COMPUTATIONS, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES DESCRIPTORS: MOLECULES Ab initio calculations, Computational Ê IDENTIFIERS: chemistry

AD-A217 856

AD-A217 843

PAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A217 836 20/5 21/2 19/9 AD-A217 842

IDANNINA UNIV (GREECE

Study Institute Fast Reactions in Energetic Systems. (U) NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization) Advanced

Final rept. 6-9 Jul 80, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

80 ₹

Capellos, C PERSONAL AUTHORS:

MIPR-80-00036 CONTRACT NO.

2808 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-90-0168 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

spectroscopies electronically excited states, Fast ionic reactions in solution, Vibrationally excited states, and fast free radical reactions); Self-sustained fast topics are provided: Fast reactions and energy transfer processes in combustion/flame chemistry, Coherent Antikinetics. Keywords: Shock waves; Ionization/excitation. systems, Gasdynamics of fast reactions, and Detonation processes -- Advanced diagnostics (Theory of reaction energy exchange in molecules and in condensed phases, Fast reactions in dispersed heterogeneous energetic Abstracts of papers on the following Stokes Raman scattering, Electronic and vibrational reactions in energetic systems -- Fast molecular kinetics, Time resolved absorption and emission ABSTRACT: (U)

*FLAMES, *GAS DYNAMICS, ABSORPTION, ABSTRACTS, CHEMISTRY COHERENT SCATTERING, COMBUSTION, CONDENSATION, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), DISPERSING, ELECTRON ENERGY, ENERGY TRANSFER, EXCITATION, FREE RADICALS, HETEROGENEITY, IONIZATION, KINETICS, LIGHT SCATTERING, MOLECULES, NATO, PHASE, QUICK REACTION, RAMAN SPECTRA, REACTION KINETICS, SELF OPERATION, SHOCK WAVES, SOLUTIONS(MIXTURES), *DETONATIONS, *ENERGETIC PROPERTIES, EMISSION SPECTROSCOPY, STOKES RADIATION, THEORY, 3 DESCRIPTORS: VIBRATION

20/12 7,4 FLORIDA UNIV GAINESVILLE QUANTUM THEORY PROJECT

20/5

International Symposium on Quantum Chemistry, Solid-Quantum Chemistry Symposium Number 23: Proceedings of the Sate Theory, and Molecular Dynamics Held in St. International Journal of Quantum Chemistry. Augustine, Florida on 1-8 April 1989.

765P APR 89 Calais, Jean L.; Dehrn, N. Y. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

N00014-89-I-1242, \$AF0SR-89-0280 CONTRACT NO.

TR-90-0286 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 605 Third Ave., Now York, NY 10158. PC \$99.95. No copies furnished by DIIC/NIIS.

Electronic Structure Methods was held in memory of Andrew C. Hurley. The papers presented in the plenary sessions Chemistry, and several areas in Condensed Matter Physics Professor Kohn delivered a lecture on Density Functional Dynamics and Reactive Scattering, Molecular Graphics of Very Larye Molecules. The 25th anniversary of the celebrated Hohenberg-Kohn theore i in density functional theory was a valid reason for sessions on Density Theory of Superconductivity. A special session on Novel provided a compact 8-day schedule with an integrated program of quantum biology, quantum chemistry, and condensed matter physics. The topics covered in the 11 Novel Electronic Structure Methods, Quantum Molecular on quantum biology and associated poster sessions are matter physics included Energy Deposition Processes, plenary sessions on quantum chemistry and condensed published in a separate volume of the International Functional Theory and its application to Inorganic The format of this year's symposia Journal of Quantum Chemistry. (aw) ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, *SOLID STATE PHYSICS, DENSITY, DEPOSITION, DYNAMICS, ELECTRONICS. ENERGY, GRAPHICS, INORGANIC CHEMISTRY, INTEGRATED SYSTEMS. INTERNATIONAL, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A217 836

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 836

MOLECULES, QUANTUM THEORY, REACTIVITIES, SCATTERING SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, SYMPOSIA, THEORY.

DENTIFIERS: (U) Quantum biology, Condensed matter physics, Quantum molecular dynamics, Molecular graphics. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A217 827

11/4

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE TECHNOLOGY LAB FOR ADVANCED COMPOSITES

(U) Fracture and Longevity of Composite Structures.

Final rept. 15 Jun 85-14 Jun 87, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JUN 88

Lagace, Paul A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

TELAC-88-14 REPORT NO. AF0SR-85-0206 CONTRACT NO.

2302 PROJECT NO.

B2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0082 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The results of several investigations into the fracture and longevity of composite structures are Interlaminar stresses which arise in gradient fields can partially provided. This latter objective does not imply the establishment of the data base within the scope of this effort. Rather, through both analysis and directed reported on the initiation of delamination under tensile identified and studied in order to gain an understanding reported. During this year, the work has concentrated on the phenomena of delamination and final failure. Work is delamination and the final failure of the specimen under tensile load is also reported. The primary objective of of the fundamental fracture and damage mechanisms of composites so that proper engineering data bases and methodologies can be established. Delamination plays an important role in the failure of composite structures. understanding of the fundamental mechanisms involved in the failure of filamentary composite materials so that the methodologies for predicting fracture and ingevity can be developed and enhanced In addition, via this research, needed data bases can be identified and experimentation, the critical parameters can be and compressive loading. Work on the growth of this ongoing research continues to be to gain ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A217 827

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 827

trigger the failure of the interply resin layer. (KR)

**SCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPOSITE STRUCTURES, *LONG LIFE, *FRACTURE(MECHANICS), COMPOSITE MATERIALS, COMPRESSIVE PROPERTIES, DAMAGE, DATA BASES, ENGINEERING, FAILURE, FILAMENTS, GRADIENTS, LAMINATES, LOADS(FORCES), PARAMETERS, STRESSES, TENSILE PROPERTIES. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2302B2 Ē IDENTIFIERS:

12/7 AD-A217 810 NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIV AT RALEIGH

(DURIP) Two-Processor Alliant FX/4 System. 9 Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 Z V V Ë Kelly, C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0124 CONTRACT NO.

3842 PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0075 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

at NOrth Carolina State University under AFOSR sponsorship by C.T. Kelley, R.J. Plemmons, M Shearer, and least squared problems, partial differential equations, integral equations, parameter identification problems, and signal processing that is currently being carried out ISTRACT: (U) This proposal requested a two-processor Alliant FX/4 system with disk drives, tape backup, operator's console, and local line printer. This computer offers vector processing capability, a high-speed cache memory, and a shared memory multiprocessing architecture. When the project was funded, Alliant was willing to sell S.J. Wright. The equipment is being used for design and testing of algorithms that take advantage of multiprocessing and vector architectures for large scale supports research in control and optimization, nonlinear students, and as a high-speed computing resource for problems, such as partial differential equations and large scale optimization problems that are too large to a two-processor FX/40 for the same amount. This system fit on th other local facilities presently available. Keywords: Compilation of research signal processing: Computer systems analysis; Integral/ partial/ least problems in these areas, for training of graduate squares problems; Control bad optimization (EMK) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *MULTIPROCESSORS, ALGORITHMS, ARCHITECTURE, COMFUTER APPLICATIONS, COMPUTERS, DISKS. DESCRIPTORS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M UTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 810

DRIVES, FACILITIES, HIGH RATE, IDENTIFICATION, INTEGRAL EQUATIONS, MEMORY DEVICES, NORTH CAROLINA, OPTIMIZATION, PARAMETERS, PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, PRINTERS(DATA PROCESSING), PROBLEM SOLVING, PROCESSING, RESOURCES, SIGNAL PROCESSING, STUDENTS, TIME SHARING, TRAINING, VECTOR ANALYSIS.

WUAFOSR3842A5, PE61104D 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 809

6/4

8/8

PRINCETON UNIV NO

Bioreactivity: Studies on a Simple Brain Stem Reflex in Behaving Animals.

Annual technical rept. 1 Jun 88-31 May DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

Jacobs, Barry L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0301 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFDSR TR-90-0060

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

understand complex physiological processes, such as brain arousal, is finding a simple system that will permit such analyses. The brain stem masseteric (jaw closure) reflex neuromodulation, or complex behavioral processes, such as response. More importantly, physiologic conditions, known to activate the brain norepinephrine system, also facilitated the response. This latter finding was shown definitive example of an activational effect in an intact and behaving organisms being attributable to a particular one synapse in brain, and receives dense inputs from two central neurotransmitter acting at a specific brain site in cats is such a system. It is simple, containing only to be causal, rather than correlative, by a study which destruction of the norepinephrine input specifically to neurochemical systems important in neuromodulation and found that the facilitation could be blocked by prior locally applied norepinephrine facilitated the reflex the reflex circuitry. These data represent the first arousal. Initial pharmacologic studies showed that A major problem in attempting to

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *BEHAVIOR, *NOREPINEPHRINE, +VASOMOTOR REFLEXES, ANIMALS, BRAIN, CATS, CIRCUITS, CLOSURES, INPUT, MOUTH, NERVE TRANSMISSION, NEUROCHEMISTRY, PHARMACOLOGY. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A217 809

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 809 CONTINUED

PHYSIOLOGY, REFLEXES, RESPONSE, SITES, SYNAPSE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F WUAFOSR2312A2.

AD-A217 808 12/9 5/8

MARYLAND UNIV BALTIMORE

(U) A Locally Constrained Parallel Activation Model for Diagnostic Reasoning.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 17 Aug 87-16 Aug 89,

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ahuja, Sanjeev B.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0335

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0076

UNCLASSIFIED REFORT

ABSTRACT: (U) A general purpose competition-based parallel activation paradigm for diagnostic reasoning has been formulated. To facilitate the task of formulating and testing this paradigm, a parallel activation model generator had also to be developed. Using the network specification language provided by this generator, a knowledge base for diagnosing faults in a prototype chemical processing plant was built to test the viability of the proposed approach as a practical diagnostic paradigm. Diagnosis of failures in process plants has been attempted in the past using conventional AI methodologies, which have raised several practical issues which need to be resolved before a viable automated tool can be built. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTER AIDED DIAGNOSIS, *ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, *PRODUCTION ENGINEERING, ACTIVATION, AUTOMATION, CHEMICAL INDUSTRY, GENERATORS, INDUSTRIAL PLANTS, MODELS, NETWORKS, PARALLEL ORIENTATION. PROCESSING, PROTOTYPES, REASONING, SPECIFICATIONS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A7.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 804 9/3 7/5

MATERIALS RESEARCH SOCIETY PITTSBURGH PA

(U) Laser- and Particle-Beam Chemical Processes on Surfaces. Volume 129.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Nov 88-14 May 90,

DEC 89 680P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Johnson, A. W.; Loper, Gary L.; Sigmon,

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0142

PROJECT NO. 2301, 2306

TASK NO. A1, B1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0113

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Materials Research Society, 9800 McKnight Rd., Pittsburgh, PA 15237. HC \$49.00. No copies furnished by DTIC/NTIS.

ABSTRACT: (U) The Materials Research Society held their symposium 'Laser & Particle-Beam Chemical Processes on Surfaces' in Boston, Massachusetts on November 28 - December 3, 1988. Parts I thru X of this report discuss the following research topics: Overview of Laser- and Beam-Induced Surface Processes; Laser-Induced Deposition of Metal Films; Laser-Induced Writing of Metal Lines; Laser-Induced Chemical Etching: Laser-Induced Chemical Etching: Laser-Induced Surface Modification; Ion-, Electron-, and Plasma-Assisted Chemistry; and Integrated Circuits Fabricated Technology. (UG)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *LASERS, ABLATION, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHEMICALS, DEPOSITION, ETCHING, LASER DAMAGE, MASSACHUSETTS, MATERIALS, METAL FILMS, MODIFICATION, PARTICLE BEAMS, SEMICONDUCTORS, SOCIETIES, SURFACES, WRITING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2301A1, WUAFORS2306B1.

AD-A217 804

AD-A217 803 6/4

NEW YORK ACADEMY OF SCIENCES NY

(U) Vestibular and Oculomotor Physiology: International Meeting of the Barany Society. Volume 374. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences,

NOV 81 907P

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Cohen, Bernard

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-80-0277

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0052

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: New York Academy of Sciences, 2 East 63rd St., New York, NY 10021. PC \$177.00. No copies furnished by DTIC/NTIS.

movements and body postural responses. One of the most fascinating developments has been the discovery that many neurons in the central vestibular system fire in relation years toward understanding how the central nervous system sustaining ocular nystagmus and the sense of movement. Of these extralabyrinthine inputs, that from the visual system is one of the strongest. Most cells in the rostral medial vestibular nucleus of the alert monkey can be interactions, Central vestibular and oculomotor disorders of the vestibulo-ocular reflex so that it more faithfully Graviception, Full field motion, Visual spinal vestibular of central vestibular neurons are neural networks that superpose the inputs from various sensory systems, store activity, and feed it back to alter the characteristics activated by visual stimulation. Adding to the activity compensates for head movement. As a result, activity of processes visual and vestibular signals to produce eye frequencies is much different than the firing rates of vestibular nuclei neurons during head rotation at low Rapid progress has been made in recent sensory input that would be utilized in initiating or to the velocity of head movement, and respond to any receptor cells in the semicircular canals. Keywords: 3

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, *OCULOMOTOR NERVE, ACTIVATION, CELLS, EYE MOVEMENTS, FIRES,

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DIIC REFORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 803

7/2 AD-A217 800

20/2

FIRING RATES, HEAD(ANATOMY), HUMAN BODY, INPUT. LOW FREQUENCY, MOTION, NERVE CELLS, NEURAL NETS, NUCLEI, NYSTAGMUS, OPTICAL IMAGES, POSTURE(GENERAL), RESPONSE(BIOLOGY), ROTATION, SEMICIRCULAR CANALS, SENSE ORGANS, SENSES(PHYSIOLOGY), STIMULATION(GENERAL),

*Vestibular nerve.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

VESTIBULAR APPARATUS.

(U) Gas-Phase Molecular Structure of Chromium 0xytetrafluoride, Cr0F(4). MOSCOM IDAHO UNIV

Journal article, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88

RSONAL AUTHORS: Huang, Jinfan; Hedberg, Kenneth; Streeve, Jean ne M.; Mallela, S. P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-87-0067, \$NSF-CHE84-11165 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

B2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0134 AFOSR MONI TOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Inorganic Chemistry, v27 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p4633-4635 1988. STRACT: (U) An electron-diffraction study of gaseous Chromium Oxytetrafluoride at 42-45 C has been carried out. models; the approximate quadratic force field required by this approach was adjusted to fit the observed IR frequencies and estimated for the unobserved Raman-active modes. The diffraction data are consistent with a molecule of C(4v) symmetry, but small deviations from The structure analysis was based on r(alpha) distance that symmetry cannot be ruled out. The structure is compared with those of other group 6 five-coordinate molecules. Keywords: Gas phase electron diffraction. Molecular structure, Reprints. (jg)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, DIFFRACTION, ELECTRON DIFFRACTION, REPRINTS, STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS, DESCRIPTORS: (U) VAPOR PHASES PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2; *Chromium Oxytetrafluoride Ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

UNCLASSIFIED

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM

AD-A217 796 21/2

AD-A217 796 CONTINUED

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A2.

Ē

IDENTIFIERS:

CALIFORNIA UNIV DAVIS

(U) Aerodynamic and Kinetic Processes in Flames.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Mar 85-28 Feb 89,

SEP 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tishkoff, Julian; Law, Chung K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-85-0147

PROJECT NO. 2308

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0087 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) An extensive experimental, numerical and analytical study of the dynamics and chemical kinetics of flames was conducted. Specific phenomena investigated included an asymptotic simulation of hydrocarbon oxidation kinetics, an analysis of nonadiabatic flame propagation in dissociation equilibrium, a 3-step modeling of diffusion flames, detailed experimental and numerical determination of the laminar flame speeds of methane/air mixtures, experimental and analytical quantification of the propagation, extinction and interaction of the structure and propagation of the structure and propagation of the structure and propagation of the furbulent premixed flames in stagnation flow, and the diffusion, and aerodynamic straining on soot formation in diffusion flames. A total of fourteen journal publications resulted from the present program. Keywords: Flame dynamics; Flame kinetics; Turbulent flames; Soot formation; Methane air combustion. (edc)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FLAME PROPAGATION, *FLAMES, ADDITION.
AERODYNAMICS, AIR, COMBUSTION, DIFFUSION, DILUTION,
DISSOCIATION, DYNAMICS, CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM, EXTINCTION,
FLOW, HYDROCARBONS, INERT MATERIALS, INTERACTIONS,
KINETICS, LAMINAR FLOW, METHANE, MIXING, MIXTURES,
NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, OXIDATION, REACTION KINETICS, SOOT,
STAGNATION, TURBULENCE, VELOCITY.

AD-A217 796

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A217 788

BATTELLE COLUMBUS DIV WASHINGTON DC

(U) Three-Dimensional Photochemical Machining with Lasers.

(U) Control Theory and Partial Differential Equations.

BALTIMORE

MARYLAND UNIV

AD-A217 787

Progress rept. Jun 82-Dec 83

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Seidman, Thomas I.

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

DEC 83

AF0SR-82-027

CONTRACT NO.

TR-90-0027

AFOSR

MONITOR:

Quarterly research and development 5, 1 Aug 83-31 Oct 83 status rept. no DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 83

Schwerzel, Robert E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-82-C-0077 CONTRACT NO.

MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0026

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

supported under this grant from its inception (June, 1982)
to the present. Keywords: One-phase Stefan problem;
Harmonic analysis; Average power boundedness: Maps; Semiconductor device; Quasi-deterministic switching rules

SCRIPTORS: (U) *CONTROL THEORY, *PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, HARMONIC ANALYSIS, SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES.

(e.g., a thermostat). (KR)

DESCRIPTORS:

This document describes research activity

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

characterize the brominated protoporphyrin photoinitiator system we discovered during the second quarter's research (b) continuing our search for other candidate materials as with a two-component photoinitiator system consisting of tetraphenylporphyrin and naphthalene sulfonyl chloride. Our research efforts during this reporting period have focused on (a) continuing to investigate and which offer the promise of providing selective photopolymerization when irradiated simultaneously with two laser beams of different colors, but of being inert to the presence of either beam alone, and (c) conducting crosslink readily. In particular, we have been studying the behavior of our porphyrin initiators and sensitizers our novel brominated prophyrin photoinitiators, as well photoinitiator molecules in a different monomer system in the monomer, trimethylolpropanetriacrylate (TMPTA). efficiently upon two-beam irradiation using several of which has been selected because of its ability to This polymer system crosslinks and hardens very a detailed study of several porphyrin-based

COLORS, CROSSLINKING(CHEMISTRY), EXPLOSIVES INITIATORS, IRRADIATION, LASER BEAMS, LASERS, MACHINING, NAPHTHALENES, PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, PORPHYRINS, SULFONYL HALIDES, *MONOMERS, BEAMS(RADIATION), CHLORIDES, THREE DIMENSIONAL DESCRIPTORS:

ARPA Order-4522 3 **CDENTIFIERS**:

AD-A217 788

AD-A217 787

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M -

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 786 9/1

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE RESEARCH LAB OF

ELECTRONICS
(U) The Design of High-Performance Circuits for Digital Signal Processing.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 May 86-31 May 89,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Allen, Jonathan

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0164

PROJECT NO. 2305

TASK NO. B3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0012

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

this contract in perspective, we start by describing the view of integrated circuit design that motivates our work. Our goal is to provide CAD design tools that enable the production of high-performance chips quickly, correctly, and economically, with particular emphasis on digital signal processing. It is the high-performance aspect of the design that has been our particular emphasis. We consider performance to have two aspects. Aspects of performance associated with circuit style and technology are extremely important, since there is continuing improvement in integrated circuit technology, and also because of the constant invention of new circuit forms that provide for faster performance without excessive demands on power. An additional goal at the circuit and layout level is the minimization of area, since this leads to small circuits with minimum length interconnect. In additional to circuit-oriented performance, however, there is also another aspect of performance that we call architectural performance. By this factor, we refer to the parallelism that is contained in a variety of different algorithms. Parallelism can be exploited through the use of pipelining, multiprocessing, and a variety of other architectural schemes. Since the emphasis in this contract is on digital signal processing

AD-A217 786 CONTINUED

algorithms, architectural performance is particularly important, since many digital signal processing algorithms have a very large amount of inherent parallelism. In this contract, we have performed explicit studies which show the interaction between circuit technology and architectural parallelism. (rh)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *SIGNAL PROCESSING, ALGORITHMS.
ARCHITECTURE, CHIPS(ELECTRONICS), CIRCUITS, DIGITAL
SYSTEMS, EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN, INTEGRATED CIRCUITS,
INVENTIONS, MULTIPROCESSORS, PERFORMANCE(ENGINEERING),
PRODUCTION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2305B3

AD-A217 786

AD-A217 786

UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

1/3 20/4 AD-A217 785 COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING SCIENCES

Unsteady Flow Separation and Attachment Induced by Pitching Airfoils 3

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Robinson, Michael C.; Luttges, Marvin W.

AF0SR-81-0057 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0028

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

development at both leading and trailing edges to reduced STRACT: (U) The dynamics of induced, separated vortices generated from sinusoidal airfoil oscillations were examined across a range of unsteady flow parameters. Leading edge vortical initiation, development, and interaction with trailing edge vorticity were summarized via stroboscopic flow visualization and hotwire anemometry. Results indicate the sensitivity of vortical frequency parameter and magnitude of oscillation angle. flow attachment was evident in the absence of the large dramatic interactions of leading and trailing edge vorticity. At diminished oscillation angles, separated induced vortical structures characteristic of large Certain optimal parametric conditions resulted in oscillation amplitudes. (sdw) ABSTRACT:

*SCRIPTORS: (U) *FLOW SEPARATION, *PITCH(MOTION),
*UNSTEADY FLOW, AIRFOILS, AMPLITUDE, ANGLES, ATTACHMENT,
DYNAMICS, FREQUENCY, HOT WIRE ANEMOMETERS, LEADING EDGES,
OPTIMIZATION, OSCILLATION, PARAMETERS, PARAMETRIC
ANALYSIS, REDUCTION, SENSITIVITY, SEPARATION, STRUCTURES,
TRAILING EDGES, VORTICES. DESCRIPTORS:

6/5 6/11 AD-A217 783

OHIO STATE UNIV RESEARCH FOUNDATION COLUMBUS

Mechanisms of Chemical Modulation and Toxicity of the Immune System. 3

Final rept. 15 Apr 86-14 Oct 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tarr, Melinda J.

\$AF0SR-86-0129 REPORT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-90-0086 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

other effect of UDMH is suppression of interleukin 1 (IL1) activity by interfering with IL1 receptor expression. We as interference with chemiluminescence and prostaglandin F2 production). Other mechanisms for the immunomodulatory effects of UDMH which were ruled out include: 1.) UDMH as well are still investigating the effects on lymphocyte membrane potential and on the production and activity of on delineating the mechanisms of UDMH-induced immunomodulation. Actions of UDMH which could correlate suppression of IL2 receptor expression; 2.) Nonspecific hydrogen peroxide, a 'normal' endogenous immunosuppressant; 2.) UDMH does not alter the absolute or relative numbers of the T-lymphocyte subsets L3T4 research with 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) have focused lymphocytes; 3.) Interference with activated macrophage stimulation of intracellular ionized calcium levels in The final three and a half years of our (helper cells), Lyt-2 (suppressor/cytotoxic cells), or Thy1.2 (all T cells); 3.) Ia antigen (immune response antigen) expression is also not affected by UDMH. One does not interfere with the production or activity of Interference with interleukin 2 (IL2) activity by suppressive effects (as evidenced by reversal of Corynbacterium parvum-induced immunosuppression, with its immunoenhancement effects include: 1.) Soluble Immune Response Suppressor (SIRS). Ê ABSTRACT:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 783

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *IMMUNITY, *TOXICITY, ACTIVATION, ANTIGENS, CALCIUM, CELLS, CELLS(BIOLOGY), CHEMICALS, CHEMILUMINESCENCE, CYTOTOXIN, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, IONIZATION, LYMPHOCYTES, MEMBRANES, MODULATION, NUMBFRS, PHAGOCYTES, PRODUCTION, RESPONSE(BIOLOGY), RETICULOENDOTHELIAL SYSTEM, SOLUBILITY, STIMULATION(GENERAL), SUPPRESSION, SUPPRESSORS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5 *T Lymphocytes. DENTIFIERS: (U)

20/2 AD-A217 778 JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Theoretical Studies of Spin-Forbidden Processes within the Breit-Pauli Approximation. $\widehat{\mathbf{s}}$

Final rept. 1 Jul 86-31 Oct DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

Yarkony, David R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0110 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0081 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

state (HeH)+ to H-; (ii) a study of the spin-forbidden decay mechanism of the model azide system N3H(1A') yields N2(1 Sigma (+) sub g) + NH(\times 3Sigma(-)) and finally a study of the decay pathways for the metastable excited state of the helium atom, He(23S), resulting from structure aspects of radiative and radiationless decay processes related to the stability and formation of high the possible stability of the energetic maximum ionicity energy surfaces using analytic gradient techniques. This energy density materials program include: (i) a study of processes. Problems of particular relevance to the high This program considered the electronic energy density materials. To accomplish this goal a unique system of electronic structure algorithms, the electronically nonadiabatic processes The methodology BROOKLYN programs, has been developed. These programs regions of allowed and avoided crossings of potential based exclusively on large scale configuration state function expansions (100000 - 1000000 terms). These collisions with other (ground state) helium atoms. Finally a new phase of program development has been initiated focusing on the efficient determination of provide advanced capabilities for the study of the electronic structure aspects of spin-forbidden and methods permit significant contributions to the understanding of radiative and radiationless decay

AD-A217 778

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 778 CONTINUED

program development will provide powerful new tools for the study of spin-forbidden and electronically nonadiabatic processes. (jhd) DESCRIPTORS: (U) *HELIUM, *HIGH DENSITY, *MATERIALS, *RADIOACTIVE DECAY, ALGORITHMS, ATOMS, ELECTRONICS, GRADIENTS, GROUND STATE, HIGH ENERGY, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, METASTABLE STATE, POTENTIAL ENERGY, RADIATION, SURFACES, THEORY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B3, BROOKLYN Computer program.

AD-A217 777 6/11

6/3

MICHIGAN UNIV ANN ARBOR DIV OF RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

(U) Influence of Lipid Composition in Amplifying or Ameliorating Toxicant Effects on Phytoplankton.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 9 Sep 88-1 Jan 90,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Goad, Linda S

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0315

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. 44

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0008

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

demonstrated that lipid content and composition of diatoms varied greatly during the growth cycle. More variation was found over a 24 hour period. A portion of the lipid content response was found to be entrained with the light/dark regime. However, the data also suggested that a portion of the lipid cycling was not entrained with the light/dark regime, but may be under control of other biological rhythms. Preliminary toxicant exposure experiments have suggested that the time of day when algae are exposed to toxicants may alter physiological responses to the toxicant. Keywords: Diurnal variations.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) +LIPIDS, +PHYTOPLANKTON, ALGAE,
BIOLOGICAL RHYTHMS, CONCENTRATION(COMPOSITION), LIFE
CYCLES, DARKNESS, DAY, DIURNAL VARIATIONS, ENTRAINMENT,
EXPOSURE(PHYSIOLOGY), PLANT GROWTH, LIGHT, PHYSIOLOGICAL
EFFECTS, RESPONSE(BIOLOGY), TIME, TOXIC AGENTS, TOXICITY

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Diatoms, PE61102F, WUAFOSR231244.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

IMAGES, INTERFERENCE, INTERNAL, LOOPS, MAGNETIC FIELDS. MATERIALS, METAL PLATES, MICROSCOPES, MICROSCOPY, MILLIMETER WAVES, QUANTUM ELECTRONICS, RESOLUTION, RETINA.

CONTINUED

AD-A217 776

RODS, SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, SUPERCONDUCTORS, TEST AND

SQUIDS (Superconductor Quantum

Interference Devices).

9

EVALUATION.
IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 776 20/3

PHYSICAL DYNAMICS INC LA JOLLA CA

(U) Superconductive Microprobes for Eddy Current Evaluation of Materials. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 88-31 Jan 89,

JUL 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Podney, Walter N.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-88-C-0091

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0011

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

loops forming a coplanar gradiometer 1 mm or less in radius comprise a superconductive microprobe. It provides a depth of field of several millimeters to a 0.1 mm flaw array of microprobes form receptors much like rods in the aluminum plates. It gives multiple images that enable resolving depth of a 0.1 mm flaw to a few tenths of a millimeter with a horizontal resolution of one millimeter in an aluminum plate, when operating with a drive current a 1 A oscillating at a frequency of 1kHz. Its field of increase sensitivity, depth of magnetic flux enable; use electromagnetic microscope for imaging internal flaws in millimeters deep, and its horizontal resolution is 1 mm housing SQUID sensors to ease scanning. A pair of drive coils a few millimeters in radius that encircle pickup for flaw depths out to its depth of field. An materials flaws electromagnetically that promises to configuration to give high resolution. A cryogenic umbilical connects pickup loops to a remote cryostat view ranges to several millimeters, for flaws a few STRACT: (U) Superconductive quantum interference devices (SQUIDS) offer new technology for locating retina of a magnetic eye. The eye leads to an of microscopic pickup loops in a gradiometer or so. (kr) or so,

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *DEFECT ANALYSIS, *ELECTROMAGNETIC PROBES, *MICROPROBES, ALUMINUM, ARRAYS, CEPHALOPODA, COILS, CONFIGURATIONS, DEFECTS(MATERIALS), DEPTH, DRIVES, EDDY CURRENTS, ELECTROMAGNETISM, EYE, FLUX(RATE), GRADIOMETERS, HIGH RESOLUTION, HORIZONTAL ORIENTATION.

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ2OM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/3 AD-A217 775

2/9 AD-A217 774 Testing, Evaluation, Augmentation, and Implementation of an Integrated Simulation Evaluation Model Prototype (ISEM-P) of the Air Force Manpower and Personnel

System. Volume 1.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

80

AUG

PITTSBURGH PA

CONSAD RESEARCH CORP

Final rept. 1 Nov 77-15 Aug 80

OHIO STATE UNIV RESEARCH FOUNDATION COLUMBUS

(U) Theory System Reliability Demonstration and Burn-in

Final rept. 1 Aug 87-30 Jun 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 ਤੂ ਤ Blumenthal, Saul PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0306 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

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TASK NO.

TR-90-0118 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

F49620-78-C-0001 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO

TR-90-0169 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in terval data on lifetimes is available. The second area asymptotic properties were studied. A Monte Carlo comparison of several estimators was performed when only provides a more robust testing scheme for series systems STRACT: (U) Research accomplishments were registered in three areas. The first is lifetime estimation with truncated data. Maximum likelihood estimators and their distributions other than Poisson were tried, and it was is under what conditions a 'burn-in' was developed and found that in some cases a binomial approximation tested using sequential estimation. Thirdly, with aging components. (sdw) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ASYMPTOTIC SERIES, *ESTIMATES, *TRUNCATION, AGING(MATERIALS), BINOMIALS, COMPARISON, DEMONSTRATIONS, LIFE SPAN(BIOLOGY), MONTE CARLO METHOD, RELIABILITY, SEQUENCES, THEORY DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2304A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

Integrated Simulation Evaluation Model Prototype (ISEM-P), accomplishments of this research included: installing a fully operational version of the model on the Air Force Human Resources Laboratory (AFHRL) computer; establishing an 'ISEM Working Group' of Air Force personnel actively reports for displaying the results generated by the model; executing simulation runs for four selected 'scenario a computerized model which simulates the basic planning activities and decision-making procedures involved in the behavior. Changes undertaken as a result of this process / 'time-',n-station,' and 'time-in-CONUS' into the involved incorporating the concepts of 'equal promotion opportunity,' crcss-training, the 'worldwide manning Air Force Manpover and Personnel System (AFMPS). During the period between November 1, 1977 and May 15, 1980. involved in planning and administering the manpower and personnel assignment and training functions within the AFMPS; developing a set of 'scenario problems' to test the validity of the model; creating improved output problems' and a baseline situation; and modifying the model to eliminate certain identified inconsistencies ISEM-P structure A design for the rated management supplement was also established for potential This research involved the testing, between the simulation results and observed AFMPS evaluation, augmentation, and improvement of the

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E: 020% SEARCH CONTROL NO DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 774

'scenario problems' simulation runs were analysed and incorporation into ISEM-P. The results of the four

compared to the baseline situation.

SCRIPTORS: (U) *BILLETS(PERSONNEL), AIR FORCE PERSONNEL, BASE LINES, COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, DECISION MAKING, FUNCTIONS, GLOBAL, MANPOWER, MODELS, OUTPUT, PERSONNEL, PLANNING, REPORTS, SCENARIOS, SIMULATION. TRAINING, VALIDATION DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313A3 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

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WASHINGTON DO LASER CHEMISTRY DIV HOWARD UNIV A Pulsed Lasor and Molecular Base Accades for Surface Studies ĵ

15 May 27 - 15 May 84 First rept DESCRIPTIVE NOTE

ŝ χ Σ Jackson William M PERSONAL AUTHORS

AF05R 83-0280 CONTRACT NO

2917 PROJECT NO

73 TASK NO

T9 - 90 - 0016 AFCSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

undertaken in the immediate future. The studies are currently supported by a grant from the Standard Oil Company of Ohio who have awarded us a \$225,000 three-year contract for surface studies in collaboration with the construction of an apparatus for the study of gas-surface describes the progress made during the granting period in under the DOD University Instrumentation Program, for the setting up the apparatus, and also the work that will be interactions. This apparatus uses pulsed lasers both to surface phenomena, and pulsed molecular beam sources to the DOD University Instrumentation Program This report STRACT: (U) Equipment was purchased, using a grant awarded by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research keep the surface free of contamination and for probling Beam Apparatus for Surface Studies submitted by Howard University in November 1982 for review by AFDSR, under described in the proposal A Pulsed Laser and Molecular dose the surface with the required gaseous samples. experiments that will be carried out are in part Department of Electrical Engineering (kr)

COMPANY LEVEL ORGANIZATIONS, CONTAMINATION, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, GAS SURFACE INTERACTIONS, GASES. INSTRUMENTATION, OHIO, OILS, PULSES, SAMPLING, SOURCES. *MOLECULAR BEAMS, *PULSED LASERS SURFACE PROPERTIES, SURFACES, UNIVERSITIES _ DESCRIPTORS

AD-A217 773

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 773 CONTINUED

AD-A217 772 20/4

AD-A2

PE61102F, WUAFDSR2917A3.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (U) DURIP Optical Equipment for High-Speed Viscous-Inviscid Interaction Research.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Settles, Gary S.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0140

PROJECT NO. 2307

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0074

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The Penn State Gas Dynamics Lab has an active, ongoing program in experimental high speed fluid dynamics research. The current research of the Laboratory, sponsored by AFOSR, ONR, and NASA, concerns supersonic viscous/inviscid interactions, compressible turbulent mixing, and high-speed vortex dynamics pertaining to external and internal aerodynamics and propulsion. The Laboratory specializes in development and use of advanced, non-intrusive optical flow diagnostics in such research studies. These optical instruments and techniques are brought to bear on basic fluid dynamic experiments in the Penn State Supersonic Wind Tunnel, which has a high Reynolds number capability and continuously-variable Mach number range of Mach 1.5 to 4.0. Optical measurements:
Optical equipment; Viscous-inviscid interaction. (emk)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FLUID DYNAMICS, AERODYNAMICS.

COMPRESSIBLE FLOW, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), DYNAMICS, EXTERNAL, FLOW, GAS DYNAMICS, HIGH RATE, INTERACTIONS, INTERNAL, INVISCID FLOW, LABORATORIES, MEASUREMENT, MIXING. OPTICAL ANALYSIS, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, REYNOLDS NUMBER, SUPERSONIC CHARACTERISTICS. SUPERSONIC WIND TUNNELS, TURBULENT FLOW, VISCOUS FLOW, NODITGES.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 772 CONTINUED

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AD-A217 771

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2307A1.

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER

(U) DURIP Theoretical/Experimental Investigations of Highly Energetic Dication Species.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89,

DEC 39

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lineberger, W. C.; Leone, Stephen R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0087

PROJECT NO. 3842

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0125

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

modified with a thick etalon to achieve single frequency scanning capability. The Neodymium: YAG laser and dye laser have been modified with a home-built scanning system. Preliminary investigations using a medium pressure electrical discharge ion source gave reasonable quantities of NO(++) and several other dications. These ions survived the rather several other dications. These ions survived the rather several other dications. These ions survived the rather several other dications. These ions source. The nature of this source, however, did not permit very controlled formation conditions. Consequently, the ion source has been replaced with an electron impact ionized supersonic expansion source. Construction of this source has been completed, and the first mass spectra of dications have just been obtained. A new ion source has been devised to optimize the production of doubly-charged molecular cations. Using the NF3 precursor, the species NF2(++) and NF(++) are observed. With HCL and DCL precursors, both HCL(++), and DCL(++) species are formed, including CCl(+), HCCL(++), and HCC(++), several of which may be previously unreported. With CF4, we observe CF(++), CF2(++), and CF3(++), we observe the readily made species. NG(++) and CD(++), starting from their parent neutrals. We are presently working on an eight-photon double ionization process in

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 771

N2(++), respectively). Keywords: Photodissociation Energetic properties. (aw)

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: 8 AUG ESCRIPTORS: (U) *ION SOURCES, *MASS SPECTRA, COLLISIONS, CONTROL, DYE LASERS, ENERGETIC PROPERTIES, ENVIRONMENTS, FREQUENCY, HIGH RATE, INTENSITY, IONS, LASERS, NEODYMIUM, PHOTODISSOCIATION, PRODUCTION, SAPPHIRE, SCANNING, THEORY, TITANIUM, YAG LASERS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR3842A2. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

8/5 8/2 AD-A217 770

8/3

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES WASHINGTOW DC

(U) Committee on Geodesy - National Research Council.

Final rept. 1 Jun-31 Aug

Long, Robert S PERSONAL AUTHURS:

AF0SR-89-0124 CONTRACT NO.

2309 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0124 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

using existing capabilities where possible; and 3. assess whether such a network would provide a suitable global infrastructure for geodetic and other geophysical system continue to review the activities and research in geodesy examine strategies for implementing and operating such a network in the light of anticipated scientific return geodesy to oceanography, geophysics, space science, surveying, mapping and instrumentation. A report Geodesy scientific impact of a global network of fiducial sites; national, societal, scientific and technological demands on geodetic science, including surveying, mapping, and photogrammetry. A panel set up to 1. evaluate the in the Year 2000 is under review and will be published research needs; and recommend actions to meet future The focus was on the applications of during the winter 1989-90. The Committee plans to identify basic research opportunities and applied of the next century. (JHD) E ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *GEODESY, RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, GEOPHYSICS, FORECASTING, IMPACT, OCEANOGRAPHY, PANELS, PHOTOGRAMMETRY, REPORTS, SPACE SCIENCES, SURVEYS.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2309A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY CONTINUED

AD-A217 768

20/5 7/5 7/4 AD-A217 768

Electronically Metastable Molecules of High Symmetry. MENLO PARK CA SRI INTERNATIONAL

EXPERIMENTAL DATA, HELIUM, HYDROGEN, LASER BEAMS.
MOLECULAR BEAMS, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, MOLECULES, NEUTRAL,
PRECISION, SYMMETRY, POLYATOMIC MOLECULES, MOLECULAR
PROPERTIES, DEUTERIUM COMPOUNDS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) LPN-SRI-2915, PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1,

Hydronium Ion, Deuteronium Ion, Photofragments.

Interim rept. 1 Nov 86-1 Nov 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OB NAU

Helm, Hanspeter PERSONAL AUTHORS:

SRI-MP-90-001 REPORT NO. F49620-87-K-0002 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0003 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

electron from a suitable donar gas to a mass selected ion. In one set of experiments we illuminate the neutral species by using laser light and detect the appearance of photolons so that we can study photolonization events. In the other we photodissociate the molecule and detect the symmetry and on structural, spectroscopic, and dynamic properties of such species. The research was performed in two experimental setups, both using fast neutral molecular beams that we form by charge transfer of an of Diatomic hydrogen, Diatomic Helium, Hydronium, and D30. photodissociation and photoionization processes of triatomic hydrogen. A detailed account of the results obtained on triatomic hydrogen is given below. We also obtained new experimental data on the metastable species metastable electronic states of small molecules such as Tritium. Dur goal was to obtain precise information on the origin of metastability in molecular systems of high neutral photofragments by using a position- and time-In this research, we studied of the sensitive detector. This study focused on Keywords: Deterium compounds. (aw)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ELECTRONIC STATES, *METASTABLE STATE, *PHOTOIONIZATION, *TRITIUM, *PHOTODISSOCIATION, CHARGE TRANSFER, DIATOMIC MOLECULES, DYNAMICS, ELECTRONS, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A217 768

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EVJ20M

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

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AD-A217 767

AD-A217 767 11/2 11/4 7/1

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK MATERIALS Research lab

PE61102F. WUAFUSR2303A3, *Sol-Gel

€

IDENTIFIERS:

Process.

(U) Exploitation of the Sol-Gel Route in Processing Ceramics and Composites. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 May 83-14 May 85,

MAY 85

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Roy, Rustum

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-83-0212

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0019

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The sol-gel process for making ceramic powders from solutions-gels, and especially the use of alkoxide precursors, and their subsequent conversion of gels to ultrahomogeneous glass was developed at Penn State by the P.I. and his students. Our conceptual innovation on which the present work rests is, we believe as major a development as was our development of the sol-gel processing in the decade 1948-58. In that development we succeeded in making ceramics that were homogeneous on the 'unit cell' scale. Since 1982 we conceived and first published and filed patents on and what we have now developed in detail is deliberate heterogeneity on the same scale (1-10 nm units). The work under this grant is focused on applications and processing, while the thermodynamics and structure of this family of heterogeneous materials is studied under a parallel NSF grant. Keyvords: Ceramic composites; Xerogeis; Sintering; Melting: Mucleation; Epitaxial growth; Chemical properties; Ultra fine; Microstructure; Colloids; Titania silica glass. (JG)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *POWDERS, CHEMICAL PROPERTIES, COLLOIDS, COMPOSITE MATERIALS, CONVERSION, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, GELS, MICROSTRUCTURE, NUCLEATION, PATENTS, SINTERING, THERMODYNAMICS.

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AD-A217 787

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ2OM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/5 AD-A217 765 COLLEGE PARK DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE MARYLAND UNIV

Research in Programming Languages and Software Engineering Final rept. 1 Mar 87-31 Oct 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

Basili, Victor R.; Gannon, John D.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ba Zelkowitz, Marvin V.

AF0SR-87-0130 CONTRACT NO.

2304

PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-90-0077

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

specifications, investigating the impact of functional specification and development on software construction, encompass developing and integrating the concepts and models used in the TAME measurement environment, using designing and evaluating a new exception handling mechanism, and transforming computations for single processors to execute efficiently on non-shared memory The projects presented in this report syntax-editing technology to develop formal multiprocessors. (emk) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, COMPUTATIONS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, CONSTRUCTION, ENVIRONMENTS, HANDLING, IMPACT, MESUREMENT, PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES, SPECIFICATIONS DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2304A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

7/5 1/4 AD-A217 763 CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA ARTHUR AMOS NOYES LAB OF CHEMICAL PHYSICS

Femtosecond Real-Time Probing of Reactions, 4. The Reactions of Alkali Halides, €

83

Rose, Todd S.; Rosker, Mark J.; Zewail, PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ahmed H.

AFDSR-87-0071 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

6 TASK NO.

TR-90-0108 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v9 n12 p7415-7436, 15 Dec 89. Pub. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

dissociation reaction is influenced by the interaction between the covalent and the ground state ionic potential energy surfaces (PES), which cross at a certain internuclear separation. Depending upon the adiabaticity of the PES, the dissociating fragments may be trapped in a well formed by the avoided crossing of these surfaces, alkali halides are explored via the method of femtosecond observe the dynamical motion of the wave packet along the reaction coordinate and the crossing between the covalent on the transition-state spectroscopy (FTS). The alkali halide The photodissociation dynamics of some Comparisons of the results with classical and quantum mechanical calculations are also presented. Keywords: Here, we detail the FTS results of this class of reactions, with particular focus on the reaction of sodium iodide: Nal* yields (Na---1)* yields NavI. We parameters, including pump and probe wavelengths, dynamics of the dissociation and its detection. characterize the effects of various experimental and ionic surfaces. The studies presented here Real-time; Reprints. (AW) 3 ABSTRACT:

*IODIDES, *PHOTODISSOCIATION, *SODIUM DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 765

AD-A217 763

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 763

7/5 7/3 AD-A217 757

COMPOUNDS

MOSCOW DEPT OF CHEMISTRY IDAHO UNIV COORDINATES, DETECTION, DYNAMICS, FREQUENCY, HALIDES, MOTION, PARAMETERS, PROBES, QUANTUM STATISTICS, QUANTUM THEORY, REPRINTS, RESPONSE, SPECTROSCOPY, TRANSITIONS, WAVE PACKETS, POTENTIAL ENERGY, CROSSINGS, COVALENT BONDS, ALKALI METAL COMPOUNDS. *SURFACE REACTIONS.

Insertion of Nitriles into the Nitrogen-Chlorine Bond. Synthesis of Polyfluoro- and (Perfluoroalkyl) tetrazanes, 9

89

Sarwar, Ghulam; Kirchmeier, Robert L.; Shreeve, Jeanne M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, Femtosecond Transition State Spectroscopy, FTS(Femtosecond Transition State Spectroscopy), PES(Potential Energy Surfaces), Potential Energy Surfaces),

IDENTIFIERS: (U) IONS, REAL TIME

AF0SR-87-0067

CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0135 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in Inorganic Chemistry, v28 Pub. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p3345-3349 1989

olefins can be inserted with ease into the nitrogenhalogen bond, e.g., hexafluoropropane or ethylene into the nitrogen-halogen bond of bromo- or Both fluorinated and non-fluorinated 3 ABSTRACT:

chlorobis(trifluoromethyl)amine. We reported the stepwise insertion of CF2=CFX (X = Cl, F) into the N-Cl bonds of chlorine bonds, e.g., in chlorobis(trifluoromethyl)amine. Chlorine fluoroide, Carbon-nitrogen double bond, Nitrile, dichloro(perfluoroalkyl)amines. Insertions of cyanogen Elimination tetrazane perfluoroalkyl, Highly catenated chloride and/or trifluoroacetonitrile into nitrogennitrogen compounds, Stable, Dense fluids, Dimers, iodobis(trifluoromethyl)-amine or olefins into Reprints. (jg) ESCRIPTORS: (U) *CHLORINE, *NITROGEN, ETHYLENE, FLUIDS, HIGH DENSITY, REPRINTS, STABILITY, SYNTHESIS, FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS, OLEFIN POLYMERS. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

UNCLASSIFIED

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 756 7/6 7/3

IDAHO UNIV MOSCOW DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

 (U) Insertion of Tetrafluoroethylene and Trifluorochloroethylene into Nitrogen-Chlorine Bonds.
 A New Route to Perfluoroazaalkenes,

0

Sarwar, Ghulam; Kirchmeier, Robert L.; Shreeve, Jean ne M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0067

PROJECT NO. 2303

MONITOR: AFOSR

82

TASK NO.

IITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0136

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Inorganic Chemistry, v28 p2187-2189 1989.

into the nitrogen-chlorine bonds of dichloroper-chlorine bonds of route to a secondary (polyfluoroalkyl)- or (per-fluoroalkyl)- or (per-fluoroal

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS, AMINES, REPRINTS, PHOTOLYSIS, OLEFIN POLYMERS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2, *Nitrogren-Chlorine bonds, Alkenes.

AD-A217 755 7/6 7/5

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES LOKER HYDROCARBON RESEARCH INST

(U) Synthesis and Photodegradation of Poly(2,5bis(dimethylsilyl)furan),

83

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Hong, Harry H.; Weber, William P.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0007

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR

R: AFOSR TR-90-0137 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Polymer Bulletin, v22 p363-369 1989. ABSTRACT: (U) Poly (2,5-bis(dimethylsilyl)furan) (V), a copolymer with alternating furan and disilyl units, has been prepared by the Wurtz coupling of 2,5-bis(dimethylchlorosilyl)furan (II) with sodium metal dispersion in toluene. Lower molecular weight poly)2, 5-bis(dimethylsilyl)furan (IV) has been prepared by a similar condensation reaction with 2,5-bis-(dimethylflucrosilyl)furan (III). IV and V have been characterized by Hydrogen 1, Carbon 13, and Silicon 29 NMR, IR, and UV spectroscopy as well as by GPC, TGA and elemental analysis. Photolysis of V in a benzene/methanol solution results in degradation of the polymer. Alternate copolymers, Disilyl, Photodegradation. Reprints. (jg)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COPOLYMERS, *FURANS, *PHOTODEGRADATION, BENZENE, CONDENSATION REACTIONS, DEGRADATION, DISPERSING, LIGHTWEIGHT, METALS, METHANOLS, MOLECULAR WEIGHT. PHOTOLYSIS, POLYMERS, SODIUM, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL).
SYNTHESIS, TOLUENES, ULTRAVIOLET SPECTROSCOPY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2.

AD-A217 756

AD-A217 755

UNCLASSIFIED

146 EVJ20M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A217 754

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES LOKER HYDROCARBON RESEARCH INST

Synthesis and Photodegradation of Poly(1,4bis(dimethylsilyl)naphthalene) Ê

83

Lee, Shih-Jen H.; Weber, William P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0007 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

82

TASK NO.

TR-90-0139 AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Polymer Bulletin, v22 p355-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

distribution of I prepared from III is significantly higher than when I is prepared from II. Photolysis of I in benzene/methanol solution results in rapid degradation a copolymer with alternating 1,4-naphthalene and disilyl units, has been prepared by the Wurtz coupling of 1,4-bis(dimethylchlorosilyl)-naphthalene (II) or 1,4-bis(dimethylfluorosilyl)naphthalene (III) with sodium Poly1,4-bis(dimethylsilyl)naphthalene (I) of I. Alternate copolymers, Wurtz coupling, Polysilanes metal dispersion in toluene. The molecular weight Reprints. (jg) ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *COPOLYMERS, *DEGRADATION, *SYNTHESIS, *NAPHTHALENES, BENZENE, DISPERSING, DISTRIBUTION, METALS, METHANOLS, MOLECULAR WEIGHT, PHOTOLYSIS, POLYSILANES, SODIUM, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), TOLUENES. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 753

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES LOKER HYDROCARBON RESEARCH INST Anionic Ring Opening Polymerization of 3,4-benzo-1,1dimethyl-1-silacyclopentene. Properties of Poly(3,4benzo-1,1-dimethyl-1-silapentene), 9

Park, Young T.; Zhou, Qingshan; Weber, PERSONAL AUTHORS: William P

AF0SR-89-0007 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO

82 TASK NO

TR-90-0138 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in Polymer Bulletin, v22 p349-Pub. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

353 1989

temperature and thermal stability of any poly(1-silapentpoly(3,4-benzo-1,1-dimethyl-1-silapentene). This polymer has the highest melting temperature, glass transition butyllithium and Hexamethylphosphoramide in THF yields STRACT: (U) Treatment of 3,4-benzo-1,1-dimethyl-1-silacyclopentene with a catalytic amount of n-3-ene) yet prepared. Reprints. (jg) ABSTRACT:

*POLYMERIZATION, AMIDES, ANIONS, GLASS. MELTING POINT, METHYL RADICALS, PHOSPHORS, REPRINTS, RINGS, THERMAL STABILITY, TRANSITION TEMPERATURE, PENTODES HIGH TEMPERATURE, OPENING(PROCESS), DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2303B2 Ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/11 11/2 AD-A217 752

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2306A2. IDENTIFIERS: NATIONAL INST OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY GAITHERSBURG MD CERAMICS DIV

Monophase ceramics, Toughening,

CONTINUED

AD-A217 752

9

(U) Strength and Microstructure of Ceramics

Final technical rept. 1987-1989, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

Lawn, Brian R.; Alpert, C. J.; Bennison, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-ISSA-87-0034, \$AF0SR-ISSA-88-0005 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFDSR TR-90-0013

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

toughness properties of monophase ceramics are summarized. In situ observations of crack propagation in alumina and other monophase ceramics show crack interface bridging to models describing this behavior, in the particular context of strength, are developed. Results of strengths tests confirming the essential predictions of the theory are presented. Results of wear and fatigue tests are also described. The model has strong implications concerning be the principal source of increasing toughness with crack size, i.e. R-curve behavior. Fracture mechanics toughness and strength properties. Keywords; Strength treatment; Toughening; Mechanical properties. (EDC) the controlled processing of ceramics for optimum mechanics; Fracture resistance; Brittleness; Heat Results of a study program on the Ĵ ABSTRACT:

*SCRIPTORS: (U) *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *CRACK PROPAGATION, *MICROSTRUCTURE, ALUMINUM OXIDES, BRITTLENESS, CONTROL, CRACKS, FATIGUE TESTS(MECHANICS), FRACTURE(MECHANICS), HEAT TREATMENT, INTERFACES, MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, OPTIMIZATION, PREDICTIONS, PROCESSING, RESISTANCE, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), STRENGTH(MECHANICS), TEST AND EVALUATION, THEORY, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 752

AD-A217 752

UNCLASSIFIED

148

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO AMHERST AD-A217 743 NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL DEPT OF OPERATIONS 12/3 AD-A217 744 RESEARCH

Research in Reliability, Availability and Maintainability for Complex Failure Systems. 3

Final rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

CAN BO

Fishman, G. S.; Kulkarni, V. G.; Provan, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0140 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0002 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ISTRACT: (U) This report presents an overview of work performed on AFOSR Grant 84-0140 by G.S. Fishman, V.G. Kulkarni and J.S. Provan during the period June 1, 1984 through November 30, 1989 in the Department of Operations Research at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. This grant was awarded to the three principal investigators in response to their submitted proposal to AFOSR's 1983 initiative in reliability. The work performed on this grant has focused on developing efficient methods of evaluating reliability. This topic is approached through medium of Monte Carlo Parts I, II and III describe the contributions of each probabilistic structure and special network structure. experimentation, the exploitation of special principal investigator separately. (JHD) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *FAILURE, *RELIABILITY, EFFICIENCY MAINTAINABILITY, NETWORKS, RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, NORTH CAROLINA, OPERATIONS RESEARCH, PROBABILITY. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 744

1/4

Molecular Dynamics and Spectroscopy at Gas-Solid Interfaces.

Final rept. no. 114, 1 Oct 85-30 Nov 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 ZAN George, Thomas PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-86-C-0009 CONTRACT NO

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO

TR-90-0120 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

phase-conjugated surfaces; spectroscopy in solid matrices; energy and phase relaxation, and desorption; ultravioletand nonlinear optical process in polymeric systems. (aw) fluorescence at flat surfaces; photochemistry at structured surfaces, including gratings and thin films; STRACT: (U) Progress was made in the development of theories and computational programs for the following topics: infrared-laser-excited adspecies, including laser-induced chemical vapor deposition; resonance ABSTRACT:

INTERFACES, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, POLYMERS, RELAXATION, RESONANCE, SOLIDS, SURFACES, THEORY, REACTIONS, *SPECTROSCOPY, *GAS SURFACE INTERACTIONS, COMPUTATIONS, DESORPTION, DYNAMICS, FLUORESCENCE, GASES, *MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, *PHOTOCHEMICAL THIN FILMS, VAPOR DEPOSITION. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2303B3 3 IDENTIFIERS: EVJZOM

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ2OM DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/4 7/2 AD-A217 742

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Chemical and Electrochemical Studies in Ionic Liquids.

Final rept. 1 Dec 86-30 Nov 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OB NAU

Osteryoung, Robert A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

%AF0SR-87-0088 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

٤ TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0084

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

carried out in ambient temperature chloroaluminate molten salts composed of aluminum chloride and 1-ethyl-3in EPR work was performed on polypyrrole and polyfluorene oxide in the moiten salts. Gutmann donor-acceptor numbers Chemical and electrochemical studies were of a number of solutes, benzoquínone, several molybdenum dimers, and ferro/ferricyanide, were examined. Oxygen 17 methylimidazolium chloride. Simultaneous electrochemical in the molten salts. The chemistry and electrochemistry NMR spectroscopy was employed to assess the behavior of were obtained making use of electrochemical and NMR. Phosphorus 31, measurements. Ionic liquids, Ambient temperature molten salts, Electrochemistry Chloroaluminates. (jg)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ALUMINUM COMPOUNDS, *CHLORINE COMPOUNDS, ALUMINATES, CHLORIDES, CYANIDES, DIMERS, ELECTROCHEMISTRY, IRON COMPOUNDS, MOLTEN SALTS, MOLYBDENUM, OXIDES, PYRROLES, SPECTROSCOPY DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303A1, *Ionic Liquids 9 IDENTIFIERS:

6/4 AD-A217 741 MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF BRAIN AND COGNITIVE SCIENCES

12/9

(U) A Process-Grammar for Shape

Rept. for Jul 83-Sep 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Richards, Whitman FERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-83-C-0135 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0067

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Artificial Intelligence, p213 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

247 1988

process-history can be recovered from natural shapes such inferred in the other under the above inference rules. In from the first. More specifically, we find that a grammar the literature; and we compare out process-based grammar with another grammar based on curvature extrema. Reprints duality between curvature extrema and symmetry structure relationship between any two smooth shapes such that one Finally, we compare a process-based symmetry analysis in We also develop a formal grammar by which someone, who has two views of an entity at two developmental stages, can infer the processes that produced the second stage fact, a deformation is expressed as a transformation of present case, our process grammar has the psychological as tumors, clouds, and embryos, etc. We argue that the role of explaining the curvature extrema in terms of a process records- a technique reminiscent of Chomsky's description of linguistic transformations in terms of (U) Inference rules are developed by which inference of history arises from a newly discovered transitions between phrase-structured trees. In the sequence of psychologically meaningful deformations shape is described the extrapolation of processes of only six operations, suffices to express the

AD-A217 741

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 741 CONTINUED

AD-A217 738 20/4

(sdw)

STANFORD UNIV CA THERMOSCIENCES DIV

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CURVATURE, *PHRASE STRUCTURE GRAMMARS. CLOUDS, DEFORMATION, EMBRYOS, EXTRAPOLATION, GRAMMARS, LINGUISTICS, PSYCHOLOGY, RECORDS, REPRINTS, SHAPE, SYMMETRY, TRANSFORMATIONS, TRANSITIONS, TREES.

(U) A Numerical Investigation of the Compressible Mixing Laver.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313A5.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Technical rept.,

SEP 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sandham, N. D.; Reynolds, W.

REPORT NO. TF-45

CONTRACT NO. F49620-86-K-0022

PROJECT NO. 3484

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-90-0001

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

compressibility on a building block fluid flow, with applications to supersonic mixing and combustion. Results waves and a simple relation is found to give the orientation of the most amplified waves. It is also shown dimensional waves are more amplified than two dimensional beginning with a two-dimensional wave and a pair of equal from linear stability theory show that the amplification evidence for any other modes of instability. Simulations and opposite oblique waves show a change in the evolved numerical simulations of the compressible Navier Stokes that the linear stability theory can be used to predict equations. The objective was to identify the effects of ratio, density ratio and Mach number. Three-dimensional large-scale structure as Mach number is increased. Abova convection Mach number of 0.6 the oblique modes have simulations with random initial conditions confirm the the mixing layer growth rate as a function of velocity linear stability result that oblique waves become the mixing layer has been investigated by means of linear stability theory and two and three dimensional direct The effect of Mach number on the plane rate is reduced as Mach number is increased. Above a convective Mach number of 0.6 it is found that three most amplified waves at high Mach numbers, with no 3 ABSTRACT:

AD-A217 738

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 738

Similar organized structure was found in a simulation with random initial conditions. No shock waves were for d in the three-dimensional simulations, even at convective energy in the developed structure, and above instability wave has little effect on flow structure. a convective Mach number of 1 the two-dimensional Mach numbers above 1. (jhd) most of the

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPRESSIBLE FLOW, *JET MIXING FLOW, *NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS, *SUPERSONIC FLOW, AMPLIFICATION, COMBUSTION, CONVECTION, DENSITY, FLUID FLOW, GROWTH(GENERAL), LAYERS, LINEARITY, MACH NUMBER, MIXING, MODULAR CONSTRUCTION, DIGITAL SIMULATION, RATES, RATIOS, SHOCK WAVES, SIMULATION, STABILITY, THEORY, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VELOCITY.

PE61103F, WUAFOSR3484A1. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 736

4/1 20/14 UTAH STATE UNIV LOGAN CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC AND SPACE SCIENCES USU Center of Excellence in Theory and Analysis of the Geo-Plasma Environment.

Final technical rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

Schunk, Robert W PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-86-C-0109 CONTRACT NO.

3484 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0106 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

understanding of the basic chemical and physical processes operating in the geoplasma environment, including the ionosphere, thermosphere, and magnetosphere some of the specific tasks included the following: 1) several graduate students was assembled at USU to work in close collaboration with scientists at the Air Force Geophysics Lab on a number of problems that are relevant models; 4) Study plasma convection characteristics in the magnetosphere; 9) Conduct satellite drag studies; and 10) Study certain spacecraft-environment interaction problems thermospheric general circulation model; 7) Develop a 3D, Studies of ionospheric structure and irregularities; 2) Study the feasibility of developing better oper tional ionospheric models for the Air Force; 3) Conduct model/data comparisons in order to validate the ionospheric Develop a 3D, time-dependent MHD model of the earth's including those related to high-voltage power sources. spacecraft outgassing, and spacecraft charging at LEO A team of eleven Ph.D. scientists and communications, and orbiting space structures. The overall goal of the research was to obtain a better time-dependent model of the outer plasmasphere; 8) high-latitude ionosphere; 5) Study magnetosphereionosphere coupling problems; 6) Construct a to Air Force systems, including OTH radars, ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A217 736

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 736 CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY DEPT OF MATHEMATICS altitudes. Keywords: Modeling; Theory; Analysis;

Conosphere; Magnetosphere; Thermosphere; Densities;
Comperatures; Velocities; Irregularities; Instabilities.

*IONOSPHERE, *MAGNETOSPHERE, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

*PLASMASPHERE, *PLASMAS(PHYSICS), *THERMOSPHERE, AIR FORCE, ARTIFICIAL SATELLITES, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CONVECTION, DRAG, EARTH(PLANET), EXTERNAL, HIGH LATITUDES, HIGH VOLTAGE, INTERACTIONS, IONOSPHERIC MODELS, LABORATORIES, MAGNETOHYDRODYNAMICS, MODELS, ORBITS, OUTGASSING, POWER SUPPLIES, SOURCES, SPACE ENVIRONMENTS, SPACECRAFT, SPACECRAFT CHARGING, STUDENTS, TIME

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR3484A2 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

20/11 AD-A217 735

(U) Nonlinear Stability in Fluid and Plasma Dynamics

Final rept. 30 Sep 87-29 Sep 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83

Marsden, J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-87-C-0118 CONTRACT NO.

6233 PROJECT NO.

8 LASK NO.

TR-90-0055 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the embeddings of a given domain in space, the base space is the space of unparametrized fluid shapes and the group rigid bodies was done. We studied both the case of three example of a rigidly rotating incompressible homogeneous os the particle relabeling group. The geometric reasons Hamiltonian H of the form kinetic energy (K) plus potential (V), a way was found to choose variables that makes the determination of stability conditions sharper motion is terms of dual pairs appearing in the study of study of the hydrodynamic bifurcations was begun on the homogeneous case, it has been shown already that the structure of the bracket is that of a Yang Mills theory coupled rigid bodies in the plane, with a complete stability, bifurcation, and chaotic solutions analysis, for the integrability of the planar three point vortex for the principal bundle whose total space consists of the geometry of Poisson manifolds has been given. The boundary fluid equations has been determined. In the Major work on the dynamics of coupled energy-momentum method, for mechanical systems with but also studied the three dimensional case. In the and more computable. The poisson brackets of 'ree ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *FLUID DYNAMICS, *PLASMAS(PHYSICS), COUPLING(INTERACTION), DISKS, EQUATIONS, HAMILTONIAN FUNCTIONS, HOMOGENEITY, INCOMPRESSIBILITY, KINETIC ENERGY, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 735

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 735 MECHANICAL COMPONENTS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PARTICLES, POISSON DENSITY FUNCTIONS, RIGIDITY, ROTATION, SHAPE, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), STABILITY, THREE DIMENSIONAL.

Sentifiers: (U) Yang Mills Theory, Free Surface, Manifolds(Mathematics), PE61102F, WUAF0SR623300. IDENTIFIERS:

12/1 AD-A217 732

AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

MICHIGAN UNIV

20/4

ANN ARBOR DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Massively-Parallel Computational Fluid Dynamics

Final rept. 1 May 88-30 Sep 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 OCT Ä Ω. Calahan, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0212 CONTRACT NO

2304 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-90-0079 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

tridiagonal system and so was more challenging than the above explicit code. This is being continued in a new AFOSR grant. Connection Machine experiments. To keep abreast of SIMD architecture performance, a series of Fortran and C kerrels were studies on the Argonne Laboratory CM-2 during the summer of 1989. It was concluded that the available Fortran 8X implementation of the CM-2 was too inefficient to warrant continued at that SSTRACT: (U) Algorithm development. Implementation of a 3-D Navier Stokes implicit research code for AFFDL was initiated. This required the parallel solution of blocktime. Keywords: Programming languages; Computer programming; Computer architecture. (JG) ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ALGORITHMS, *PARALLEL PROCESSING. *FLUID DYNAMICS, ARCHITECTURE, CODING, COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE, COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, FORTRAN, PROGRAMMING DESCRIPTORS: LANGUAGES.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A2 9 IDENTIFIERS:

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 729 20/4

VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INST AND STATE UNIV BLACKSBURG DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Parallel Algorithms in the Finite Element
Approximation of Flow Problems.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 May 88-31 Oct 89,

27 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Gunzburger, Max D.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0197

PROJECT NO. 2304

MONITOR: AFOSR

ğ

TASK NO.

AFGSR TR-90-0078 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The topics discussed are the numerical simulation of viscous incompressible flows, the numerical approximation of certain control problems, the analysis and application of centroidal Voronoi grids, and a book on finite element methods for viscous incompressible flows. For the sake of brevity, we will not go into great detail in the following discussion; further information concerning these topics can be gained form the appropriate references listed at the end of this section.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS, *GRIDS, *INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW, *VISCOUS FLOW, ALGORITHMS, APPROXIMATION(MATHEMATICS), CONTROL, DIGITAL SIMULATION PARALLEL PROCESSING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Voronoi Graphs, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A3

AD-A217 725 12/9

6/4

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF BRAIN AND COGNITIVE SCIENCES

(U) Inferring Three-Dimensional Shapes from Two Dimensional Silhouettes.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Rept. for Jul 83-Sep 89,

OCT 87

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Richards, Whitman A.; Koenderink, Jan J.; Hoffman, D. D.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-83-C-0135

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0069

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the Optical Society of America A, v4 n7 p1168-1175 Jul 87.

ABSTRACT: (U) Although an infinity of three-dimensional (3-D) objects could generate any given silhouette, we usually infer only one 3-D object from its two-dimensional (2-D) projection. What are the constraints that restrict this infinity of choices? We identify three mathematical properties of smooth surfaces plus one simple viewing constraint that seem to drive our preferred interpretation of 3-D shape from 2-D contour. The constraint is an extension of the notion of general position. Taken together, our interpretation rules predict that dents in a 3-D surface should never be inferred from a smooth 2-D silhouette. Keywords: Reprints. Image understanding, Shape recognition, Visual pattern recognition, Visual psychophysics, Vision algorithms.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *PATTERN RECOGNITION, *SHAPE, *SILHOUETTES, ALGORITHMS, MATHEMATICS, OPTICAL IMAGES, POSITION(LOCATION), PSYCHOPHYSICS, REPRINTS, THREE DIMENSIONAL, TWO DIMENSIONAL, VISION, VISUAL PERCEPTION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAF0SR2313A5

AD-A217 725

AD-A217 729

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155 EVJ20

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 713 7/5 7/4

UTAH UNIV SALT LAKE CITY

(u) DURIP FIIR Studies of Solid State Reaction Dynamics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Nov 88-14 Nov 89,

98 MY

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Wight, Charles A.

CONTRACT ND. AFOSR-89-0103

PROJECT NO. 3842

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0004

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Symmetry molecules was studied by photoionization and symmetry molecules was studied by photoionization and photodissociation techniques. We have studied one- and two-photon ionization processes in the Triatomic hydrogen begard photodissociation of H3. We have also observed photoionization of Diatomic helium, Triatomic nitrogen, and D30 and performed a background study of nitrogen, and D30 and performed a background study of H3 and H5 has been developed. Keywords: Photochiorination, Yapor deposition, Photolysis, Hydrocarbons, Solid solutions. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *PHOTODISSOCIATION, *PHOTOIONIZATION, *POLYATOMIC MOLECULES, *REACTION KINETICS, BACKGROUND, DIATOMIC MOLECULES, DYNAMICS, HELIUM, HYDROCARBONS, HYDROGEN, IONIZATION, MOLECULES, PHOTOLYSIS, PHOTONS, SOLID STATE PHYSICS, SOURCES, SYMMETRY, VAPOR DEPOSITION, SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY, NITROGEN, FOURIER SPECTROSCOPY, INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1104D, WUAFDSR3842A2 Photochlorination.

AD-A217 695 7/4

EMORY UNIV ATLANTA GA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Electronic Spectroscopy and Energy Transfer Pathways of Matrix Isolated Iodine,

JAN 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Macler, Michel; Nicolai, Jean-Philippe; Heaven, Michael C.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0197

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0062 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v91 n15 p674-682, 15 Jul 89.

ABSTRACT: (U) visible laser excitation (460-725 nm) of dilute rare gas/lodine (2000:1) matrices resulted in dilute rare gas/lodine (2000:1) matrices resulted in dilute rare gas/lodine (2000:1) matrices resulted in sensition the I2(A) state. Reanalysis of the A yields X spectra provided revised molecular constants for matrix 20, and 110 yields 30 microsecond were observed in Argon, 20, and 110 yields 30 microsecond were observed in Argon, 20, and 110 yields 30 microsecond were observed in Argon, 20, and 110 yields 30 microsecond were observed in Argon, 4 transfer closely followed the I2 continuum and 1 pi states was effective in populating I2(A). At and 1 pi states was effective in populating I2(A). At all internal showed that isolated I atom: trapped Excitation studies showed that isolated I atom: trapped during the deposition process, were excited by energy during the deposition process, were excited by energy transfer from nearby I2 molecules. A vibronic progression, transfer from nearby I2 molecules. A vibronic progression, avvelengths, was noted in concentrated Rg/I2(300:1) wavelengths, was noted in concentrated Rg/I2(300:1) matrices. This system, which was emitted with 02.

Intermolecular anergy transfer was observed in 12(A'). Intermolecular anergy transfer was observed in matrices that contained I2 codeposited with 02.

Electronic excitation of I2 resulted in a long-lived emission from 02(a). Matrices containing high concentrations of iodine also exhibited 30(a) yields

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 695

I(2P1/2) transfer Reprints. (AW)

DESCRIPTORS:

CONCENTRATION(COMPOSITION), CONSTANTS, DEPOSITION, DILUTION, ELECTRONICS, EMISSION, ENERGY TRANSFER, EXCITATION, FREQUENCY, HIGH RATE, ISOLATION, KRYPTON, LASERS, LONG LIFE, MOLECULE MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, MOLECULES, RAFE GASES, REPRINTS, SPECTRA, SPECTROSCOPY, TRANSFER, VISIBILITY, XENON.

PE81102F, WUAFUSR230381. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 694

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF BRAIN AND COGNITIVE SCIENCES

(U) Parts of Recognition.

Rept. for Jul 83-Sep 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Richards, Whitman

F49620-83-C-0135 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0070 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

provide a first index into a memory of shapes. This rule allows an explanation of several visual illusions. We stress the role of inductive inference in our theory and exploits a uniformity of nature-transversality, and that parts with their descriptions and spatial relations conclude with a precis of unsolved problems. Keywords: Image understanding; Shape recognition; Visual pattern recognition; Visual psychophysics; Vision algorithms; We propose that, for the task of object recognition, the visual system decomposes shapes into parts, that it does so using a rule defining part boundaries rather than part shapes, that the rule Reprints. (sdw) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *PATTERN RECOGNITION, *VISUAL PERCEPTION, ALGORITHMS, ILLUSIONS, INDEXES, MEMORY DEVICES, PARTS, PSYCHOPHYSICS, RECOGNITION, REPRINTS, SHAPE, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, VISION.

PEG1102F, WUAFDAR2313A5 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A217 693

6/4 AD-A217 693 MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF BRAIN AND COGNITIVE SCIENCES

*CURVATURE, *IMAGE PROCESSING, *VISUAL

3

DESCRIPTORS:

Reprints. (SDW)

RANGE(DISTANCE), REPRINTS, STIMULI, TANGENTS, THRESHOLD

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313A5

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

EFFECTS, VISION

PERCEPTION, ALGORITHMS, BANDPASS FILTERS, CONTOURS, DISCRIMINATION, ELEVATION, EXTRACTION, GRAPHS, HIGH FREQUENCY, LOW PASS FILTERS, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), PATTERN RECOGNITION, PROCESSING, PSYCHOPHYSICS,

(U) Mechanisms of Contour Curvature Discrimination

Rept. for Jul 83-Sep 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

¥

Richards, Whitman PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-33-C-0135 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO.

TR-90-0068 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the Optical Society of America A, v6 p106-115 Jan 89.

a fixed distance along the tangent to the curve. Keywords: Image understanding, Shape recognition, Visual pattern recognition, Visual psychophysics, Visual algorithms, simple curved contours, high-frequency bandpass-filtered contours, and low-pass-filtered contours. High-frequency bandpass filtering had no effect on discrimination at low curvatures and only a modest effect at high curvatures. Visual processing of contour curvature was that large, low-spatial-frequency filters are involved in analyzing low curvatures. The data are explained accurately by a two-process model for curvature extraction: at high curvatures the local-processing model discrimination was assessed for three classes of stimuli: threshold elevations at all curvatures. Thus the data lead to the surprising conclusion that high-spatial-frequency, orientation-selective mechanisms dominate curvature processing over the entire range of curvatures curvatures orientations are compared at points displaced tested, a conclusion at odds with previous suggestions proposed by Wilson fits the data well, whereas at low investigated by measuring increment thresholds for curvatures from 0.31 to $25.4\,$ deg (-1). Curvature In contrast, low-pass filtering caused substantial 3 ABSTRACT:

AD-A217 693

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 692 12/3
NORTH CAROLINA UNIV AT CHAPEL HILL CENTER FOR STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

(U) Local Moduli of Continuity of Some Classes of Gaussian (U) Er

Processes,

a

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Samorodnitsky, Gennady

CONTRACT NO. F49620-85-C-0144

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0058

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) We study local behavior of sample paths of Gaussian process. The purpose is to find a connection between local sample moduli of a Gaussian process at a certain point of the parameter space and metric entropy of the set generated by the process in the corresponding Hilbert space. For certain classes of Gaussian processes, our results provide a unifying approach to finding local moduli of continuity. Keywords: Reprints. (KR)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CONTINUITY, *STATISTICAL PROCESSES, BEHAVIOR, ENTROPY, HILBERT SPACE, REPRINTS, PATHS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5.

AD-A217 691 12/9 6/4

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF BRAIN AND COGNITIVE SCIENCES

(U) Encoding Contour Shape by Curvature Extrema.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Rept. for Jul 83-Sep 89,

OCT 86

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Richards, Whitman

CONTRACT NO. F49620-83-C-0135

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0071

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the Optical Society of America, v3 p1483-1491 Sep 86.

estimated given knowledge of the shape of the filter used to compute curvature from the edge list of the contour. codon representation for shape. This representation based contour noise and scale. We show how contour noise can be Witkin's scale space. Our algorithm differs from Witkin's significant structures. Keywords: Image processing; Image on curvature easily translates into a binary string that information about the shape of an image contour, such as a silhouette, and are the basis for the Hoffman-Richards recognition; Visual psychophysics; Vision algorithms; will describe the abstract shape of any smooth image Curvature extrema provide significant To handle the scale problem, we use an adaptation of curve. The computation of the basic shape primitive requires dealing with two ever-pervasive problems: understanding; Shape recognition; Visual pattern by using a notion of parts to set criteria for Reprints. (edc) ABSTRACT: (U)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CURVATURE, *IMAGE PROCESSING, ALGORITHMS, CODING, CONTOURS, FILTERS, GRAPHS, IMAGES, NOISE, OPTICAL IMAGES, PARTS, PATTERN RECOGNITION, PSYCHOPHYSICS, REPRINTS, SCALE, SHAPE, SILHQUETTES,

AD-A217 691

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 691

7/5 7/4 AD-A217 690

STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, VISION, VISUAL PERCEPTION

PASADENA ARTHUR AMOS NOYES LAB CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH OF CHEMICAL PHYSICS

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Hoffman Richards codon, Binary systems PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A5.

Femtosecond Real-Time Probing of Reactions. 5. The Reaction of IHgI, 3

Dantus, D.; Bowman, R. M.; Gruebele, M.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: Zewafl, A. H.

AF0SR-87-0071 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

<u>6</u> TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0107 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

680 JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, n12 p7437-7450, 15 Dec 89. See also Report 3, AD-A206 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Iodide is examined experimentally using femtosecond transition-state spectroscopy (FTS). The reaction involves symmetric and antisymmetric coordinates and the transition-state is well-defined: IHgI yields (IHgI) Qs'Qa'(a)(++)* yields Mercurous Iodide + I. FTS is observed depending on the channel probed (approx. 300 fs behaviors of different periods in the FTS transients are standard FTS description, and by classical trajectory calculations performed on model potentials which include wave packet proceeds through two pathways, yielding either I(2P(3/2)) or I* (2P(1/2)) as one of the final products. Dissociation into these two pathways leads to HgI fragments with different vibrational energy, resulting in distinct trajectories. Hence, oscillatory (symmetric coordinate) along the reaction coordinate (antisymmetric coordinate). The translational motion is also observed as a delay time of the free fragments. Analysis of our FTS results indicates that the reaction to approx. 1 ps). These results are analyzed using the recurrences are observed for the vibrating fragments The dissociation reaction of Mercuric the two degrees of freedom of the reaction. Quantum developed for this class of ABA-type reactions and ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A217 690

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 690 CONTINUED

calculations of the expected fluorescence of the fragment are also performed and are in excellent agreement with experiments. Repr'ts.(aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMICAL DISSOCIATION, *IODIDES, *MERCURY COMPOUNDS, *SPECTROSCOPY, COMPUTATIONS, COORDINATES, DELAY, ENERGY, FRAGMENTS, MODELS, OSCILLATION, QUANTUM STATISTICS, RESPONSE, SYMMETRY, REAL TIME, TRAJECTORIES, TRANSITIONS, VIBRATION, WAVE PACKETS, QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, FLUORESCENCE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2303B1, Femtosecond Transition State Spectroscopy, FTS(Femtosecond Transition State Spectroscopy).

AD-A217 689 7/6

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALD AMMERST

(U) Gap States of Charges Solitons in Polyacetylene,

DEC 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sun, Xin; Lu, Dingwei; Ru, Rouli; Li, X. S.; Lin, D. L.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-86-C-0009

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B3 MONITOR: AFOSR

: AFOSR TR-90-0110

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Physical Review A, v40 n18 p12446-12449, 15 Dec 89.

ABSTRACT: (U) By considering the electron interaction in polyacetylene, it is found that there exist two gap states in charged solitons of trans-polyacetylene; one is deep level, and the other is shallow level. The deep one shifts 0.23 eV down (for a positive soliton) or up (for a negative soliton) from the center of the gap, while the shallow one is 0.06 eV under the bottom edge of the conduction band (positive soliton) or above the top edge of the valence band (negative soliton). These results agree with the absorption spectra of trans-polyacetylene. Other shallow states outside the energy bands are also predicted. Reprints. (AW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *POLYMERS, BOTTOM, CONDUCTION BANDS, EDGES, ELECTRONS, ENERGY BANDS, INTERACTIONS, REPRINTS, SHALLOW DEPTH.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B3.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A217 687

CONTINUED AD-A217 687

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2303B3. 3 IDENTIFIERS: Optical Nutation in Polymers Irradiated by Ultrashort STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO AMHERST

Laser Pulses.

3

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Li, Xiao-shen; Lin, D. L.; George, Thomas F.; Sun, Xin

112 REPORT NO. F49620-86-C-0009 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO.

TR-90-0109 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Physical Review B, v40 n17 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: p728-732, 15 Dec 89.

susceptibility of polydiacetylene induced by an ultrafast pump field is investigated. Within a two-level model which includes phonon effects phenomenologically, an analytical expression for the nonlinear susceptibility is obtained. In addition to spectral hole burning, the novel phenomenon of optical nutation is found. Both this the detuning between the exciton frequency and the sum of the pump field and the phonon mode frequencies. The the steady-state approximation is reliable only when the pulse of the pump field is longer than several exciton nutation and the shape of the hole depend sensitively on qualitative agreement with experiments and indicate that electronic state and phono-mediated optical Stark blue shift are also found in this model. The results are in The transient behavior of the optical lifetimes. Reprints. (AW) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *POLYMERS, AGREEMENTS, ELECTROMAGNETIC SUSCEPTIBILITY, ELECTRONIC STATES, EXCITONS, FREQUENCY, HIGH RATE, LIFE SPAN(BIOLOGY), MODELS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, PHONONS, PULSED LASERS, PUMPS, REPRINTS, SHORT PULSES, STEADY STATE, TRANSIENTS. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 687

AD-A217 887

UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

14/2 6/11 AD-A217 683

EAST LANSING DEPT OF PEDIATRICS, MICHIGAN STATE UNIV HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

CELLS(BIOLOGY), CHEMICALS, COMERENCE, COMPUTERS, DATA STORAGE SYSTEMS, DETECTION, DETECTORS, FLUORESCENCE, FREE

+OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, ANALYZERS, ANTIBODIES,

CONTINUED

AD-A217 683

*TOXICOLOGY.

RADICALS, INDUCTION SYSTEMS. INSTRUMENTATION, LASERS, LIFE(BIOLOGY), MASS STORAGE, MONLYOPS, OPTICAL IMAGES. PESTICIDES, PH FACTOR, TOXICITY, VIDEO SIGNALS, CALCIUM, CATIONS, PH FACTOR, NEUROTOXINS, FLUORESCENT ANTIBODY

TECHNIQUES, DEDXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, RADIATION EFFECTS

LASER APPLICATIONS, GENES.

PE61104D, WUAFOSR3842A4, *Laser

Cytometers, Oncogenes. Heptachlor

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IDENTIFIERS:

DURIP - Upgrade of the Meridian ACAS-470 for Toxicological Research. 3

Final rept. 1 Dec 88-30 Nov 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 90

Trosko, James E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0114 CONTRACT NO.

3842

PROJECT NO.

A TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-90-0115

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Original contains color plates: All DTIC/NTIS reproductions will be in black and white. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

coherent laser, Olympus microscope with a CCD camer, and video monitor, a mass data storage computer and dual detector system. This upgrade allowed us new dimensions of research potentials for studying mechanisms of chemical-induced toxicities in living cells, specifically enabling us to detect if chemicals caused toxicities by altering free Ca++ level, causing pH changes or induction quantified using fluorescent antibodies. Keywords: Laboratory equipment; Meridian ACAS-570; Laser image analyzer; Quantitative fluorescence detection; Mechanisms neurotoxicant, caused increased of free Ca++; (b) several cytotoxic chemicals could generate free radicals; and (c) the demonstration that (a) heptachlor, a toxic pesticide/ have pioneered the application of this new instrument in Meridian ACAS 570 laser cytometer upgraded with a 5 watt During this year, we oncogene products could be detected using fluorescent This proposal was to have our current antibodies; and (d) UV-induced DNA damage could be of free radicals in single cells. of chemical toxicities. (aw) ABSTRACT:

*CYTOTOXIN, *LABORATORY EQUIPMENT, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 683

AD-A217 683

UNCLASSIFIED

EVUZOM

463

SEARCH CONTROL ND. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/10 20/8 AD-A217 681

ARIZONA UNIV TUCSON

(U) Optical Bistability, 1988

Final technical rept. 1 Mar 88-30 Apr DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR

Peyghambarian, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0128 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO

2 LASK NO

TR-90-0073 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Presented at the Optical Bistability SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

Topical Meeting, Aussois, France 23-25 Mar 88.

nonlinearities: Optical switching and computing: Semiconductor switching and bistability; Poster session 1: Transverse Effects; Poster session 2: Optical bistability and switching dynamics; Poster session 3: Post deadline papers; Quantum confined nonlinearities; Nonlinear guided ISTRACT: (U) Photonics; Optical bistability; Instabilities and chaos; Poster session 1: Nonlinear guided waves; Poster session 2: Instabilities and chaos; Poster session 3: Optical nonlinearities; Semiconductor waves; Fundamental properties of systems with strong light-matter interactions. Symposia. (rrh) DESCRIPTORS: (U) *LIGHT, *NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, *OPTICAL PROPERTIES, *OPTICAL SWITCHING, *QUANTUM THEORY, *SEMICONDUCTORS, CONFINEMENT(GENERAL), DYNAMICS, GUIDANCE, INTERACTIONS, MATERIALS, SWITCHING, SYMPOSIA, TRANSVERSE, *LIGHT, *NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, *OPTICAL

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2305B1 ŝ IDENTIFIERS:

12/1 AD-A217 680 ILLINDIS UNIV AT URBANA DECISION AND CONTROL LAB

Asymptotics in Time, Temperature and Size for Optimization by Simulated Annealing: Theory, Practice and Applications. 3

Final technical rept. 15 May 88 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: May 89,

JAN 90

Kumar, P. R.; Rao, Vasant B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0181 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

88 TASK NO

TR-90-0063 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

main areas: 1) Characterizing the cooling rate necessary and sufficient for simulated annealing to hit the global minimum and ii) obtaining an upperbound for the timeconstant of convergence of simulated annealing at a fixed temperature to its equilibarium distribution and studying the growth of this bound as the temperature approaches annealing, a Monte Carlo method for obtaining globally optimal or nearly globally optimal solutions to a variety This project was concerned with simulated of optimization problems. Results were obtained in two zero asymptotically. (JD) 9 ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *SIMULATION, ANNEALING, COOLING, MONTE CARLO METHOD, OPTIMIZATION, RATES, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), DESCRIPTORS: (U) **TEMPERATURE**

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2304A8 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A217 681

AD-A217 680

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M 164 PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

4// AD-A217 679 PRINCETON UNIV NJ DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Mechanisms of Reactive Etching

Final technical rept. 1 May 85-30 Jun DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 DEC Bernasek, Steven L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0209G CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

A2

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0122

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

investigate the mechanism of COF2 etching of Si. H2 and CH4 scattering from the FE (111) surface was studied in order to characterize the operation of this system. Dynamics of van der Waals bound clusters interacting with aspects of the surface chemistry of electronic materials. solid surfaces were investigated. Deposition of metallic layers from organometallic precursors was also studied. photochemical etchant of Si and Si02. A general purpose molecular beam scattering apparatus was constructed to This research project addressed several Silicon; Silicon dioxide; Carbonyl fluoride; Etching; COF2 was shown to be an effective thermal and Clusters; Thin films. (edc) ŝ ABSTRACT:

ZIL COMPOUNDS, PRECURSORS, REACTIVITIES, SILICON, SILICON DIOXIDE, SOLID BODIES, SURFACE CHEMISTRY, SURFACES TA SCRIPTORS: (U) *ETCHING, GARBONYL COMPOUNDS, DEPOSITION, DYNAMICS, ELECTRONICS, ELECTROMAGNETIC SCATTERING, FLUORIDES, HYDROGEN, LAYERS, MATERIALS, METALS, METHANE, MOLECULAR BEAMS, ORGANOMETALIC DESCRIPTORS:

Carbonyl fluoride, PE61102F E WUAF0SR2303A2. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 679

20/2 AD-A217 678 GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA SCHOOL OF PHYSICS

Termolecular Associations of Ions in Gases, Recombination and Electron-Atom Collisions. 3

Final rept. 1 Jul 84-30 Jul 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 SEP œ Flannery, M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

GIT-85-019 REPORT NO. AF0SR-84-0233 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR: TR-90-0121

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) A list of publications of the research performed during the period 7/1/84 - 7/30/89 of the Grant Recombination (b) electron- (excited) atom collisions and on (c) analytical solutions of the Time-Dependent Debye-Smoluchowske equation for transport influenced reactions. Highlights of this research. In addition, the Appendixes include a major review of Recombination Process in and published as papers, with reprints sent to AFOSR at Papers on all of the above topics have been written up AFDSR - 84-0233 is provided. Theoretical research has Variational principle; Diffusional method; Bottleneck Equation Method, a Variational Principle discovered method; Strong-collision; Coupled nearest-neighbor; been conducted on (a) Termolecular Association and General. Keywords: Recombination; Master equation; various times during the period. The exact Master during the course of this research, and various approximate treatments are presented is Special Radiative; Dissociative. (kt) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *GASES, *RECOMBINATION REACTIONS, *MOLECULE MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, ATOMS, COLLISIONS, ELECTRONS, EQUA,IONS, REPRINTS, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), VARIATIONAL PRINCIPLES.

AD-A217 678

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M 165 PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 678

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IDENTIFIERS:

21/2 AD-A217 597

WAYNE STATE UNIV DETROIT MI PE61102F, WUAF0SR2301A4.

(U) Afterburning Suppression Kinetics in Rocket Exhaust.

Final rept. 1 Jan-30 Jun 83, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JUN 83

Singh, Trilochan PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0164 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

60 TASK NO.

TR-89-1857 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

substantial elevation of temperature in the exhaust plume The secondary combustion is affected by factors such as velocity and altitude of the missile, motor thrust level, pressure, temperature at the nozzle exit plane. The addition of certain species such as HBR, K2SO4 etc. have understood. A research program has been initiated at the Rocket Propulsion Laboratory to investigate the afterburning suppression Finetics by Dr. Jay Eversole. The fundamental research objective will be to determine ISTRACT: (U) The exhaust gases from the nozzle of a rocket motor usually contain significant proportions of unburned fuel. This fuel mixes turbulently with ambient been observed to inhibit the afterburning process. The air as the exhaust jet expands and may burn causing a the chemical reaction mechanisms that are critical to inhibition of afterburning process is of great significance to the Air Force. However, the kinetic this afterburning suppression phenomena. Keywords: mechanism for the afterburning suppression is not Combustion inhibition. (kt) SCRIPTORS: (U) *AFTERBURNING, *COMBUSTION, *ROCKET EXHAUST, *SUPPRESSION, AIR, AIR FORCE, ALTITUDE. CHEMICAL REACTIONS, ELEVATION, EXHAUST GASES, EXHAUST PLUMES, EXITS, FUELS, GUIDED MISSILES, INHIBITION, KINETICS, MOTORS, NOZZLES, ROCKET ENGINES, ROCKET LABORATORIES, ROCKET PROPULSION, SECONDARY, TEMPERATURE, THRUST. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 597

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 597

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308D9.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

6/3 AD-A217 583

NJ DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND PRINCETON UNIV N COMPUTER SCIENCE (U) Programmable CTD Filtering Using Coefficients 0, +1. and -1+.

Bateman, Mark R.; Liu, Bede PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-76-3083 CONTRACT NO.

MONITOR:

AFDSR TR-90-0037

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Proceedings of the IEEE, p134-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: 136 1980.

ABSTRACT: (U) In a previous paper a simple filtering scheme based on delta-modulation and using only coefficients 0, +1, and -1 was presented. In the present reprint those results are extended to highpass and bandpass filters and various techniques are presented to improve the performance of these filters. Examples are provided. (JHD)

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *BANDPASS FILTERS, *DELTA MODULATION, REPRINTS, CHARGE TRANSFER. DESCRIPTORS:

Programmable Filters. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 582 7/2 7/3

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Chemical Synthesis at the Boundary between Polymer Chemistry and Inorganic Materials,

FEB 90

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Allcock, Harry R.

REPORT NO. TR-51

CONTRACT NO. NO0014-84-K-0447, AF0SR-89-0234

MONITOR: AFOSR, ARO

TR-90-0249, 25280.9-CH

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in The Chemist, p10-18 Jan 90. Sponsored in part by contract DAAL03-88-K-0112.

ABSTRACT: (U) A review about inorganic organic macromolecular systems based on a backbone of alternating phosphorus and nitrogen atoms, with two organic or organic groups attached to each phosphorus.

Keywords: Reprints; Polyphosphazenes; Phosphazenes; Synthesis chemistry; Review. (AW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *INORGANIC MATERIALS, *MACROMOLECULES, *ORGANIC MATERIALS, *SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), ATOMS, CHEMISTRY, NITROGEN, ORGANIC RADICALS, ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, PHOSPHAZENE, PHOSPHORUS, POLYMERS, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Polyphosphazenes, Polymer chemistry.

AD-A217 581 12/1

MARYLAND UNIV BALTIMORE COUNTY CATONSVILLE MATHEMATICS (U) Nonlinear Systems of Partial Differential Equations.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 25 Apr 87-24 Sep 89

SEP 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Seidman, Thomas I

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0190

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A9

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-90-0117 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) We list in the bibliography here some 40 items: research papers associated with work during the grant period-including some items which represent the continuation of work initiated during that period. These have been listed in roughly the order in which the work was done, although many of the projects overlap in timing so it is difficult to fix any precise order. From the viewpoint of the grant, the most significant accomplishments have been, of course, those specifically related to systems of nonlinear partial differential equations with a particular emphasis on semiconductor device models. These are discussed at some length in the next two sections. We also note that in addition the Principal Investigator has been involved in a considerable variety of other mathematical activity-especially the work on switching systems, supported by the National Science Foundation. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *BIBLIOGRAPHIES, *NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, *PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, MODELS, NONLINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, OVERLAP, PRECISION, SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES, SWITCHING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A9.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A217 580

SANTA BARBARA CA GENERAL RESEARCH CORP An Automated Program Testing Methodology and Its Implementation.

Preliminary draft, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Benson, J. P.; Andrews, D. M.

GRC-IM-2315 REPORT NO. F49620-79-C-0115 CONTRACT NO.

AF0SR TR-90-0147 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

evaluated by comparison with a 'gold unit', software has had no similar testing capability. We are just concluding research directed toward rectifying this lack by combining an existing automated test case generation and evaluation technique with the use of executable assertions to provide a means of automatically assessing method may be applied to any test object. This method goes one step farther even than the traditional hardware the test results. Since the violations of assertions can automatically generate new test cases by perturbing the Challenges for the 80's include the need testing methods, because it also has the capability to to make software less labor intensive and the need for automate the process of testing a program dynamically. Unlike hardware testing where a test pattern may be automatically stepped through and the test results automated programming tools. The testing phase is one 'intelligent' evaluation of the past performance of a act as a common denominator to any application, this software to static tests, but few tools exist which area where there are automated tools which subject Input values in accordance with an automated sequence of inputs. (edc) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *AUTOMATION, *COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, DYNAMIC TESTS, INPUT, METHODOLOGY, TEST AND EVALUATION, TEST METHODS, TOOLS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A217 580

4/1 AD-A217 579 NORTHEASTERN UNIV BOSTON MA DEPT OF PHYSICS

Superlattice Effects in Graphite Intercalation Compounds. 3

Rept. for 1 Oct 84-31 Mar 85, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

'n Marklevicz, R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-82-C-0076 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

ខ TASK NO.

TR-90-0142 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

bromine graphite intercalation compounds. Similar to, but confirmation of a theory that these domains are associated with a type of quantum Hall effect. In Arsenic field phase transitions including one which appears to be incommensurate along the c-axis. Keywords: Solitons. (AW) much more pronounced than Condon domain formation in three-dimensions, it is a Landau level instability which results in two types of domains having different numbers of Landau levels occupied. Study of the dynamics of this induced phase transition has been discovered in diatomic penta fluoride-graphite, which displays a field-induced phase transition,x-ray studies reveal a variety of zerosuggests that the resistivity in the domain phase is considerably lower than in the normal phase -- possible phase has revealed a number of domain wall resonances, A new kind of two-dimensional, fieldand strong sensitivity to pinning, with hysteresis observed in some samples. Analysis of the resonance ABSTRACT:

TRANSFORMATIONS, *BROMINE, DOMAIN WALLS, DYNAMICS, HALL EFFECT, HYSTERESIS, LAYERS, QUANTUM THEORY, RESISTANCE, RESONANCE, DIATOMIC MOLECULES, ARSENIC COMPOUNDS, *GRAPHITE, *PHASE *CRYSTAL LATTICES, 3 DESCRIPTORS: FLUORIDES. PEG1102F, WUAFOSR230GC3, *Intercalation 3 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 579

21/9.2 AD-A217 578

> Compounds, Solitons, Arsenic Pentafluoride, *Superlattices.

21/2

COLORADO STATE UNIV FORT COLLINS DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Structure of Model Gas Flames in Nitramines.

Final technical rept. 1 Oct 88-30 Nov DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

89

DEC

Branch, Melvyn C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0331 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

٤ TASK NO. MONITOR:

TR-90-0116 AFOSR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

by a detailed chemical kinetic reaction mechanism. The flames which have been studied thus far are supplied with Methane, CH20 or CO as fuel and NO2, N20 or O2 as oxidizer. The overall characteristics of the flames are STRACT: (U) The purpose of this paper is to summarize the current status of studies we have undertaken of model conduction through the flame and the chemistry is modeled presented in the paper and the preliminary conclusions of transport processes include species diffusion and thermal the flame modeling are discussed. Keywords: Formaldihyde; Carbon monoxide; Nitrogen dioxide; Nitrous oxide; Oxygen; are then compared to calculations of the concentration profiles using a one dimensional flame code which models the transport processes and chemistry of the flame. The in laminar, premixed, flat flames of fuel Nitrogen Oxide gas phase flames associated with the combustion of nitramine based solid rocket propellants. These studies consist of measurements of the structure of stable and unstable species concentration profiles and temperature mixtures at low pressure. The experimental measurements Diagnosis general. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMBUSTION, *FLAMES, *NITRAMINES, CARBON MONOXIDE, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CODING, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), DIFFUSION, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, FUELS,

AD-A217 578

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 578

GASES, LAMINAR FLOW, LOW PRESSURE, MEASUREMENT, METHANE, MIXING, MIXTURES, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, NITROGEN DIOXIDE, NITROGEN OXIDE, ONE DIMENSIONAL,

OXIDIZERS, OXYGEN, REACTION KINETICS, SOLID ROCKET PROPELLANTS, THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY, TRANSPORT PROPERTIES, VAPOR PHASES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308A1.

14/4 12/9 AD-A217 577

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS

(U) Structure from Motion.

Final rept. 1 Apr-30 Sep 88, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Thompson, William B.

AF0SR-87-0168 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-90-0006 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

boundary and the determination of the direction of motion. basis for the visual detection of moving objects has been completed. We have shown that moving object detection can actively track environmental surface points. Two problems were examined - the determination of relative depth at a exploit one or more of three general approaches. Each has reduce ambiguity in the recognition of partially occluded motion or only contrast. The integration is done in a manner involving little additional computation. Secondly, more reliable and more accurate than possible using only information in a boundary detection method that is both objects. Keywords: Robotics; Image understanding; Time-varying image analysis, Visual motion; Optical flow; Segmentation; Computer vision; Artificial intelligence; computations required. An analysis of the computational Analysis of surface boundaries has been results have been obtained in the area of motion-based segmentation. The first combines motion and contrast extended to situations in which a camera is able to we have shown how motion information can be used to particular strengths and weakness. Two significant In both cases, the ability to actively track significantly decreases the complexity of the Space perception. (AW)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, *OPTICAL DETECTION, *IMAGE PROCESSING, *MOTION, AMBIGUITY, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 577

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 577 CONTINUED

BOUNDARIES, COMPREHENSION, COMPUTATIONS, COMPUTER APPLICATIONS, CONTRAST, DEPTH, DETERMINATION, FLOW, MOVING TARGETS, OPTICAL IMAGES, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, OPTICAL TRACKING, PATTERN RECOGNITION, ROBOTICS, SEGMENTED, SPACE PERCEPTION, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, SURFACES, TIME, VARIATIONS, VISUAL PERCEPTION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Computer vision, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A7.

AD-A217 576 12/9

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

(U) Intelligent Real-Time Problem Solving: Conceptual Analysis of Issues, Ideas and Results.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug-31 Oct 89,

DEC 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Shoham, Yoav; Hayes-Roth, Barbara

CONTRACT NO. F49620-89-C-0103

PROJECT NO. 5581

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFDSR TR-90-0064

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) dur final report consists of four parts. The first two address the issues as defined by the Air Force in the call for proposals, and as discussed in the kickoff meeting. In the first document, authored by Yoav Shoham and Barbara Hayes-Roth, we propose a neutral framework in which to define the terms and issues involved in IRTPS, and make specific recommendations regarding subsequent stages of the project. The second document, authored by Stanley Rosenschein, Barbara Hayes-Roth and Lee Erman, proposes a similar neutral framework. We then describe our approach to controlling processes intelligently, centered around the notion of agents. In a document authored by Yoav Shoham a general approach to socalled agent-oriented programming is outlines, and in the fourth document, authored by Barbara Hayes-Roth, trub.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *PROBLEM SOLVING, *REAL TIME, AIR FORCE, DOCUMENTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR5581A7, PE62702F.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 507 18/2

RAYTHEON CO PORTSMOUTH RI SUBMARINE SIGNAL DIV

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE82714E, PE62702E, WUAFOSR526102,

CONTINUED

AD-A217 507

WUAF0SR526103, PN5261, TA04.

(U) Experimental Testing of Corpuscular Radiation Detectors. Volume 2. Revision 1.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 87-31 Jan 89,

SEP 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Grossi, Mario D.

REPORT NO. CN-RA-0064-REV-1

CONTRACT ND. F49620-87-C-0050, \$\$DARPA Order-5271

PROJECT NO. 5261, 5261

TASK NO. 02, 03

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1675-VOL-2-REV-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 1, AD-A217 506.

ABSTRACT: (U) Observations were performed by using Prof. Joe Weber's torsion balance, a room-temperature instrument that was constructed by University of Maryland under a subcontract from Raytheon, and was installed at LANL in Summer 1988. The torsion balance was mounted at a fixed location, close to the edge of a rotating table (1 RPM rotational speed) that Raytheon had constructed and moved to Los Alamos, NM. As the table rotated, the tritium-filled container (that provided a 'newtonian force' reference) were sensed by the instrument. At the time of writing of this Report, the results of the measurements are not fully conclusive. A six-month Contract extension, expected to last until 31 December 1989, will provide the final answer whether or nor we could observe repulsion forces, attributable to reutrino pressure, with the torsion balance. (emk)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CORPUSCULAR RADIATION, BALANCE, CONTRACTS, DETECTORS, EDGES, INSTRUMENTATION, NEUTRINDS, POSITION(LOCATION), PRESSURE, ROOM TEMPERATURE, ROTATION, SOURCES, TABLES(DATA), TIME, TORSION, VELOCITY, WRITING. AD-A217 507

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 173 EVJ2(

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 506 18/2

AD-A217 506 CONTINUED

RAYTHEON CO PORTSMOUTH RI SUBMARINE SIGNAL DIV

TABLES(DATA), TIME, TORSION, VELOCITY, WRITING.

(U) Experimental Testing of Corpuscular Radiation Detectors. Volume 1. Revision 1.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE62714E, PE62702E, WUAFOSR526102, WUAFOSR526103, PN5261, TA04.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 87-31 Jan 89

SEP 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Grossi, Mario D.

REPORT NO. CN-RA-0063-REV-1

CONTRACT NO. F49620-87-C-0050, \$\$DARPA Order-5271

PROJECT NO. 5261, 5261

TASK NO. 02, 03

MONITOR: AFOSR

AFOSR TR-89-1675-VOL-1-REV-1

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: See also Volume 2, AD-A217 507.

ABSTRACT: (U) Observations were performed by using Prof. Joe Weber's torsion balance, a room-temperature instrument that was constructed by University of Maryland under a subcontract from Raytheon, and was installed at LANL in Summer 1988. The torsion balance was mounted at a fixed location, close to the edge of a rotating table (I RPM rotational speed) that Raytheon had constructed and moved to Los Alamos, NM. As the table rotated, the tritium-filled container (neutrino source) and the deuterium filled container (that provided a Newtonian force reference) were sensed by the instrument. At the time of writing this report, the results of the neasurements are not fully conclusive. A six-month Contract extension, expected to last until 31 December 1988, will provide the final answer whether or not we could observe repulsion forces, attributable to neutrino pressure, with the torsion balance. (emk)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *NEUTRINDS, BALANCE, CONTAINERS, CONTRACTS, CORPUSCULAR RADIATION, DETECTORS, DEUTERIUM, EDGES, FILLING. INSTRUMENTATION, POSITION(LOCATION), PRESSURE, ROOM TEMPERATURE, ROTATION, SOURCES,

AD-A217 508

AD-A217 506

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M

174

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY EQUATIONS, LINEAR SYSTEMS, LINEARITY, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, SERIES(MATHEMATICS), SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), SYNTHESIS.

CONTINUED

AD-A217 426

PE61102F, WUAFDSR2304A1.

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

12/1 AD-A217 428

DAVIS DEPT OF MATHEMATICS CALIFORNIA UNIV

Observer Based Compensators for Nonlinear Systems. 3

Final technical rept. 1 Oct 86-31 Mar DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 MAR

Krener, Arthur J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0267 CONTRACT NO.

2304

PROJECT NO.

Z TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1689

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

solution to this 'stem of linear equations is equivalent achieved by finding an appropriate nonlinear coordinate transformation-nonlinear feedback pair to perform the higher degree linearization. With the proposed method, one can improve the accuracy of the approximation up to arbitrarily higher degrees, provided certain solvability conditions are satisfied. The Hunt-Su linearizability systems is a first order approximation by a linear model obtaining higher degree linear approximations of a certain class of nonlinear control systems. The standard The report seeks an approximation for a nonlinear system by a linear model up to higher degrees than one. This is the solution of this linearization problem is similar to theorem makes these conditions precise. Our approach to higher degrees by coordinate change and feedback. (jhd) accurate to a higher degree in the series expansion. A the problem of linearization up to Equations are based on the goal of obtaining a model approach in the analysis and synthesis of nonlinear The report develops a new method for Poincare's Normal Form Theorem in formulation, but different in its solution method. The Homological to the solution Ê

*COMPENSATORS, *NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, ACCURACY, APPROXIMATION(MATHEMATICS), COORDINATES, EXPANSION, LINEAR ALGEBRAIC DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CONTROL THEORY, CONTROL SYSTEMS,

AD-A217 428

AD-A217 426

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJ20M

175

PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A217 201

AD-A217 201

CONTINUED

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A3, *Cholesky

factorization, hypercubes.

e

DAK RIDGE NATIONAL LAB

IDENTIFIERS: Communication Results for Parallel Sparse Cholesky Factorization on a Hypercube. 3

Final rept. 1 Oct 86-30 Sep 87, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88

George, Alan; Liu, Joseph W.; Ng, PERSONAL AUTHORS: Estiond

DE-AC05-840R21400, \$AF0SR-ISSA-88-00012 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK ND. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-87-1343

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub..in Parallel Computing, v10 p287-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

processors and also reducing the amount of processor-to-processor data communication. An analysis of regular grid problems is presented, providing a bound on communication volume generated by the new strategy and showing that the allocation scheme is optimal in the asymptotic sense. Some experimental results on the performance of this multiprocessor. A task assignment strategy based on the structure of an elimination tree is presented. This assignment is aimed at achieving load balancing among the We consider the problem of reducing data scheme are presented. Keywords: Reprints; Parallel computation; Linear algebra sparse linear systems; Cholesky factorization. (KR) traffic among processor nodes during the parallel factorization of a sparse matrix on a hypercube Ξ ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *MULTIPROCESSORS, *COMMUNICATIONS TRAFIC, *DATA REDUCTION, ALLOCATIONS, COMMUNICATION AND RADIO SYSTEMS, COMPUTATIONS, ELIMINATION, GRIDS, NODES, PARALLEL ORIENTATION, PROCESSING EQUIPMENT, REPRINTS, SPARSE MATRIX, STRATEGY, TRAFFIC, TREES, VOLUME, LINEAR DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A217 201

AD-A217 201

UNCLASSIFIED

176 PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

21/2 AD-A217 199 CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA

Combustion and Quenching of Hydrocarbon Fuel Sprays. Multiple Ignition, €

Annual rept. 1 Jul 81-30 Jun 82 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 82

Aggarwal, Bishop R.; Sirignano, W. A.; PERSONAL AUTHORS: Sommer, H. T.

AF0SR-80-0203 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1852

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

indicated that minimum ignition energy and ignition delay determined with good agreement (within our limitations of knowledge about chemical kinetics) have been obtained. combustible gaseous mixtures with hot burning particle sources. High-speed photography, Schileren photography and pyrometry have been employed in the diagnostics. The The preliminary theoretical results about spray ignition size and mixture ratio have been determined. The design underway. Finite-difference and asymptotic results have ignition and non-ignition domains in terms of particle and fabrication of the spray ignition experiment is Ignition data has been compiled for been concluded and the ignition domains have been should be treated as probabilistic parameters SCRIPTORS: (U) *COMBUSTION, *FUEL SPRAYS, *IGNITION, *QUENCHING, *REACTION KINETICS, ENERGY, GASES, HIGH SPEED PHOTOGRAPHY, HIGH TEMPERATURE, HYDROCARBONS, IGNITION LAG, MIXTURES, PARAMETERS, PARTICLE SIZE, PARTICLES, SCHLIEREN PHOTOGRAPHY, PROBABILITY, PYROMETERS, RATIOS, DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2308A2 3 I DENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 199

6/1 AD-A217 198 CHARLOTTESVILLE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE VIRGINIA UNIV (U) Direct Assessment of Synaptic Modification Rules

Final rept. 1 Jun-31 Dec 84 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

84 ZYN Levy, William B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0236 CONTRACT NO.

TR-89-1847 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

reprogramming our computer programs for data acquisition and evaluation. This is an important effort since we were previously unable to study simultaneously the synaptic response and the cell discharge. This improvement has become particularly critical since the ongoing evaluation existence of two distinct adaptive processes. One process modifies the synaptic response, and another adaptive cell firing. Note that this improvement in data gathering is an on-going task. We are continuing our study (i.e., data gathering and evaluation) of the quantitative manner processes we have experimentally observed. The context of process modifies the conversion of synaptic current into in which asymptotic changes are induced independently at distinguish a variety of adaptive modification processes this interpretation now centers on optimally performing, adaptive pattern recognition systems. We are encouraged by the performance shown by multiplicative, recursive establish the experimental conditions which allow us to of data gathered last year shows strong support for the Finally, we have continued our theoretical work which individual synaptic modification. Second, it helps to neighboring synapses. This study has at least two important implications. First, it corroborates our earlier claims that we are studying a process of considers various interpretations of the adaptive We have spent considerable time

SCRIPTORS: (U) *NERVE TRANSMISSION, *DATA ACQUISITION, *NEURAL NETS, *SYNAPSE, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, CELLS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, CONVERSION, MODIFICATION, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

neural networks. (kt)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 198

MULTIPLICATION FACTOR, PATTERN RECOGNITION, RECURSIVE

FUNCTIONS, RESPONSE (BIOLOGY), THEORY, TIME

PE61102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 197

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST

(U) Image Understanding by Adaptive Networks of Goal Seeking Neurons.

Rept. for 1 May-24 Nov 84, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 85

Spinelli, D. N. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0207 CONTRACT NG.

2312 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO.

TR-89-1846 AFOSR MONITUR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

subcortical regions that feed information to the areas we perspective. That is, on the color monitor we can rotate, translate, and scale on any of the x, y, z axes the reconstructed brain in minutes. These newly acquired software package called SUNCORE allows us to view brains reconstructed in 3-D from any point of view and ISTRACT: (U) We interfaced a two-dimensional (2-D) digitizing tablet to one of the serial ports and wrote suitable programs to allow digitization and inputting of recordings or HRP injections in the insular cortex areas reconstructions of each brain (3-D). The SUN workstation brain sections to the computer and disk. Each brain was stained with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) and consisted of about 150 sections. We also wrote programs to allow the computer to generate three-dimensional 18 and 19. All our recordings were from somato-sensory, area 17, and Claire-Bishop in the cortex. Subcortically interconnections between somato-sensory, Claire-Bishop, insular, and visual 1, 2, 3. We have not done any reconstructed three brains. A first impression is that numerous cortical areas send terminals to a recording analyze with microelectrodes to study the functional responses of single neurons. At this writing we have we recorded only from the hypothalamus. In all these capabilities allow us to evidence cortical and site; that is, there seem to be substantive ABSTRACT:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 197

regions we found adaptation to varying degrees. Keywords: Brain function. ESCRIPTORS: (U) *NEURAL NETS, *BRAIN, *IMAGE PROCESSING, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, BRAIN, CIRCUIT INTERCONNECTIONS, COLORS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, CONDIMENTS, ELECTRODES, FEEDING, HOMING, HYPOTHALAMUS, INJECTION, INJECTIONS(MEDICINE), ANATOMICAL MODELS, MONITORS, NERVE CELLS, NETWORKS, PEROXIDASES, RECORDING SYSTEMS, RESPONSE, SITES, STATIONS. DESCRIPTORS: SUN, WORK.

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2312A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

6/1 AD-A217 196

NORTHWESTERN UNIV EVANSTON IL CRESAP NEUROSCIENCE LAB

Phosphoprotein Regulation of Synaptic Reactivity: Enhancement and Control of a Molecular Gating Mechanism. 3

Rept. for 20 Mar-2 Apr. 85, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 85

Routtenberg, Aryeh PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0335 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

TR-89-1845 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

phosphorylation depends on the activation of protein kinase C. 2)Endogenous protein inhibitor of protein kinase C. As briefly mentioned in the Progress Report we have discovered an endogenous inhibit r of protein kinase the techniques used and the rationale for the protocols instituted. 4) Acquisition and Construction of Major Research Equipment. On December 15, 1984 a VAX 11/750 was protein kinase C regulators. These experiments have just recently been initiated. In this report I shall describe Significant Accomplishments and Research Progress includes: 1) Fatty acid regulators of protein kinase C. We have demonstrates that the regulation of C. 3) Exogenous micro-iontophoretic application of synaptic reactivity is closely associated with phosphorylation of protein F1 and that this installed in this laboratory. (kt)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *PHOSPHOPROTEINS, *NERVE TRANSMISSION, *NERVE IMPULSES, *SYNAPSIS, ACQUISITION, ACTIVATION. FATTY ACIDS, PHOSPHORYLATION, REACTIVITIES, REGULATIONS, DESCRIPTORS: REGULATORS

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A3, Phosphoprotein 3 Regulation. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 196

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

8/11 AD-A217 195 RADIOMANA PARIS (FRANCE)

(U) Magnitude Anomalies and Propagation of Local Phases.

Final rept. 1 Dec 81-30 Nov 82, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

CAN 83

Bouchon, M.; Cansi, Y.; Massinon, B.; Mechler, P.; Ravalau, N. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0082

CONTRACT NO.

3291

PROJECT NO.

32 TASK NO.

TR-89-1748 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

seismic waves along a large area of the continental slope. This was verified experimentally. Seismic wave magnitude; constant. A more detailed study shows the influence of local structure. Next, a theoretical study of generation and propagation of crustal seismic waves, radial and vertical displacement are computed up to 500 km for anomalies in French Polynesia. A first approach gives an anomaly per station which is roughly a function of azimuth valid for all French Polynesia plus a station's The report describes a study of magnitude various sources (earthquakes and explosions). The last section discusses propagation of T waves and conversion into seismic waves at a continental slope level. We explain the rather long duration of I phases in continental station (some minutes, in French Polynesia only some 10 seconds) by conversion of water waves to Seismic data anomalies. 3 ABSTRACT:

*PCRIPTORS: (U) *ANOMALIES, *POLYNESIA, *SEISMIC DATA, SEISMIC WAVES, CONTINENTAL SLOPES, DISPLACEMENT, EARTH CRUST, EARTHQUAKES, EXPLOSIONS, LONG RANGE(TIME), PHASE, PROPAGATION, SEISMOLOGICAL STATIONS, VERTICAL ORIENTATION, WATER WAVE, WAVE PROPAGATION. DF*CRIPTORS:

PE81101E, WUAFOSR329132, *French 3 IDENTIFIERS: Polynesia.

ND-A217 195

20/12 AD-A217 194 (FRANCE) LAB D'OPTIQUE DES SOLIDES PARIS-6 UNIV Relationships between Electronic Structure and Stability of Metallic Glasses. Final rept. 30 Sep 80-30 Sep 81 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 82

Abeles, F.; Theye, M. L.; Nguyen Van, V. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-78-3701 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO.

TR-89-1749 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

investigations of the electronic properties of amorphous metallic Ag-Ge alloys. These alloys are similar to the Auand the noble metal d-state may therefore occur differently; moreover, this extends the energy range over which the free-electron behavior of the optical substrates for Ge concentrations ranging from 20 to 40 at located at lower energies with respect to the Fermi level analyzed their optical properties according to the free-electron Drude model. We discuss the variation of the This year has been dedicated to thorough than in Au. The hybridization between the Ge s,p-states compare the results with those already obtained for the conduction electron parameters with composition and we Ge alloys studied previously, but in Ag the d-band is %. We have controlled their stability as a function of properties can be studied. Amorphous metallic Ag-Ge alloys have been obtained by co-evaporation onto cold processes by in-situ resistance measurements. We have temperature and we have followed the crystallization determined their transport properties and we have Au-Ge alloys. (rrh) 3 ABSTRACT:

*ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY, *GLASS, *OPTICAL PROPERTIES, *SUBSTRATES, *TRANSPORT PROPERTIES, BEHAVIOR, CRYSTALLIZATION, ELECTRONICS, ELECTRONS, ENERGY, FERMI *ALLOYS, *AMORPHOUS MATERIALS 9 DESCRIPTORS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A217 194

14/2 AD-A217 192

SURFACES, FREE ELECTRONS, HYBRIDIZATION, LOW ENERGY, LOW TEMPERATURE, MEASUREMENT, PARAMETERS, RESISTANCE,

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

> PE-61102F, WUAFOSR2306B2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

STABILITY.

(U) Instrumentation Purchased.

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

AUG 84

Weber, William P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFOSR TR-89-1615 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

for use by graduate students, research associates and faculty at the University of Southern California. The instrument is a JEOL (USA) Inc. Model JNM/FX-900 equipped with a dual 1H/13C omni probe and includes a micro insert. In September 1983, the instrument was received and was fully installed and meeting specifications by October 1983. Since installation the equipment has operated continuously and has had virtually no downtime. Usage of Fourier transform nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometer the instrument has developed to more than 100 hours per week and is now on a scheduled usage basis. (AW) The instrument purchased was a routine ABSTRACT:

*SPECTROMETERS, CALIFORNIA, STUDENTS, 3 UNIVERSITIES. DESCRIPTORS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVUZOM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A217 191

not observed. (kt.)

6/1 AD-A217 191 OKLAHOMA STATE UNIV STILLWATER DEPT OF ZOOLOGY

(U) Interaction of Hydrophobic Molecules with Heme Proteins.

Rept. for 1 Aug 84-31 Jul 85 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

*HEMOGLOBIN, *HYDROPHOBIC PROPERTIES. *PROTEINS ALPHA
SPECTRA, ANESTHETICS. ASSAYING BLOOD PROTEINS.
COEFFICIENTS, CYTOCHROME OXIDASE. EXTINCTION. HEIGHT
INTERACTIONS, LOCAL ANESTHETICS. MICROWAVES. MITOCHONDRIA.
MOLECULES, MYOGLOBULIN, OXIDATION, PEAK VALUES.

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

SUCCINATES.

*MOLECULE MOLECULE INTERACTIONS

Đ

DESCRIPTORS

FEB 85

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Harmon, H. J.

AF0SR-84-0264 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

TR-89-1841 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

in the presence and absence of lidocaine, tetracaine, and procaine anesthetics. Data suggests that cytochrome types of experiments on myoglobin. The first investigates changes in the protein by anesthetics. Thus far, procaine changes at 5 mM concentration. Lidocaine, however, causes a significant change in the 3.7 ppm resonance. The second tetracaine, and lodocaine cause 20-30 mV increases in apparent midpotential of the oxidase in mitochondria. We have not yet studied isolated oxidase. We have done two tetracaine. Cytochrome c has resonances at g=3 and g=2.2 that we are studying. No compound alters the position of g=2.2, but all narrowed the half-bandwidth (narrowed the signal) without an increase in peak height; in other type of experiment assays changes in the anesthetic due to interaction with myoglogin. No changes were observed parameters of cytochrome oxidase in intact mitochondria succinate oxidation. Early findings in intact mitochondria indicate that tetracaine and procaine, but not dibucaine or lidocaine, cause shifts in the 604 nm With proceine, but dramatic changes were observed with lidocaine with less prominent changes in dibucaine and words, a change in microwave extinction coefficient is We have been measuring the Km and Vmax tetracaine, and dibucaine have not caused noticeable oxidase is not as sensitive to these compounds as is alpha band of cytochrome oxidase. Also, dibucaine, Ĵ ABSTRACT:

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AD-A217 191

EVJ20M 182 PAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVUZOM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/3 AD-A217 097

PROVIDENCE RI LEFSCHETZ CENTER FOR DYNAMICAL BROWN UNIV

SYSTEMS

(U) Logarithmic Transformations and Stochastic Control.

Technical rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Fleming, Wendell H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81-0116, \$NSF-MCS79-03554 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1782 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

probabilistic representations for solutions phi(s,x) to a certain backward equation with data phi(T,x) = phi(x) at Consider a linear operator of the form L + V(x), where L is the generator of a Markov process x sub t and the potential V(x) is some real-valued function on the state We are concerned with a class of problems described in a somewhat imprecise way as follows. space signs of x sub t. We are interested in a final time T. (kr) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *LOGARITHM FUNCTIONS, *STOCHASTIC CONTROL, *TRANSFORMATIONS(MATHEMATICS), LINEARITY, MARKOY PROCESSES, OPERATORS(MATHEMATICS), PROBABILITY, TIME. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2304A4. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

12/1 AD-A217 062 COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Parallel Methods for Solving Nonlinear Block Bordered Systems of Equations.

Technical rept. 1 Sep 88-31 Dec 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 89

Zhang, Xiaodong; Byrd, Richard H.; Schnabel, Robert B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

CU-CS-454-89 REPORT NO.

DAAL03-88-K-0086, \$AF0SR-85-0251 CONTRACT NO.

TR-90-0434 ARO, AFOSR 24923.7-MA, MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Sponsored in part by Grant NSF-CDA84-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: 20944

implementation is discussed, for solving a special class of large sparse nonlinear equations. The type of sparsity occurring in these problems, which arise in VLSI design, structural engineering and many other areas, is called a block bordered structure. An explicit method and several implicit methods are described for solving block bordered nonlinear equations. Keywords: Nonlinear equations; Block bordered; Parallel; Implicit methods; Circuit simulation. A group of parallel algorithms, and their Parallel algorithms for solving block bordered nonlinear methods. Several variations and globally convergent modifications of the implicit method are also presented. computational comparisons are made for the two types of effectiveness of the parallel implicit algorithms. The experiments include a fairly large circuit simulation that leads to a multi-level block bordered system of nonlinear problems, and a mathematical analysis and equations are described and experimental results presented on the Intel hypercube that show the ABSTRACT <u>P</u>

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *NONLINEAR ALGEBRAIC EQUATIUNS, *PARALLEL PROCESSING, ALGORITHMS, CIRCUIT ANALYSIS, CONVERGENCE, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, MODIFICATION,

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A217 062 CONTINUED

NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING.

VLSI(Very Large Scale Integration), Block Bordered Systems. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 038 20/4 11/4 5/1

NEW YORK UNIV NY COURANT INST OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

(U) Effective Behavior of Composite and Nonlinear Media.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Dec 84-Dec 87,

JUL 88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Caflisch, Russel E.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-85-0017

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A4

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1701

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Structure are of great importance to current science and technology. Under this grant, we have investigated several such system: nonlinear optical media, fluids with vortex motion, rarified gases and composite elastic or electrostatic materials. Our research goals have been to derive mathematical theories or models for these systems, to develop numerical algorithms and compute solutions for the resulting equations, and to mathematically analyze the equations. For example, for systems with microscopic variation, such as a composite elastic material or a rarified gas, we derived theories that describe the systems on a macroscopic scale. For nonlinear systems with singularities, such as nonlinear optics or vortex dynamics, we find as mole descriptions of the divelopment of the singularities and performed numerical solutions with singularities to verify the simpler theories. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPOSITE MATERIALS, *RESEARCH MANAGEMENT, *RAREFIED GASES, *ELECTROSTATICS, ALGORITHMS, BEHAVIOR, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, EQUATIONS, FLUIDS, MATERIALS, MATHEMATICS, MEDIA, MICROSCOPY, MOTION, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, OPTICAL MATERIALS. OPTICS, SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), THEORY, VARIATIONS, VORTICES.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIV UNIVERSITY PARK DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

7/1

AD-A217 030

Synthesis and Structure of the First Example of Borazinylcyclotriphosphazene, 3

Welker, Mark F.; Manners. Ian; Parvez, Masood; Allcock, Harry R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0234 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

83

TASK NO.

TR-89-1680

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of the Chemical Society, Chemical Communications, v13 p871-872 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

phosphazene, gem-n3P3 (NMe2)4(NH-B3N3Me5)2, has been prepared and its structure determined by single crystal X-ray diffraction. Keywords: Phosphazenes; Borazine; X-ray of considerable interest both as possible polymerization 'monomers' and as pyrolytic precursors to novel non-oxide ceramic materials. The first example of a borazinyl-Cyclic and high polymeric phosphazenes are side groups have been reported. Species of this type are known with a wide variety of organic, inorganic, and organometallic side groups. However, to the best of our knowledge, no examples of phosphazenes with borazinyl structure; Synthesis; Chemistry. Reprints. (EDC) Ē ABSTRACT:

SLAT *SCRIPTORS: (U) *PHOSPHAZENE, *POLYMERIZATION, *POLYMERS, AZINES, BORON COMPOUNDS, CERAMIC MATERIALS, CYCLIC COMPOUNDS, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, MONOMERS, ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, PRECURSORS, PYROLYSIS, FIDES, SINGLE CRYSTALS, SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), X RAT DIFFRACTION, X RAYS. DESCRIPTORS:

Borazinyls, Nonoxide ceramic materials, Side chains, Phosphazene/Borazinylcyclotri, Triphosphazenes, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2. Ê IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A217 030

6/4 AD-A217 029

SMITH-KETTLEWELL EYE RESEARCH FOUNDATION SAN FRANCISCO CA

(U) Psychological Studies of Visual Cortical Function.

1, 1 Sep 88-Annual technical rept. no. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: 31 Aug 89

89 AON

Nakayama, Ken PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0326 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

A5 TASK NO

TR-89-1678 AFOSR MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

target identity, and other factors were varied. We have set up an eye movement monitoring experiment to use the speed and accuracy of saccades to supplement the psychophysical observations described above. We have been examining the phenomenon of color (or brightness) spreading, developing a paradigm to show that the filling of color could be interrupted by using an after-coming We have investigated a number of paradigms patterned mask. We are also making neutral models to discriminated and where set size, prior knowledge of account for the psychophysical observations as they where odd targets have to be either detected or emerge. Keywords: Visual cortex; Eye movements. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *PSYCHOPHYSICS, *VISUAL CORTEX, COLORS, EYE MOVEMENTS, FILLING, MODELS, MONITORING, NEUTRAL, PSYCHOLOGY, SIZES(DIMENSIONS). DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A5. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A217 029

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

Disilabenzenes, Polysilastyrene, Tetramesityldisilene, Phenylacetylene, Disilacyclobutene.

CONTINUED

AD-A217 019

AD-A217 019

WISCONSIN UNIV-MADISON DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Chemical Reactions and Properties of Organosilicon Compounds Related to New Materials. 3

Final rept. 1 Feb 82-31 Dec 82, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

PERSONAL AUTHORS: West, Robert

AF0SR-82-0067 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

20 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1708

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

polysilastyrene has been systematically studied, and some of the variables in the process are now understood. (AW) aspects of our general program will be summarized: 1) Disilene Chemistry; 2) Disilabenzene; 3) polysilastyrene for instance the addition of alcohols and ketones to the Si=Si double bond. Hexamethyl-1,4-disilabenzene was carried out. The compound behaves like an olefin in some reactions, for instance addition of hydrogen halides or chlorine. It will also undergo cycloaddition with phenylacetylene to the corresponding disilacyclobutene. However other reactions are unprecedented for olefins, obtained by thermolysis or photolysis. The synthesis of and other Silane-High Polymers; 4) Cyclic Polysilanes. During the period covered by this report, a number of In this report, research on four major chemical reactions of tetramesityldisilene have been

*SCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMICAL REACTIONS, *ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, *SILICON COMPOUNDS, ADDITION REACTIONS, ALCOHOLS, CHEMICAL BONDS, CHEMISTRY, CHLORINE, CYCLES, CYCLIC COMPOUNDS, HYDROGEN COMPOUNDS, KETONES, PHOTOLYSIS, POLYSILANES, SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), BENZENE, STYRENES, MALIDES, ACETYLENES, PHENYL RADICALS, CYCLOBUTENES, DESCRIPTORS: PYROLYSIS.

PE81102F, WUAFOSR230381, Diselenes, IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A217 019

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UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/5 6/4 AD-A217 018

WOODS HOLE MA MARINE BIOLOGICAL LAB (U) Training in Methods in Computational Neuroscience.

Final rept. 1 Sep-1 Nov 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 YOM

Halvorson, Harlyn 0 PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0436 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

A8 TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-89-1704 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Hole, MA. Twenty students were selected from a pool of 52 This four week course was offered for the second time at the Marine Biological Laboratory in Woods highly qualified applicants. Students who were prepared in both computer science and neuroscience were selected because they could benefit immediately from the high plus a laboratory wherein students worked with GENESIS, familiar with GENESIS, students undertook a simulation project. The reports of this project are attached. Keywords: Neurology courses education; Neurophysiology either discipline. The course had two lectures per day level discussion without much additional training in the simulation software developed at Caltech. Once computer program; Teaching methods. (edc) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, *NEUROLOGY, *NEUROPHYSIOLOGY, COMPUTATIONS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, COURSES'EDUCATION), LECTURES, MARINE BIOLOGY, STUDENTS, TEACHING METHODS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

Genesis computer program, PE61102F, 3 WUAF0SR2313A8. IDENTIFIERS:

6/11 6/2 AD-A217 017

GEORGETOWN UNIV WASHINGTON DC SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

The Key Involvement of Poly (ADP-Ribosylation) in Defense against Toxic Agents in Molecular Biology Studies ĵ

Nov 88-Nov 89 Annual rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

Smulson, Mark E. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0053 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A5 LASK NO

TR-89-1693 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

mutants and potential inhibitory peptides in vivo in order to eventually modulate the activity of poly(ADP-Rib) promoter. During the first year, the cDNA was inserted in both sense and antisense orientations and also sitedirected mutants. We were also concerned with into eukaryotic cells generally by co-transfection with a selectable gene. We expect various levels of overexpression and underexpression of poly(ADP-Rib) polymerase. In the case of the site-directed mutants and the inhibitory peptides (IID), we anticipate cells with include: Southern analysis to confirm integrated copies of the cDNA; both Northern and primer extension analysis prior to cytotoxicity or DNA repair analysis. These will The program has 3 interrelated aims. The molecular biological characterizations of the gene products of the various transfected cells are proposed reduced capacity for ADP-ribosylation. Biochemical and of cellular mRNA to confirm that upon induction actual polymerase cDNA into a family of selected expression vectors which in most cases will possess an inducible polymerase in cells, upon induction during DNA repair Various expression vectors will be stably transfected construction (I-D) and expression of site-directed first stage involves recombinant construction of expression of the foreign gene occurs; and Ĵ ABSTRACT:

AD-A217 017

AD-A217 018

EVJ20M

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLICGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A217 017

8/4 AD-A217 012

> immunoprecipitation of poly(ADP-Rib) polymerase in vivo after induction. Mutagenicity. (edc)

CONNECTICUT UNIV STORRS DEPT OF COMMUNICATION SCIENCES (U) Auditory Perception

> SCRIPTORS: (U) *DEDXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, *MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, ADENOSINE PHOSPHATES, FOREIGN, GENES, INMINOASSAY, INHIBITION, MUTAGENS, MUTATIONS, PEPTIDES, PRECIPITATION, PROTECTION, REDUCTION, REPAIR, RIBONUCLEIC ACIDS, TOXIC AGENTS. DESCRIPTORS:

DENTIFIERS: (U) CDNA, Polymerases, Mutagenicity, Ribosylation, Recombinant polymerase CDNA, Cytoxicity, Iransfection, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5.

IDENTIFIERS:

Annual technical rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 <u>></u> Cohen, Marion F PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0008 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

TASK ND.

AFOSR TR-89-1674 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SSTRACT: (U) During the past year we have conducted several experiments designed to study those stimulus characteristics which contribute to the ability of the auditory system to separate simultaneous signals. We have studied the effects of synchronous amplitude modulation, specifically the influence of changes in relative level of two stimuli, and have found that by changing relative levels of the two stimuli involved, the ear can detect temporal synchrony over a range of at least four octaves. We have also studied the effects of simultaneous gating, synchronous FM, and harmonicity on the ability of the auditory system to detect a signal in the presence of other stimuli. We have found that each of these characteristics contribute to signal separation. (aw)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *AUDITORY PERCEPTION, AMPLITUDE MODULATION, EAR, HEARING, SEPARATION, AUDITORY SIGNALS, STIMULI, SYNCHRONISM, DISCRIMINATION, FREQUENCY MODULATION, HARMONICS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2313AB E IDENTIFIERS:

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 938 3/2

MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS DEPT OF ASTRONOMY

(U) Characteristics of Cosmic Infrared Variable Sources.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 86-30 Sep 89,

SEP 89 5:

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Jones, Terry J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0011

PROJECT NO. 2311

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR

AFOSR TR-89-1699

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

observations of 63 AFGL sources over the past nine years are presented. Using these data together with previous measurements of these stars, we determine pulsation periods and mean photometric characteristics. These stars are found to lie midway between classical Mira variables and the Radio Luminous OH/IR stars in their period distribution and photometric properties. For the sample as a whole, there is no evidence for sudden or transient behavior such as a switch in pulsation mode. Rather, these stars show rapid, but continuous, evolution from shorter period Miras with weak mass loss to longer periods and larger mass loss rates. The carbon rich stars in our sample have the same period distribution as the oxygen rich stars. None of the carbon stars have periods as long as those of the very long period Radio Luminous OH/IR stars. (rrh)

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2311A1.

AD-A216 937 1/2

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Practical Methods for Robust Multivariable Control.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Aug 88-31 Jul 89,

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Safonov, Michael G.; Jonckheere, Edmond

Α.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0282

PROJECT NO. 2304

A

TASK NO.

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1700

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) The design of supermaneuverable fighter aircraft, high-precision space-born optical tracking systems and transatmospheric hypervelocity vehicles will pose significant challenges to modern control system design theory. The theme of the research has been making modern control theory work. The product of the research has been theory, algorithms and software applicable to multivariable feedback control problems in which there are design constraints requiring robust attainment of stability and control performance objectives in the face of both structured and unstructured uncertainty. (JHD)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, *CONTROL THEORY, *MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS, ALGORITHMS, COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, FEEDBACK, HYPERSONIC VEHICLES, AIR SUPERIORITY FIGHTERS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A1.

AD-A216 938

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

DEPT OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES 7/4 UNIVERSITY OF AD-A216 936 CHEMISTRY

Preparative Gel Permeation Chromatography.

Final rept. 15 Nov 88-14 Nov 89,

NOV 89

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Weber, William P. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0160 CONTRACT NO

3842 PROJECT NO.

AFOSR A2 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

The necessary Components for a preparative gel permeation chromatography system were purchased. The system was assembled and is operating properly. Keywords: Liquid chromatography instrumentation. (kr) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *GEL PERMEATION CHROMATOGRAPHY INSTRUMENTATION, LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY.

PE61104D, WUAFOSR3842A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 935

5/8

12/9

TEXAS UNIV MEDICAL SCHOOL AT HOUSTON DEPT OF PHYSIOLOGY AND CELL BIOLOGY

(U) Analysis and Synthesis of Adaptive Neural Elements

Research progress rept. 1 Aug 84-30 Apr DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

85 APR Byrne, John H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-84-0213 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

TR-89-1844 AFOSR MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

learning. Second, we have begun to develop a single-cell neuronal model for associative learning and simulated the initial model on a digital computer. Keywords: Learning, Memory, Information storage, Artificial intelligence. learning and memory. During the period between 01 August 1984 and 30 April 1985 progress on the proposal entitled underlying information storage and its implications for Analysis and synthesis of adaptive neural networks has been in two major directions. First, we have performed conductance mechanisms in individual neurons that are The report contains a manuscript of review article on neural and molecular mechanisms believed to contribute to neuronal plasticity and experimental studies on the modulation of ionic ABSTRACT: SQE)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, *LEARNING, *NEURAL NETS, *MEMORY(PSYCHOLOGY), ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, ASSOCIATIVE PROCESSING, CELLS(BIOLOGY), DATA STORAGE SYSTEMS, DIGITAL COMPUTERS, EXPERIMENTAL DATA. MODELS. MODULATION, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, NERVE CELLS, PLASTIC PROPERTIES, SYNTHESIS DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312A1 9 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 938

AD-A216 935

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EVJZOM

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A216 904

6/1 6/11 AD-A216 904 DEPT GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIV MEDICAL CENTER WASHINGTON DC OF MEDICINE

CATALASE, CELLS,

TETRACHLORIDE, CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, CATALASE, CELL'SCELLS(BIOLOGY), CHEMICALS, CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS, CHLOROETHANES, DOSAGE, ENDOTHELIUM, IRON, LIPIDS, MANNITOL, MEMBRANES(BIOLOGY), MUSCLES, OXIDATION, PHYSIOLOGY, PRODUCTION, TOXICITY, TRICHLOROETHANES,

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2312A5

3

IDENTIFIERS:

TRICHLORDETHYLENE, VOLUME.

(U) Free Radical Mechanisms of Xenobiotic Mammalian Cytotoxicities.

Annual rept. Nov 88-30 Nov 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 202

Dickens, Benjamin F PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0016 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1687 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

and Probucol (but not SOD, catalase, or mannitol) appear to reduce the toxicity of these agents. We have also detected the presences of free radicals in the cultured cells by ESR spin trapping following exposure to iron and cytochrome P-450. Antiradical treatment with deferoxamine trichloroethane, dichloroethane) as a model for other IRP radical mechanisms are involved in the cytotoxicity of a number of IRP volume I and II chemicals. We found that a number of these agents act to enhance membrane lipid peroxidation in response to a standard dose of exogenous production does not appear to require biotransformation by cytochrome P-450, it is also not a result of spontaneous oxidation of the IRP chemicals. Keywords: Our initial goal was to identify if free peroxidation in cultured smooth muscle and endothelial free radicals. Using chlorinated hydrocarbons (carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethylene, dichloroethylene, chemicals, we established conditions to measure lipid cells. These agents induced lipid peroxidation in the presences of physiological levels of iron in these chlorinated hydrocarbons. Although this free radical vascular cells by a mechanism that doesn't require foxicity, Cytotoxin. ABSTRACT:

*CYTOTOXIN, *FREE RADICALS, CARBON 9 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 904

AD-A216 904

UNCLASSIFIED

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EV. 2201

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-4216 890

24/4 AD-A218 890 DENTON DEPT OF BIOLOGICAL NORTH TEXAS STATE UNIV SCIENCES Evaluation of the Efficacy of the Stress Protein Response as a Biochemical Water Quality Biomonitoring Ê

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *WATER QUALITY, *SEWAGE, CANADA, CHEMICALS, CHLORINE, EFFLUENTS, FIELD TESTS, FUELS, GRADIENTS, ICE, INDUSTRIES, NORTH(DIRECTION), PROTEINS, RESPONSE, RIVERS, SEDIMENTS, SITES, SOLVENTS, STREAMS, STRESSES, TEST AND EVALUATION, TOXICITY, VALIDATION.

DESCRIPTORS: CHEMICALS, (GRADIENTS,

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A4

3

IDENTIFIERS:

Annual rept. 1 Aug 88-1 Aug 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

AUG 89

Dickson, Kenneth L.; Dyer, Scott; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Zimmerman, Earl

AF0SR-88-0295 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-89-1778 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

evaluated by placing 90d fathead minnows into i gallon glass jars filled 600 ml of Soldier Creek sediment overlaid with 2400 ml of Soldier Creek water. No toxicity was seen in any of the stations. (SDW) effluent. Soldier Creek, emanating from Tinker AFB, was selected because of its industrial/sewage effluent. Soldier Creek is the largest tributary of Crutcho Creek, which empties into the North Canadian River. Twelve sites along the three water ways were evaluated. Water was collected from each site and transported on ice. Toxicity was determined by placing 90d fathead minnows into 1-gallon jars filled with 3L of sample water. Two sites immediately below Tinker AFB exhibited acute toxicity The free chloring level was in the site immediately below evaluated in June 1989. Soldier Creek, emanating from Tinker AFB, was selected because of its industrial/sewage with total mortality occurring within 30 minutes of test initiation. However, all other sites, showed no toxicity. Tinker AFB (site 1) at all other sites. Thus, a toxicity and chemical gradient was found in Soldier Greek. Sediment collected at four sites, closest to Tinker AFB, smelled of fuel and solvents. Sediment toxicity was Potential field validation sites were

AD-A216 890

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 860 5/2 12/7 12/5

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MARINA DEL REY INFORMATION SCIENCES INST

(U) Progress in Research on Knowledge Delivery.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Feb 83-31 Jan 84,

MAR 84

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Mann, William C.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-79-C-0181

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A7

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1535 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Research under the contract during this period resulted in the following papers, 'Two discourse generators', 'The Anatomy of a Systemic Choice,' 'An overview of the Penman text generation system,' 'An introduction to the Nigel text generation grammar,' 'Nigel: A systemic Grammar for Text Generation,' 'A demonstration of the Nigel text generation computer program,' 'A grammar and a lexicon for a text-production system,' and 'The systemic framework in text generation: Nigel.' Keywords: Computer languages. (AW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *GRAMMARS, *COMPUTER PROGRAMS, ANATOMY COMPUTERS, PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES, VOCABULARY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFDSR2304A7.

AD-A216 859 9/1

TENNESSEE STATE UNIV NASHVILLE DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(U) Fault-Tolerant VLSI Design Assessments for Advanced Avionics Department. Literature Review. Phase 1.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.

FEB 82

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Devgan, Satinderpaul S.: Alexander, Robert A.

CONTRACT NO. F49660-80-C-0089

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-89-1631

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) With the advances in VLSI technology, it will be possible to fabricate chips with 100,000 to 500,000 gates per chip. Rather the technology to pack more and more elements on a chip has outpaced the collective knowledge for effective use of chip real estate. For example, it is virtually impossible to test high density microcircuits. This report reviews the existing literature on VLSI technology with regards to proposed methods to inclose reliability and testability. One of the critical problems of high density microcircuits is the limited number of I/O pins. The present literature points out the two types of circuit additions that can improve circuit reliability. The report also provides a list of references for further study of Fault-Tolerant Computing. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CIRCUIT TESTERS, *MICROCIRCUITS, ADDITION, AVIONICS. CHIPS(ELECTRONICS), CIRCUITS, DOCUMENTS, FAULTS, HIGH DENSITY, LITERATURE SURVEYS, RELIABILITY(ELECTRONICS), FAULT TOLERANT COMPUTING, COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN, PINS, RELIABILITY, TEST AND EVALUATION, TOLERANCE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) VLSI(Very Large Scale Integration).

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A216 852

8/7 8/11 AD-A216 852 Reprints. (edc) SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES GEOPHYSICS UNIVERSITY OF

Crustal and Upper Mantile Velocity and Q of Mainland China.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *EARTHQUAKES, *SEISMIC WAVES,
ATTENUATION, CHINA, CROSSINGS, DISPERSING, EARTH CRUST,
EARTH MANTLE, GEOMETRY, HETEROGENEITY, INVERSION,
MULTIMODE, OBSERVATORIES, PATHS, PLATEAUS, RAYLEIGH WAVES.
RECEIVERS, REPRINTS, RESEARCH FACILITIES, SEISMIC DATA,
SEISMOLOGICAL STATIONS, SOURCES, STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY,

ENTIFIERS: (U) Love waves, Aftershocks(Seismology). Seismic velocity, Upper mantle, Tibet Plateau, PE62701E.

WUAF0SR329121.

IDENTIFIERS:

SURFACE WAVES, TECTONICS, VELOCITY.

Final technical rept. 2 Jul 76-31 Oct DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV

Teng, Ta-Ligang PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-76-C-0010, \$\$ARPA Order-3291 CONTRACT NO.

3291 PROJECT NO.

7 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-89-1830

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Geophysical Research, v85 n7 p3829-3844, 10 Jul 80. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

measurements over the same paths were made by using large aftershocks of several great (M > 7) earthquakes which recently occurred in China. Multiple-filter technique was applied to the properly rotated three-component digital data from Seismological Research Observatory stations, so that both Rayleigh and Love wave dispersion data were obtained over a number of paths crossing various tectonic measurements with identical source-receiver geometry. The to these multimode dispersion data, and crustal and upper mantle structures were derived for various tectonic generalized surface wave inversion technique was applied provinces of china. The results clearly demonstrate that homogeneous, the lateral heterogeneities closely reflect the tectonic developments in the recent past. A particularly unusual crustal and upper mantle structure provinces of China. In several cases, higher-mode data were also derived. An estimate of uncertainty of these dispersion data was obtained from the repeated is found underlying the Tibet plateau. Seismic data; Repeated surface wave group velocity the Chinese mainland is far from being laterally ABSTRACT: (U)

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EVJ20M

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UNCLASSIFIED

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 839 20/5

VIRGINIA UNIV CHARLOTTESVILLE DEPT OF PHYSICS

(U) Gordon Research Conference on Atomic Physics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 83-31 May 84,

MAY 84

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kelly, Hugh

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-83-0180

PROJECT NO. 2301

TASK NO. A4

MONITOR: AFOSR

AFOSR TR-89-1834

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ATOMIC STRUCTURE, SPIN STATES, HYDROGEN, HELIUM, ALIGNMENT, PARTICLE COLLISIONS, PHOTOIONIZATION, TRAPPING(CHARGED PARTICLES), MOLECULAR STATES, SYMPOSIA.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2301A4, PE61102F.

AD-A216 826 7/3

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

 (U) Synthesis and Molecular Structure of 1,4-Diphenyltetrazenido Complexes of Bis(Phosphine) Nickel, Palladium, and -Platinum,

88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lee, Soon W.; Miller, Glenn Y.; Campana, Charles F.; Trogler, William C.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0027

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1873 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Inorganic Chemistry, v27

p1215-1219 1988.

either an organic azide (RN3) or a diazonium salt (RN2(+1) and a metal complex in a low oxidation state, because the similar to B would be preferred since the preformed ligand could be incorporated into complexes by metathetical procedures. Herein we report the first such complexes with transition metals both bonding modes have tetraazadiene complexes, it would be desirable to have a synthesis for a series of metal complexes, which defines periodic trends in the interaction between the N4R2 unit general method for their syntheses. A dianionic reagent free tetraazadiene ligands were unavailable. Since 1967 Trans tion-metal tetraazadiene complexes been reported, including derivatives of Ni, Pt, Co, Ir, Rh, and Fe. The N4R2 ligand in these compounds is a flexible ligand that can be viewed as either a neutral four-electron sigma-donor (A) group or an anionic four-electron donor (B). In structurally characterized been observed with either two or one short N-N bond in the ligand backbone. To develop the chemistry of metal several transition-metal tetraazadiene complexes have have been synthesized by coupling reactions between and a transition metal. Reprints. (AW) ABSTRACT: (U)

AD-A216 826

AD-A216 839

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 826 CONTINUED

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *METAL COMPLEXES, *TETRAZENES, *TRANSITION METALS, AZIDES, BONDING, CHEMICAL AGENTS, CHEMISTRY, COUPLING(INTERACTION), DIAZO COMPOUNDS, LIGANDS, MATERIAL FORMING, METALS, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, NICKEL, OXIDATION, PALLADIUM, PATTERNS, PHOSPHINE, PLATINUM, REPRINTS, SALTS, SYNTHESIS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2.

AD-A216 825 7/3

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Generation of Mono- and Dianions of 1,4-Diphenyl-2tetrazene by Nonoxidative N-N Bond Formation. A Novel Route to a 2-Tetrazene, a Silacylclotetrazene, and the Tetrazenide Complex (1,4-Diphenyltetrazenido) bis(Triethylphosphine)- Palladium,

87

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Lee, Soon W.; Miller, Glenn A.; Campana, Charles F.; Maciejewski, Mary L.; Trogler, William C.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0027

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1874

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Most methods for making N-N bonds use oxidizing conditions. For example, -2tetrazenes are synthesized by oxidation of unsymmetrically disubstituted hydrazines. Carbanion reagents have proved useful for forming bonds between carbon and many elements. For example, Trost and Peason prepared triazenes from the reaction between phenylthiomethylazides and aryl Grignard reagents. Analogous reactions between alkyl amide anions and toluenesulfonul azide were earlier used to transfer the alkyl grcup of amide to the azide. The intermediate in this reaction was postulated to be a tetrazenide anion. The only known tetrazenide dianion LizMe3Si) is not easily synthesized. This paper reports 9 synthesis of Liz(N(Ph)-N=NN(Ph)) and its application to the synthesis of tetrazenes. Reprints. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *OXIDATION, *SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY), *TETRAZENES, ALKYL RADICALS, AMIDES. ANIONS, ARYL RADICALS, BONDING, CARBON, GRIGNARD REAGENTS, HYDRAZINES, PALLADIUM, REPRINTS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B2

AD-A216 826

AD-A218 825

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM

AD-A216 824 7/3

AD-A216 824 CUNTINUED

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

PROPERTIES, STRUCTURES.

(U) Study of Third-Order Microscopic Optical Nonlinearities in Sequentially Built and Systematically Derivatized Structures,

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3

83

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Zhao, Ming-Tang; Samoc, Marek; Singh, Bhanu P.; Prasad, Paras N.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-87-C-0042

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. A3

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1787

R-89-1787

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v93 n23 p7916-7920 1989.

ABSTRACT: (U) With a goal of understanding the structure-property relationship for third-order microscopic optical nonlinearity, we have investigated the nonlinearities of a number of sequentially built and systematically derivatized n conjugated structures by using degenerate four-wave mixing. To examine the nature of effective conjugation, we have measured the third-order microscopic nonlinearities, gamma, for several para polyphenyls and compared the dependence on the number of repeat units with that observed in the alpha-thiophene oligomers. Our results show that while the limiting conjugation length in each conjugated series may be different, it becomes much shorter for polyphenyls than for polythiophenes. Systematically derivatized alpha-terthiophene structures have also been investigated. The substitution of a pyrrole or a benzene unit in the place of the central thiophene ring in the alpha-terthiophene structure reduces the gamma value. (rrh)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *BENZENE, *MICROSCOPY, *MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, *NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, *PHENYL RADICALS, *POLYMERS, *PYRROLES, *RINGS, *THIOPHENES, GAMMA RAYS, LENGTH, LIMITATIONS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, PHYSICAL

AD-A218 824

AD-A216 824

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

21/2 AD-A216 823

CARNEGIE-MELLON UNIV PITTSBURGH PA DEPT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Multiple Ignition, Combustion and Quenching of Hydrocarbon Fuel Sprays. E

SPRAYS, *IGNITION, *QUENCHING, AIR, ALUMINUM, COMBUSTION CHAMBERS, COMPUTATIONS, DATA BASES, FUELS, GASES, HETENGENEITY, HYDROCAREONS, LIMITATIONS, LIQUIDS, MEASUREMENT, METALS, METHANE, MIXTURES, OPTICAL PYROMETERS, PARTICLES, PROPANE, THEORY, TOLUENES, VAPORS,

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2308A2

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

VOLATILITY

*AROMATIC COMPOUNDS, *COMBUSTION,

CONTINUED

AD-A216 823

DESCRIPTORS:

Annual rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 81

Aggarwal, S.; Bishop, R.; Sirignano, W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

A.; Sommer, H. T.

%AF0SR-80-0203 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

\$ TASK ND. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1854

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

experimental apparatus so that aromatic fuels such as toluene could be included in the program. It was also intended to continue the theoretical analysis of the ignition of gaseous mixtures and to begin the study of the haterogeneous mixture ignition. In the experiments methane and propane air ignition by burning aluminum particles were studied. In this period of research it was wixtures and vapor mixtures to the combustion chamber were fundamentally different, several modifications to the existing apparatus were made to meet the new objectives of the program. It was of interest to be able Theoretical work on the ignition of gaseous mixtures was to obtain a direct measurement of the temperature of the information expanded the data base relevant to ignition of liquid fuel sprays by burning metal particles. completed during this period. Both computational and analytical studies were made. Since delivery of the gas of interest to study the ignition limits of mixtures of air with the vapor of a volatile liquid fuel. This outfitting the experimental apparatus with an optical The objectives were to modify the burning particle. Therefore, the possibility of examined. (jhd) ABSTRACT:

AD-A216 823

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EVJ20M

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 822 12/2 20/11

GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA

(U) Second Order Accurate Finite Difference Methods.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Jun 81-31 Jan 84,

AUG 84

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Hanagud, S.

REPORT NO. GIT-E-16-621, GIT-E-16-611

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-81-0224

PROJECT NO. 2307

TASK NO. B1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1856

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

difference methods have been evaluated for application to finite deformation transient dynamic response problems in solids. A new second order accurate finite difference technique has been developed. This is a two-step technique that can be used with deformable Lagrangian meshes. The technique has been developed by using the concepts of contour differences and MacCormack methods. The second order techniques have been applied to study many problems including dynamic poynting effect problems, interaction of stress waves and cracks, beams, with nonstructured masses and stiffened shells.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *FINITE DIFFERENCE THEORY, *DYNAMIC RESPONSE, CRACKS, DEFORMATION, INTERACTIONS, LAGRANGIAN FUNCTIONS, MESH, SHELLS(STRUCTURAL FORMS), SOLIDS, STIFFENING, STRESS WAVES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2307B1.

AD-A216 821 9/3

CORNELL UNIV ITHACA NY

(U) Acquisition of Laser and Signal Processing Equipment.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. Apr 83-Mar 24,

JAN 85

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Grant, E. R.; Houston, P. L. Wiesenfeld, J. R.

CONTRACT NO. AFDSR-83-0279

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1858

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

magnesium vapor has been used to provide tunable radiation in the 140-160 nm region. Two photons from one of the excimer-pumped dye laser are used to populate the 35cd level in Mg, while a second, tunable photon derived from the other excimer-pumped dye laser is used to stimulate Raman gain in the vacuum ultraviolet. We have recently used these techniques to study the photodissociations of glyoxal as described in detail in the preprint, and of OCS, described briefly here. A KrCl excimer laser at 222-nm was used to dissociate OCS in a molecular beam, while our tunable vacuum ultraviolet laser was used to probe the CO and sulfur products by laser induced fluorescence. The results show that both S((3)P) and S((1)D) are produced, that all of the CO is formed in its lowest vibrational level, and that the CO(**)O rotational distribution is extremely inverted; the rotational levels have roughly a Gaussian distribution centered at U=57. (rrh)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE *MAGNESIUM.
*PHOTONS, *RAMAN SPECTRA, *SIGNAL PROCESSING, *TUNABLE
LASERS, *ULTRAVIOLET LASERS, *VAPORS, ACQUISITION, GAIN,
LASERS, LEVEL(QUANTITY), MOLECULAR BEAMS, NORMAL
DISTRIBUTION, PROCESSING EQUIPMENT, RADIATION, VIBRATION,
SULFUR, TUNING, VACUUM ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION, VIBRATION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F.

SEARCH CUNTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

ල/3 6/11 AD-A216 820 SOUTHEASTERN LOUISIANA UNIV HAMMOND DEPT OF BIOLOGICAL

Ultrastructural and Cytochemical Evaluation of the Cytotoxicities of Trimethylpentane on Rat Renal and Hepatic Tissues.

Progress rept. 1 Sep 84-31 Aug 85, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

APR 85

Norton, William N. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-84-0310 CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO. AFOSR TR-89-1859 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

cytochemically, the activity of lysosomes associated with kidney cells of the proximal convoluted tubule, to glowerular basement membrane has been compromised, and to analyze by scanning electron microscopy various regions investigation is to determine the acute cytopathological of the kidney for manifestations of cellular toxicity. tissues of the sexually mature male rat. Specifically, the first year of the project is designed to evaluate, effects of trimethyl-pentane on the hepatic and renal The primary objective of the present determine by means of ferritin tracers whether the

SCRIPTORS: (U) *CYTOCHEMISTRY, *PENTANES, *CYTOTOXIN, *TOXICITY, CELL STRUCTURE, CELLS, ELECTRON MICROSCOPY, ELECTRONIC SCANNERS, GLOMERULI, KIDNEYS, LIVER, MALES, MEMBRANES(BIOLOGY), RATS, REGIONS, TISSUES(BIOLOGY). DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAF0SR2312A5, *Trimethylpentane, *Pentane-Trimethyl. Ē IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 819

MICROBIOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES INC BETHESDA MD

Selected Perfluorinated Acids and Polyhalogenated Cellular Membrane Effects of TCDD Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Mechanisms of

Forecast rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Rogers-Back, Andrea PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-84-C-0074 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-89-1860 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

interaction. The dissociation appears to occur in the TK+/ indicate that there is some dissociation of rolony growth from suspension growth. Medium type does not affect the for the perfluorinated acids with chain length of 9 or 10 been devoted to examining the effects of perfluorinated acids and polyhalogenated aromatic hydrocarbons on the colony-forming ability of L5178Y cells. Two sub clones of this cell line have been utilized. One sub clone is after treatment with the perfluorinated acids (perfluoroin a shaker incubator to produce better cell suspensions. L5178Y TK+/+ cells grow as a single cell suspension without agitation. The toxic response of both cell lines The first six months of the contract have cells tend to associate in clumps of cells and are grown n-decanoic acid) was measured. In summary, the esults markedly in their growth characteristics. L5178Y TK+/-+ cells at concentrations approximately 20 higher than toxicity. This would imply that these perfluorinated designated L5178Y TK+/. The two cell lines differ acids are producing toxicity through a membrane those previously reported. (aw) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ORGANIC ACIDS, *CELLS(BIOLOGY), *CLONES, *TOXICITY, *HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS, *AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, *COLONIES(BIOLOGY), DISSOCIATION, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A216 819

AD-A216 820

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 819 CONTINUED

FLUORINATION, CELL DIVISION, INTERACTIONS, MEMBRANES(BIOLOGY), RESPONSE, POLYMERS, DECANES, CONCENTRATION(CHEMISTRY).

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A5, *Polyhalogenated *Perfluorinated Acids, *Decanoic Acids, *Polyhalogenated Aromatic Hydrocarbons, Colony Forming Cells, Cell Suspensions.

AD-A216 815 6/10

CALIFORNIA UNIV DAVIS DEPT OF ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY

(U) Isolation of Circulatory Influence in HSG.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 77-31 Mar 80,

MAR 80

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Burger, R. E.; Smith, A. H.; Walgenbach,

CCNTRACT NO. AFOSR-77-3430

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1774

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

chickens with oxygen increased pa02, a response not found Acceleration tolerance time (T(t), min) for cocks exposed with mammals. Ventilation of one lung with air at 1 G produced near normal pa02 and PaCO2, but in HSGz it gave low Pa02 as compared to spontaneously breathing mammals. treatment induces ventilation perfusion inequalities and to +6, +8, +10, and +12 Gz is hyperbolically related to the field strength (G): T(t) = (240.15/G) - 18.61. This indicates that the product of exposure time and field intensity is constant over the range examined. Chickens, in chickens exposed to high sustained Gz (HSGz), greater The respiratory and circulatory function oxygen down to zero for several seconds; after HSG, expired PCO2 increased, indicating that oxygen debt and undergo little distortion during acceleration exposure because of their inelastic, noncompliant nature. unlike mammals, have near normal Pa02 and PaCo2 during limitating acceleration tolerance. Expored PCO2 during metabolismperfusion inequalities occurred during HSGz. pulmonary shunts which limit tolerance. Chicken lungs indicating that circulatory impairments are factors Hsgz exposure. Forced ventilation of centrifuging Ventilation did not extend all tolerance times,

AD-A216 819

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 815 *RESPIRATION, ACCELERATION TOLERANCE, *CIRCULATION, *RESPIRATION, ACCELERATION, CHICKENS, DISTORTION, EXPOSURE(PHYSIOLOGY), FIELD INTENSITY, FUNCTIONS, INEQUALITIES, ISOLATION, LUNG, MAMMALS, OXYGEN, PERFUSION, RESPIRATORY SYSTEM, SHUNTS, TIME, TOLERANCE, VENTILATION, CARBON DIOXIDE, PARTIAL PRESSURE, HIGH VELOCITY. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A2. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A216 814

15/5

TUCSON DEPT OF MATHEMATICS ARIZONA UNIV

Description of Life Lengths by Conditional Failure (U) Imperfect Repair for Multi-Unit Systems and Rates. Final technical rept. 1 Jun 84-31 May DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

MAY 88

Shaked, Proessor M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0205 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO

AS TASK NO

TR-89-1684 PROSE MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

influence of the working environment and of the current wear of the components on the failure rate of each component in a system. Results have also been obtained on maintenance policies for multi-unit systems. Often wher a which this probability depends on the working environment and on the wear of the components of the system. (jes) successful and then it brings the item to its state just undergoes an imperfect repair upon failure. Upon failure the import on system reliability of imperfect component before failure. The repair may be unsuccessful and then situation then we say that the component is imperfect;) properties of systems with several units, each of which repair. Studies have been completed on replacement and component of a system failed it is not scrapped, but repaired. Under the covered grant we studied various the probability of a successful repair may depend on several factors. We have considered the situation in the item is scrapped and replaced. When this is the instead it undergoes a repair. The repair may be Results have been obtained on the

SCRIPTORS: (U) FAILURE, MAINTENANCE, POLICIES. RATES. RELIABILITY, REPAIR, WEAR. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 814

AD-A218 815

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 814

9

IDENTIFIERS:

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2304A5.

17/4 AD-A216 813

PASADENA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH ENGINEERING (U) Coding for Spread-Spectrum Channels in the Presence of Jamming.

Final technical rept. 1 Jul 83-30 Jun DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 S McEliece, Robert J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0296 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1683 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

understanding of the problems associated with communication in a hostile environment. The basic approach has been to apply the techniques and insights of information theory. The results obtained have given insight into how to best design communication systems STRACT: (U) The research supported by this grant has led to a significantly improved mathematical which must function under severe noise. (rrh) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CHANNELS, *CODING, *COMMUNICATION AND RADIO SYSTEMS, *INFORMATION THEORY. *JAMMING, *NOISE. *SPREAD SPECTRUM, ENEMY, ENVIRONMENTS, HIGH RATE. INTENSITY.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304B1. 9 IDENTIFIERS:

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

AD-A216 812

SEATTLE DEPT OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS WASHINGTON UNIV

Numerical Algorithms for Parallel Computers 3

Final technical rept. 1 May 86-31 Aug DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

89

AUG

Adams, Loyce M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-86-0154 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO

A3 TASK NO.

TR-89-1685 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

algorithms for fighter aircraft configurations, parallel domain decomposition algorithms for symmetric eigenvalue problems, and parallel language design issues from an applications point of view. (jhd) Throughout the duration of this grant progress has been made on five fronts: analysis of parallel architectures, numerical grid generation paralle! iterative methods using Fourier analysis techniques, preconditioners for linear systems on ABSTRACT:

*SCRIPTORS: (U) *ALGORITHMS, *COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE, *PARALLEL PROCESSING, COMPUTERS, CONFIGURATIONS, DECOMPOSITION, EIGENVALUES, FIGHTER AIRCRAFT, FOURIER ANALYSIS, GRIDS, ITERATIONS, PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES. LINEAR SYSTEMS, PARALLEL PROCESSORS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, SYMMETRY. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, WUAFDSR2304A3 3 IDENTIFIERS:

12/3 AD-A216 811

DEPT OF MATHEMATICS STATISTICS AND COMPUTER S CIENCE AT CHICAGO CIRCLE AIND SICNITI

Optimum Selection Procedures in Multi-Stage Screening Reliability, and Time. 9

Final technical status rept. 1985-1989, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

80 9C1 Miescke, Klaus J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0347 CONTRACT NO

2304 PROJECT NO.

AS TASK NO.

TR-89-1686 AFOSR MONITOR

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

with Screering at the First Stage, Weibuil Fobulations: Normal Populations, Sinomial Populations; Cne-stage Selection Procedures for Nonsymmetric Models, Reliability and Replacement Models; and Trend Analysis in Time Series Contents: Two-stage Selection Procedures ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *RELIABILITY, *SELECTION, ASYMMETRY BINOMIALS, MODELS, OPTIMIZATION, PATTERNS, NORMAL DISTRIBUTION, POPULATION(MATHEMATICS), REPLACEMENT, STAGING, TIME SERIES ANALYSIS, WEIBULL DENSITY FUNCTIONS DESCRIPTORS:

Trend Analysis, PE61:02F, WU-FOSR2304A5. 9 IDENTIFIERS:

Con The State of

5

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

8/11 AD-A216 793

CONTINUED AD-A216 793

RADIOMANA PARIS (FRANCE)

STATIONS, TRANSFER FUNCTIONS

Study of Original Phases Stations Correction and Common Signal 3

WUAF0SR449304, PE62714E ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

> Final rept. 1 Dec 83-30 Nov 84 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 85

Massinon, B.; Mechler, P PERSONAL AUTHORS: AFDSR-85-0082, \$\$ARPA Order-4493 CONTRACT NO.

4493 PROJECT NO.

9 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1827

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Keywords: Seismic waves; Attenuation; Data processing. (AW) territory. This purely experimental study leaded to the conclusion that a global attenuation factor in the range of distances from 100 to 1000km could be defined on broad band data (0.5 - 16Hz). In a second approach, we tried to model regional phases by using the Bouchon's method, in attenuation due to geometrical spreading and anelasticity of recorded regional phases for a set of selected earthquakes which occurred in France or around the French In a first approach, we have evaluated the the first part of a signal processing, which will enable to improve the magnitude determination of quakes as well as the transfer function of our network for teleseisms. function at each station. We also present in this report directly from the records, not only the attenuation but order to understand the influence of the source (depth, part of this report concerns the study of Lg phases in France. We show here that it is possible to derive source mechanism) and of the propagation model on the seismograms built at various distances. The principal simultaneously the source function and the transfer

SCRIPTORS: (U) *SEISMIC DATA, *SEISMIC WAVES, *SIGNAL PROCESSING, ATTENUATION, BROADBAND, CORRECTIONS, DATA ACQUISITION, DATA PROCESSING, EARTHQUAKES, FRANCE, FUNCTIONS, GLOBAL, MODELS, PROPAGATION, SIGNALS, SOURCES, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 793

AD-A216 793

UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

25/2 AD-A216 792 ROYAL NORWEGIAN COUNCIL FOR SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH KJELLER Development and Evaluation of a Regional Seismic Array in Norway - Acquisition of Automatic Data Processing Equipment, 3

8

Radoski, Frode PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-85-C-0016, \$\$ARPA Order-4950 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1828

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

changes have led to a reduced error rate, and the data **from NORESS are presently without errors**. The performance of the NORESS Earth station for transmission of seismic data to the US has been very good during the reporting period. The new oscillator installed by COMSAT General in March is very stable in frequency, and there has been no need for frequency adjustments after this installation. A visited and several modifications and improvements were implemented. Shielding of cables, modifications to the hub processor and alteration of the power supply system has contributed to increased system reliability. These few outages during June were due to thunderstorms that The NORESS field installations were caused power breaks in the array area. (jhd)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *SEISMIC ARRAYS, ACQUISITION, ARRAYS, AUTOMATIC, ELECTRIC CABLES, DATA PROCESSING EQUIPMENT, DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS, ERRORS, INSTALLATION, NORWAY, OSCILLATORS, POWER SUPPLIES, RATES, REDUCTION, RELIABILITY, SEISMIC DATA, SEISMIC DETECTION, ELECTROMAGNETIC SHIELDING, STATIONS, THUNDERSTORMS.

NORSAR(Norweglan Seismic Array), WUAF0SR2309A1, PEB1102F DENTIFIERS:

12/9 AD-A216 791 JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV LAUREI MD APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

(U) Investigation of Neural Network Dynamics

Final rept. 1 Sep 87-31 Jan 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 89

Pineda, Fernando J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0354 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A7 TASK NO AF0SR TR-89-1880 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

the progress made in the first year of the grant entitled a single year because the principal investigator moved from the Applied Physics Laboratory, California Institute of Technology. Nevertheless, many of the initial objectives were met in the single year that the grant was Investigation of Neural Network Dynamics. The proposed period of the work was September 1, 1987 to August 31, 1990. The proposed three year budget was \$126,200 with a first year budget of \$40,000. The grant was closed after The purpose of this document is to report general class of neurodynamical systems for the purpose analog VLSI. This can be accomplished without external in force. The major result of this investigation is a systematic approach for exploiting the dynamics of a propagation formalism as an adaptive algorithm for a of neural computation. We have interpreted the backgeneral class of dynamical systems. The completely continuous formalism lends itself to implementation synchronization.

SSCRIPTORS: (U) *DYNAMICS, *NEURAL NETS, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, ALGORITHMS, CALIFORMIA, COMPUTATIONS, EXTERNAL, NERVOUS SYSTEM, SYNCHRONIZATION(ELECTRONICS). DESCRIPTORS: (U)

WUAF0SR2304A7, PE61102F 9 IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A216 790

9/8 20/6 AD-A216 790

CARLSBAD CA TACAN CORP (U) Nonlinear Optical Interactions in Semiconductors.

Semi-annual rept. 10 Aug 84-9 Feb 85 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

ELEMENTS, RADIATION ABSORPTION, BLUE(COLOX), COHERENCE, EXCITATION, EXTERNAL, GAIN, GREEN(COLOR), GALLIUM ARSENIDES, ZINC OXIDES, HEAT, INTERACTIONS, LASER CAVITIES, LAYERS, LIGHT SCATTERING, TWO PHOTON ABSORPTION NARROW GAP SEMICONDUCTORS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPTICAL MATERIALS, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, QUANTUM THEORY, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SEMICONDUCTOR LASERS, SENSITIVITY, SOURCES, STIMULATION(GENERAL), THIN FILMS, TRANSMITTANCE, TUNING.

*UNDERWATER COMMUNICATIONS, +OPTICAL

9

DESCRIPTORS:

DETECTORS,

*OPTICAL PUMPING, 'TEMPERATURE SENSITIVE

Quantum Wells,

Blue Green Lasers, WUAFOSR2306C2, PE61102F

Two Photon Excitation,

9

IDENTIFIERS:

Salour, Michael M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-83-C-0147 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

 \ddot{c} T SK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1833

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

cavity semiconductor laser involving ZnD as a gain medium was demonstrated under two-photon excitation. This laser large laser systems were received along with a variety of test and measurement equipment. These lasers were used to explore elementary excitation in optical thin film layers of semiconductors. Also, demonstrated was the feasibility This will allow us to undertake a careful study of multi-Attempts are focused on observing a number of new optical The optical pumping technique in GaAs has optical temperature sensor. Experiment were completed on effects including nonlinear absorption and transmission photon optical pumping in semiconductors to generate IR radiation and a variety of studies involving narrow-gap led to the development of a novel and highly sensitive should have major impact on the development of tunable external cavity semiconductor laser has been completed buildup in semiconductor materials as a result of high blue-green radiation for submarine communication. Two power optical laser systems, is in the planning stage source involving multiple quantum well material. The contact) temperature sensor to directly measure heat phenomena, enhanced spontaneous and stimulated light two-photon optical pumping pumping ZnO. An external of room temperature operation of a tunable coherent construction was completed of a simple remote (nonscattering processes, etc. The construction of an semiconduct.ng compounds. (jhd) ABSTRACT:

AD-A216 790

AD-A216 790

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 789 12/9

MASSACHUSETTS UNIV AMHERST DEPT OF COMPUTER AND INFORMATION SCIENCE

(U) Cooperative Interaction of Self-Interested Neuron-Like Processing Units.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Oct 86-30 Sep

INTELLIGENCE, *ASSOCIATIVE PROCESSING, *LEARNING, *NETWORKS, AUTOMATA, CONTROL SYSTEMS, DYNAMICS, ERRORS, INTERACTIONS, LAYERS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OUTPUT, PATTERN RECOGNITION, RATES, STOCHASTIC PROCESSES,

WUAF0SR2312A1, PE61102F

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IDENTIFIERS:

TRAINING.

*ARTIFICIAL

*ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS,

3

DESCRIPTORS:

Stochastic learning automata, Cooperative computing

CONTINUED

AD-A216 789

Artificial intelligence. (aw)

NOV 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Barto, Andrew G.

CONTRACT ND. AFUSR-87-0030

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1825

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

supervised-learning methods. These methods can permit the method is related to gradient-following methods, how its learning rate can be improved, and argue that this method is biologically plausible. A generalized theory of involving complex dynamical behavior and high degrees of uncertainty. A method for training layered networks to perform nonlinear pattern recognition and associative memory tasks was refined. The neuron-like units making up This report describes progress made in the evaluates behavior but does not specify desired output or directly provide error information. We report how this davelopment of connectionist learning methods permitting specifications of desired network outputs. This approach application of adaptive connectionist networks to tasks was illustrated by using it to train a simulated multi-jointed manipulator to perform sequences of reaching reinforcement learning methods for control of dynamical information comes in the form of constraints instead of systems. Keywords: Adaptive networks, Neural computing, supervised learning was developed, in which training networks to learn when they cannot be provided with training information of the high quality required by these networks learn on the basis of feedback that tasks. Progress was made in the development of ABSTRACT:

AD-A216 789

AD-A216 789

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A216 788

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY ELECTRONICS RESEARCH LAB

'(U) Joint Services Electronics Program.

Final rept. 1 Sep 81-31 Aug 82, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

SEP 82

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Angelakos, D. J.

F49620-79-C-0178 CONTRACT NO.

2305 PROJECT NO.

88 TASK NO.

MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1820

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Document partially illegible.

addition, results of the research to date are summarized Services Electronics Program) in Electromagnetics Solid State Electronics, Materials and Devices, Quantum Electronics, and Information Services in presented. In and significant accomplishments are indicated. (rrh) An annual report of the JSEP (Joint ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS, QUANTUM ELECTRONICS, SOLID STATE ELECTRONICS.

WUAF0SR2305A9, PE61102F 3 IDENTIFIERS:

5/8 6/4 AD-A216 787

ARIZONA STATE UNIV TEMPE DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Tutorial Conference on Neural Modeling.

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 85

Killeen, Peter PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0103 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

A TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1832 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Research, and by Arizona State University. The conference was organized by Peter Killeen and David Hestenes of ASU, and by Rcbert Hecht-Nielsen of TRW, Inc. The principal its implications for associated psychological disciplines to the predictions of those models. The following reviews and abstracts will provide you with an idea of the issues The format devoted the mornings to lectures by Grossberg neural models, or who generated empirical data pertinent presentations by invited participants who also worked on on his theory of neural networks, and the afternoons to Arizona. The conference was supported by the Air Force themes and results of neural modelling, and to explore cor Prence on neural modelling was held in Scottsdale. Office of Scientific Research, by the Office of Naval speaker was Stephen Grossberg, Center for Adaptive Systems, Boston University. The goal was to provide a clear and concise exposition of the major concepts, discussed in relation to neural models that week. On April 11-15, 1983, a tutorial ABSTRACT:

*NEURAL NETS, *PSYCHOLOGY, *TEACHING SYSTEMS, ARIZONA, MODELS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, SYMPOSIA, THEORY. METHODS, ADAPTIVE DESCRIPTORS: (U)

WUAF0SR2312A1, PEB1102F. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 788

AD-A216 787

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/6 AD-A216 785 PARIS (FRANCE) 8/11 RADIOMANA AD-A216 786

Investigation on Local Seismic Phases and Evaluation of Body Waves Magnitude. 3

Rept. 1 Dec 84-31 May 85, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

85 ¥ Mechler, Pierre; Massinon, Bernard PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AFDSR-85-0033, \$\$ARPA Order-4493 CONTRACT NO.

2309 PROJECT NO.

F TASK NO. AFOSR TR-89-1829 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

JSTRACT: (U) The research done under the grant is progressing quite normally. The main results were reported at the DARPA meeting held at the USAF Academy, Colorado Springs in May 1985. ABSTRACT:

*SEISMOLOGY, PHASE. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

WUAF0SR2309A1, PE61102F IDENTIFIERS: (U)

20/2

BLOOMINGTON MN HONEYWELL INC (U) Nonlinear Optical Phenomena in Solids

Semiannual rept. 9 Jul 84-8 Jan 85, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

FEB 85

Kruse, Paul W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-84-C-0034 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

 \ddot{c} LASK NO.

TR-89-1831 Arosk

MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIEC REPORT

with the bulk alloy. Keywords: Mercury cadmium tellurides. Gallium aluminum arsenide, Real time electron gratings. recombination. 4 theoretical analysis of GaAs/Al(x)Ga(1-x)As and Hg(1-x)Cd(x)Te/Hg(y)Cd(1-y)Te superlattices shows that the photo-excited plasma mechanism does not give rise to an appreciably larger third order susceptibility than bulk alloys. However, the third order STRACT: (U) The dynamics of electron gratings formed in Hg(1 - x)Cd(x)Te at 80 K by the interference of pump and probe beams from a Carbon Dioxide TEA laser has been nonparabolicity can be two orders of magnitude higher in susceptibility due to conduction band nonparabolicity in Hg(1 - x)Cd(x)Te/Hg(y)Cd(1 - y)Te superlattices compared the GaAs/Al(x)Ga(1 - x)As superlattices than in the bulk conjugate signal from the pump and probe beams. With a response time no greater than 40 nsec. A model has been proposed based upon two-photon absorption and Auger backside of the sample quenches the forward mode phase investigated. A CO2 TEA laser beam incident upon the Dependence of diffracted beam signal upon erase beam alloy. There is no increase in the third order susceptibility arising from conduction band intensity, Gallium arsenides ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) +CARBON DIOXIDE LASERS, +OPTICAL PHENOMENA, *TEA LASERS, ALLOYS. ALUMINUM ARSENIDES. AUGERS, CONDUCTION BANDS, DIFFRACTION, DYNAMICS. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 785

AD-A216 786

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UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 785 ELECTRONS, SOLIDS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, GALLIUM ARSENIDES, GRATINGS(SPECTRA), INTENSITY, MERCURY CADMIUM TELLURIDES, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, REACTION TIME, REAL TIME, SIGNALS, SUPERLATTICES, THEORY, TWO PHOTON ABSORPTION.

WUAF0SR2306C2, PE61102F

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IDENTIFIERS:

21/9.2 21/8.2 AD-A216 781

21/2

LAFAYETTE IN SCHOOL OF AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS PURDUE UNIV

(U) Solid Rocket and Space Propulsion Studies

Final rept. 1 Nov 32-31 Dec 84, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Glick, Robert L.; Osborn, John R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-83-K-0008 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

۲ TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1855 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

consistency of data from ballistic test motors were shown model. Results showed ignit on delays of correct magnitude and, with physical reasoning, demonstrated that the ZN methodology cannot be applied to heterogeneous explored analytically. Self-pressurized constant pressure operation was shown along with capability to control the pressure level with a simple bang-bang control system. Special configurations to provide direct little Studies were directed at the deflagration of heterogeneous, condensed media. Relations among ballistic properties were studied; generalized relations difference measurements of ballistic sensitivities were propellants in its present form. Keywords: Solid rocket characterizing the ballistic properties of condensed overcome the 'continuation' problem implicit in that media at high pressure with strands was devised and heterogeneous propellant combustion was modified to were derived and existing relations for testing the presented. The Deur/Glick serial sandwich model for propellants, Solid propellart rocket engines. (AW) to be general to small error; errors in the recent literature were corrected. A new device for 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) *SOLID PRCPELLANT ROCKET ENGINES, *SOLID ROCKET PROPELLANTS, *DEFLAGRATION, BALLISTICS, COMBUSTION, CONFIGURATIONS, CONSISTENCY, CONTROL SYSTEMS, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A216 781

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 781 CONTINUED

DELAY, ERRORS, HETEROGENEITY, HIGH PRESSURE. IGNITION, MEASUREMENT, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, PRESSURE, PULSE MODULATION, REASONING, ROCKETS, SPACE PROPULSION, SPACE SCIENCES, STRANDS, TEST EQUIPMENT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308A1.

AD-A216 767 11/6.1

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD DEPT OF MATERIALS

SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

(U) A Fundamental Understanding of the Effect of Alloying Elements on the Corrosion Resistance of Rapidly Solidified Mg Alloys.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 30 Sep 88-31 Oct 89,

NOV 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kruger, J.; Makar, G. L.; Sieradzki, K.

CONTRACT NO. AFDSR-88-0339

PROJECT NO. 2306

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1671

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

two resulting from a previous contract F496620-86-C-0014, P00002. The titles are: Environment-assisted cracking of rapidly solidified Mg-Al alloys; Structure of the Passivafilms on cast and rapidly solidified Mg alloys; The effect of alloying elements on the corrosion resistance of rapidly solidified magnesium alloys; and Corrosion studies of rapidly solidified magnesium alloys. Magnesium aluminum alloys; RS (Rapid Solidification). (edc)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CORROSION RESISTANCE, *MAGNESIUM ALLOYS, *SOLIDIFICATION, ADDITIVES, ALLOYS, ALUTYS, ALLOYS, CRACKS, FILMS, PASSIVE SYSTEMS, QUICK REACTION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Alloying elements, Rapid solidification. PE61102F, WUAFOSR2306A1.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 762 12/6

MARYLAND UNIV BALTIMORE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Request for a Computer Workstation and Video Peripherals (DURIP).

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Nov 88-30 Apr 89,

00 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Greenberg, James M.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0101

PROJECT NO. 3842

FASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1681

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

investigator under AFOSR Grant 89-0101, entered into a contract with Ardent Computer Corporation of Sunnyvale, California to purchase a four processor Titan at a cost of 129,000. The department also purchased the video output devices outlined in the original proposal. This equipment has been invaluable to both the principal investigator and the other associate investigators on the original proposal; Dr. Greenberg has been engaged on work on flow visualization for models of the Boltzmann equation and Dr. Lo has been doing extensive work on signal processing which utilizes the vector capabilities of the Ardent to its fullest. (KR)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *AUXILIARY, *COMPUTERS, BOLTZMANN EQUATION, CALIFORNIA, FLOW VISUALIZATION, OUTPUT, PROCUREMENT, SIGNAL PROCESSING, STATIONS, VECTOR ANALYSIS, VIDEO SIGNALS, WORK.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR3842A5, *Peripheral equipment.

AD-A216 747 12/5

WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

(U) High Performance Computer Programming Environments.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 87-30 Sep 88,

SEP 88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Snyder, Lawrence; Notkin, David

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-88-0023

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1682

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This one year grant had the primary goal the assessment of the Poker Parallel Programming environment and the planning and design of new parallel programming environment. These goa's were achieved. The new programming environment, to be built on a software platform that permits rapid prototyping of alternative environments. Was designed using a three level language abstraction. The central publications include the assessment of Poker, two papers on prototype graphic debugging environment, and two papers on parallel computer structures. Thomas J. Holman completed his Ph.D. degree. (KR)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, DEBUGGING(COMPUTERS), DOCUMENTS, ENVIRONMENTS, GRAPHICS, LANGJAGE, PARALLEL PROCESSING, PARALLEL PROCESSORS, PLATFORMS, PROTOTYPES, STRUCTURES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A2, Poker Parallel Programming Environment.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

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AD-A216 743 6/4

WISCONSIN UNIV-MILWAUKEE DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

3/4 AD-A216 743

(U) Perception of Long-Period Complex Sounds.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual progress rept. 1 Sep 88-31 Oct

*DISCRIMINATION, DISTORTION, FREQUENCY, FUNCTIONS, INVERSION, NOISE(SOUND), PATTERNS, REACTION TIME. REGIONS, SEPARATION, SEQUENCES, SOUND, SPECTRA, STIMULI, VERBAL

BEHAVIOR, VOWELS

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313AG

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IDENTIFIERS:

*AUDIO TONES, *AUDITORY PERCEPTION,

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DESCRIPTORS

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NOV 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Warren, Richard M.

AF0SR-88-0320

CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A6

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-89-1677

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

differing only in the ordering of two contiguous items. In contrast with results previously obtained for ten-item sequences presented in transient one-shot bursts. tonal patterns (measured by response time) was an inverse was more difficult than found with tone or vowel sequence mediated by verbal organization involving introduction of minimal changes for: sinusoids, vowels, and frozen noise segments. Listeners made ABX judgments for sequences Discrimination of order within sequences of frozen noise Working with recycled sequences of ten 40 recycled stimuli were readily discriminated by untrained permuted pair. For the vowel sequences, listeners' trial by trial repor indicate that discrimination of order was Additional work with recycled frozen noise is proceeding ms items the investigators studied the discrimination of but all listeners performed at levels well above chance. function of: a) the frequency separation between the permuted tones; and b) the frequency separation between satisfactorily which deals with the ability to remember process. Keywords: Auditory perception; Complex sounds; and recognize segments up to 1 s in duration, and the relative salience of various spectral regions in this listeners. The relative difficulty of discriminating the tones immediately preceding and following the illusory consonants and distortion of the vowels. Pitch. (jhd)

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AD-A216 743

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED

AD-A216 741

DESCRIPTORS:

5/8 6/4 AD-A216 741 HARVARD UNIV CAMBRIDGE MA DIV OF APPLIED SCIENCES

(U) The Effects of Luminance Boundaries on Color Perception.

BACKGROUND, BOUNDARIES, CHROMATICITY, DETECTION, DETECTION, DETECTORS, FLASHES, INTEGRATICITY, DETECTION, DETECTION, DETECTORS, INTEGRATION, OBSERVERS, OPTICAL IMAGES, POSITION(LOCATION), REGIONS, RINGS, SIGNALS, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, TEST AND EVALUATION, THINNESS.

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2313A5

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IDENTIFIERS:

THRESHOLD EFFECTS

Final rept. 15 Sep 86-14 Mar 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

5 Kronauer, Richard E.; Eskew, R. ; Stromeyer, Charles F., III PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0338 CONTRACT NO.

2313

PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1676

UNCL ASSIFIED REPORT

presented as an increment on a larger background field, accompanies a circular isoluminant chromatic flash at the same spatial location, chromatic threshold is reduced by segregating it from its surround. Recent signal detection experiments show that this facilitation does not occur as a result of the contour's reducing the spatio-temporal the extent of spatial integration, for instance). A thin luminance ring can be used to create the facilitating contour. Displacing the ring relative to the test causes the facilitation to decline sharply, as if the visual system integrated uniformly within the demarcated region. circumference have about half the maximum facilitatory effect, while 180 deg of arcs produces the whole effect. These results can be used as a rigorous means of probing the way in which low-level visual attributes (edges, color) interact at higher levels. However, the contour does not have to enclose the test region: small segments of the ring presented on the test detection uncertainty of the observer; instead of merely directing the observer's attention, the pedestal must alter the properties of chromatic detectors (by changing When a suprathreshold luminance flash, about two-fold. This facilitation results from the clearly-visible edges of the luminance flash (the pedestal) serving to demarcate the test region, 3 ABSTRACT:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

21/9.2 21/2 21/8.2 AD-A216 740

GEORGIA INST OF TECH ATLANTA SCHOOL OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING (U) Combustion Instability in Solid Propellant Rockets

Final rept. Oct 85-Mar 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Price, Edward W.; Flandro, Gary A.

F49620-86-C-0005 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

F

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-89-0460 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

This report constitutes the principal of a book on combustion stability in solid propellant rockets. bibliographical and art work in some chapters. Chapters 1 thru 9 include: Introduction to Combustion Instability; Combustion Chamber Processes; Guidance in Missile Sys::em and Motor Design; Fundamentals of Propellant Combustion; The present report contains nine chapters that are each Instability; and Combustor Stability Analysis. (aw) Analytical Modeling of Combustor Flow; Modeling of Combustion Dynamics; Bulk Mode Oscillations and L* substantially complete except for some editorial, 9 ABSTRACT:

PROPELLANT ROCKET ENGINES, *SOLID PROPELLANTS, BOOKS, CUMBUSTION, COMBUSTION CHAMBERS; COMBUSTORS, DYNAMICS, FLOW, GUIDED MISSILES, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MODELS, MODELS, MOTORS, OSCILLATION, PROPELLANTS, ROCKETS, STABILITY. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A1, *Combustion 3 Instability. IDENTIFIERS:

21/1 AD-A216 739

21/2

CA DEPT OF AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS STANFORD UNIV

Chemical Reaction in Combusting Turbulent Flows An Investigation of Flow Structure, Mixing and

Final technical rept. 1 Sep 84-30 Jun DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT

Cantwell, Brian J.; Bowman, Craig T. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0373 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

TR-89-1679 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

flame thus creating a very periodic and controllable flow. Suitable for conditional sampling. Various diagnostic in a low-speed, co-flowing, non-premixed, methane-air jet diffusion flame has been completed. The purpose of the research was to examine the spatial structure of the measuring instantaneous planar velocity field data. Velocity fields have been measured as a function of the phase of the flickering cycle over the first 20 diameters produced, perturbation in the fuel jet velocity was used relationship between flow structure and flame structure unsteady reaction process as it relates to the unsteady velocity field and to use topological methods in the interpretation of flame dynamics. A small, acoustically techniques were used in the research including singlefluorescence the OH radical and particle tracking for to phaselock the basic flickering instability of the An experimental investigation of the component laser anemometry, direct and schlie en photography, Mie scattering from seed particles introduced into the flow, planar, laser-induced of the flame. (KR) ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *JET MIXING FLOW. *JET FLAMES. *UNSTEADY FLOW, *TURBULENT FLOW, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), DYNAMICS, LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, DESCRIPTORS: (U)

4D-A216 739

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 739 CONTINUED

MIE SCATTERING, PARTICLES, PERIODIC VARIATIONS, PHASE LOCKED SYSTEMS, SAMPLING, SCHLIEREN PHOTOGRAPHY, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, STABILITY, TOPOLOGY, TRACKING, METHANE, AIR, TURBULENT DIFFUSION, FLICKER, VELOCITY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2308A2.

AD-A216 733 15/5 1

ILLINOIS UNIV AT CHICAGO CIRCLE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS STATISTICS AND COMPUTER S CIENCE

(U) Structured Decision Rules for Ranking and Selecting Mailing Lists and Creative Packages for Direct

8

Marketing.

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ehrman, Chaim M.; Miescke, Klaus J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-85-0347

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-89-1881

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Direct Marketing, v3 n1 p47-59 1989.

ABSTRACI: (U) The field of direct ail advertising is becoming increasingly important. Many selection decisions must be made by direct marketers such as those concerning package testing and list and segment within list selection. The decisions can be quite complex, especially when sample sizes and average order size per package and list are not equal. In this article, Bayesian and non-Bayesian statistics are applied to these problems to generate optimal decision rules for package testing and list evaluation and selection. An example is given using real data from test results. Keywords: Binomial distributions and beta priors; Bayes subset selection; Confidence bounds for rates; Reprints. (SDW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *MARKETING, *SELECTION, *RANKING, BAYES THEOREM, BINOMIALS, DECISION MAKING, DECISION THEORY, DISTRIBUTION, OPTIMIZATION, REPRINTS, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), TEST AND EVALUATION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A5, Packages

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/3 AD-A216 732 (UNITED KINGDOM) DEPT OF INORGANIC BRISTOL UNIV CHEMISTRY

Carbene or Carbyne Ligands. Part 93. Synthesis of Heteropolynuclear Metal Compounds with Chains of Seven to Eleven Metal Atoms; Crystal Structure of (Mo2W3Pt6(Mu3-CMe)3(Mu3-CC6H4Me-4)2(CO)10(PMe2Ph)4(Eta-Chemistry of Polynuclear Metal Complexes with Bridging CSH5)5), 3

83

Davies, Simon J.; Howard, Judith A.; Musgrove, Rupert J.; Stone, F. G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0125 CONTRACT NO

2303 PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO.

TR-89-1893 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Society Dalton Transactions, p2269-2279 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

consist of metal-metal bonds (W-Pt, Mo-Pt, W-Ni, or Mo-Ni) preparing polynuclear metal complexes in which from three to seven metal atoms are linked to form chain-like structures. In these species the spines of the molecules bridged by alkylidyne groups. The syntheses depend for their success on an isolobal mapping of metal-ligand fragments with organic groups, and the generality of the methodology has recently been demonstrated by its We have described rational procedures for extension to W-Rh chain systems. Reprints. (rrh) Ê

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ATOMS, *BRIDGES, *CARBENES, *CHAINS, *CRYSTAL STRUCTURE, *LIGANDS, *METAL COMPLEXES, *MOLECULES, *ORGANIC RADICALS, CHEMISTRY, METAL COMPOUNDS, METAL BONDS, METALS, REPRINTS, SPINAL COLUMN, DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFUSR2303B2 3 **IDENTIFIERS**

AD-A216 732

AD-A216 731

7/4 7/5 AD-A216 731

20/5

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES RESEARCH CENTER EAST HARTFORL CT

(U) Laser-Induced Chemiluminescence of the LiMg Excimer

APR

M.; Kleiber, F RSONAL AUTHORS: Pichler, G.; Lyyra, A. D.; Stwalley, W. C., Hammer, R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-85-C-0095 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

A7 FASK NO.

TR-89-1870 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub, in Chemical Physics Letters SAT PLEMENTARY NOTE:

v156 n5 p467-471, 14 Apr 89.

produced the LiMg excimer in excited C2Pi and D 2 Sigma(+) potential energy curves and transition dipole moments between the A 2 Pi states, and B2 Sigma(+) and D2 Sigma(+) states. The observed bound-free excimer emission spectrum was compared with theoretical emission profiles based on STRACT: (U) A UV Ar(2+) laser was used to excite specific levels in the C 1Pi(u) state of the 7L12 dimer. A subsequent photochemical reaction with atomic Mg states of LiMg Reprints, (aw)

REACTIONS, *LASER INDUCED FLUORESCENCE, *EXCIMERS *LITHIUM, *MAGNESIUM, DIPOLE MOMENTS, EMISSION SPECTRA, LASERS, PROFILES, REPRINTS, TRANSITIONS, DIMERS ELECTRONIC STATES, EXCITATION, POTENTIAL ENERGY. PHOTOCHEMICAL CHEMILUMINESCENCE DESCRIPTORS

W5AF0SR2301A7 IDENTIFIERS (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

COOLING, FLOW, FLOW RATE, GRAPHS, MAPS,

CONTINUED

AD-A216 721

CIRCLES, COILS,

OBSERVATION, OSCILLATION, PREDICTIONS, REPRINTS, TEMPERATURE, THEORY, TOROIDS, TRANSITIONS, MOLECULAR STATES, QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, PHASE DIAGRAMS.

States, *Chemical Oscillators, Quasiperiodic States, Supercritical Hopf Bifurcations, Toroidal Flow. Stroboscopic Phases, Neimark Sacker Torus Bi incation.

PE61102F, WUAFUSR2303B1, *Periodic

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IDENTIFIERS:

7/3 AD-A216 721

CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY STANFORD UNIV

Tori for a Periodically Forced Chemical Oscillator (U) Experiments on Bifurcation of Periodic States into

MAY 88

Vance, William; Ross, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0120 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8

TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1767

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v88 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. n9 p5536-5546, 1 May 88.

periodically forced chemical oscillator. The chemical reaction is the hydration of 2,3-epoxy-1-propanol and is bifurcation diagram of the unforced system to that of the supercritical Hopf bifurcations as either the total flow rate or the cooling coil temperature is changed. Under conditions of oscillation for the structure of the predictions compare well with the experimental observations. This paper presents the first experimental toroidal flow, stroboscopic phase portraits, and circle maps as a function of the forcing amplitude and period. continuous transition from the quasiperiodic to a observed as the forcing period is changed at a constant observation of a Neimark-Sacker torus bifurcation in a periodic state, in which the two-torus contracts to a closed curve (Neimark-Sacker torus bifurcation), is moderate forcing amplitude. Qualitative theoretical forced chemical oscillator system, and relates the We study experimentally continuous transitions from quasiperiodic states for a timecarried out in the autonomous system through forced system reprints. (aw) ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *OSCILLATORS, *PROPANOLS, *EPOXY COMPOUNDS, *HYDRATION, *BIFURCATION(MATHEMATICS), *PHASE TRANSFORMATIONS, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHEMICALS, CHEMISTRY DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 72

AD-A216 721

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EV-20M

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PAGE

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 720 7/3

AD-A216 72C CONTINUED

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

CERAMIC MATERIALS, CHEMICAL AGENTS, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, COUPLING(INTERACTION), GERMANIUM, HYDRAZINE DERIVATIVES, HYDRAZINES, LIGANDS, NITRIDES, OXIDATION, REPRINTS, SEMICONDUCTORS, SILICON, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES, SYNTHESIS.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2

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IDENTIFIERS:

(U) Synthetic, Structural, and Theoretical Studies of Diphenyltetrazene Complexes of Silicon and Germanium.

88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Miller, Glenn A.; Lee, Soon W.; Trogler,

William C.

CONTRACT NO. AFUSR-86-0027

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1872 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Organometallics, v8 p738-744

ABSTRACT: (U) We recently reported the preparation of several transition-metal tetrazene (also called tetrazzadiene, tetrazzabutadiene, or tetrazzenido) compounds from the readily available tetrazenido dianion. This reagent has permitted the synthesis of tetrazene complexes for Ni, Pd, and Pt allowing for the first time a comparison of metal-tetrazene bonding within a triad. Main-group tetrazene compounds may also be useful as preducting nitrides. Structural studies of the main group systems aid in the analysis of bonding within the N4 backbone of the tetrazene ligand in transition-metal complexes but should be diminished in main group analogues. The few known main-group tetrazene complexes have been prepared by an oxidative coupling of hydrazine derivatives, by coupling lithiated hydrazines with aryldiazonium salts, or by the 2 + 3-cycloaddition reaction between azides and substituted silaketimines. Herein we describe metathesis reactions with main-group substrates, which suggest I offers a convenient entry to the sprints. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *TETRAZENES, *TRANSITION METALS, AZIDES,

J-A216 720

J-A216 720

AD-A216 7

UNCLASSIFIED

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DTIC REPORT BIGLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NU. EVUZGA

AD-A216 719 7/3

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Structure of Bis(1,10-Phenanthroline)

Trifluoromethanesulfonatolithium,

0

PERSUNAL AUTHORS: Lee, Soon W.; Trogler, William C.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0027

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO B2

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-89-1871

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Acta Crystallographica, Section B: Structural Crystallography and Crystal Chemistry, vC45 p1152-1154 1989. ABSTRACT: (U) Alkali-metal cations usually form 1:1 complexes with the 1,10-phenanthroline (phen) ligand, except for the 0-nitrophenolates of Na(+), K(+), Rb(+) and Cs(+), to which two molecules of phananthroline are added. The relatively small Na(+) and K(+) cations form 1:2 complexes only when the reaction mixture contains foreign proton-donor species which stabilize the counter anion. In this paper, we report that the small Li(=) cation forms a stable complex with two equivalents of 1,10-phenanthroline in a nonprotonic solvent, Methylene chloride, by use of the weakly basic trifluoromethanesulfonate counter ion. Reprints. (aw)

DESCRIPTGRS: (U) *CATIONS, *METAL COMPLEXES, *LITHIUM COMPOUNDS, *PHENANTHRENES, *MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, ALKALI METALS, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, CHLORIDES, METHYLENES. MIXTURES, MOLECULES, REPRINTS, STABILITY, SULFONATE? METHANES, FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS, LIGANDS COMPOUNDS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B2,
 *Phenanthrolines, Lithium/Bis(1-10-Phenanthroline)
 Trifluoromethanesulfonato, Trifluoromethanesulfonate,
 Sulfonate/Trifluoromethane, Counter Ions.

AD-A216 719

AD-A216 717 5/9

SAN DIEGO STATE UNIV CA CENTER FOR RESEARCH IN MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE EDUCA TION

(U) Schema-Based Theories of Problem Solving.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual rept. 1 Nov 88-31 Oct 89

NOV 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Reed, Stephen K.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0107

PROJECT NO. 2313

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A4

LASK NO.

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1673

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

motion problems according to whether the two distances in significantly better when students received both specific mathematical experience was beneficial for improving the selection of good analogies when the analogies are isomorphic to the test problems, but was not beneficial when the analogies are more inclusive than the test last three experiments required that students categorize word problems. The research summarized in this report is construct a schema-based model of problem solving to represent construction of equations for solving algebra received only a single description (Experiment 4). However, as shown in Experiment 5, students were unable and general descriptions of the examples than when they Categorization significantly improved as the number of training examples representing a category increased fr problems but did significantly worse when combining information form one example and a set of procedures. concerned with the selection, use, and description of instructional examples. Experiment 1 shows that one to four (Experiment 3). Categorization was also The objective of this research is to to form their own general descriptions by comparing effectively combine information from two analogous a problem should be equated, added, or subtracted. problems. In Experiment 2 students were able to similar examples. (RRH)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A218 717

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *TRAINING, ALGEBRA, CONSTRUCTION, EQUATIONS, MATHEMATICS, MOTION, PROBLEM SOLVING, STUDENTS, TEST AND EVALUATION, WORDS(LANGUAGE). DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFDSR2313A4

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A216 715

CLARKSON UNIV POTSDAM NY DIV OF RESEARCH

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7/4

11/2

(U) Colloid and Interface Chemistry Aspects of Ceramics.

Final technical rept. 1 Aug 85-31 Aug DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

Matijevic, Egon PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-85-C-0142 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1672 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

including zirconium, cerium, yttrium, gadolinium, europium, samarium, and terbium compounds. Furthermore, particles of internally mixed composition of Y(III)/Ce(III) and Zr(IV)/Y(III) basic carbonates and oxides in varying molar ratios have been synthesized. Finally, particles of different cores coated with other compounds have been obtained, such as oxides of chromium, iron, and titanium covered with alumina, or of iron oxide coated (porosity, optical, magnetic, electrokinetic, etc.). With respect to b), the studies involved solid/solute and performance ceramics. With respect to a), several powders of simple and mixed composition have been prepared composites that meet armor and antiarmor requirements. b) with zirconia or yttria. The powders so obtained were of starting materials for controlled microstructures, with special emphasis on electrooptic ceramics, as well as processes responsible for different properties of high morphologies, including spheres. These materials were characterized in terms of their various properties solid/solid interactions. The adsorption of chelating narrow size distribution with particles of different agents on iron oxides was used to affect the surface interdisciplinary program has a dual purpose: a) To generate new or better defined dispersed solids as To develop a better understanding of interfacial This comprehensive, long term, $\widehat{\Xi}$

AD-A216 715

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 715 CONTINUED

potential and dissolution of the finely dispersed solids STANFOR

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *COLLOIDS,
ADSORPTION, ALUMINUM OXIDES, ANTIARMOR AMMUNITION, ARMOR,
CERIUM, CHELATING AGENTS, CHEMISTRY, CHROMIUM, CONTROL,
DISPERSING, DISTRIBUTION, ELECTROOPTICS, EUROPIUM,
GADOLINIUM, INTERACTIONS, INTERFACES, IRON, IRON OXIDES,
MICROSTRUCTURE, OXIDES, PARTICLES, POROSITY, POWDERS,
REQUIREMENTS, SAMARIUM, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), SOLIDS,
SOLUTES, SPHERES, SURFACES, TERBIUM COMPOUNDS, TITANIUM,
YTTRIUM, YTTRIUM OXIDES, ZIRCONIUM, ZIRCONIUM OXIDES,
DISSOLVING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3.

AD-A216 697 11/6.1 20/2

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

(U) Crystal Growth and Mechanical Properties of Semiconductor Alloys. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 15 Apr 88-15 Apr 89

NOV 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Stevenson, David A.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0158

PROJECT NO. 2306

MONITOR: AFOSR

8

TASK NO.

AF0SR TR-89-1688

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

properties and crystal growth of compound semiconductor alloys. We also investigated experimental conditions that photoplastic effect; and 3) differences in hardness arising from differences in applied loads during hardness expanding our study a wider range of composition of ZhTe-CdTe superlattices; 2) investigating both strained layer and lattice matched superlattices of InGaAsP; 3) hardness of different grains, across twins, and as the sample is rotated that may rise from crystal orientation explain the large variations in hardness values that are ō investigating creep in HgTe and other semiconductors affects; 2) differences in hardness arising from the We describe a study of the mechanical may influence the hardness values and, hence, might specifically the following: 1) differences in the testing. We propose to continue this work by: 1) described in literature for many semiconductors, investigating superlattices of Si and Ge; and 4) relatively low melting temperatures (KR) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ALLOYS, *CRYSTAL GROWTH, *MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, CREEP, CRYSTALS, HARDNESS. LOW TEMPERATURE, MELTING, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), PHOTOPLASTIC MATERIALS. SEMICONDUCTORS, SUPERLATICES, TEST AND EVALUATION, VALUE.

AD-A216 697

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 697

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IDENTIFIERS:

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2306B1.

20/11

11/9

AD-A216 694

OH INST OF POLYMER SCIENCE AKRON UNIV Fundamental Studies of Time-Dependent Response and Fracture of Cross-Linked Polymers. 9

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

99 NUV

Kelley, Frank N.; Morton, Maurice; von PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Meerwell, Ernst

F49620-86-C-0032 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

A3 TASK NO.

TR-89-1756 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

molecular weights and a stoichiometric ratio of reactants. Resultant networks were characterized as a graded series having increasing network chain lengths and der easing T(g). The series of Epoxy resins based on the wiglycidyl ether of bisphenol A has been extensively investigated during and after curing. The degree of cure was monitored by four different methods: 1) density increase, 2) heat dependent, small deformation properties such as creep and volume relaxation in thermosetting resins. ii) To The objectives of these studies are: i) To determine the relationships of polymer structure, network topology and other microstructural features to timestructure and the fracture energy of thermosetting resins ether group. The epoxy resins studied indicated that only a single reaction path was followed during the curing but Epoxy resins based on diglycidy ether of bisphenol A (DGEBA) and diamino diphenyl sulfone (DDS) have been of reaction evolution, 3) glass temperature. T(g), increase, and 4) infrared absorption by the glycidyl determine the relationships between polymer network prepared using an homologous series of 5 prepolymer the kinetics were, of course, highly temperature sensitive. (aw) <u>e</u>

*CROSSLINKING(CHEMISTRY), *DEFORMATION, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 694

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 694

*EPOXY RESINS, *FRACTURE(MECHANICS), *MICROSTRUCTURE, ABSORPTION, CHAINS, CREEP, ENERGY, EVOLUTION(GENERAL), GLASS, GLYCIDYL ETHER, HEAT OF REACTION, INFRARED RADIATION, LENGTH, MOLECULAR WEIGHT, NETWORKS, PATHS, PHENYL ETHER, POLYMERS, RATIOS, REACTANTS(CHEMISTRY), RELAXATION, STOICHIOMETRY, TEMPERATURE, THERMOSETTING PLASTICS, TIME DEPENDENCE, TOPOLOGY, VOLUME, PHENOLS, SULFONES

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303A3 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

20/14 AD-A216 693

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIV NORTHRIDGE

Low Scan Angle Performance of Airborne Flush Mounted Communication Antennas. 3

Final rept. 1 May 78-30 Apr 79 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

JAN 80

Δ. Cable, V. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-78-3624 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

60 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-89-1803 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

performing a literature se arch on current techniques for analysis and synthesis of conformal scanning antennas mounted on a cylinder. The main contribution is a reference list and the recommendation for combining asymptotic mutual coupling with gtd fuselage modeling for antenna pattern calculations. The important technique of beam shape modification at low scan angles through the use of modified surface impedance structures is also The Duration of this contract was spent mentioned. (RRH) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ANTENNA RADIATION PATTERNS, *BEAM FORMING, *CONFORMAL STRUCTURES, *FUSELAGES, *SCANNING, ANGLES, ANTENNAS, ARCHES, COMPUTATIONS, IMPEDANCE, LOW ANGLES, MODELS, MODIFICATION, STRUCTURES, SURFACES, DESCRIPTORS: SYNTHESIS

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304D9. $\widehat{\mathbf{s}}$ IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

6/4 5/8 AD-A216 689

AD-A216 689

characteristic of the brain. (sdw)

DESCRIPTORS:

CONTINUED

NEW YORK UNIV MEDICAL CENTER NY DEPT OF PSYCHIATRY

Computing with Neural Maps: Application to Perceptual and Cognitive Functions. E

Annual rept. 8 Jan 88-31 Jul 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *BRAIN, *COGNITION, *PATTERN RECOGNITION, *PSYCHOPHYSIOLOGY, ACCURACY, ALGORITHMS, BIOLOGY, CYBERNETICS, DATA MANAGEMENT, EYE, FORMATS, FUNCTIONS, HIGH RATE, INPUT, MAPPING, MAPS, MONKEYS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), PARAMETERS, PATTERNS, SENSES(PHYSIOLOGY), SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A8

PERCEPTION(PSYCHOLOGY).

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Schwartz, Eric

AF0SR-88-0275 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

A8 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1826

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

spatial mapping in the brain. First, we have found a simple algorithm which is capable of describing and synthesizing the patterns of ocular dominance columns and orientation columns in the cat and monkey. This algorithm is controlled by a small number of parameters, and we show that it produces patterns which are simular to those significance of this work is that we can now describe and currently in press in Biological Cybernetics. In addition this algorithm is the first pattern recognition algorithm two important steps in our program for understanding the previously published algorithms for simular purposes can biological and computational significance of patterns of our goal of developing insight into the use of multiple, parallel sensory mappings in the brain. We believe that to make explicit use of the kind of data format which is based on the multiple, parallel two dimensional mapping of the input data. We view this as an important step in synthesize some of the major architectural features of we have developed an algorithm for pattern recognition During the past year, we have completed cat and monkey sensory cortex with high accuracy. In simplicity of these patterns. This work is in our lab, and elsewhere, obtained from animal experimentation. Moreover, we show that a number of addition, we have obtained some insight into the be shown to be equivalent to our algorithm. The Ξ essential ABSTRACT:

AD-A216 689

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CA DEPT OF APPLIED PHYSICS 20/4 4D-A216 888

STANFORD UNIV

Superconducting Thin Films, Composites and Junctions.

Interim rept. 1 Oct 84-31 Mar 85 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

AUG 85

Geballe, T. H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-82-C-0014 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

ပ TASK NO.

TR-89-1759 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

studied in the Mo-Ge system. In the high Mo concentration, which is in the weakly localized regime, I(c) decreases this regime yields the disappearance of I(c) near 35 at.% superconducting transition temperature T(c) in disordered systems changes near the M-I transition where strong model. An extrapolation of the linear behavior of T(c) in linearly with decreasing Mo concentration from 7.5 K (78 region the ratio of electron-phonon coupling constant gamma to the bare density of states N(b)(0) is constant which is consistent with the Varma-Dynes tight-binding Mo. However, measurements show that T(c) exists down to at. % Mo) at a rate of approx. 0.18 K/at. % Mo. In this 13.5 at.% Mo. A non-superconducting metallic phase is found to exist between 13.5 at 10.4 at.% Mo at which ocalization (k(F)1 approx. 1) as expected has been concentration the insulated phase occurs, (rrh) The important issue of how the

SCRIPTORS: (U) *SUPERCONDUCTORS, COUPLING(INTERACTION). DENSITY, ELECTRONS, INSULATION, ORDER DISORDER TRANSFORMATIONS, PHONONS, RATIOS, THIN FILMS, YIELD. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2308C1. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 688

AD-A216 687

11/2

11/9

9/2

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERIN G Ceramics Derived from Organo-Metallic Precursors and Microstructure of Amorphous Polymer. E

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Uhlmann, Donald R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-81-0011 CONTRACT NO.

TR-89-1758 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

competition between crystallization and viscous sintering our efforts directed to understanding the microstructure The focus has changing the formulations and the processing conditions tetratethy/orthosilicate (TEGS), an important precursor for many glasses and ceramics: 2: Exploration of the to determine the conditions under which dense gladsy bodies of coatings can be obtained 3 Investigat on of the hydrolysis and condensation of of Lantalum ethoxide areas will be described in the present report: progress employed. Ceramics from Organo-metallic Precursors: Our bulk mater als, and 5: Exploration of the conversion of precursors to ceramics have directed attention to five most notable aluminum sec butoxide This work represented a continuation of exploration of organic modified as novel coatings and to aluminur exide. Progress in the first two of these of epoxy resin cured with amine hardeners. The focus l been on characterizing a series of networks formed by epoxy/triethylene tetramine (TETA) formulations which investigations of the conversions of organo-metallic of the system. The table on pages shows the Epon 828 in the last three will be deferred to a later date. were explored, together with the curing conditions principal areas. These were: 1: Investigation of to form co. tings of tantalum exide, 4: Initial hydrolysis and condensation Finetics or aluminum alkoxides

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *AMORPHOUS MATERIALS, *CERAMIC MATERIALS, *ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUNDS, *FOLYMERS, ALKOXY

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 687 CONTINUED

RADICALS, ALUMINUM, ALUMINUM OXIDES, AMINES, BULK MATERIALS, COATINGS, CONDENSATION, CRYSTALLIZATION, CURING, EPOXY RESINS, GLASS, HARDENING, HIGH DENSITY, HYDROLYSIS, KINETICS, MICROSTRUCTURE, NETWORKS, OXIDES, PRECURSORS, PROCESSING, SINTERING, TANTALUM, VISCOSITY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F.

AD-A216 683 12/3

NORTH CARCLINA UNIV AT CHARLOTTE DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Probabilistic Models and Statistical Inference in Reliability and Replacement Policies.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept.,

80

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Abdel-Hameed, Mohamed

CONTRACT NO. F49620-79-C-0093

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1805

6001-60

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Contents: Optimal Inspection Policy for a Deteriorating Device; Some Multivariate Life Distributions. (kr)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *MATHEMATICAL MODELS, *PROBABILITY, *STATISTICAL INFERENCE, INSPECTION, MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS, OPTIMIZATION, POLICIES, RELIABILITY, REPLACEMENT.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A216 882

CONTINUED AD-A216 682

VOLUME.

TEXAS A AND M UNIV COLLEGE STATION TURBOMACHINERY LABS

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2307B1. ĵ IDENTIFIERS: (U) Rotordynamic Forces Developed by Labyrinth Seals.

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 84

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Morrison, Gerald L.

AF0SR-83-0259 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1771

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

purchased was not the five beam system described in the proposal. The system purchased was recommended by TSI Inc. after the funding was obtained. This system is Figure 1 is a schematic of the acquired system. The three color system allows the measurement range of the vertical listing of the various parts purchased for both the laser anomometer system and for the computer system dedicated substantially better than the one originally proposed since it uses three colors for each of the three velocity scatter to collect the doppler signal. This results in a optic system. The intersection of the three different color measurement volumes was reduced in size using this addition, the acquired system uses 30 deg off axis back measurements inside the labyrinth seals. Attached is a better signal to noise ratio in the photomultiplier output and also yields better spatial filtering by the components instead of two colors and frequency shift. and on-axis velocity components to be doubled. In new system. This was especially important for the The basic laser anemometer system to the laser system. (kr)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *LABYRINTH SEALS, AXES, COLORS, COMPUTERS, DOPPLER EFFECT, FREQUENCY SHIFT, LASER ANEMOMETERS, LASERS, MEASUREMENT, OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, OUTPUT, PHOTOMULTIPLIER TUBES, SIGNAL PROCESSING, SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO, SPATIAL FILTERING, VERTICAL ORIENTATION, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 682

EVJ20M SEARCH CONTROL NO. DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 20/12 AD-A216 681

12/5 AD-A216 670

CALIFORNIA UNIV BERKELEY

CA DEPT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE STANFORD UNIV

> International Conference on the Structure of Surfaces (ICSOS-1) (1st) Held in Berkeley, California on August 13-18, 1984. 3

Final rept DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

(U) Deductive Computer Programming

Final technical rept. 1 Mar 87-28 Feb

88

FEB

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

AUG 84

Manna, Zohar PERSONAL AUTHORS:

> AF0SR-ISSA-84-0078 CONTRACT NO.

AF0SR-87-0149 CONTRACT NO.

2304

PROJECT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

8

TASK NO.

A2 TASK NO

> AFDSR TR-89~1770 MONITOR:

TR-89-0570 AFOSR

MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SYMPOSIA, CALIFORNIA, INTERNATIONAL, SYMPOSIA. STRUCTURE, SEMICONDUCTORS, PARTICLE COLLISIONS, STRUCTURE, SEMICONDUCTORS, PARTICLE COLLISIONS, SPECTROSCOPY, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, ADSORPTION, LAYERS, THIN FILMS, CHEMISORPTION, CRYSTAL DEFECTS, ORDER DISORDER TRANSFORMATIONS, INELASTIC SCATTERING, ELECTRON SCATTERING, EPITAXIAL GROWTH, INSULATION, ATOMS, ADSORBATES, MOLECULE INTERACTIONS, METALS,

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303A2, U/A Reports

3

IDENTIFIERS:

logic, proof, theoretic deduction plays a crucial role in understanding logic programs. Moreover, for specific larguages for which the underlying logic provides a well-defined but insufficient semantic basis. Indeed, in implementations of logic programming, e.g. PROLOG, the notion of deduction strategy is also important. Computer precise formal semantics for a programming language is helpful in fully understanding the language. This is especially true in the case of logic programming like. addition to the usual model theoretic semantics of the program languages. (kt) ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTER LOGIC, COMPUTER PROGRAMMING, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, LOGIC, MODELS, PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES, SEMANTICS, THEORY

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2304A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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AD-A218 670

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M TIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

AD-A216 664

CALSPAN UB RESEARCH CENTER BUFFALD N.

Knowledge-Based Extensible Natural Language Interface Technology Program 3

LEARNING, LINGUISTICS, NATURAL LANGUAGE, SPEECH RECOGNITION, TARGETS, USER NEEDS, WORDS(LANGUAGE). COMPUTER PROGRAMS, COMPUTERS, HUMANS, INTERFACES,

CONTINUED

AD-A216 664

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2304A7

IDENTIFIERS: (U)

Final rept. Feb 88-Sep 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

Neal, Jeannetta G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-88-C-0050 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A7 TASK NO.

TR-89-1752 **AFOSR** MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

which they interface as well as to accommodate new users. Typically, however, current systems cannot be extended as part of a normal dialogue session. Instead, extensions must be incorporated and compiled into the interface off told including the ability to understand natural language were implemented in the Lydia system a) learning by being after human behavior. Specifically, the following methods costly in terms of down-time and frustrating for the new when it is used as its own meta-language to explain now concepts, relation, and rules and b) being able to infer line before the interface is loaded for use. This can be user. The solution that was pursued in this project was language understanding systems need to be extensible to accommodate changes in the target application system to problem of developing knowledge-based natural language interface technology that is extensible via natural to develop a natural language interface system, called Lydia, that is extensible via methods that are noceled sentence. Keywords: Expert system; Speech recognition, the category and attributes of new words from their linguistic context when used in a natural language This research project addressed the dialogue between user and computer system. Natural Computer programs; Man computer interface. E ABSTRACT:

*MAN COMPUTER INTERFACE, BEHAVIOR Ĵ DESCRIPTORS -

AD-A218 864

AD A 16 65

UNCLASSIFIED

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 AD-A216 662

NU DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING PRINCETON UNIV Surface Intermediates in Thin Film Deposition on Stiltcon.

Final rept. 15 Nov 85-14 Nov 88 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Benziger, Jay B PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0050 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1754 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

demonstrated for simple adsorption desorption of CO on Pt; development of a dynamic infrared spectroscopic technique was applied to two experiments. The first experiment was used to follow single shot experiments: the technique was temperature programmed reflection absorption infrared spectroscopy (TPRAIS). The second experiment is to follow difficulties in achieving proper conditions for film growth have precluded the application to film deposition. capable of following reaction dynamics on well defined single crystal surfaces. The dynamic infrared technique molecular beams with reflection infrared. This has been dynamics of repetitive processes combining modulated This project examined the fundamental but we are continuing to pursue this problem. (jhd) spectroscopy. The novelty of this project was the used to follow thermally induced reactions using processes of surface reactions using infrared $\widehat{\mathbf{s}}$ ABSTRACT:

*SCRIPTORS: (U) *DEPOSITION, *INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY, *SURFACE CHEMISTRY, *THIN FILMS, ADSORPTION, DESORPTION, DYNAMICS, HEAT, MODULATION, MOLECULAR BEAMS, REFLECTION RESPONSE, SILICON, SINGLE CRYSTALS, SURFACE REACTIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 662

AD-A216 629

20/4

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF AERONAUTICS AND ASTRONAUTICS

(U) Active Stabilization of Aeromechanical Systems

Final rept. Sep 87-Oct 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

ERSONAL AUTHORS: Dugundji, J.; Epstein, A. H.; Greitzer, E. M.; Guenette, G. R.; Valavani, L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0398 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

44 TASK NO.

TR-89-1878 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

properties have been used to suppress compression system aerodynamic instability (surge). Keywords: Active control: Compression system flow instabilities, Unsteady flow: first is a brief review of the work done on active control of rotating stall under this contract. The second in compressor annuli and on some of the signal processing is a paper on the existence of precursor travelling waves techniques used to examine such waves. The third section Three separate sections are included. The is a paper describing first-of-a-kind (as far as we are aware) experiments in which tailored system structural Fluid structure interaction (jhd) 9 ABSTRACT:

*TRAVELING WAVES, *UNSTEADY FLOW, AERCDYNAMIC LOADING AERODYNAMICS. COMPRESSION, FLUIDS, INTERACTIONS. MECHANICS, PRECURSORS, ROTATION, SIGNAL PROCESSING. *FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS, *STALLING STABILITY, STABILIZATION, STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2307A4 ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

20/4 AD-A216 628

DEPT OF AERONAUTICS AND WASHINGTON UNIV SEATTLE **ASTRONAUTICS** (U) Turbulence Structure of Mixing Swirling Flows.

Dynamics of an M-Level Atom Interacting with Cavity Fields, 2. Properties of Photon Statistics,

Dynamics of

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STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO AMHERST

20/5

AD-A216 623

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Li, Fu-Li; Li, Xiao-Shen; Lin,

F49620-86-C-0009

CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT NO.

George, Thomas F. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Final technical rept. 1 Oct 85-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 DEC

Gessner, Fredrick B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0273 CONTRACT NO.

2307 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1877

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

streamwise locations in order to investigate local law-of an unconfined, axially-directed outer \$100. The data which have been acquired include local mean velocity and static pressure profiles at six streamwise locations for investigation of a swirling inner flow which develops along a constant-diameter centerbody in the presence of different prescribed mass flow rate ratios. Local wall deduced from the data. The implications of the results Reynolds stress measurements were also made in order the-wall behavior in the vicinity of the centerbody. quantify the local turbulence structure. This report physical characteristics of the flow which have been describes the scope of these measurements and the shear stress measurements were made at these six from a turbulence modeling point of view is also This study is an experimental discussed. Keywords: Turbulent flows. (kr) 3

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ATOMIC ENERGY LEVELS, *ENERGY TRANSFER, *PHOTONS, ATOMIC PROPERTIES, CAVITIES, FIELD INTENSITY, PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS, REPRINTS, STATISTICS,

DESCRIPTORS:

VARIATIONS

RESONANCE,

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B3

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IDENTIFIERS:

interacting with cavity fields, the statistical properties of the field are investigated numerically. The variation of photon antibunching and probability

For a system of an M-level atom

Pub. in Physical Review A, v40 n9

p5129-5134, 1 Nov 89.

ABSTRACT: (U)

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

TR-89-1886

AFOSR

MONITOR: TASK NO.

83

distribution with the atomic level number and initial field intensity is discussed for both resonance and off-resonance cases. Reprints. (jhd)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *TURBULENT FLOW, FLOW, INTERNAL, MEAN, MEASUREMENT, MIXING, MODELS, MOMENTUM TRANSFER, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, POSITION(LOCATION), PROFILES, STATIC PRESSURE STRESSES, TURBULENCE, VELOCITY. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2307A4, *Swirling flow. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A218 628

AD-A216 623

UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC PEPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/11 11/4 11/10 AD-A218 622

CONTINUED AD-A216 622

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD

REPRINTS, RIGIDITY TENSILE STRESS, PHENOLS, PROCESSING. OSCILLATION, PHENOLS. PROCESSING. RODS, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), STATICS.

> High Temperature Modulus and Structure of Poly (P-Phenylene Benzobisthiazole) Fibers, 3

ULTRASONICS, X RAY DIFFRACTION.

Utang, H.; Eby, R. K.; Adams, W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

PE61102F, WUAF0SR2303A3, *Polyphenylene 3 IDENTIFIERS:

Benzobisthiazoles, Poly(P-Phenylene Benzobisthiazole). Ultrastructure, Unit Cells, Rigid Rod Polymers, Youngs

Modulus.

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AF0SR-87-0320 CONTRACT NO.

2303

PROJECT NO.

83 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1892

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in High Technology Polymer '89, ed. A: Nakajima, v207 p207-211 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

properties are of great importance for fibers used in aerospace composites. We have developed a method which uses laser-generated ultrasound to measure the Young's modulus of fibers as a function of temperature and static structure change at about 300-400C. It is consistent with associated with a structure change at about 300-400C. We an oscillation of the phenyl and bisthiazole moities around the connecting single bonds. Keywords: Rigid rod; the ultrastructure such as crystal orientation, crystal size and unit cell. The measurement of the unit cell dimensions as a function of temperature to 500C shows a changes systematically with temperature, tensile stress tensile stress. For fibers of poly (p-phenylene benzobisthiazole), measurements have been made to 580C have also used x-ray diffraction to measure aspects of and processing conditions. They exhibit a relaxation and 1.7 GPa. They exhibit nonlinear elasticity which A high modulus and high-temperature Polymers; Reprints. 3

**SCRIPTORS: (U) **COMPOSITE MATERIALS, *FIBERS, *POLYMERS, **MODULUS OF ELASTICITY, *CRYSTAL STRUCTURE, **THERMAL STABILITY, AEROSPACE SYSTEMS, CHEMICAL BONDS, CELLS, CRYSTALS, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LASERS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 622

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A216 611

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO AMHERST

Photochemistry at Corrugated Thin Metal Films: A Phenomenological Approach E

Leung, P. T.; Kim, Y. S.; George, PERSONAL AUTHORS: Thomas F.

... REPORT NO.

F49620-86-C-0009 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1698

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

molecules in the vicinity of a corrugated thin metal film, photoebsorption may be achieved based on the different nature of the coupling of the molecular dipole and the incident laser light to the surface plasmon modes of the with detailed results worked out for the photoabsorption cross section for molecules in the vicinity of a grating STRACT: (U) A phenomenological model is adopted to explore possible novel photochemical phenomena for thin films. (rrth) ABSTRACT: (U)

A Company

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ABSORPTION, *CROSS SECTIONS.
*GRATINGS(SPECTRA), *LASER BEAMS, *METAL FILMS, *PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS, *PLASMONS, *SURFACES, *THIN FILMS, CORRUGATING, FILMS, LIGHT, MOLECULES. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR230383 IDENTIFIERS: 大大な 中京江村におりまいたとないます。

さんます こうかんしょう

一大人中土 する 一大会養教育

AD-A216 586

11/9

CAMBRIDGE UNIV (UNITED KINGDOM) DEPT OF METALLURGY AND MATERIALS SCIENCE

(U) Local Structure of Network Resins

15 May 87-14 May 89. Final rept. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

80 AON

Windle, A. H.; Lovell, R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0220 CONTRACT NO.

6101, 2303 PROJECT NO

80, A3 TASK NO.

TR-89-1887 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

range of differently substituted varients of bis-phenyl A. parallel experimental programme has been established in which wide angle X-Ray diffraction is measured from both using advanced computer simulation systems which provide relating chemical composition to final properties. The approach has been two-pronged. The local molecular structure of the cross-linked system has been modelled oriented and unoriented samples. The experimental data are compared with diffraction patterns calculated from and these units incorporated into simple models of the a prediction based on available chemical knowledge. A USTRACT: (U) The objective of the project is to understand the local molecular organization in epoxy resin systems, and thus to establish a bridgehead in the computer generated molecular model. The conformational flexibility has been calculated for a molecular network. (rrh)

*SCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION.
*CROSSLINKING(CHEMISTRY), *EPOXY RESINS, *MODELS.
*MOLECULAR STRUCTURE, *NETWORKS, CHEMICAL COMPOSITION.
COMPUTERS, DIFFRACTION, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, MOLECULES.
ORGANIZATIONS, PATTERNS, POLYMERS, WIDE ANGLES, X RAY DESCRIPTORS: (U) DIFFRACTION. PES1101F, WUAFOSRS10100, WUAFOSR2303A3 ĵ IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 586

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

5/8 AD-A218 578

AMHERST DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY MASSACHUSETTS UNIV

Biological Investigations of Adaptive Networks: Neuronal Control of Conditioned Responding.

Final rept. 1 May-1 Nov 84, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

8 **§** Moore, John W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0215 CONTRACT NO.

2312 PROJECT NO.

MONITOR:

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TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1851

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

simply associative strength) and single-unit physiological data within complex training paradigms that (U) This algorithm was originally developed by Desmond. With additional work by Neil Berthier. been generalized so that it can predict CR topography (or topography and the firing pattern of neurons related to the CR. The original version of the model could do this reasonably well for the case of a single CS paired with and with advice from Rich Sutton, this model has been rendered into a form that can make predictions about CR involve two CSs with independent on-and-off-times with respect to each other and the US. Keywords: Psychology; the US in a forward-delay paradigm. The model has now Neural response; Learning behavior. (JES) ABSTRACT: John E.

SCRIPTORS: (U) *BEHAVIOR, *PSYCHOLOGY, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, ALGORITHMS, ASSOCIATIVE PROCESSING, BIOLOGY, CONTROL, LEARNING, MODELS, NERVE CELLS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, NETWORKS, PATTERNS, RESPONSE, STRENGTH(GENERAL), TOPOGRAPHY, TRAINING, ADAPTIVE TRAINING. DESCRIPTORS:

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2312A1 Ξ IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 578

12/1 AD-A216 562

CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY STANFORD UNIV Critical Slowing Down, Phase Relations, and Dissipation in Driven Oscillatory Systems, Ξ

Tsarouhas, George E.; Ross, John PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0120 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO

8 TASK NO AFOSR TR-89-1763 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v93 n7 p2833-2836 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

amplitude. With these solutions we first obtain the phase nonlinear systems are discussed with approximate analytic perturbed limit cycle with the amplitude of perturbation. of the amplitude of the response of the perturbed system parameters, and hence the mechanism, of the system. Second, we derive expressions for critical slowing down possible variation of both the radius and phase of the bifurcation, driven by periodic perturbations of small near edges of entrainment bands, with consideration of Third, we show by analysis the previously nume ically difference between the response of the system and the (U) Three dynamical properties of forced solutions obtained from the dynamic equations for entrainment bands, which depends linearly on the periodic perturbation and its dependence on the calculated variation of the dissipation within oscillatory systems, near a supercritical Hopf Reprints. (rrh) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, AMPLITUDE, BANDS(STRIPS), CYCLES, DISSIPATION, DYNAMICS, EDGES, ENTRAINMENT, EQUATIONS, LIMITATIONS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OSCILLATION, PERTURBATIONS, REPRINTS, RESPONSE DESCRIPTORS: VARIATIONS

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 562 CONTINUED

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

7/4

AD-A218 561

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1.

(U) Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems Far from Equilibrium,

89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ross, John; Garcia-Colin, Leopoldo S.

CONTRACT NO. AFDSR-87-0120

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1762

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v93 n5 p2091-2092 1989.

ABSTRACT: (U) A critique is presented of some recent work in this and other journals on the relation of thermodynamics to the mass action law of kinetics. For most chemical reactions, the thermodynamic variables change on the same time scale as the progress variable and there is no need for an 'extended thermodynamics'. Reprints. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *THERMOCHEMISTRY, *REACTION KINETICS, CHEMICAL REACTIONS, MASS, REPRINTS, SCALE, THERMODYNAMICS, TIME, VARIABLES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY

7/4 21/2 AD-A218 580

CONTINUED AD-A216 560

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2303B1.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

Spectral Kinetics: Study of Complex Reactions by External Perturbations, E

88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ross, John

AF0SR-87-0120 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-89-1761 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Chemical Reactivity in Liquids, p455-458 1988.

perturbations to a chemical reaction can reveal important information about the stability, kinetics, and dynamics of the reaction. This technique is well known in the field of relaxation kinetics, in which perturbations are applied to a chemical system at equilibrium. In this work interesting information. Gool-flame oscillations occur in a rumber of combustion reactions, and an experimental frequency and amplitude of the external periodic perturbation. Outside of entrainment bands we find quasiobservation and interpretation of entrainment and quasiperiodic responses. Next-phase maps of the experimental periodic perturbations are first applied to the input rates of acetaldehyde in a CSTR. We measure periodic study is discussed of the effect of external periodic The study of the response of nonlinear results are constructed in real time and used in the to external periodic perturbations leads to responses in five entrainment bands as we vary the periodic behavior. Reprints. (jhd) 3 ABSTRACT: systems

*SCRIPTORS: (U) *ACETALDEHYDE, *CHEMICAL REACTIONS, *FLAMES, BANDS(STRIPS), COMBUSTION, DYNAMICS, ENTRAINMENT, CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM, EXTERNAL, INPUT, REACTION KINETICS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PERTURBATIONS, RATES, REAL TIME, RELAXATION, REPRINTS, RESPONSE, EMISSION SPECTRA. DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 560

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A216 559

PRINCETON UNIV AD-A216 558 CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY STANFORD UNIV

Approximate Solutions of Nonlinear Systems Driven with Periodic Perturbations of Arbitrary Form, 3

3

Effect of Substituent Groups on the Interaction of Benzene with Ni(111),

NJ DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

67 Myers, A. K.; Benziger, J. PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tsarouhas, Georgios; Ross, John

AF0SR-86-0050 CONTRACT NO.

AF0SR-87-0120

CONTRACT NO.

2303

PROJECT NO. TASK NO. MONITOR:

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

2303 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1757

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v93 n9 p3657-3659 1989. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

TR-89-1760

AFOSR

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the driven system are transformed to normal form, further reduced to those of a two-variable autonomous system, and expressible by a Fourier series. The dynamic equations of presented for a general two-variable nonlinear dynamical system, in the neighborhood of a stable node, a stable focus, or a limit cycle near a Hopf bifurcation, driven by periodic external perturbations of arbitrary form Approximate analytical solutions are solved to third order. Reprints. (jhd)

EXTERNAL *SOLUTIONS(GENERAL), DYNAMICS, EQUATIONS, FOURIER SERIES, NODES, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, *PERTURBATION THEORY Ξ DESCRIPTORS:

Hopf Bifurcation, PEB1102F, JENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2303B1. IDENTIFIERS:

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Langmuir, v5 p1270-1288 1989 Presented at the symposium on 'Metal-Catalyzed Reactions of Heteroatom-Containing Molecules', Division of Colloid and Surface Chemistry, National Meeting of the American Chemical Society (196th), Los Angeles, CA, Sept 25-30, SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

characterize modes of bonding and reaction paths. The absorption bonds were also modeled by using semiempirical on Ni(111), resulting in a bonding configuration in which the phenyl ring was tilted away from the surface. Benzaldehyde also apparently interacts mainly through the adsorbates. Chlorobenzene was found to adsorb flat, with intermediate neglect of differential overlap technique (INDO) with a 19 nickle atom cluster having the symmetry substituents were the site of chemical activity. The CN side group in benzonitrile rehybridized upon adsorption phenol, methoxybenzene, chlorobenzene, nitrosobenzene, nitrobenzene, and benzaldehyde were studied on Ni(111) groups to elucidate the role of substituent groups in The adsorption and reaction of aniline, Temperature-programmed reaction (TPR) and reflection of the (111) surface. The nickle surface acted as an the chlorine atom participating in the bond to the electron acceptor in electrophilic reactions with adsorption and reaction of substituted benzenes. surface. With electron-withdrawing groups, the absorption infrared spectroscopy were used to 3 ABSTRACT:

AD-7:16 558

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 558 CONTINUED

C=0 bond of the CHO side group. NO bonds were particularly reactive. Nitrosobenzene and nitrobenzene bonded dissociatively through their side group, and NO bond scission was very facile. Electron-donating groups activated the benzene for electrophilic addition reactions. Reprints. (AW)

*SURFACE REACTIONS, ABSORPTION, *BENZENE, *NICKEL,

*SURFACE REACTIONS, ABSORPTION, ABSORPTION SPECTRA,

ADDITION REACTIONS, ALDEHYDES, ANILINES, ATOMS,

BENZONITRILES, BENZYL RADICALS, CHEMICAL BONDS, CHEMICAL

REACTIONS, CHLORINE, CHLOROBENZENE, CONFIGURATIONS,

ELECTRON ACCEPTORS, ELECTRONS, INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY,

OVERLAP, PATHS, PHEMOLS, REFLECTION, REPRINTS, RESPONSE,

RINGS, SIDES, SITES, SPECTROSCOPY, SUBSTITUTES, SURFACES,

METHYL RADICALS, OXYGEN, NITROBENZENES, NITROSO COMPOUNDS,

HYBRIDIZATION, CLUSTERING, ELECTRON DONORS.

IDENTIFIEKS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2303A2, Methoxybenzene, Nitrosobenzene, Benzaldehyde, Electrophilic Reactions, INDO(Intermediate Neglect Of Differential Overlap).

AD-A216 557 7/3

TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

U) Is Triquinacene Homoaromatic? A Computational Study,

8

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Dewar, Michael J.; Holder, Andrew J.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0022

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-89-1888

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of the American Chemical Society, v111 n14 p5384-5387 1989.

ABSTRACT: (U) AM1, ab initio, and MM2 calculations indicate triquinancene shows no significant homoaromatic stabilization in contrast to conclusions drawn by Liebman, et al from thermochemical measurements. The discrepancy is attributed to the fact that the five-membered rings in di-, tetra-, and hexahydrotriquinacene are twisted and it can be accounted for quantitatively in this way. A discrepancy between a recent ab initio study by Miller et al and experiment is attributed to computational errors. Reprints. (AW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTATIONS, *THERMOCHEMISTRY, *CYCLIC COMPOUNDS, *AROMATIC COMPOUNDS, ERRORS, MESSUREMENT, REPRINTS, ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, MESCULAR STRUCTURE, QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR230382,'*Triquinacene *Homoaromatic Compounds.

SEARCH CONTROL ND. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A216 547 WEST VIRGINIA UNIV MORGANTOWN DEPT OF MATHEMATICS 12/2 AD-A216 548

(U) Panconnectivity of Locally Connected K(1,3)-Free Graphs.

Final technical rept. Nov 88-Oct 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

AF0SR-89-0068 CONTRACT NO.

Zhang, Cun-Quan

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

OCT 89

2304 PROJECT NO.

AFOSR **A8** MONITOR: TASK NO.

TR-89-1866

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SSTRACT: (U) A locally connected, K(1,3)-free graph is panconnected if and only if the graph is 3-connected. Keywords: Hamiltonian functions. (JHD)ABSTRACT: (U)

*GRAPHS, HAMILTONIAN FUNCTIONS. 3 DESCRIPTORS:

Connected Graphs, PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A8. IDENTIFIERS:

WEST VIRGINIA UNIV MORGANTOWN DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

Finding Critical Independent Sets and Critical Vertex Subsets are Polynomial Problems. 3

Final technical rept. Nov 88-Oct 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Zhang, Cun-Quan

AF0SR-89-0068 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A8 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-89-1864 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

It has been proved by mathematicians that line graphs, bipartite graphs, circle graphs, circular arc graphs and claw free graphs. But it is well-known that it is an NP-complete problem for general graphs. In finding a maximum independent set in some certain kinds of graphs is solvable in polynomial time (for example, this paper, we will investigate another problem --finding a certain kind of independent sets in general graphs. It will be proved in this paper that finding a critical independent set of a graph is solvable in polynomial time. (KR) ABSTRACT:

*POLYNOMIALS, CIRCLES, MATHEMATICS, TIME, PROBLEM SOLVING. *GRAPHS, 3 DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2304AB € IDENTIFIERS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A216 545

TACAN CORP CARLSBAD CA WEST VIRGINIA UNIV MORGANTOWN DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

AD-A216 546

(U) Minimum Cycle Covering and Integer Flows

Nonlinear Optical Interactions in Semiconductors.

Salour, Michael M.

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

MAR 84

F49620-83-C-0147

CONTRACT NO.

2308

PROJECT NO.

Final rept. 10 Aug 83-10 Feb 84, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. Nov 88-Oct 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

b

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Zhang, Cun-Quan

AF0SR-89-0068 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-89-1865 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

TR-89-1775

AFOSR

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TASK NO. MONITOR:

It was conjectured by Fan that if a graph G = (V, E) has a nowhere-zero 3-flow, then G can be covered by two even subgraphs of total size at most /v//E/ -3. This conjecture is proved in this paper. It is the Chinese Postman problem and the solution of minimum cycle covering problem are equivalent for any graph also proved in this paper that the optimum solution of admitting a nowhere-zero 4-flow. (KR) Ξ

*FLOW, *GRAPHS, NUMBERS, OPTIMIZATION, SOLUTIONS (GENERAL). DESCRIPTORS:

FEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A8. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

in semi-conductors to generate IR radiation and a variety outlined in our proposal. We have studied the feasibility of room temperature operation of a tunable coherent Studies of multiphoton optical pumping in undertake a careful study of multiphoton optical pumping of studies involving narrow gap semiconducting compounds observing a number of new optical effects including nonsemiconductors are continuing in narrow gap semiconductors and in GaAs. Our attempts are focused on quantum well material under this contract. We have also studied the absorption properties of a semiconductor linear absorption and transmission phenomena, enhanced spontaneous and stimulated light scattering processes, etc. The construction of an external ring cavity is under optical pumping witn a white light source. (rrh) invention disclosure has been filed with the U.S. Air source involving multiple quantum well material. An Force Patent Office for work performed on multiple currently near completion. This will allow us to ABSTRACT:

SYSTEMS, *OPTICAL PUMPING, *PHOTONS, *QUANTUM THEORY, *WHITE LIGHT, CAVITIES, COHERENCE, EXTERNAL, INVENTIONS, LIGHT SOURCES, MATERIALS, OPERATION, OPTICAL PROPERTIES, PATENT OFFICE, RINGS, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SEMICONDUCTORS, SOURCES, STIMULATION(GENERAL), TRANSMITTANCE, TUNING. *ABSORPTION, *INTERACTIONS, *LIGHT SCATTERING, *NARROW GAP SEMICONDUCTORS, *NONLINEAR 3 DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 545

AD-A218 546

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 558 7/3 7/4

AD-A216 556 CONTINUED

TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR230382, Ab Initio Calculations, AM1 Calculations, Desolvation. IDENTIFIERS: (U) Anionic Substitution at Carbonyl Carbon. Implications for the Chemistry of Ions in Solution,

a

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Dawar, Michael J.; Storch, Donn M.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0022

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B2

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1889 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Royal Society of Chemistry Unl. Perkins Transactions 2, p877-225 1989.

MBSTRACT: (U) ANI calculations are reported for the reactions of seven anion s (HO(-), MeO(-), EtO(-), NH2(-), MeNH(-), OCHNH(-), H(-)) with eight carboxylic derivatives (formic acid, the methyl esters of formic, accetic, fluoroacetic, addition acetic, formamide, and N-methyl formamide) and formaldehyde. All were predicted to involve exothermic addition to the carbonyl group without activation, to form tetrahedral adducts, in agreement with our earlier work and recent ab initio calculations. The barriers to such reactions in solution are thus due entirely to the energy needed to desolvate the anion in order that the other reactant can approach. The nature and role of such desolvation barriers are discussed, with special reference to the hird-soft-acid-base theory and the mechanisms of enzyme reactions. Reprints. (AW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ANIONS, *SUBSTITUTION REACTIONS *CARBONYL COMPOUNDS, ACTIVATION, ADDITION REACTIONS, CHEMISTRY, ENZYMES, ESTERS, EXOTHERMIC REACTIONS, FORMALDEHYDE, FORMIC ACID, IONS, METHYL RADICALS, REPRINTS, OXYGEN, HYDROGEN, ETHYL RADICALS, ACETIC ACID, FLUORINE COMPOUNDS, FORMANIDES, BASES(CHEMISTRY), SOLVATION, COMPUTATIONS, QUANTUM AD-A218 558

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

20/5 2/3 AD-A216 555 TEXAS UNIV AT AUSTIN DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) A Critique of Frontier Orbital Theory,

Dewar, Michael J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0179 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

TASK NO.

MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-89-1890

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Molecular Structure (Theochem), v200 p301-323 1989.

fails in certain cases, these have been regarded as rare consequences of special circumstances. The claim that FMO theory alone can account for the course of pericyclic been widely adopted in recent years in the belief that it represents the best available qualitative/semiquantitative treatment of chemistry in terms of The frontier molecular orbital theory has Justification. While it has also been recognized that it quantum theory. While the dubious nature of the approximation on which it is based has been recognized, superiority to earlier theoretical treatments. However, no in-depth criticism of these claims has as yet been published. The purpose here is to provide such an its apparent success has been taken as sufficient reactions, if true, would certainly indicate its analysis. Reprints. (sdw) DESCRIPTORS: (U) *MOLECULAR ORBITALS, *QUANTUM THEORY, CHEMISTRY, ORBITS, REPRINTS, THEORY, CHEMISTRY, MOLECULAR ORBITALS, ORBITS, QUANTUM THEORY, REPRINTS, THEORY.

PEB1102F, WUAFUSR2303B2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

11/2.1 AD-A216 554 JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE MD

(U) Nonlinear Elasticity of Carbon Fibers,

Arsenovic, P.; Jiang, H.; Eby, R. K.; Adams, W. W.; Liu, John M. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0320 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

A3 FASK NO.

TR-89-1891 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Pub. in Carbon '88, p485-487 1988. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

of fibers as a function of temperature and tensile stress. laser-generated ultrasound to measure the Young's modulus conditions. The fibers exhibit an apparent relaxation at that improved crystal orientation with increased tensile stress contributes to the nonlinear elasticity. We also modulus. The reorientation of the crystals under stress a temperature below 250 deg C. X-ray measurements show nonlinear elasticity which varies systematically with We have developed a method which uses Carbon fibers made from pitch are shown to exhibit used x-rays to determine crystal modulus, size and perfection and carried out calculations of crystal is shown to account for much, but not all, of the temperature, tensile stress and fiber processing nonlinear elasticity. Keywords: Reprints. (kr) ABSTRACT: (U)

CRYSTALS, FIBERS, LASERS, MEASUREMENT, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, ORIENTATION(DIRECTION), PROCESSING, RELAXATION, REPRINTS, TENSILE STRESS, ULTRASONICS, X RAYS. *CARBON FIBERS, *ELASTIC PROPERTIES, ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303A3 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

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AD-A216 554

242 PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/9 AD-A216 553

CAMBRIDGE MASS PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS HARVARD COLL

Collaborative Planning.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 17 Oct 88-16 Oct 89,

DEC 89

Grosz, Barbara J.; Sidner, Candace L.; PERSONAL AUTHORS:

Balkanski, Cecile

AF0SR-89-0088 CONTRACT NO. PROJECT NO.

2304

8 TASK NO. AFOSR TR-89-1868 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Our milestones for this pilot project were in the data, to refine definitions of action relations to to collect additional interaction records of planning by findings from the analysis and presenting the new action relationships. We analyzed data from the following three and a simulated human-computer problem-solving dialogue. A description of this data, the results of the analysis, and the proposed new action relations are described in two agents, to analyze the actions and action relations sources: a construction task, a group planning meeting, represent adequately the relationships occuring in the data, and to prepare a report summarizing the major this report. ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *INFORMATION THEORY, CONSTRUCTION, INTERACTIONS, PILOT STUDIES, PLANNING, RECORDS, SOURCES. DESCRIPTORS:

PE81102F, WUAFOSR2304A2, *Knowledge 3 representation. IDENTIFIERS:

1/3 7/2 AD-A216 550

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

Synthesis and Chemistry of Unsaturated Metal Nitrogen Compounds. ŝ

Final rept. May 85-Nov 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 DEC

Trogler, William C. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0027 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

82 TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1867

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

generated which dimerizes by insertion of the coordinated nitrene fragment into and ortho C-H bond of the phenanthroline ligand. The resulting complex exhibits an prepare both linear and cyclic tetrazenes. For transition complexes. The method of synthesis used for 1 also provides a new method for N-N bond formation, by addition unsaturated dianionic reagent, LiN(Ph)N=NN(Ph)Li=1, has provided us with a general synthetic route to main group and early transition metal tetraazabutadiene complexes. extremely short Cu-Cu bond length of 2.600(2) A. Thus, we generate metal nitrene intermediates. This reactivity is materials that contain unsaturated nitrogen linkages and containing imido ligands. When I is added to CuCl2(phen) an extremely reactive Cu nitrene species CuNPh(phen) is have developed a new reagent, ĭ, that permits the synthesis of a wide range of unsaturated metal nitrogen of a deprotonated amine to an organic azide. The latter chemistry is relevant to the synthesis of new energetic which produced the first example of a palladium cluster illustrated by the reaction between 1 and PdC12(PEt3)2, The synthetic scheme is outlined in figure 1. For main addition of 1 to a dihalocomplex precursor fragments certain instances the intermediate complex formed by Our synthesis of the reactive highly group elements, such a silicon or Germanium we can metals we generally isolate the cyclic tetrazene. ABSTRACT: (U)

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 550 the transition metal complexes generated are of current interest as precursors for new elemental nitrides. (aw) *GCRIPTORS: (U) *METAL COMPLEXES, *SYNTHESIS(CHEMISTRY),
*ORGANIC NITROGEN COMPOUNDS, AZIDES, CHEMICAL AGENTS,
CLUSTERING, CYCLIC COMPOUNDS, ENERGETIC PROPERTIES,
FRAGMENTS, GERMANIUM, PALLADIUM, PRECURSORS,
RANGE(EXTREMES), REACTIVITIES, SILICON, TETRAZENES,
TRANSITION METALS, BUTADIENES, COPPER COMPOUNDS, LITHIUM
COMPOUNDS, CHLORIDES, IMIDES, LIGANDS, PHENANTHRENES,
AMINES, ADDITION REACTIONS. DESCRIPTORS:

Compounds, Phenanthrolines, Nitrenes, Tetraazabutadienes. PE61102F, WUAFOSR230382, Unsaturated ŝ IDENTIFIERS:

11/2 AD-A216 549 CONNECTICUT UNIV STORRS DEPT OF PHYSICS

Structure and Its Relationship to Physical Properties. Metallic Glasses: Investigation of the Electronic 3

Final rept. 1 Oct 82-30 Sep 83, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 83

Hines, William A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-80-0030 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

ຕ

TASK NO

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1772

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

spatially periodic. For the most part, we have τ tudied metallic glass systems with the general form T:(100-x)G(x), where TM is a transition metal (or combination of transition metals) such as Ni, Pd, Pt, Fe or Co; and G is variety of technological applications. Our research effort has focused principally on the class of amorphous materials known as 'amorphous metallic alloys' or 'metallic glasses'; materials which possess all the a high valence metalloid (or combination of metalloids) such as magnetic glasses, amorphous semiconductors and amorphous metallic alloys. This is due to a combination properties normally associated with metals but are not considerable research activity to amorphous materials of a desire for a re-examination of some fundamental concepts of solids as well as the possibility for a scientists and solid state physicists have devoted During the past decade, materials such as B, Nb, St or P. (rrh) 3

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *AMORPHOUS MATERIALS, *ELECTRONICS, *GLASS, *METALLOID ALLOYS, *METALLOIDS, *SEMICONDUCTORS, *TRANSITION METALS, ALLOYS, MAGNETIC PROPERTIES, MATERIALS, METALS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES, PHYSICISTS, SCIENTISTS, SOLIDS, VALENCE. DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2306C3 3 DENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 549

AD-A216 550

EVJ20M SEARCH CONTROL NO. DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 545 PEG1102F, WUAFORS2306CT.

3

IDENTIFIERS:

20/6

AD-A216 544

DEPT OF UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES PHYSICS Electromagnetic Scattering Processes at Resonances and with Intense Fields.

Final rept. 1 Feb 79-31 Jul 80 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

UN 81

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Hellwarth, Robert W.

AF0SR-79-0098 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO.

TR-89-1783 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

nature of the electromagnetic radiation that is scattered by matter from a strong incident monochromatic wave whose medium. The problems attacked include those that arise in mode-locking, saturable adsorption, saturation spectroscopy, high-energy optical amplifiers, infrared-laser window failure, optical image and frequency To be able to interpret and predict the frequency is at or near a resonance of the scattering converters, optical computers, and coherent optical adaptive techniques. (rrh) 9 ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *ADSORPTION, *ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION.
*ELECTROMAGNETIC SCATTERING, *FREQUENCY CONVERTERS,
*OPTICAL EQUIPMENT, *SATURATION, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS,
AMPLIFIERS, COHERENCE, COMPUTERS, HIGH ENERGY, INTENSITY,
METHODOLOGY, OPTICAL IMAGES, OPTICS, SCATTERING, DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFORS2301A1. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

17/8 AD-A216 543

CONTINUED AD-A216 543 Lewis initiated a theoretical effort on the magnetic effects of neutrino/electron interaction, to further extend Stodolsky's 1975 analysis. (RRH)

PORTSMOUTH R I RAYTHEON CO Analytical/Experimental Investigation of Corpuscular Radiation Detectors Ξ

Status rept. 1 May-30 Jun 85 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

RADIATION, ELECTRONS, FINANCE, INSTRUMENTATION, INTERACTIONS, ITALY, MAGNETIC FIELDS, MAGNETIC PROPERTIES, NEUTRINOS, PLANNING PROGRAMMING BUDGETING, SCIENTISTS.

PEG1102F, WUAFUSR2309A1.

<u>e</u>

IDENTIFIERS:

SIGNAL PROCESSING.

*DETECTORS, CONTRACTS, CORPUSCULAR

DESCRIPTORS:

20N 85

Grossi, M. D. PERSONAL AUTHORS: F49620-85-C-0030, \$AF0SR-85-0727 CONTRACT NO.

2309 PROJECT NO.

A TASK NO. MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1726

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Document partially illegible.

Also sponsored in part by DARPA Order-SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

subcontract is underway. At Raytheon, work concentrated in program planning, and in the performance of such tasks as the definition of the signal processing approach to be arrived in early June and started working on June 6, 1985 in Cambridge, MA. A draft of the SAO Subcontract was sent to them by Raytheon, and under financial coverage by performed at the end of the contract, and the preliminary design of the instrumentation system. At SAO Dr. Bramanti Bramanti, visiting scientist at SAO from Florence, Italy, STRACT: (U) During the report period several efforts were initiated both at Submarine Signal Division, Portsmouth Lab, and at the subcontractors. Dr. D. reviewed and is now under negotiation. Work at SAO has the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC, while waiting for the full execution of the contract. Also, Prof. R. R. Lewis, the second Raytheon Subcontractor, already started, on the basis of a written commitment used in connection with the field observations to be started his work for the project, based on a written started the analysis of the magnetic approach. Prof commitment by Raytheon, while formal award of the

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A5.

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CONTINUED

AD-A216 539

20/6 5/8 12/9 AD-A216 539

IDENTIFIERS: DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY EUGENE OREGON UNIV

(U) Visual Processing in Texture Segregation.

Annual rept. 1 Sep 88-30 Sep 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Beck, Jacob

AF0SR-88-0323 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO. AF0SR TR-89-1780 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

display of disconnected shapes. A striking finding reported by Beck (1988) was that squares differing by a large lightness difference sometimes failed to give region segregation in a tripartite pattern while the same pattern of squares differing by a smaller lightness suitably filtered by convolving the appropriate property at each point, or by performing some equivalent filtering process in the Fourier domain, the regions in the filtered display differ in different regions. We have shown that this type of computation is not able to Beck (1988) reported that the outputs of 2 automatic spontaneous segregation. In our tripartite patterns, the arrangement of local properties is different regions so that if the display is D Gabor filters can account for much of the segregation of a periodic visual display (tripartite pattern) into regions. We have conducted a series of experiments showing that grouping processes, as well as the outputs of spatial-frequency/orientation channels, yield account for the spontaneous segregation of a line in a differences yielded strong region segregation. (kr) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *OPTICAL FILTERS, *IMAGE PROCESSING, *TEXTURE, *VISUAL PERCEPTION, AUTOMATIC, COMPUTATIONS, DISPLAY SYSTEMS, FOURIER ANALYSIS, REGIONS, VISUAL AIDS, DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A218 535

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EV J20M

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PAGE

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

electropolymerization process was developed and confirmed

CONTINUED

AD-A216 538

using azulene. Keywords: Redox switching, Polythionine, method for determining the current efficiency for the

Kinetics, Electrode potential. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 538

STATE UNIV OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO RESEARCH FOUNDATION

Fundamental Studies of Surface Processes and Trace Analysis Using Solid Electrodes.

Final rept. 1 Nov 86-31 Jul 88 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

Bruckenstein, Stanley PERSONAL AUTHORS:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ELECTROCHEMISTRY, *ELECTRODES,

*SURFACE CHEMISTRY, *ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, *TRACE
ELEMENTS, ACETAMIDES, ADSORPTION, ALKALINITY, CHARGE
TRANSFER, DIFFUSION, EFFICIENCY, FARADAY EFFECT, GOLD,
HEMISPHERES, IONS, MERCURY, MODELS, NUCLEATION, OXIDATION,
OXIDATION REDUCTION REACTIONS, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES,
PLATINUM, POLYCRYSTALLINE, POLYMERIZATION, SILVER
ALLOYS, SILVER COMPOUNDS, SOLIDS, SOLUTIONS(MIXTURES),
STEADY STATE, SULFIDES, SULFUR COMPOUNDS, SULFURIC ACID,
SURFACES, SWITCHING, THEORY, TRACER STUDIES, LEAD(METAL),
DEPOSITION, ELECTRIC CURRENT, REACTION KINETICS, AZULENES.

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2303A1, Polythionine,

Electrode Potential.

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IDENTIFIERS:

AF0SR-87-0037 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

Ā TASK NO. AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1779

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

and platinum electrodes. Underpotential deposition (UPD) electroanalytical studies were undertaken at silver, Physical electrochemical and

adsorbed at silver when the Pb(II) exists as an anion in solution. The anionic Pb(II) adsorbate is ultimately reduced to a underpotential Pb(0) with concomitant anion electrodes. Using the electrochemical quartz crystal microbalance, it was shown that $\operatorname{Pb}(\operatorname{II})$ species are studies were undertaken at polycrystalline silver

(ligand) expulsion from the electrode surface. Adsorption of sulfide ion (UPD without faradaic charge transfer) also occurs at silver from alkaline sulfide solutions

Three distinct UPD states were identified. The coulostatic formation of UPD Hg(0) at a gold electrode was studied in sulfuric acid using the EQCM. It was found that a monolayer of Hg(0) is formed along with an overlayer of mercury oldsymbol(I) bisulfate. The formation of silver sulfide during the electrooxidation of

with the formation of cathodic stripping peaks at silver electrodes. The uncompensated ohmic potential drop at A theoretical analysis of cathodic stripping peaks based on a hemispherical model microelectrodes under steady state diffusion conditions with progressive nucleation was performed. The results were used in interpreting inductions times associated thioacetamide was established.

was shown to be susceptible to a theoretical analysis. A

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A216 537

CALIFORNIA UNIV SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA DEPT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND COMPUTE R SCIENCES

Molecular Beam Epitaxy for Combined Optical and E

Final rept. 8 Jan 83-8 Jan 84 Electronic Circuits. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

DEC 84

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Wieder, H. H.

AF0SR-83-0297 CONTRACT NO.

2917 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

MONITOR:

AFOSR TR-89-1727

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ISTRACT: (U) This is a final report on the purchase and installation of a Molecular Beam Epitaxial (MBE)
Deposition Machine. Additional funds were provided by the National Science Foundation, by USCD intramural contributions and by the Powell (private) foundation for a total of \$471,000. The machine presently in operation the low energy electron diffraction and without the Auger is a modified Varian Associates Gen. II Machine Without surface spectrometer. (RRH)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT, *EPITAXIAL GROWTH, *MOLECULAR BEAMS, *OPTICAL CIRCUITS, *SURFACES, AUGER ELECTRONS, CIRCUITS, ELECTRON DIFFRACTION, LOW ENERGY. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAFOSR2917A3, PE61102F (DENTIFIERS: (U)

21/2 AD-A216 533

AEROCHEM RESEARCH LABS INC PRINCETON NJ

Computer Modeling of Soot Formation Comparing Free Radical and Ionic Mechanisms. 3

Annual rept. 1 Oct 88-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83

Calcote, H. F.; Gill, Robert J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AEROCHEM-TP-488 REPORT NO.

F49620-88-C-0007 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO.

TR-89-1809 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

IPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Prepared in cooperation with Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park and Iowa State SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Univ., Ames.

collaborative effort between AeroChem, Penn State, and Iowa State to compare the relative importance of the free radical mechanism of Frenklach and associates and the experimental ion concentrations in the standard acetylene oxygen flame at 1.67 kPa demonstrates a number of problems with the present set of rate coefficients. These species concentrations and typical rate coefficients used thermodynamic and reaction kinetics coefficients for the detailed ionic reaction mechanism are being developed by for the neutral and ionic mechanisms, using experimental in two respective mechanisms, demonstrates that the time to add ten carbon atoms, from C sub 10 to C sub 20, by the two mechanisms is comparable. (kr)ionic mechanism of Calcote and associates by use of computer programs run at Penn State and Iowa State. The model, using the present set of rate coefficients, with are being corrected. A comparison of the time it takes This is the second annual report on a correlating data in the literature and performing theoretical calculations. Comparison of the computer E ABSTRACT:

AD-A218 533

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 533 CONTINUED

AD-A216 525 7/4

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *COMPUTERIZED SIMULATION, *FREE RADICALS, *SOOT, ATOMS, CARBON, COEFFICIENTS, COMPARISON, COMPUTATIONS, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, ION DENSITY, IOWA, KINETICS, RATES, REACTION KINETICS, HYDRODYNAMICS, THEORY, THERMODYNAMICS, TIME.

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2308A2, Ionic mechanisms.

(U) Measurement of Dispersion Relation of Chemical Waves in an Oscillatory Reacting Medium,

88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Pagola, A.; Ross, J.; Vidal, C.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0120

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. 81

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1764

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Physical Chemistry, v92 n1 p163-166 1988.

ABSTRACT: (U) Nonlinear reactions with a sufficiently complex reaction mechanism, maintained far from equilibrium, can transmit and sustain chemical waves or fronts that are traveling chemical concentration gradients. There have been many visual observations of chemical waves, including kinematic waves, relaxation oscillation waves, and phase waves. The techniques, are being used to determine the velocity, profiles of fronts, invariance of structure in relaxation oscillation waves, and the formation of stationary spatial structures. We report measurements of the dispersion relation for chemical trigger waves propagating in an oscillatory Belousov-Zhabotinsky reacting medium. The waves are induced by a temperature perturbation (laser hating). The results are in qualitative agreement with a theory of such waves in an excitable medium. Reprints. (AW)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CHEMICALS, *OSCILLATION, *HEAT TRANSFER, *WAVE PROPAGATION, CONCENTRATION(CHEMISTRY), DISPERSION RELATIONS, EXCITATION, GRADIENTS, HEATING, INVARIANCE, KINEMATICS, LASER APPLICATIONS, MEASUREMENT, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PERTURBATIONS, RELAXATION, REPORTS, REPRINTS, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, STATIONARY, STRUCTURES, TEMPERATURE, TRIGGER CIRCUITS, VISUAL PERCEPTION, WAVES, CHEMICAL REACTIONS.

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DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A218 525 CONTINUED

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, *Chemical Waves, Laser Heating. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 524 21/2 21/4 7/4 STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Complex Oscillations in the Combustion of Acetaldehyde,

OCT 88

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Harding, Robert H.; Sevcikova, Hana;

Ross, John

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-87-0120

PROJECT NO. 2303

8

TASK NO.

MONITOR: AFOSE

AFOSR TR-89-1765

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: Pub. in Jnl. of Chemical Physics, v89 n8 p4737-4742, 15 Oct 88.

combustion region of acetaldehyde (ACH) in a continuous stirred tank reactor (CSTR). A gradual transition is seen, with variation of exit orifice size, from limit cycle complicated nonlinear thermo-kinetic mechanisms result in transition to chaos. However, after an in-depth analysis. given in the following article, we ascribe the transition to the presence of a Hopf bifurcation and noise: the path orifice size is nearly tangent to a Hopf bifurcation set traced out in the constraint space by the change in exit and then back to near periodic oscillations. We analyze peak amplitude and peak-to-peak period of the temporal variations of light emission increases during the dynamics are observed experimentally in the cool flame combustion of acetaldehyde (ACH) in a continuous-flow, oscillation to aperiodic variations in light emission distributions and Poincare Sections. The variation in oscillations, multiple steady states, and hysteresis The combustion of organic fuels is of transition. There are many initial indications of a this transition by calculating power spectra, autocorrelation functions, phase portraits, period between periodic and stationary states. Aperiodic interest for many reasons, and one is that their stirred, tank reactor (CSTR) have shown chemical a variety of dynamic states. Experiments on the 3

AD-A218 524

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 524 CONTINUED

but does not cross this set. Reprints. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ACETALDEHYDE, *COMBUSTION, *FUELS, *COCLLATION, AMPLITUDE, AUTOCORRELATION, CHEMICALS, COOLFLAMES, CYCLES, DYNAMICS, EMISSION, EXITS, FUNCTIONS(MATHEMATICS), HYSTERESIS, LIGHT, ORGANIC MATERIALS, ORIFICES, PEAK VALUES, PERIODIC VARIATIONS, POWER SPECTRA, REGIONS, REPRINTS, SIZES(DIMENSIONS), STEADY STATE, TANGENTS, TIME INTERVALS, KINETICS, CHEMICAL REACTORS, BIFURCATION(MATHEMATICS), NOISE.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, WUAFOSR2303B1, CSTR(Continuous Flow Stirred Tank Reactor), Hopf Bifurcation.

AD-A216 519 20/5

CHICAGO UNIV IL DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Theoretical and Experimental Studies of Molecular Dynamics.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Oct 84-30 Sep 85,

OCT 85

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Rice, Stuart A.

CONTRACT NO. F49620-85-C-0003

PROJECT NO. 2303

TASK NO. B1

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1728

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) We report a study of very low energy collision induced vibrational relaxation using an approximate resonant state formalism which relates the inelastic cross section to the properties of metastable states. A study of models reveals that the combined effect of low collision energy resonance and high initial diatomic vibrational excitation can lead to a large enhancement of the vibrational relaxation cross section. In general, both the Wigner threshold requirement, is the initial relative momentum, and the existence of collision energy resonances can lead to increases in the very low energy relaxation cross section. Indeed, the threshold requirement increasingly enhances the contribution of a resonance to the cross section the closer the resonance is to zero collision energy. (jes)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *DIATOMIC MOLECULES, COLLISIONS, CROSS SECTIONS, DYNAMICS ELASTIC PROPERTIES, ENERGY, EXCITATION, EXPERIMENTAL DATA, METASTABLE STATE, MODELS, MOLECULAR PROPERTIES, MOMENTUM, OPTIMIZATION, RELAXATION, REQUIREMENTS, RESONANCE, THEORY, THRESHOLD EFFECTS, VIBRATION.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2303B1, PEB1102F.

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PAGE 254 EVUS

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A216 518

COLORADO UNIV AT BOULDER DEPT OF CHEMISTRY

(U) Laser Studies of Ion Collision Dynamics.

Final rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

3UL 84

Leone, Stephen R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0210 CONTRACT NO.

2917 PROJECT NO.

Ş TASK NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-89-1725

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

total bid package required the full \$102,500, FOB Boulder The cw ring dye laser system specified in operational in December 1984. The items of equipment procured were a Coherent Radiation model Innova 20 argon ion laser, a Coherent Radiation model CR699-21 ring dy laser, and a Coherent Radiation model 240PP-2 spectrum analyzer. The acquisition cost of all the items for the negotiate to give a price reduction in the amount of three per cent over their list prices. However, because proposal as part of these instrumentation funds. (KR) of price increases it was not possible to obtain the wavemeter which was specified in the original grant and completely installed. Coherent Radiation did this grant was purchased and fully installed and ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *RING LASERS, *CONTINUOUS WAVE LASERS, *DYE LASERS, ACQUISITION, COHERENT RADIATION, COLLISIONS, COSTS, DYNAMICS, INSTRUMENTATION, IONS, ARGON LASERS, MODELS, MONEY, REDUCTION, WAVEMETERS. DESCRIPTORS:

WUAF0SR2917A2, PEB1102F. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

7/4 AD-A216 517 PRINCETON UNIV NJ DEPT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Effect of Methyl Substitution on the Interaction of Benzene with Ni(100): An Experimental and Theoretical Study, 3

87

Myers, A. K.; Benziger, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0050 CONTRACT NO.

2303 PROJECT NO.

A2 TASK NO. AFDSR TR-89-1768 MONITOR:

Pub. in Langmuir, v3 p414-423 1987. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE:

more than one type of bonding configuration. Feprints (KR) substitution on the interaction of the aromatic ring with and p-xylene, and mesitylene on the Ni(100) crystal face was studied in order to elucidate the role of methyl used to characterize adsorption bond strengths and modes -E'-0 reflection absorption infrared spectroscopy (RAIS) were toluene and xylenes exhibited several additional lesser peaks or shoulder, suggesting the possibility of the surface. Temperature-programmed reaction (TPR) and of bonding to the surface. All molecules appear to initially adsorb with the ring parallel to the surface. Methyl substituents were found to decrease the binding benzene and mesitylene desorption occurred in single energy of the ring to the surface by about 65kJ/mol independent of the number of substituents. Whereas The adsorption of benzene, toulene, e ABSTRACT: peaks.

SPECTROSCOPY, MOLECULES, REFLECTION, RINGS, SPECTROSCOPY, *METHYL RADICALS, ABSORPTION SPECTRA, ADSORPTION, AROMATIC COMPOUNDS, BONDING, CONFIGURATIONS, INFRARED *BENZENE, *SUBSTITUTION REALTIONS, STRENGTH(MECHANICS), SUBSTITUTES, TOLUENES, XYLENES. Ĵ DESCRIPTORS:

PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2303A2 3 IDENTIFIERS:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/1 12/5 AD-A216 515 COLLEGE PARK INST FOR PHYSICAL SCIENCE AND MARYLAND UNIV

TECHNOLOGY

Final rept. 1 Sep 83-31 Jan 85, (U) Research Equipment. DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 ¥

• KELLOGG, R. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0288 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

Ą TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1729 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Availability: Document partially illegible.

additional equipment for a computational laboratory dedicated to research in numerical analysis and applied mathematics. The report summarizes the equipment acquired and the research being presently carried out in the methods for a scattering problems, continuation methods and very accurate arithmetic calculations. (KR) The purpose of the report was to provide integral equations, adaptive finite elements, numerical laboratory. The research is on topics in boundary ABSTRACT: (U)

SCRIPTORS: (U) *APPLIED MATHEMATICS, *COMPUTERS, *NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, ACCURACY, ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS, ARITHMETIC, BOUNDARIES, COMPUTATIONS, FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS, INTEGRAL EQUATIONS, LABORATORY EQUIPMENT, NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROCEDURES, SCATTERING.

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2304A5 3 IDENTIFIERS:

6/1 AD-A216 514

WYOMING UNIV LARAMIE DEPT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

(U) Gas-Phase Protein Sequenator

Final rept DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

84

Lewis, Randy V. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0208 CONTRACT NO.

2917 PROJECT NO.

A 4 TASK NO.

TR-89-1736 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

machine has been the proposed characterization of opioid and non-opioid peptides secreted by the adrenal medulla. have been adrenal medullary peptides. The other samples investigators. Keywords: Proteins, Gas phase. Sequences have been snake toxins, immunoglobulin fragments, photolabeled fragments of carnitine acetyl-transferase, The major research conducted with this To date the sequencer has run 110 samples of which 75 and several single samples from a variety of ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *PROTEINS, *VAPOR PHASES, ADRENAL MEDULLA HORMONES, FRAGMENTS, IMMUNOGLOBULINS, SAMPLING, SNAKES, TOXINS AND ANTITOXINS. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2917A4 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

14/2 11/4 11/2 AD-A216 513 DEPT OF MATERIALS SCIENCE AND GAINESVILLE FLORIDA UNIV

Ultrastructural Processing of Ceramics, Glasses and Composites. ENGINEERING 3

84. Final rept. 1 Jul 83-31 Jul DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

SEP 84

Hench, Larry L. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-83-0287 CONTRACT NO.

2917 PROJECT NO.

2 TASK ND. AF0SR TR-89-1738 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The purpose of this grant was to purchase an Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Chemical Analysis System, a Fourier Transform InfraRed Gas Cell accessory. chemically processed ceramics, glasses, and composites. and other accessories for the characterization of ABSTRACT: 3 SCRIPTORS: (U) *CERANIC MATERIALS, *GLASS, *COMPOSITE MATERIALS, *TEST EQUIPMENT, CHEMICAL ANALYSIS, CHEMISTRY, COUPLING(INTERACTION), PLASMAS(PHYSICS), PROCESSING, CHEMICAL ENGINEERING, CELLS. DESCRIPTORS: (U) ---

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ICP(Inductively Coupled Plasma), Gas Cells. PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2917A2 IDENTIFIERS: (U)

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AD-A216 512

2/8 AD-A216 512

IDAHO UNIV MOSCOW

The Formation and Use of Knowledge Structures in Problem Solving Domains. Final technical rept. 1 Jan 88-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

OCT

Gordon, Sallie E.; Gill, Richard T. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-88-0063 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

ž TASK NO.

TR-89-1735 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The goal of this research was to developed the test a method for eliciting knowledge structures used problem solving. Answers from the question probes were therefore translated into a conceptual structure for each subject. A simple associative search model operating upon and video recording domains, respectively. The predictive solving processes, at least under circumstances such as those tested. A fifth study evaluated the validity of the in problem solving. The work was carried out simultaneously in two domains, engineering mechanics and individual problem solving activities in the engineering video reconding. Two studies resulted in the adaptation of a question probe method for eliciting relevant question probes did not significantly impact subsequent knowledge structures capability of the graphs indicate capability of the graphs indicate the central role of additional studies showed that administration of the conceptual graphs by comparing them with free recall these structures was able to predict 87% and 93% of the central role of knowledge structures in problem knowledge structures prior to problem solving. Two

SCRIPTORS: (U) *TEST METHODS, *PROBLEM SOLVING, ENGINEERING, GRAPHS, MECHANICS, PREDICTIONS, PROBES, DESCRIPTORS:

protocols. (KR)

AD-A216 512

25,

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJZOM

AD-A216 512 CONTINUED

RECALL, SEARCHING, VIDEO RECORDING.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2313A4, PEB1102F.

AD-A216 511 12/6

WEST VIRGINIA UNIV MORGANTOWN DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) A New Parallel Add.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. Nov 88-Oct 89,

OCT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Zhang, Cun-Quan

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0068

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A8

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1863

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) A new parallel add is introduced in this paper which consists of (2 to the m power -1) (m+3)+1 3-input modules and costs m+1 time units when processing a sum of two binary numbers of length at most 2 to the m power. (RRH)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *CALCULATORS, POWER.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2304A8.

DTIC REPORT BIBLIDGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVUZOM

AD-A216 510 6/1 6/4

VERMONT UNIV BURLINGTON DEPT OF PSYCHIATRY

(U) Role of Protein Phosphorylation in the Regulation of Neuronal Sensitivity.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Rept. for Sep 84-Mar 85,

MAR 85

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Ehrlich, Yigal H.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-84-0331

PROJECT NO. 2312

TASK NO. A1

MONITOR: AFOSR

IK: AFUSK TR-89-1842

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This report covers studies three principal topics: A. Establishing differentiated NG108-15 cells (NG cells) grown in culture as a model system for studying the role of protein phosphorylation in the regulation of neuronal function and neuronal adaption. B. Characterizing ecto-protein kinase activity and its endogenous substrates in neural cells, and determining their role in regulating receptor sensitivity. C. Raising monoclonal antibodies against specific neuronal phosphoproteins, with emphasis on the 54KDa substrate of a GTP-preferring protein kinase, and the substrates of ectokinase activity. These antibodies will be used in experiments designed to provide direct evidence for the function of these phosphoproteins. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *NERVE CELLS, *PHOSPHORYLATION.
 *PROTEINS, *SENSITIVITY, ANTIBODIES, FUNCTIONS, MODELS, MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES, NERVOUS SYSTEM, PHOSPHOPROTEINS, SENSE ORGANS, SUBSTRATES, PHOSPHORUS TRANSFERASES.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2312A1, Protein Kinase.

AD-A216 509 6/4

SMITH-KETTLEWELL EYE RESEARCH FOUNDATION SAN FRANCISCO CA (U) Visual Processing of Object Velocity and Acceleration.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. no. 1, 15 Oct 88-14 Oct 89,

EC 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: McKee, S.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-89-0035

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A5

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1884

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

motion discrimination in insect eyes. These correlator models use simple spatial and temporal filtering followed has shown that the correlator models cannot explain human (object components) are combined so that complicated objects move at a uniform velocity. The combination rules are fairly arbitrary, but are limited by physical by a non-linear multiplicative operation to account for human direction discrimination of sinusoidal stimuli near wavelengths, spatial frequencies and temporal frequencies are combined to form a coherent whole moving at a single originally used by Hassenstein and Reichardt to describe constraints. Basically, features with similar contrasts, local 'motion energy units' is required to encode speed This laboratory has also studied how different features discrimination have been proposed over the last decade. extremely limited in scope. Research in this laboratory Apparently, a higher order network formed by combining All are loosely related to the correlator approach contrast threshold. Nevertheless, these models are speed discrimination even for sinusoidal targets. Saveral models of human motion perceived velocity. Dissimilar features move independently. (aw)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *DISCRIMINATION, *SPACE PERCEPTION,

AD-A216 509

AD-A216 510

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A216 509

*MOVING TARGETS, ACCELERATION, CORRELATORS, ENERGY, EYE, FREQUENCY, HUMANS, IMAGE PROCESSING, INSECTS, MODELS, MOTION, MULTIPLICATION FACTOR, NETWORKS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, OPERATION, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, VELOCITY, VISUAL PERCEPTION, MATHEMATICAL MODELS, MATHEMATICAL ENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A5, *Motion Perception, Motion Discrimination, Spatial Filtering, Sinusoidal Motion, Spatial Frequency, Temporal Frequency IDENTIFIERS:

12/3 AD-A216 508 CALIFORNIA UNIV DAVIS

(U) Methods of Non-Parametric Inference.

Final rept. 1 Jul 85-30 Jun 89,

89 چ ا

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Wang, Jane-Ling PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-85-0268 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

A5 LASK NO.

TR-89-1882 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

respectively based on randomly censored data and shown to be n to the 1/2 power-equivalent to the product-limit estimator. Nonparametric maximum likelihood estimator and used to analyze interdistribution income inequality. (RRH) and related functions such as density and hazard rate functions. Estimators with desired aging properties were point of a hazard rate function. Several median type twosample test procedures which allows early termination of the study were constructed. Some two-sample measures for nonparametric inference problems including two-sample tests, linear regression and estimation of distribution estimator. The results on kernel estimates were applied kernel density and hazard rate estimators were obtained via a recent i.i.d. representation of the product-limit differences of distribution functions were compared and distribution for unidentifiable cause-of-failure data. to oblain point and interval estimates of the changeconstructed for IFRA and NBU distribution functions its strong consistency were also derived for an IFR Local asymptotic properties (strong consistency, asymptotic normality and mean squared error) of the This project deals with several Ξ

SCRIPTORS: (U) *DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS, *ESTIMATES, *LINEAR REGRESSION ANALYSIS, AGING(MATERIALS), ASYMPTOTIC NORMALITY, ASYMPTOTIC SERIES, DENSITY, DISTRIBUTION, FUNCTIONS, HAZARDS, INTERVALS, RATES. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

AD-A216 508

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A218 508 XEROX PALO ALTO RESEARCH CENTER CA

8/3

AD-A216 507

PE61102F, WUAFDSR2304A5. 3 IDENTIFIERS:

(U) Pulsed Laser Deposition of High T sub c Superconducting Thin Films.

Final technical rept. 15 Nov 88-15 Oct DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 DEC Boyce, J. B.; Connell, G. A. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-89-C-0017 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

ပ TASK NO.

TR-89-1875 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

high and metallic conductivity was obtained in the normal substrates, excellent films were obtained. They had high sapphire and silicon, world record, though less optimal, results were obtained. The transition temperatures were required due to high reactivity even at low temperatures metallic conductivity in the normal state, low room-temperature resistivity, high critical currents, c-axis orientation, and epitaxial alignment with the substrate. On the more technologically relevant substrates of ISTRACT: (U) Superconducting thin films have been deposited in-situ on several substrate materials using pulsed excimer laser deposition. On the standard oxide ţ transition temperatures with narrow transition widths, imperfect alignment and epitaxy of the superconductor substrate. For silicon substrates, a buffer layer is currents lower than for the above substrates. These substantial spread in orientations, accounting for state. However, the room-temperature and microwave diminished transport properties correlate with the surface resistivities were higher and the critical The best results were obtained on clean, hydrogen-Epitaxial alignment was achieved, but there was a terminated surfaces rather than oxidized silicon. diminished transport properties. (RRE) ABSTRACT:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 507 *DEPOSITION, *EPITAXIAL GROWTH, *PULSED

DESCRIPTORS:

LASERS, *SAPPHIRE, *SILICON, *SUBSTRATES, *LASERS, *SUPERCONDUCTORS, *THIN FILMS, ALIGNMENT, BUFFERS, CONDUCTIVITY, CURRENTS, ELECTRICAL RESISTANCE, EXCIMERS, HIGH RATE, HIGH TEMPERATURE, LASERS, LAYERS, LOW TEMPERATURE, MATERIALS, METALS, MICROWAVES, OXIDATION, OXIDES, PULSES, REACTIVITIES, RESISTANCE, ROOM TEMPERATURE, SURFACES, TRANSITION TEMPERATURE, TRANSPORT PROPERTIES, WIDTH.

WUAF0SR2306C1

3

IDENTIFIERS:

20/14 AD-A216 504 F BATTELLE COLUMBUS DIV Studies of Millimeter-Mave Diffraction Devices and Materials. 3

Final rept. 1 Sep 82-31 Oct DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

84 DEC Seiler, Milton R.; Ridgway, Richard W. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-82-C-0099 CONTRACT NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1861 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

photoconductive grating has promising potential for rapid beam steering. Keywords: Millimeter Wave; Dielectric; Beam steering; Silicon; Diffraction; Ferrofluid; Varistor; as metallic gratings, are brought into proximity with a dielectric waveguide, radiation or reception of radiation at a controlled angle is possible. The direction of the Experimental results of a study to explore beam is controlled by the period of the grating while the half-power beamwidth is controlled by the total length of the grating. Results are given for a variety of gratings Photoconductive gratings, varistors, and bulk acoustic wave devices were among other techniques researched in this program. Results indicate that the laser-excited formed by metallic blocks, ferro-fluid, and springs. diffraction are presented. When periodic structures, Semiconductor; Grating; Gallium arsenide.(jhd) millimeter-wave beam-steering by techniques of Cadmium sulfide; Ferrites; Antenna waveguide;

*GRATINGS(SPECTRA), *MILLIMETER WAVES, ACOUSTIC WAVES, ANGLES, ANTENNAS, CADMIUM SULFIDES, CONTROL, DIELECTRICS, FERRITES, LENGTH, METALS, RADIATION, RECEPTION, SILICON, SPRINGS, STRUCTURES, VARISTORS, WAVE PROPAGATION, WAVEGUIDES, GALLIUM ARSENIDES. *BEAM STEERING, *DIFFRACTION, **3** DESCRIPTORS:

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

5/8 AD-A216 479

CAMBRIDGE MA HARVARD UNIV (U) The Neuropsychology of Imagery Processing.

Annual technical rept. Dec 88-Dec 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Kosslyn, Stephen M.

TR-89-2 REPORT NO.

AF0SR-88-0012 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

7

TASK 15

AFOSR MONITOR:

TR-89-1733

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Progress has been made in six areas. First, predictions have been generated about previously unnoticed syndromes. For example, the model predicts that order to discover whether the visual angle subtended by imaged ebjects is systematically related to the amount of damage to the occipital lobe. Data from these three patients suggests such a relation. Fourth, the computer simulation of high-level vision is fully functional, and a task battery to assess high-level visual abilities has been fully implemented. This battery is administered and is consistent with the claim that images are patterns of activation in topographically mapped areas and that they and has diagnosed a subtle visual deficit that is consistent with both the lesion location and regions of hypometabolism (as measured by PET scanning). Third, additional brain-damaged patients have been tested in common objects. Some of these predictions currently are battery has been used to examine one patient in detail, particular, the medial occipital and frontal activation imagery tasks while being PET scanned. The results are consistent with the predictions of the theory. In some patients will be able to recognize faces but not being tested. Fifth, three subjects have been given scored on the Macintosh computer. Second, the task ABSTRACT:

CONTINUED AD-A216 479

effective at computing categorical spatial relations, and evidence for two ways of representing spatial relations, as categories (e.g., left/right; above/below) or precise metric amounts; the left hemisphere is generally more using divided visual field techniques have provided the right hemisphere is generally more effective at computing metric spatial relations. (sdw)

*BEHAVIOR, ACTIVATION, ANGLES COMPUTERIZED SIMPLATION, DEFICIENCIES, HEMISPHERES, LESIONS, OPTICAL IMAGES, PATIENTS, PATTERNS, POSITION(LOCATION), PREDICTIONS, REACTION TIME, SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION, *NERVOUS YSTEM *IMAGE PROCESSING, THEORY, TIME STUDIES, VISION. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A4 *Neuropsychology IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 479

are built up sequentially. Finally, response time studies

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

AD-A218 477

7/9 AD-A216 478 JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV BALTIMORE ND DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

WEST VIRGINIA UNIV MORGANTOWN DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Long Path Connectivity of Regular Graphs

(U) Neural Mechanisms of Attention

Final technical rept. Nov 88-Oct 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final technical rept. 1 Sep 87-31 Jul DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Olton, David; Egeth, Howard; Pang, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

88 AON

Xevin

AF0SR-89-0068 CONTRACT NO.

2304

PROJECT NO.

A8

TASK NO. MONITOR:

Zhang, Cun-Quan; Zhu, Yong-Jin

PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0369 CONTRACT NO.

2313

PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

TR-89-1734 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Any pair of vertices in a 4-connected, non-

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ABSTRACT:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

AFOSR TR-89-1862

bipartite, k-regular graph are joined by a Hamilton path or a path of length at least 3k-6. (JHD)

Nonbipartite Graphs, Vertices, PE61102F,

DENTIFIERS: (U) WUAFOSR2304A8.

IDENTIFIERS: DESCRIPTORS:

*GRAPHS, PATHS, HAMILTONIAN FUNCTIONS.

3

different classes: divided attention executive cells, selective attention cells, task cells. These indicate ways in which the frontal cortex is involved in attention, model systems. (2) New behavioral tasks were developed to measure reaction time in rats. These are similar to those used for testing humans, and provide animal models to assess the neuroanatomical, neuropharmacological, and electrophysiological processes involved in other kinds of attention. Keywords: Attention, Frontal cortex, Divided attention, Electrophysiological recording (unclassified). This project achieved both of its stated and provides information that can be incorporated into goals. (1) The activity of single units was recorded while rats performed a divided attention task. The behavioral correlates of these units indicate three

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ATTENTÎON, *ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY, *BEHAVIOR, ANIMALS, CELLS, EXECUTIVE ROUTINES, HUMANS, MODELS, NERVOUS SYSTEM, RATS, REACTION TIME, RECORDING SYSTEMS, CEREBRAL CORTEX.

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2313A4. IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 478

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UNCLASSIFIED

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/2 AD-A218 478 SCHOOL OF PHYSICS AND MINNESOTA UNIV MINNEAPOLIS ASTRONOMY Superconductivity of Thin Film Intermetallic Compounds.

Research progress and forecast rept. 1 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Sep 84-1 Mar 85

MAR 85

Goldman, Allen PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-84-0347 CONTRACT NO.

2306 PROJECT NO.

ວ TASK NO.

TR-1730 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

STRACT: (U) The major effort related to facilities has been the upgrading of the multi-source electron beam deposition system which is used to prepare the ternary the ratio of radiant energies emitted from the surface in and pseudoternary compounds that are being studied under program. The vacuum chamber has been equipped with a monitor which uses Electron Impact Emission Spectroscopy (EIES). The currently commercially available instrument, supplied by Inficon, has the capability for controlling only two sources, whereas in our applications there is a temperature of the substrate is determined by computing need for control of up to four. Keywords: Intermetallic Williamson noncontacting temperature sensing system for monitoring substrate temperature. With this system the two adjacent wavebands. We have not purchased a rate compounds; Superconductivity. (SDW) ABSTRACT:

70I *SUPERCONDUCTIVITY, *THIN FILMS, BAND SPECTRA, DET ELECTRON EMISSION, ELECTRON IMPACT SPECTRA, ENERGY MONITORING, MONITORS, RADIATION, RATES, RATIOS, *INTERMETALLIC COMPOUNDS TEMPERATURE, VACUUM CHAMBERS SUBSTRATES. DESCRIPTORS:

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2306C1. Ξ IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 47F

8/8 AD-A216 475

HARVARD UNIV CAMBRIDGE MA DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Multi-Level Processing in Human Speech Recognition.

Final technical rept. Jun 88-Jun 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

SEP 89

Gordon, Peter C PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0305 CONTRACT NO.

2313 PROJECT NO.

44 TASK NO.

TR-89-1732 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

domain of the temporal components of speech, where multiple levels of resolution are evident in the prosodic levels of resolution. It has addressed this thesis in the signal. The second part addresses complexities that occur (macrostructure) and segmental (microstructure) levels of that perception of the speech signal occurs at different dependencies between vowel and fricative identities that are cued by the same durational acoustic cue. A second This project has investigated the thesis analysis. The body of this report is divided into three series of studies, conducted with Jennifer L. Eberhardt segments. The third part of this report, discusses work different levels of temporal information in the speech conducted with David W. Gow, that addresses the macrosalience of temporal cues to the identity of phonetic level of temporal information. This work explores the Speech perception, Prosody, Context effects, Phonetic parts. The first part addresses interactions between in the use of temporal cues in recognizing phonetic role of stress in rucognition and memory. Keywords: explores the effects of attention on the perceptual segments. One study in this section explores the segments, Fricatives. (sdw) ABSTRACT:

RECOGNITION, AUDITORY PERCEPTION, HUMANS, MICROSTRUCTURE, PROCESSING, RESOLUTION, SIGNALS, SPEECH, STRESSES, VOWELS *PERCEPTION(PSYCHOLOGY), *SPEECH DESCRIPTORS:

4D-A216 475

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

CONTINUED AD-A216 475

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IDENTIFIERS:

AD-A216 474

PE81102F, WUAFOSR2313A4.

SRI INTERNATIONAL MENLO PARK CA COMPUTER AND INFORMATION SCIENCES DIV

(U) Advanced Concepts and Methods of Approximate Reasoning

Final rept. 4 Oct 88-3 Oct 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

83 DEC Ruspint, Enrique H. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

F49620-89-K-0001 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO. AFO! R TR-89-1894 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

methods). Possible worlds are formalizations of the notion of possible state or behavior of a system. Using this concept, an approximate reasoning problem may be described as one where available evidence is insufficient to determine if the actual state of the world lied among consideration of structures, defined in spaces of possible worlds that measure either the relative size of those conceivable possibilities, conceivable where a statement about the system is true. Keywords: Artificial STRACT: (U) The major portion of the research was devoted to the development of unified framework for the similarity between possible states (for probabilistic description of approximation reasoning methods that facilitates the study of their fundamental characteristics. This objective was attained by certain subsets (for probabilistic methods) or the intelligence. (kr) ABSTRACT:

SCRIPTORS: (U) *REASONING, ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, GLOBAL, METHODOLOGY, PROBABILITY, SIZES(DIMENSIONS). DESCRIPTORS:

PE81102F, WUAFOSR2304A7, LPN-SRI-6488. IDENTIFIERS: (U)

AD-A218 474

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 473 5/8 12/1

MASSACHUSETTS INST OF TECH CAMBRIDGE DEPT OF BRAIN AND

COGNITIVE SCIENCES

(U) Vision Algorithms and Psychophysics

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Apr 88-31 Aug 89,

0CT 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Richards, Whitman

CONTRACT NO. F49620-83-C-0135, \$AF0SR-86-0139

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. AS

MONITOR: AFOSR

TR-89-1883

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) Representing shapes in a manner suitable for recognition has been a challenge for machine vision. Here we approach this problem by combining studies of representations used by the human visual system with computational studies of how such representations can be derived and manipulated by machine. Both axial-based and contour-based descriptors were investigated, with emphasis on the role of curvature which was found to be an important primitive underlying both types of representations. Related, but unreported, studies include color and motion, which often serve as the glue that allows one to form appropriate groupings of broken image contours or tokens. This research has yielded over fifty publications, with only the major thrust summarized here. Keywords: Image understanding, Shape recognition, Visual psychophysics, Vision algorithms.

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ALGORITHMS, *PATTERN RECOGNITION, *PSYCHOPHYSICS, *VISUAL PERCEPTION, COMPUTATIONS, CONTOURS, CURVATURE, HUMANS, IMAGES, OPTICAL IMAGES, VISTON

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2313A5.

AD-A216 473

AD-A216 472 5

STANFORD UNIV CA DEPT OF PSYCHOLOGY

(U) Induced Pictorial Representations.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Annual technical rept. no. 1, 1

DEC 89

30 Nov 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Tversky, Barbara

CONTRACT NO. AFDSR-89-0076

PROJECT NO. 2313

TASK NO. A4

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1885 UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

investigating spatial properties of mental models induced perception-like, but rather reflects conceptions of space research indicates that situation models constructed from than a particular view, by text. In the first set, Holly Taylor and I have found text contain spatial properties, such as relative locations and directions, but are not perception-like or representations of discourse are established at many levels, including a model of the situation described by framework capturing a common situation, of an observer surrounded by objects. That spatial framework is not Extensions of both paradigms are discussed. This early that descriptions written from different perspectives, route and survey, seem to induce the same perspective second set of studies, Nancy Franklin and later David Bryant and I have gathered detailed data on a spatial free spatial models termed spatial frameworks. In the allow different perspectives, and have differential access to different parts. Keywords: Mental images; the discourse. I describe two sets of studies Researchers agree that mental image-like. They are more general Learning. (KT) ABSTRACT: (U)

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *MENTAL ABILITY, ACCESS, IMAGES, LEARNING, MODELS, POSITION(LOCATION), SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION.

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> CONTINUED AD-A216 472

CALIFORNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES DEPT OF MATHEMATICS 20/5 21/2 12/1 AD-A216 471

20/13

PEB1102F, WUAFOSR2313A4. Ē IDENTIFIERS:

Algorithms to Solve Nonlinear Time Dependent Problems of Engineering and Physics.

Final rept. 1 May-31 Oct 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

Osher, Stanley PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-89-0341 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO.

TR-89-1755 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

algorithms were derived approximating the equations of motion, which resemble Hamilton-Jacobi equations with parabolic right-hand sides, by using techniques from hyperbolic conservation laws. Essentially non-oscillatory fronts. The algorithms handle topological merging and breaking naturally, and work in any number of space dimensions. The methods can also be used for more general 35TRACT: (U) A project was developed concerning fronts propagating with curvature dependent speed. New schemes are used. These methods accurately capture the formation of sharp gradients and cusps in the moving Hamilton-Jacobi type problems. Applications of the algorithms include crystal growth, solidification of metals and flame propagation. (jhd) ABSTRACT:

ESCRIPTORS: (U) *CRYSTAL GROWTH, *EQUATIONS OF MOTION, *FLAME PROPAGATION, *SOLIDIFICATION, ALGORITHMS, CURVATURE, GRADIENTS, HYPERBOLAS, METALS, NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, PARABOLAS, SHARPNESS, SIDES, TIME DEPENDENCE, VELOCITY. DESCRIPTORS:

Hamilton Jacobi Equations, PE61102F 3 IDENTIFIERS: (U WUAFOSR230400.

AD-A216 471

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

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AD-A216 470

7/4 AD-A216 470 STEVENS INST OF TECH HOBOKEN NU DEPT OF PHYSICS AND ENGINEERING PHYSICS

EMISSION, ENERGY, GUARANTEES, GUNS, HIGH RATE, SOURCES, IONS, LOW ENERGY, MAXWELLS EQUATIONS. SILICON, SOLID ELECTROLYTES, SURFACES, THICK

PEG1102F, WUAF0SR2301A7.

Ξ

FILMS, WORK FUNCTIONS.

IMPACT. ION PRODUCTION, EFFICIENCY,

(U) Surface Production of Ions.

Final scientific rept. 1 Aug 86-30 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

IDENTIFIERS:

OCT 89

Seidl, Milos PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0299 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

8 TASK NO. AF0SR TR-89-1876 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Three types of cesium ion guns were developed and used in the experiments. Keywords: Ion emission; Ion sources; ranging from 1.2 to 1.4 eV have been successfully used on process has been described by a simple theoretical model. Low incident energy guarantees low energy spread of the negative hydrogen ions. It also makes it possible to backscattering the Maxwellian tail of thermally produced backscattering low energy (order of 1 eV) hydrogen atoms or ions from low work-function (less than 1.5 eV) It has been shown that negative hydrogen cesium oxide films with a work function function of the converter surface. The work function of cesium-oxygen films on silicon can be as low as 0.9 eV but these films are too delicate for use on converter consider a variety of adsorbates for reducing the work surfaces. This has been demonstrated experimentally by surfaces. The general nature of the electron transfer converter surfaces. Surface production of cestum tons from solid electrolyte sources has been investigated. hydrogen atoms from a variety of low work function ions can be produced with high efficiency by Atom; Molecule and ion impact. (JHD) surfaces. Thick ABSTRACT:

DESCRIPTORS: (U) *ANIONS, *BACKSCATTERING, *ELECTRON TRANSFER, *HYDROGEN, CESIUM, CESIUM COMPOUNDS, CONVERTERS

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DIIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

7/4 AD-A216 489

UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO LONDON DEPT OF PHYSICS

Merged Beam Studies into the Mechanisms of Hydrogen Molecular Ion Recombination E

Final rept. 1 Sep 87-31 Aug 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

Mitchell, J. B. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-87-0365 CONTRACT NO.

2301 PROJECT NO.

A7 TASK NO. AFOSR TR-89-1896 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

section for the recombination of H2(+) (v=0) have been Recombination and Excitation of HeH +, the dissociative excitation of H3(+), the branching ratio for the decay performed and are described here. A discussion of the relevance of these measurements to the recombination of channels for H+(3) (v= 0) recombination and the cross Measurements of the dissociative H3(+) (v = 0) is given. Canada. (JHD) *HYDROGEN, *ION BEAMS, *RECOMBINATION CROSS SECTIONS, DECAY, DISSOCIATION, MOLECULES, RATIOS. CANADA. EXCITATION, DESCRIPTORS: REACTIONS,

PEG1102F, WUAFOSR2301A7 E IDENTIFIERS:

13/13 20/11 AD-A216 468 VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INST AND STATE UNIV BLACKSBURG INTERDISCIPLINARY CENTER FOR APPLIED MATHEMATICS Energy Decay and Boundary Control for Distributed Parameter Systems with Viscoelastic Damping. 3

Final rept. 1 Jun 86-31 May 89 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

89

Hannsgen, Kenneth B.; Wheeler, Robert L PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0085 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

4 TASK NO.

TR-89-1895 AFOSR MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

oscillations in certain rods and beams. Loss of stability potential applications to stabilization. Results are described for determination of the interacting effects of elastic beams and an investigation of the Signorini problem for motion of an elastic body that abuts a rigid obstacle. Numerical and analytic studies are described or of well-posedness due to feedback delays is described structures, together with related dynamic problems with viscoelastic and feedback dissipation in the damping of Additional results concern analysis of energy decay in problems for the Navier-Stokes equations is summarized. STRACT: (U) This report concerns several aspects of active and passive stabilization of materials and for Bingham fluids as well as for several problems involving two-fluid flows. Finally, work on control ABSTRACT:

*STABILIZATION, *VISCOELASTICITY, BOUNDARIES, CONTROL, DECAY, DELAY, DISSIPATION, DISTRIBUTION, DYNAMICS, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, ENERGY, FEEDBACK, FLUID FLOW, INTERACTIONS, LOSSES, MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, NUMERICAL ANALYSIS, OSCILLATION, PARAMETERS, PASSIVE SYSTEMS, *DAMPING, *NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS 9 DESCRIPTORS: STABILITY.

AD-A216 469

AD-A216 468

DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M

AD-A216 468 CONTINUED

AD-A216 456 12/2

IDENTIFIERS: (U) Signorini Problem, Two Fluid Flow, PE61102F, WUAF0SR2304A1.

CONNECTICUT UNIV STORRS DEPT OF MATHEMATICS

(U) Inverse Scattering and Tomography.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: Final rept. 1 Jun 86-31 May 89

MAY 89

PERSONAL AUTHORS: Madych, W. R.

CONTRACT NO. AFOSR-86-0145

PROJECT NO. 2304

TASK NO. A9

MONITOR: AFOSR TR-89-1719

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

ABSTRACT: (U) This report includes these topics: A Range Theorem for the Radon Transform, Multivariate Interpolation and Conditionally Positive Definite Function, Polyharmonic Cardinal Splines, Solutions of underdetermined systems of linear equations, Multivariate interpolation and conditionally positive definite functions II. (JES)

DESCRIPTORS: (U), INTERPOLATION, INVERSE SCATTERING, LINEAR ALGEBRAIC *EQUATIONS, MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS. THEOREMS, TOMOGRAPHY.

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PEG1102F, WUAFDSR2304A9.

SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/3 12/2 12/1 AD-A216 455 CLARKSON UNIV POTSDAM NY DIV OF RESEARCH

(U) Direct and Inverse Scattering Problem Associated with the Elliptic Sinh-Gordon Equation.

DENTIFIERS: (U) PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A4, *Sinh Gordon Equations, Vlasov Poisson Electron Plasmas, Electron

IDENTIFIERS:

Plasmas, Bihamiltonian Functions, *Direct Scattering.

LATTICES, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), ELECTRONS, HAMILTONIAN FUNCTIONS, FLUID DYNAMICS, INTEGRALS, PROBLEM SOLVING.

CONTINUED

AD-A216 455

Final rept. 30 Sep 86-30 Sep 89, DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

NOV 89

Jaworski, M.; Kaup, D. J. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0277 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

₹ TASK NO. AF0SR TR-89-1720 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

achieved during the above period: Linear Stability of Vlasov-Poisson Electron Plasma in Crossed-Fields: Perturbations Propagating Parallel to the Magnetic Field; Elliptic Sinh-Gordon Equation; Coherent Structures in the Planar Magnetron; A Thermal Instability in the Planar Magnetron; Lattice Equations and Integrable Mappings; and A Model Initial Value Problem in Stimulated Raman Cold-Fluid Magnetron Equations; and The Time Evolution of the Scattering Data for the Forced Toda Lattice. In Ivo-Dimensional Nonlinear Schrodinger Equation and Self-Focusing in a Two-Fluid Model of Newtonian Cosmological publication: Quantization of BiHamiltonian Systems; The Parturbations; The Third-Order Expansion of the Planar The following is a report on the work addition to the above, there are also the following preprints in various stages of being accepted for Stattering. (aw) *MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, COHERENCE, COSMOLOGY,
*NATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS, COHERENCE, COSMOLOGY,
EVOLUTION(GENERAL), EXPANSION, LIGHT SCATTERING,
LINEARITY, MAGNETIC FIELDS, MAGNETRONS, MODELS, NONLINEAR
DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, PERTURBATIONS, PLANAR STRUCTURES,
RAMAN SPECTRA, REPORTS, SCATTERING, SCHRODINGER EQUATION,
STABILITY, STIMULATION(GENERAL), STRUCTURES, THERMAL
INSTABILITY, TIME, TWO DIMENSIONAL, TWO PHASE FLOW, DESCRIPTORS:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

MATHEMATICS, STABILIZATION, OPTIMIZATION, SHAPE, STABILITY, STATICS, THEORY, TIME, TRANSLATIONS.

MATHEMATICS,

CONTINUED

AD-A216 446

PE61102F, WUAFOSR2304A1

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IDENTIFIERS:

12/2 AD-A216 448 CALIFORNIA UNIV LOS ANGELES DEPT OF ELECTRICAL

ENGINEERING

Control and Stabilization of Linear and Nonlinear Distributed Systems. 3

Final technical rept. 1 Apr 86-31 Dec DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 DEC

Levan, N.; Wang, P. K. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0132 CONTRACT NO.

2304 PROJECT NO.

¥ TASK NO.

AFOSR TR-89-1717 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

April, 1986 through December, 1988. The specific areas of application to aeroelastic systems with extendible lifting surfaces. The main objective of this study is to develop applicable mathematical theories and at the same evolution equations, (ii) a translation invariant approach to stability and stabilizability, (iii) stabilizability of bilinear systems, (iv) application of computer vision in static shape estimation, control, and nonlinear distributed systems covering the period from failure detection in elastic systems, and (v) stabilization and control of distributed systems with This report summarizes the results of study on the control and stabilization of linear and this study consists of (i) stability enhancement of distributed systems describable by abstract linear time study specific systems arising from realistic aerospace applications. (KR) ABSTRACT:

**SCRIPTORS: (U) *APPLIED MATHEMATICS, *LINEAR SYSTEMS, *NONLINEAR SYSTEMS, ABSTRACTS, AEROELASTICITY, AEROSPACE SYSTEMS, COMPUTER GRAPHICS, CONTROL, CONTROL SYSTEMS, DETECTION, DISTRIBUTION, ELASTIC PROPERTIES, ESTIMATES, EVOLUTION(GENERAL), FAILURE, INVARIANCE, LINEAR ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS, DESCRIPTORS:

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

> 21/8 AD-A216 445

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21/3

CONTINUED AD-A216 445 Propulsion, Nitroform Compounds

CALIFORNIA INST OF TECH PASADENA DIV OF ENGINEERING AND APPLIED SCIENCE

Contractors Meeting on Combustion Rocket Fropulsion Diagnostics of Reacting Flow Held in Monrovia, California on 13-17 June 1988. Ê

Technical rept., DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

88 Nラ

Tishkoff, J. M.; Birkan, M. A.; Roy, G. S.; Lekoudis, S. G. PERSONAL AUTHORS:

AF0SR-86-0337 CONTRACT NO.

2308 PROJECT NO. MONITOR:

AF0SR TR-89-1710

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

Electric discharges, Chemical kinetics, Nitramines, Nitroform compounds, Solid propellants, Acoustic flow fields, Solid rocket combustion chambers, Acoustic waves. Abstracts are given for research efforts on airbreathing combustion, rocket propulsion, and diagnostics of reacting flows. Keywords: Shear layers, Iurbulence, Instability, Electromagnetic propulsion, Plasma propulsion, Erosion, Magnetoplasmadynamic thrusters, Fluid dynamics, Arcjet thrust chambers, Electrothermal propulsion, Laser thermal propulsion, ABSTRACT: (**A B** (*ROCKET PROPULSION, *AIR BREATHING ENGINES, *COMBUSTION, *ROCKET PROPULSION SYSTEMS, *ELECTRIC PROPULSION, ACOUSTIC FIELDS, ACOUSTIC WAVES, COMBUSTION CHAMBERS, DIAGNOSIS(GENERAL), ELECTRIC DISCHARGES, ELECTROMAGNETIC DRIVES, EROSION, FLOW, FLUID DYNAMICS, LASERS, LAYERS, NITRAMINES, NITROMETHANE, PLASMAS(PHYSICS), PROPULSION SYSTEMS, REACTION KINETICS, ROCKETS, SHEAR PROPERTIES, SOLID PROPELLANTS, SOLIDS, THERMOELECTRICITY, TURBULENCE, ROCKET ENGINES. DESCRIPTORS: (U)

IDENTIFIERS: (U) PE81102F, Magnetoplasmadynamic Thrusters, Electrothermal Propulsion, Laser Thermal

UNCLASSIFIED

EVJZOM

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SEARCH CONTROL NO. EVJ20M DTIC REPORT BIBLIOGRAPHY

12/7 AD-A216 443

Random Access Transmission Algorithms for Data Local PK CORP STORRS CT

Area Networks

Final rept. 15 Sep 87-15 Sep DESCRIPTIVE NOTE:

CIRCUIT INTERCONNECTIONS CLUSTERING, CONGESTION, IMPACT, NODES, OPTIMIZATION, PACKETS, POLICIES, PREVENTION, RADIO

EQUIPMENT, RELAYS, TRANSMITTANCE, WIRE

Ĵ

IDENTIFIERS:

Networks)

COMPUTER STORAGE, ALGORITHMS, ARCHITECTURE, BRIDGES,

TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS, *COMPUTER NETWORKS,

CONTINUED

AD-A216 443

*RANDOM ACCESS

PEG3222C, WUAFOSRD822F1, LAN(Local Area

89 oc1 Papantoni-Kazakos, PERSONAL AUTHORS:

PKC-TR-89-3 REPORT NO.

F49620-87-C-0107 CONTRACT NO.

D822 PROJECT NO

ī TASK NO. AFOSR TR-89-1718 MONITOR:

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT

optimization. Keywords: Single-hop random access networks, belong to the intersection of two or more local clusters, or by special bridge nodes if local clusters are disjoint. The focus of the research is on the mutual impact of In radio networks, we are concerned with multi-hop packet address some of the fundamental issues that arise in the modeling, analysis and design of interconnected wire and adjacent LANs and route them to their final destination single-hop network in which the (possibly mobile) users are within transmission range of each other. The local cluster interconnection is provided by relay nodes that networks, routing policies, and flow and network-access LANs, the individual LANs are interconnected through store-and-forward devices, which relay packets between interconnection and access protocols, possible network architectures for interconnecting devices and backbone radio Local Area Networks (LANs). In the case of wire radio networks that consist of a collection of interconnected local clusters; a local cluster is a The objective of this research is to control for congestion prevention and performance Dynamically adaptive transmissions. (kr) ABSTRACT:

*COMMUNICATIONS NETWORKS, *DATA DESCRIPTORS:

AD-A216 443

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